



Study Plan

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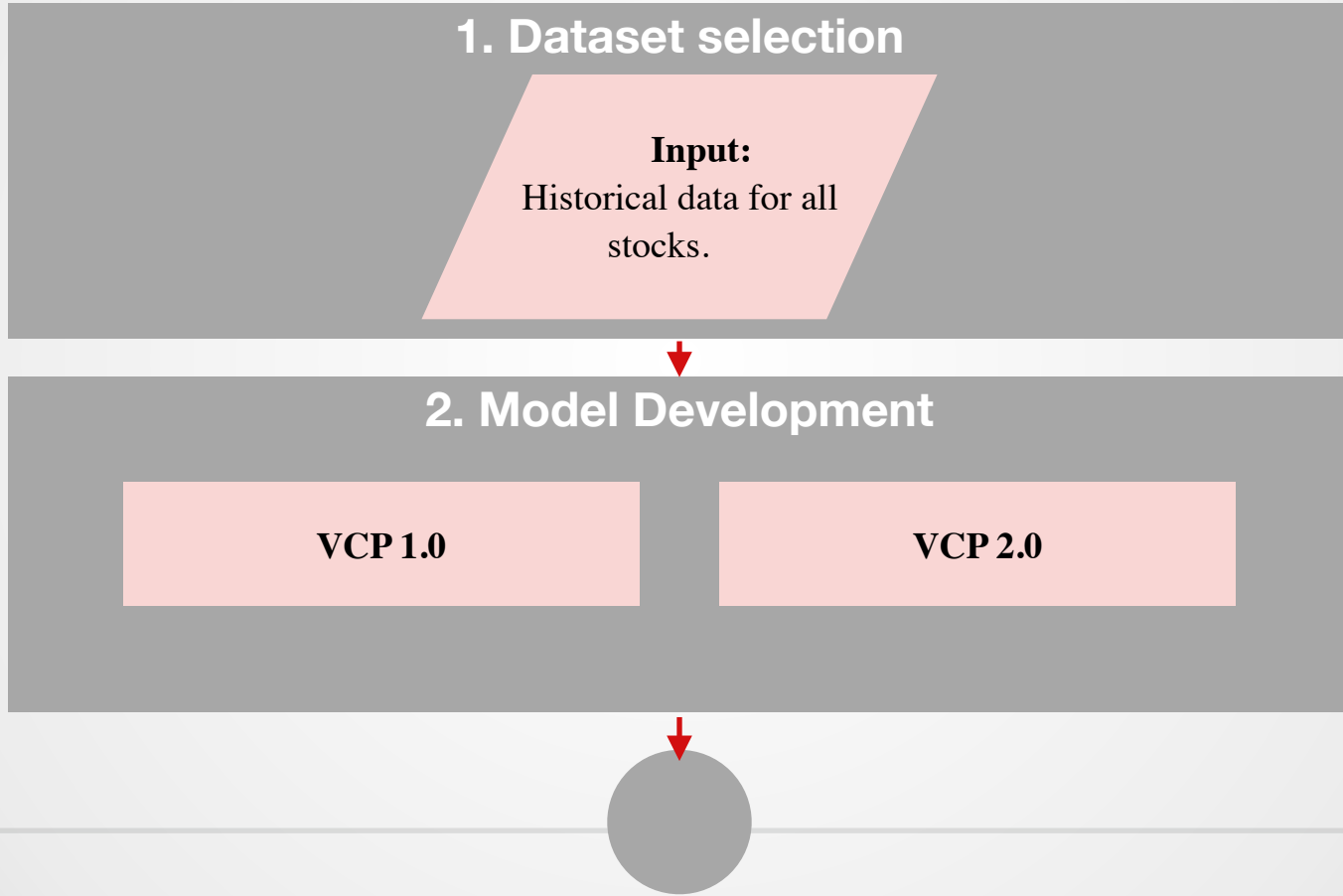
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Outline

