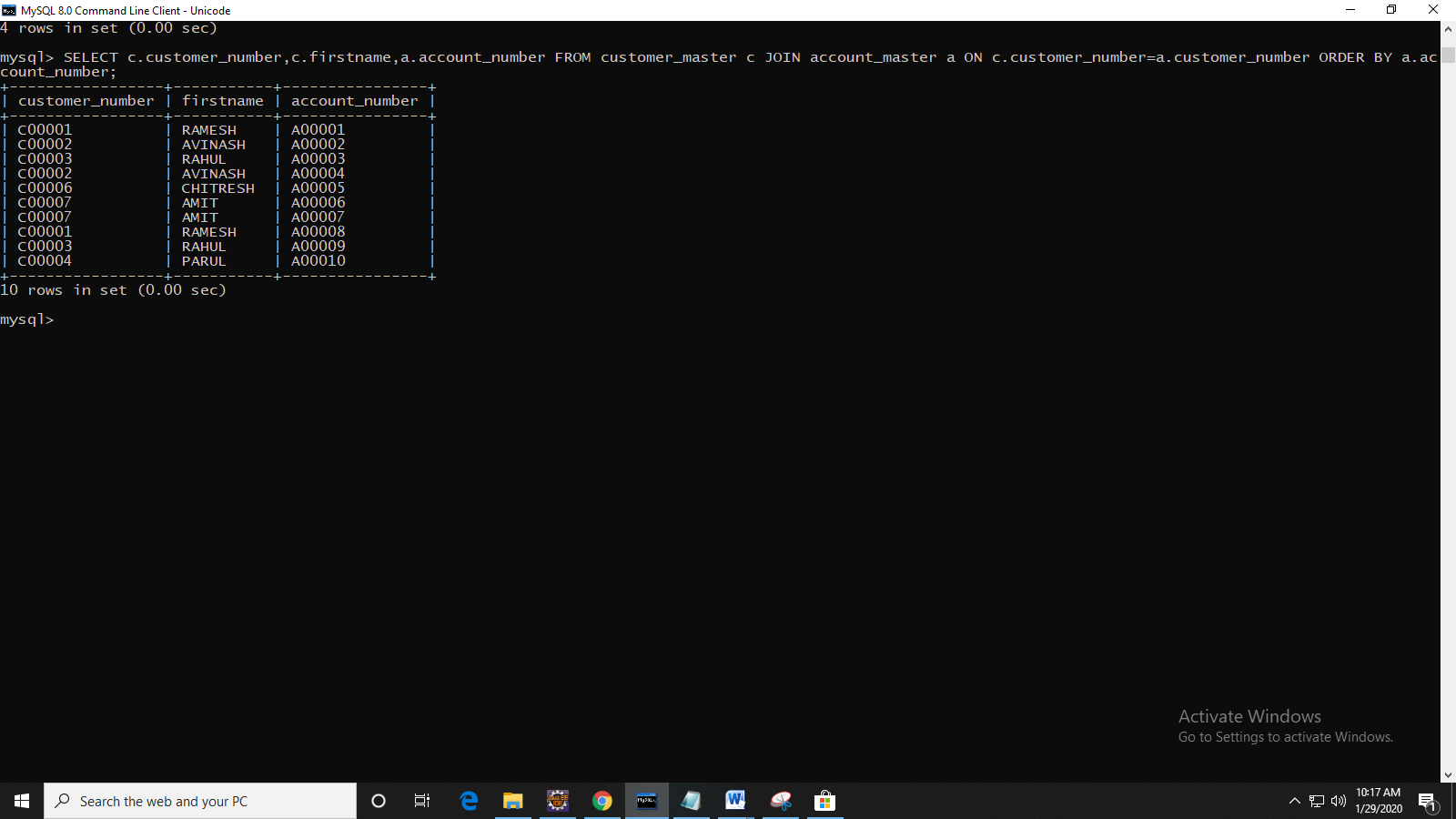
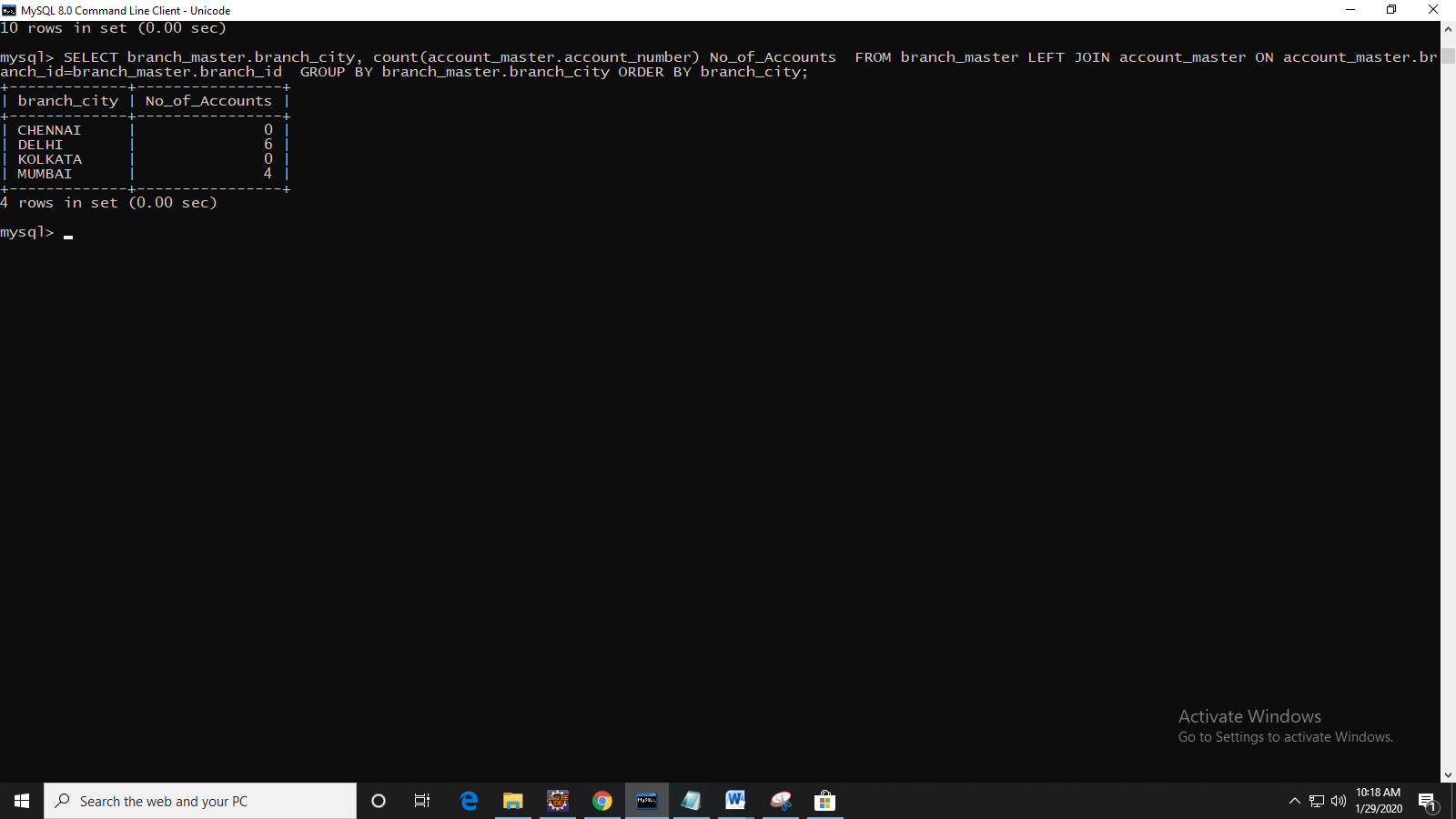
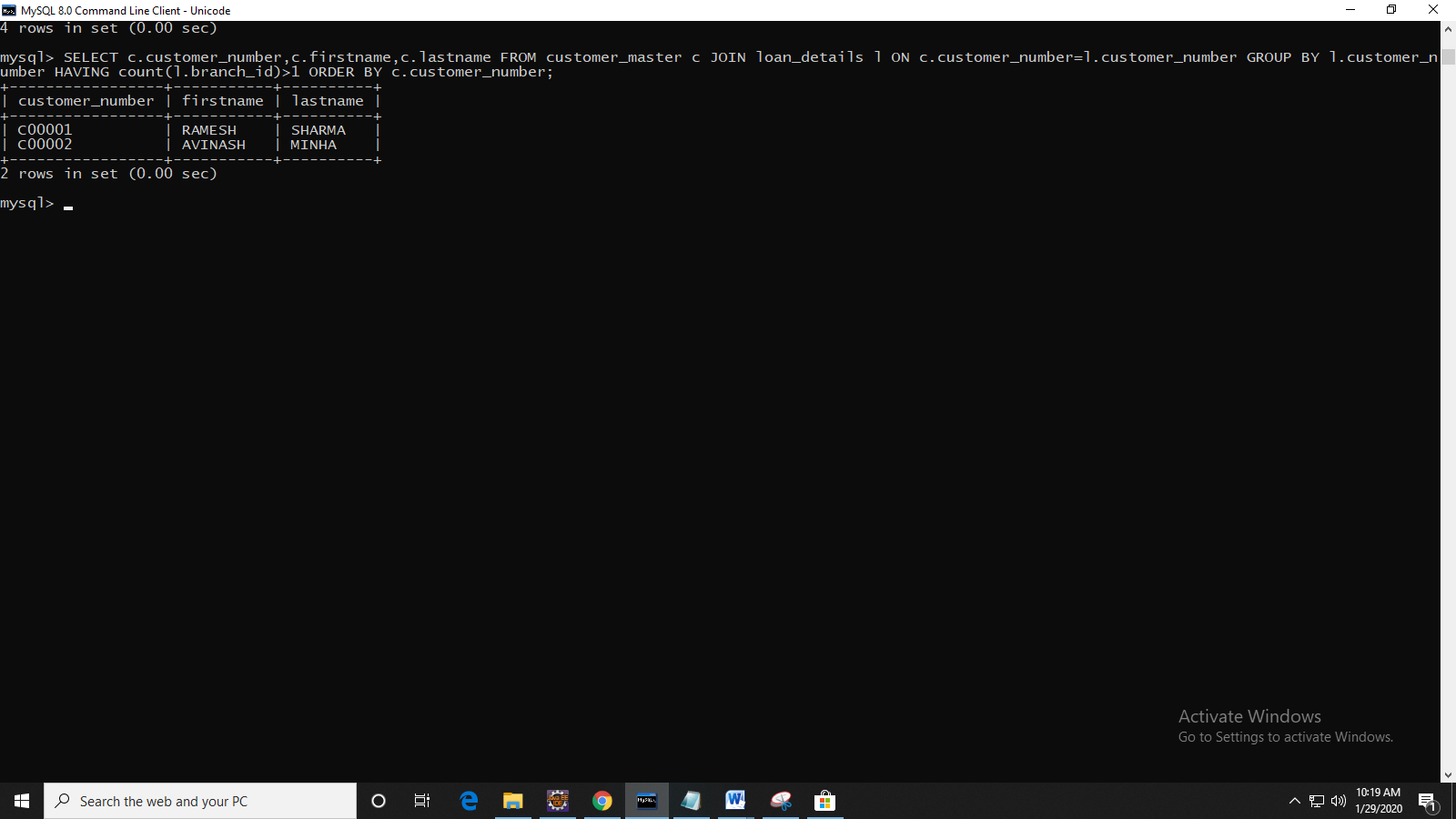
Write a query to display customer number, customer’s firstname , account number where the account status is terminated. Display the records sorted in ascending order based on customer number and then by account number



