$$\Rightarrow \int_{2} \frac{\beta_{1}}{1-\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}} \alpha_{1} + \frac{\beta_{2}}{1-\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}} \alpha_{2} + \frac{e_{2}+\alpha_{2}e_{1}}{1-\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}} = \pi_{1}\alpha_{1} + \pi_{2}\alpha_{2} + V_{2} \qquad \text{for } \beta_{1} = E(Y_{2}, e_{1} \mid X)$$

$$= E\left[\left(\frac{\beta_{1}}{|-\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}|}X_{1} + \frac{\beta_{2}}{|-\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}|}X_{2} + \frac{\alpha_{2}e_{1} + e_{2}}{|-\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}|}e_{1} \mid X\right]$$

$$= E\left[\left(\frac{\beta_{1}}{|-\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}|}X_{1}e_{1} \mid X\right) + E\left[\left(\frac{\beta_{2}}{|-\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}|}X_{2}e_{1} \mid X\right) + E\left[\left(\frac{\alpha_{2}e_{1} + e_{2}}{|-\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}|}e_{1} \mid X\right)\right]\right]$$

$$= E\left[\left(\frac{\alpha_{2}e_{1} + e_{2}}{|-\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}|}e_{1} \mid X\right) + E\left[\left(\frac{\alpha_{2}e_{1} + e_{2}}{|-\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}|}e_{1} \mid X\right)\right]\right]$$

$$= \frac{\alpha_{2}}{|-\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}|}$$

$$= \frac{\alpha_{2}}{|-\alpha_{1}\alpha_{2}|}$$

$$(d) \ E(\chi_{\lambda_1} | V_{\lambda_1} | \times) = E(\chi_{\lambda_2} | \chi) = 0 \Rightarrow E[\chi_{\lambda_1} (\frac{\chi_{\lambda_1}^2 + e_2}{1 - \chi_{\lambda_2}} | \times)] = E[\frac{1}{1 - \chi_{\lambda_2}} \chi_{\lambda_1} e_2 | \times] + E[\frac{\chi_{\lambda_1}}{1 - \chi_{\lambda_2}} \chi_{\lambda_1} e_1 | \chi] = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial S(\pi_{1}\pi_{2}|Y|X)}{\partial \pi_{1}} = 2\Sigma(Y_{2}-\pi_{1}X_{1}-\pi_{2}X_{2})X_{1}=0 \Rightarrow N^{-1}\Sigma\chi_{\lambda_{1}}(Y_{2}-\pi_{1}\chi_{\lambda_{1}}-\pi_{2}X_{\lambda_{2}})=0$$

$$\frac{\partial S(\pi_{1}\pi_{2}|Y|X)}{\partial \pi_{2}} = 2\Sigma(Y_{2}-\pi_{1}X_{1}-\pi_{2}X_{2})X_{2}=0 \Rightarrow N^{-1}\Sigma\chi_{\lambda_{2}}(Y_{2}-\pi_{1}\chi_{\lambda_{1}}-\pi_{2}X_{\lambda_{2}})=0$$

$$(f) \ N^{-1} \Sigma \chi_{\lambda_{1}} (y_{2} - \pi_{1} \chi_{\lambda_{1}} - \pi_{2} \chi_{\lambda_{2}}) = 0 \Rightarrow \Sigma \chi_{\lambda_{1}} y_{\lambda_{2}} - \pi_{1} \Sigma \chi_{\lambda_{1}}^{2} - \pi_{2} \Sigma \chi_{\lambda_{1}} \chi_{\lambda_{2}} = 0 \Rightarrow 3 - \pi_{1} = 0, \ \pi_{1} = 3$$

$$N^{-1} \Sigma \chi_{\lambda_{2}} (y_{2} - \pi_{1} \chi_{\lambda_{1}} - \pi_{2} \chi_{\lambda_{2}}) = 0 \Rightarrow \Sigma \chi_{\lambda_{2}} y_{\lambda_{2}} - \pi_{2} \Sigma \chi_{\lambda_{2}}^{2} - \pi_{1} \Sigma \chi_{\lambda_{2}} \chi_{\lambda_{2}} = 0 \Rightarrow 4 - \pi_{2} = 0, \ \pi_{2} = 4$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} (9) & \widehat{J}_{2} = \widehat{\pi_{1}} \chi_{1} + \widehat{\pi_{2}} \chi_{2} & (4), e_{1} = \widehat{L} \widehat{J}_{2} (4) - (4) + (4) = 0 \\ \Rightarrow \widehat{\chi}_{1} = \frac{\widehat{L} (\widehat{\pi_{1}} \chi_{1} + \widehat{\pi_{2}} \chi_{2}) \lambda_{1}}{\widehat{L} (\widehat{\pi_{1}} \chi_{1} + \widehat{\pi_{2}} \chi_{2}) \lambda_{2}} = \frac{3 \cdot 2 + 4 \cdot 3}{3 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 4} = \frac{18}{25} \end{array}$$