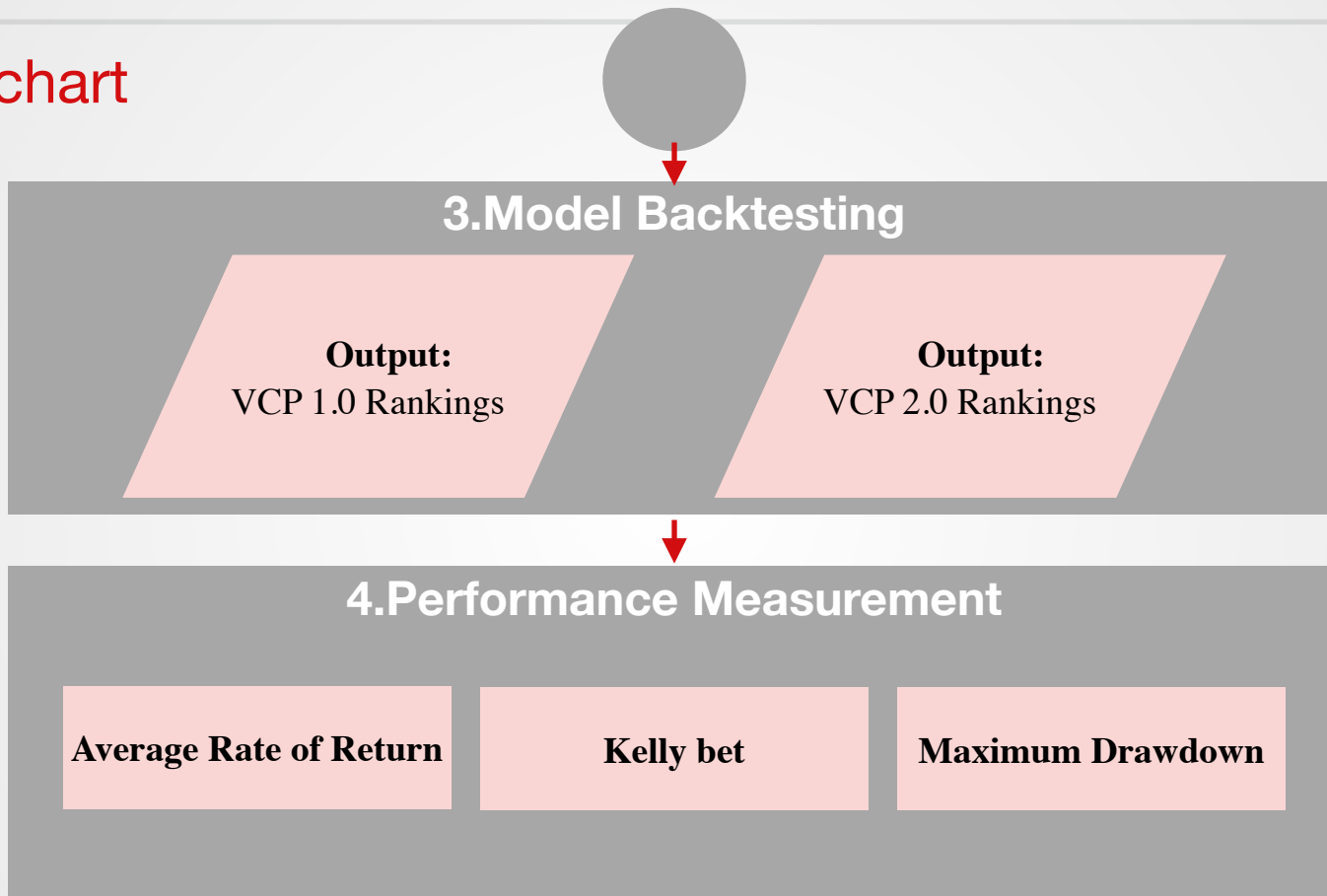
1. Flow chart
2. Topic Review
3. Study Plan



Flow chart



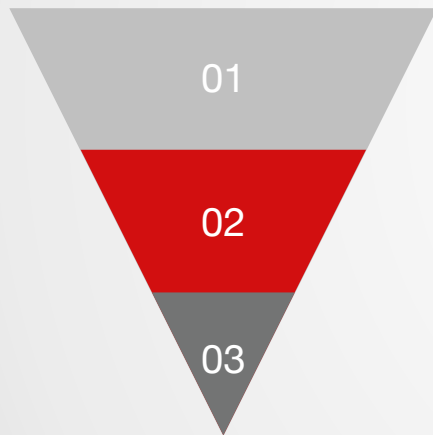
Flow chart



Catch a Volatility Contraction Pattern (VCP) Breakout in Taiwan Market

Objective:

Capture stocks with strong upward momentum in a short period.