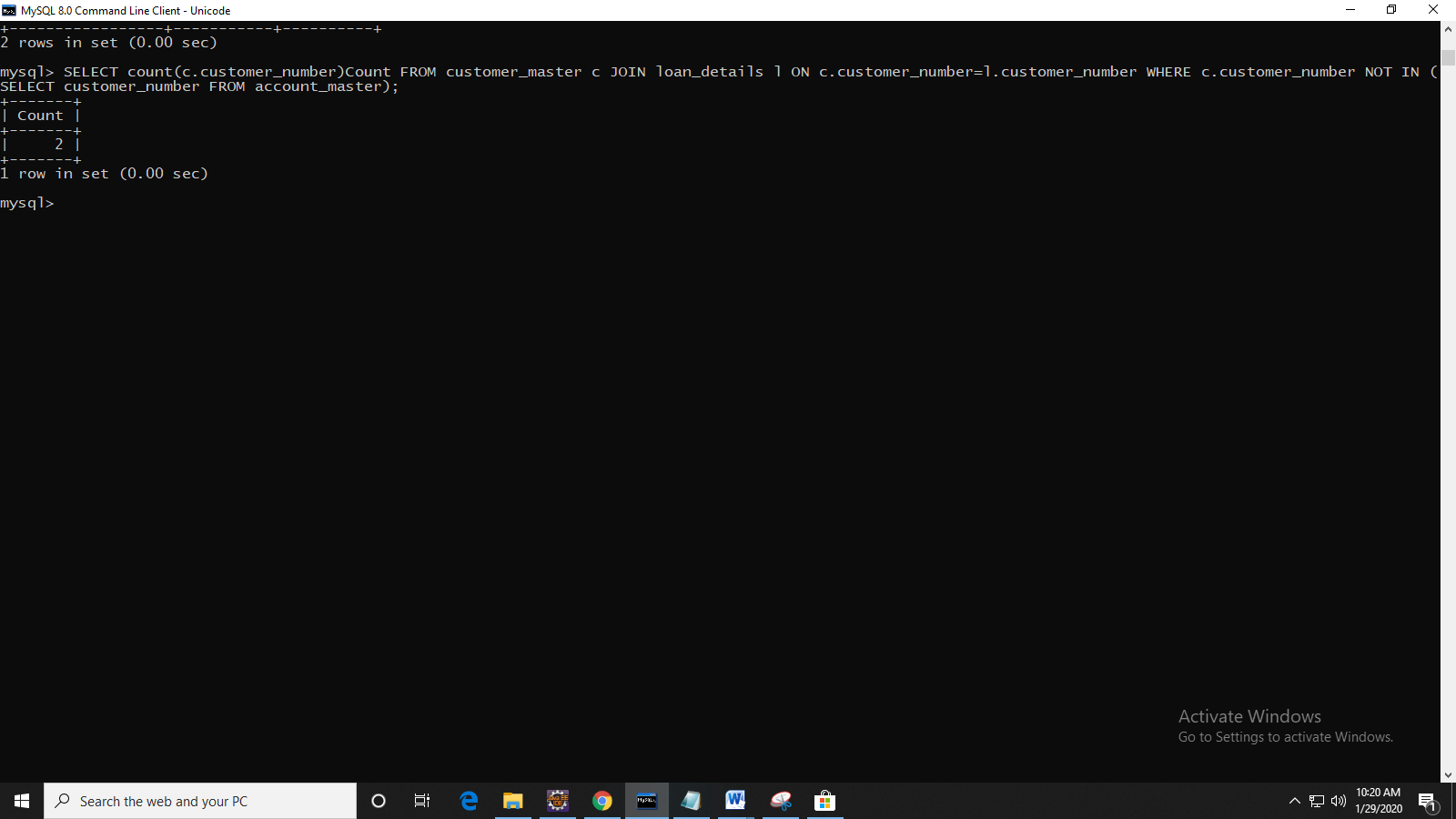
Write a query to display the number of accounts opened in each city. The query should display the Branch city and the number of No\_of\_Accounts for the branch city where we don’t have any accounts opened display 0. Display the records in the sorted order based on branch city.