$$(h) \quad \hat{V}_{1} = y_{1} - \hat{y}_{3} \Rightarrow \hat{y}_{1} = y_{2} - \hat{V}_{3}$$

$$I \hat{y}_{1}^{2} = I \hat{y}_{1} (y_{2} - \hat{V}_{3}) = I \hat{y}_{2} \hat{y}_{3} - I \hat{y}_{3} \hat{V}_{3} = I \hat{y}_{3} \hat{y}_{3}$$

$$= \int \hat{P}_{\lambda} = \frac{\hat{\beta}_{1} - K_{1}}{K_{1} - \hat{\beta}_{2}} + \frac{\hat{\beta}_{3}}{K_{2} - \hat{\beta}_{2}} W_{\lambda} + \frac{\hat{\ell}_{s\lambda} - \hat{\ell}_{d\lambda}}{K_{2} - \hat{\beta}_{3}}$$

$$Q_{\lambda} = \alpha_{1} + \alpha_{2} \left( \frac{\beta_{1} - \alpha_{1}}{\alpha_{2} - \beta_{2}} + \frac{\beta_{3}}{\alpha_{2} - \beta_{2}} W_{\lambda} + \frac{\ell_{s\lambda} - \ell_{d\lambda}}{\alpha_{3} - \beta_{2}} \right) + \ell_{d\lambda}$$

$$= \mathcal{N}_1 + \frac{\mathcal{B}_1 - \mathcal{N}_1}{\mathcal{N}_2 - \mathcal{B}_2} \mathcal{N}_2 + \frac{\mathcal{B}_3}{\mathcal{N}_2 - \mathcal{B}_2} \mathcal{N}_{\lambda} \mathcal{N}_2 + \frac{\mathcal{E}_{5\lambda} - \mathcal{E}_{d\lambda}}{\mathcal{N}_2 - \mathcal{B}_2} \mathcal{N}_2 + \mathcal{E}_{d\lambda}$$

(b) 
$$M-1=1 \Rightarrow$$
 at least 1 variable equation  $P$  is identified (two ranables) omitted equation  $P$  is identified (no ranables)

$$(i)$$
  $\hat{Q} = 5+0.5W$   
 $\hat{p} = 2.4+W$ 

$$Q_1 = \frac{\sum (\overline{P}_{\lambda} - \overline{P})(Q_{\lambda} - \overline{Q})}{\sum (\overline{P}_{\lambda} - \overline{P})^2} = \frac{-3+3+1}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\hat{Q}_1 = 6 - 0.5 \times 4.4 = 3.8 \Rightarrow \bar{Q} = 3.8 + 0.5P$$

11.17

(a) M-1= 7, at least 1 omitted variables

Consumption: b vairables and omit to raviables

Investment: 5 variables and omit 11 variables = all fuctions are identified.

Wage = 5 rainbles and omit 11 variables

(b) Lonsumption: 2RHS endogenous vairables and excludes Jexgenous variables all factions
Investment: 1RHS endogenous variables and excludes Jexgenous variables => are
Wage: 1RHS endogenous variables and excludes Jexgenous variables satisfied.

(C)  $W_{1t} = \pi_1 + \pi_2 G_t + \pi_3 W_{2t} + \pi_4 T X_t + \pi_5 TINE_t + \pi_6 P_{t-1} + \pi_9 K_{t-1} + \pi_8 E_{t-1} + V$ 

(d) We get  $\widehat{W}_{1t}$  from (c) and use the same way  $\widehat{F}_{t}$ , then create  $W_{t}^{*} = \widehat{W}_{1t} + W_{2t} \Rightarrow \text{Regress CN}_{t}$  by OLS.

(e) The two coefficient estimates will be the same, but t-value will be different.