Filter 1: Stage 2

Filter 2: VCP

Filter3: Strong fundamental support

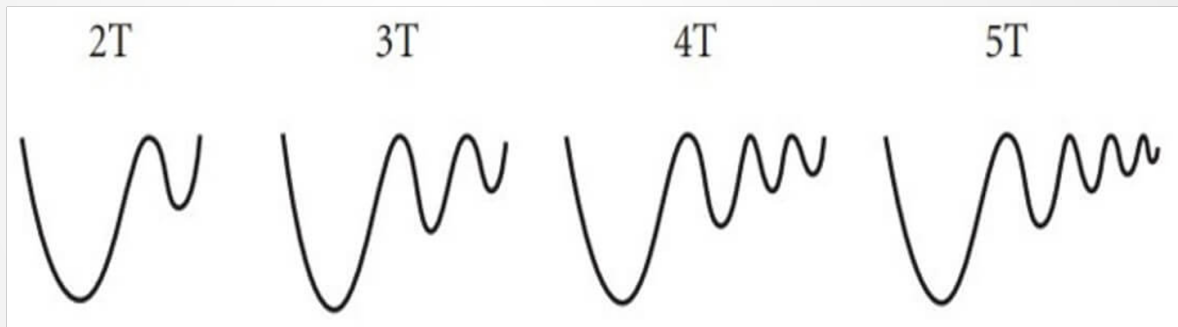


VCP

The development of the VCP pattern includes:

- ▣ Decreased trading volume
- ▣ **Price range contraction**

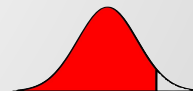
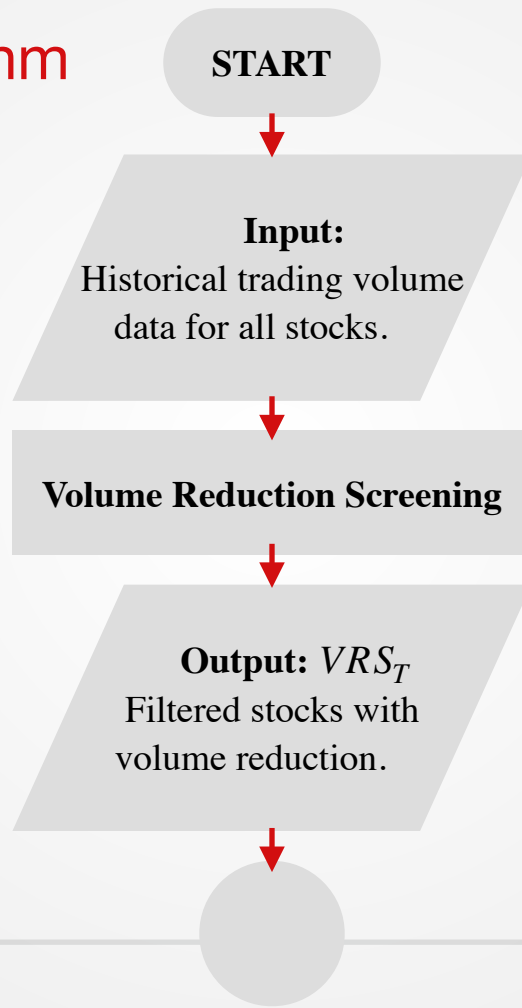
Examples