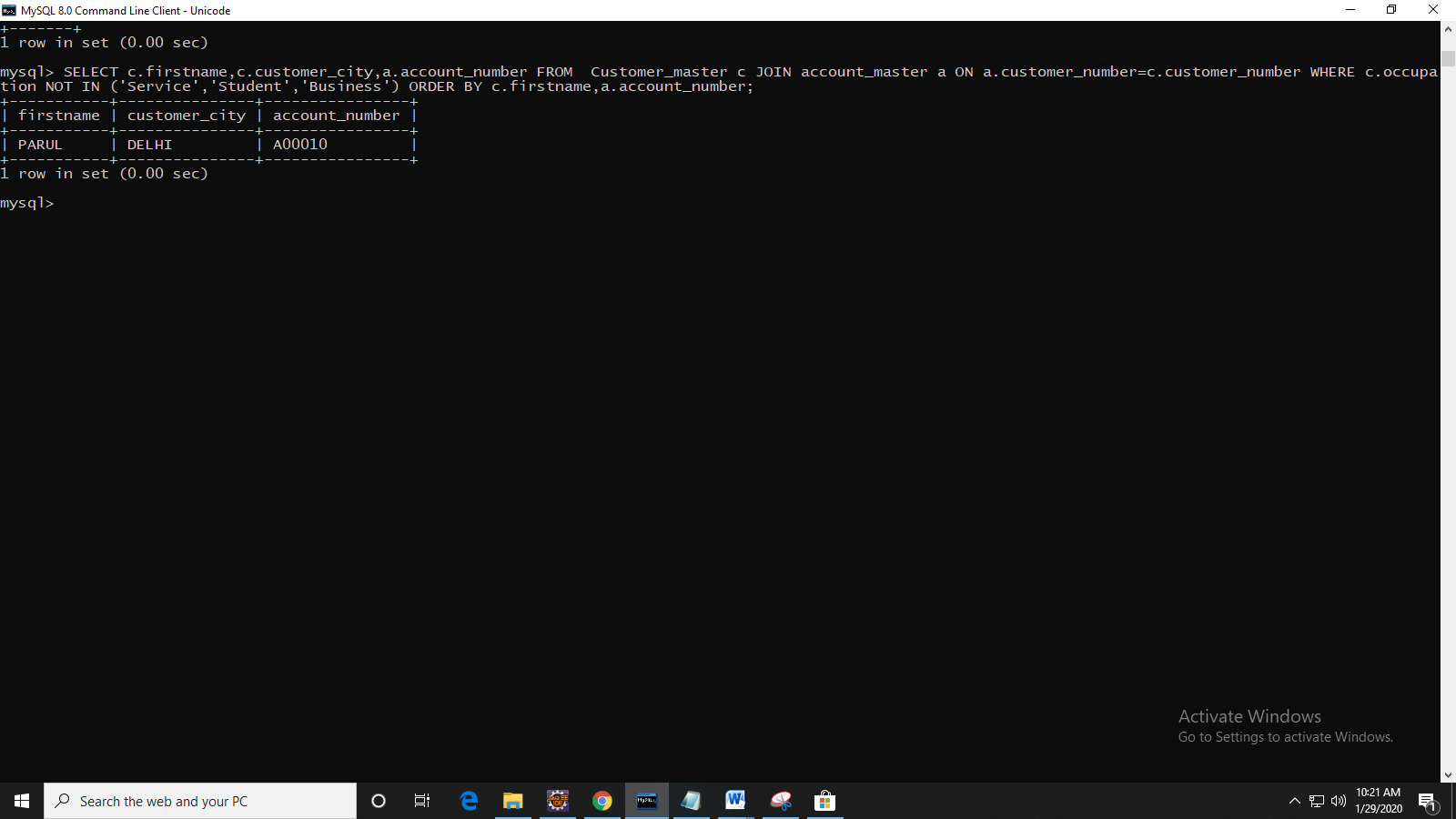
Write a query to display the customer number, customer firstname, customer lastname who has taken loan from more than 1 branch. Display the records sorted in order based on customer number.



