1. Using basic statistical properties of the variance, as well as single-variable calculus, derive (5.6). In other words, prove that α given by (5.6) does indeed minimize $Var(\alpha X + (1 - \alpha)Y)$.

$$\alpha = \frac{\sigma_Y^2 - \sigma_{XY}}{\sigma_X^2 + \sigma_Y^2 - 2\sigma_{XY}},\tag{5.6}$$

● 假設 Z=αX+(1-α)Y,希望最小化 Z 的變異數,也就是 Var(Z)

 $\nabla Var(Z)=Var(\alpha X+(1-\alpha)Y)$

利用 Variance 特性展開上述式子得:Var(Z)=α2Var(X)+(1-α)2Var(Y)+2α(1-α)Cov(X,Y)

$$\hat{ riangledown} \sigma_X^2 = \mathrm{Var}(X) \cdot \sigma_Y^2 = \mathrm{Var}(Y)$$
、以及 $\sigma_{XY} = \mathrm{Cov}(X,Y)$

● 帶入 Var(Z):

$$\mathrm{Var}(Z) = lpha^2 \sigma_X^2 + (1-lpha)^2 \sigma_Y^2 + 2lpha (1-lpha) \sigma_{XY}$$

● 展開式子:

$$\mathrm{Var}(Z) = lpha^2 \sigma_X^2 + (lpha^2 - 2lpha + 1)\sigma_Y^2 + 2lpha(1-lpha)\sigma_{XY}$$

● 簡化式子:

$$\operatorname{Var}(Z) = lpha^2(\sigma_X^2 + \sigma_Y^2 - 2\sigma_{XY}) + 2lpha(\sigma_{XY} - \sigma_Y^2) + \sigma_Y^2$$

為了找到使 Var(Z)\text{Var}(Z)Var(Z) 最小的α值,我們對α求導數並令其為零:

$$rac{d}{dlpha} \mathrm{Var}(Z) = 2lpha(\sigma_X^2 + \sigma_Y^2 - 2\sigma_{XY}) + 2(\sigma_{XY} - \sigma_Y^2) = 0$$

● 得出:

$$lpha = rac{\sigma_Y^2 - \sigma_{XY}}{\sigma_X^2 + \sigma_Y^2 - 2\sigma_{XY}}$$