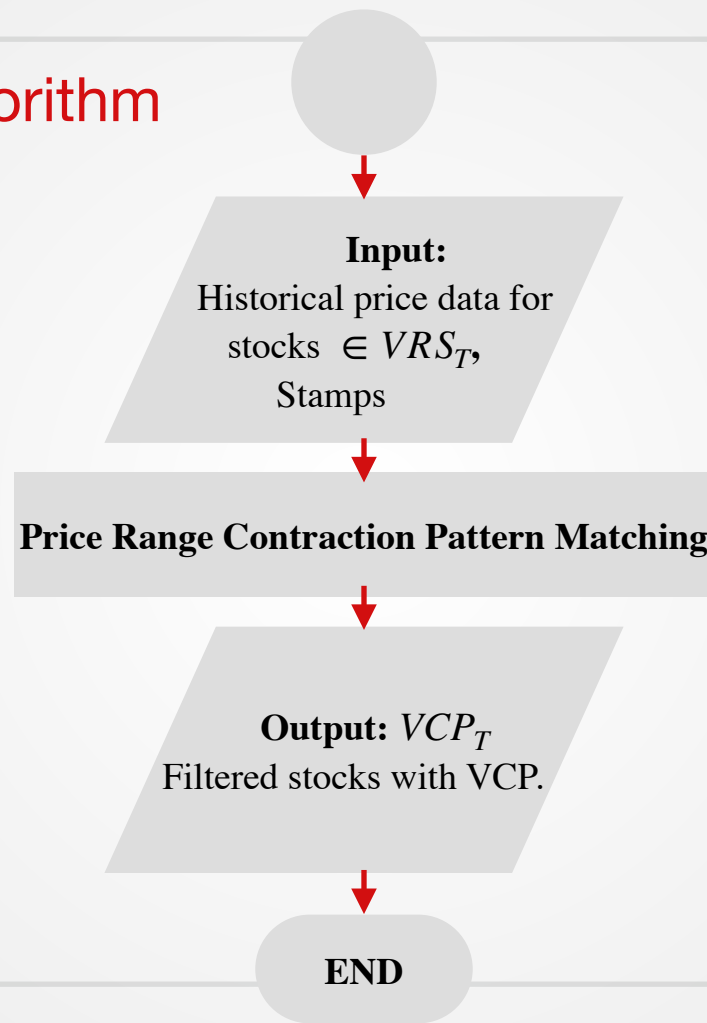
Source:
Minervini, M. (2013). Trade Like a Stock Market Wizard: How to Achieve Super Performance in Stocks in Any Market. McGraw-Hill Education.



Flow chart of Algorithm



Flow chart of Algorithm



Research Design

Algorithm :VCP Trading Strategy

Step1 :Volume Reduction Screening

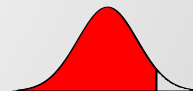
1. For each stock j in the market at time T :

- Calculate volume moving averages:

$$V_j^{10ma} = \frac{1}{10} \sum_{t=T-9}^T V_{j,t}$$
$$V_j^{60ma} = \frac{1}{60} \sum_{t=T-59}^T V_{j,t}$$

2. Let the set of stocks with volume reduction be denoted by:

$$VRS_T = \left\{ j \mid V_j^{10ma} < 0.5 V_j^{60ma} \right\}$$



Research Design

Algorithm :VCP Trading Strategy

Step2 : Price Range Contraction Pattern Matching

For each stock $j \in VRS_T$ at time T :

- Get historical prices $P_{t,j}$ for past t days
- Normalize prices and time to $\widetilde{P}_{t,j}$ using min-max scaling
- Calculate similarity score

$$\rho_j = \max \left(\cos \left(\widetilde{P}_{t,j}, stamp_k \right) \right), \forall k = 2, 3, \dots, 10$$



Research Design

Algorithm :VCP Trading Strategy

Step3 :Cross-sectional Ranking

- Sort all ρ_j in descending order
- Select top 50 stocks with highest similarity score:

$$VCP_T = \left\{ j \mid \text{rank}(\rho_j) \leq 50 \right\}$$



Research Design

Algorithm :VCP Trading Strategy

Step4 Daily Update

- Calculate new VCP_{T+1} each day
- Track set changes:
 - Entry: $N = VCP_{T+1} \setminus VCP_T$ (new stocks)
 - Exit: $E = \left\{ j \mid r_j \geq (1 + \alpha) \vee r_j \leq (1 - \beta) \right\}$ (removed stocks)
 - Hold: $H = (VCP_{T+1} \cup VCP_T) \setminus E$ (maintained stocks)