Write a query to display the number of clients who have asked for loan but they don’t have any account in the bank though they are registered customers. Give the count an alias name of Count.



Write a query to display customers firstname, city and account number whose occupation are not business , Services or Student. Display the records sorted in ascending order based on customer firstname and by account number.



HTML & CSS

Modify the program so that the initial text shown on the screen is "Monday", and it will change in the following way when the button is pressed repeatedly: Monday ... Tuesday ... Wednesday ... Thursday ... Friday ... Saturday ... Sunday ... Monday ... Tuesday ... etc. You should also change the button text so that there is written "Change day" on the button.

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<body>

<h1>The onclick Event</h1>

<button onclick="myFunction()">Click me</button>

<p id="demo">Sunday</p>

<script>

function myFunction() {

var a = document.getElementById("demo");

if (a.innerHTML === "Sunday") {

a.innerHTML = "Monday";

} else if(a.innerHTML === "Monday"){

a.innerHTML = "Tuesday";

}

else if(a.innerHTML === "Tuesday"){

a.innerHTML = "Wednesday";

}

else if(a.innerHTML === "Wednesday"){

a.innerHTML = "Thrusday";

}

else if(a.innerHTML === "Thrusday"){

a.innerHTML = "Friday";

}

else if(a.innerHTML === "Friday"){

a.innerHTML = "Saturday";

}

else{

a.innerHTML = "Sunday";

