

HW 1028-03.

$$P(Y=1 | \psi_1, \psi_2) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-(\beta_0 + \beta_1 \psi_1 + \beta_2 \psi_2))}$$

ψ_1 = hours studied, ψ_2 = undergrad GPA.

(a) $\psi_1 = 40, \psi_2 = 3.5$

$$P = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-(-6 + 0.05 \cdot 40 + 1 \cdot 3.5))} = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(0.5)} \approx \frac{1}{1 + 1.6487} \approx \frac{1}{2.6487} \approx 0.3775.$$

Ans = 37.75%.

(b) $\psi_1 = h$.

$$P = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-0.05h + 2.5)} = 0.5$$

$$1 + \exp(-0.05h + 2.5) = 2.$$

$$\exp(-0.05h + 2.5) = 1.$$

$$2.5 - 0.05h = 0.$$

$$0.05h = 2.5$$

$$h = \frac{2.5}{0.05} = 50$$

Ans = 50 hours.