Appendix: Examples for Rescaling

2330.TW Original Adjusted Stock Prices for 2024-11-15

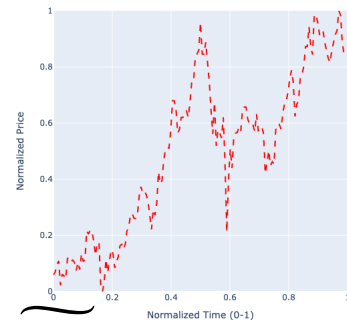


2330.TW Original Adjusted Stock Prices for 2022-02-07



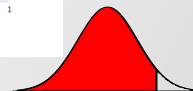
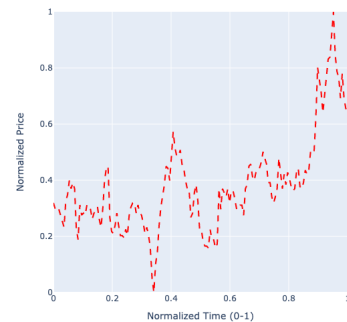
$P_{t,j}$

2330.TW Normalized Adjusted Stock Prices for 2024-11-15



$\widetilde{P}_{t,j}$

2330.TW Normalized Adjusted Stock Prices for 2022-02-07

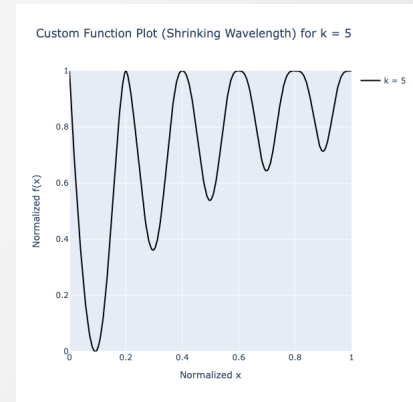
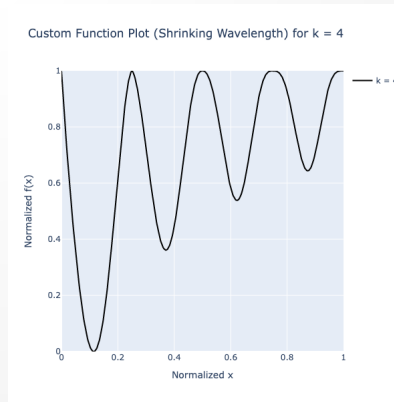
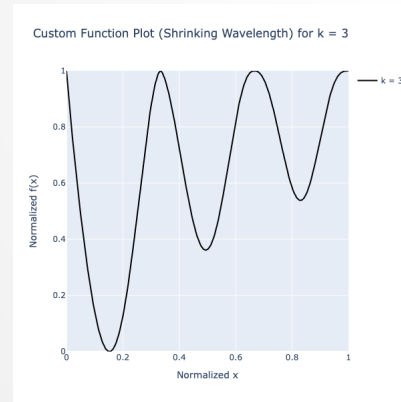
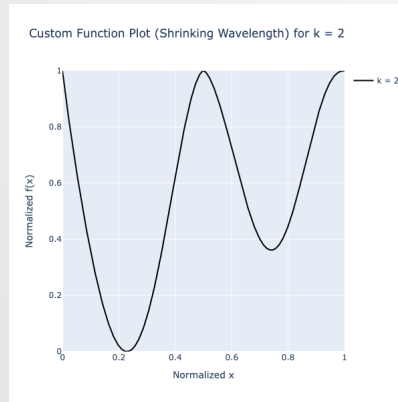


Appendix: $Stamp_k, \forall k = 2, 3, \dots, 10$

Examples

$$f(x) = -\frac{(\cos^2(3\pi x))^x}{x}, \quad 0.5 < x < 0.5 + k \cdot \frac{1}{3}$$

After normalized the function to $\widetilde{f(x)}$ using min-max scaling:



Appendix: Cross-sectional Ranking

Examples

$$\rho_j = \max \left(\cos \left(\widetilde{P}_{t,j}, \text{stamp}_k \right) \right), \forall k = 2, 3, \dots, 10$$

	ρ_j
$stock_1$	0.99
$stock_2$	0.96
▪	▪
▪	▪
▪	▪
$stock_n$	0.063

Rank = 50





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