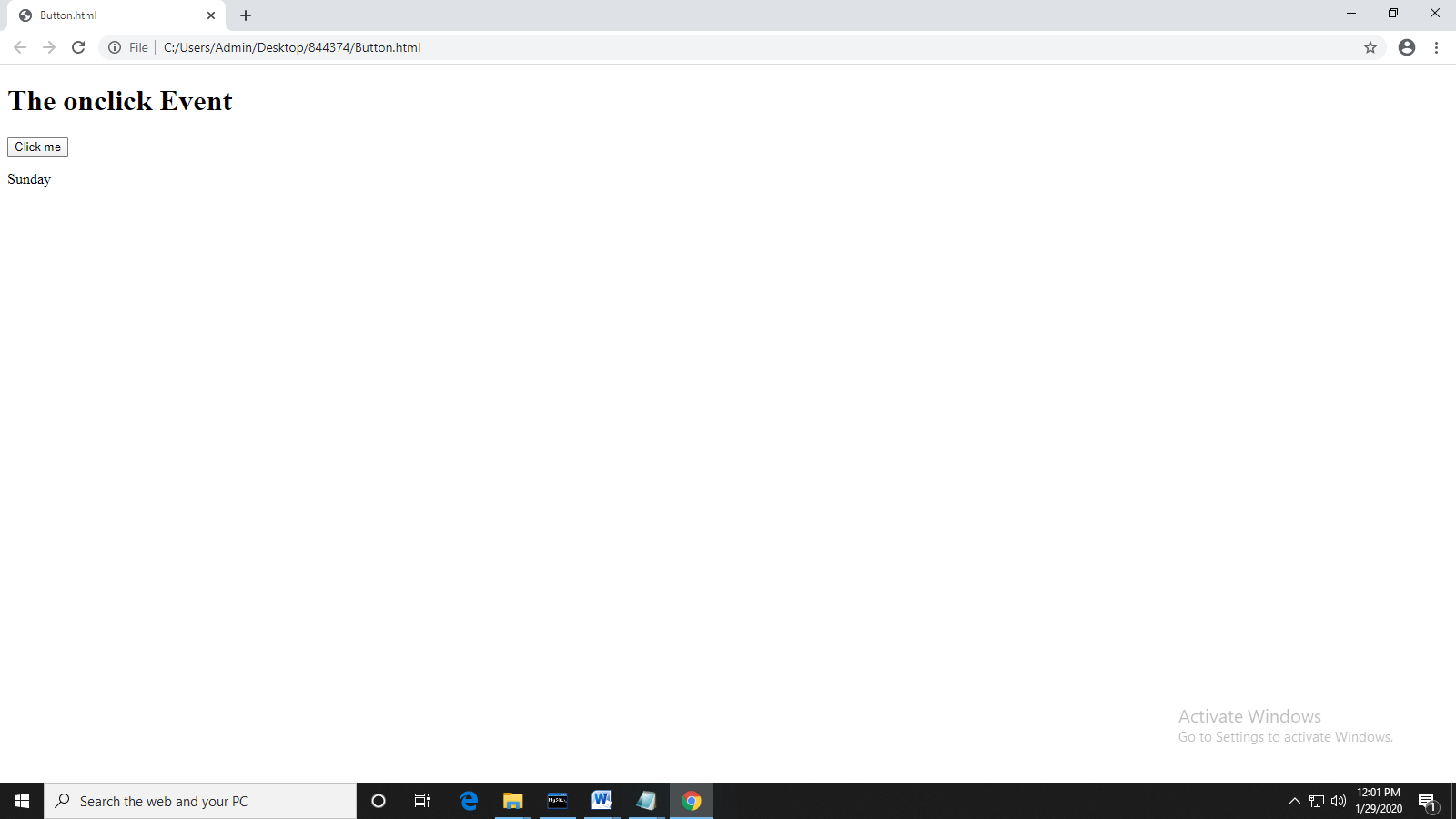
}

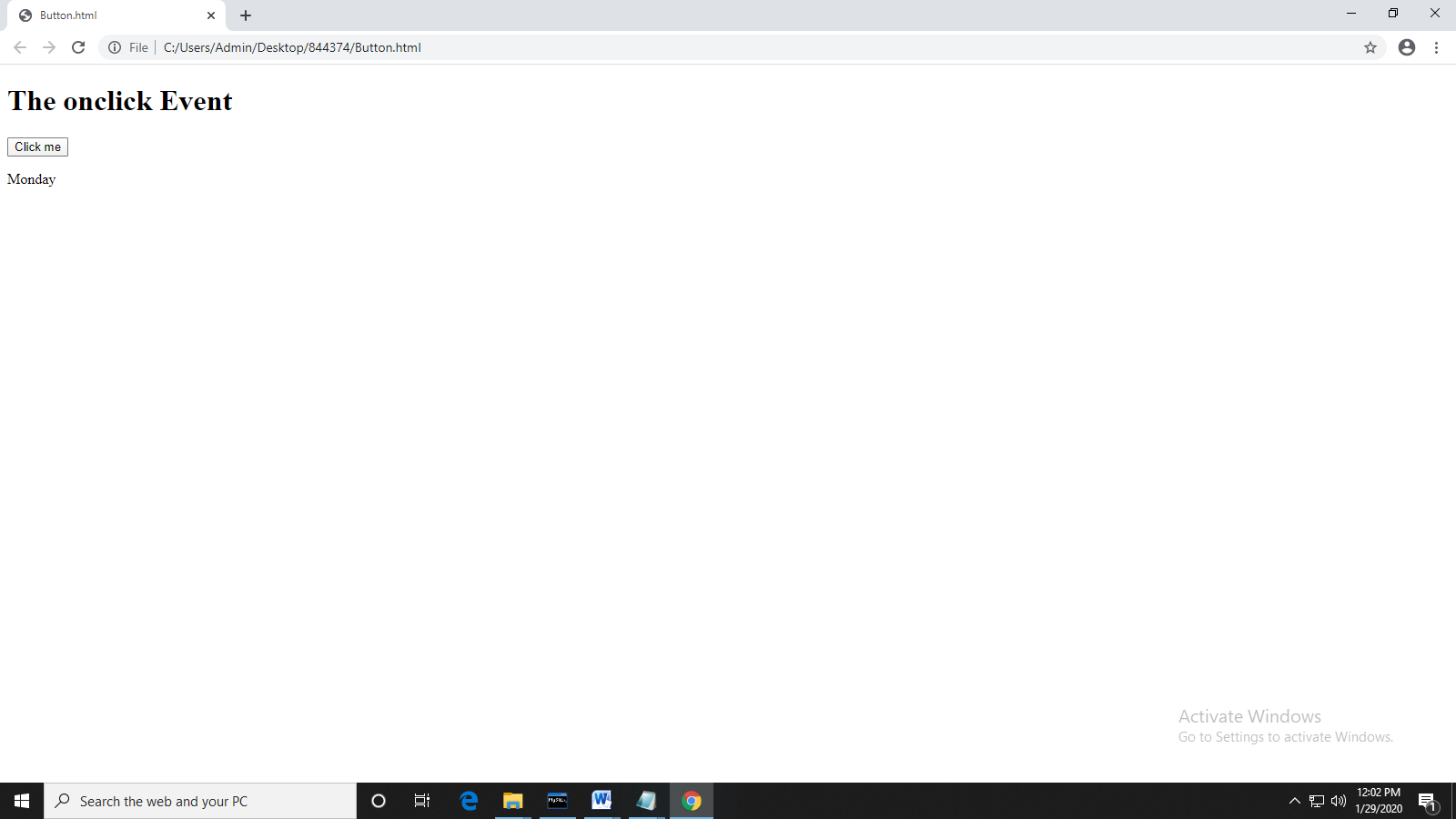
}

</script>

</body>

</html>





Create a html web page that contains a button with which it is possible to change the text that is shown on the screen. The file ButtonDemo.html has a JavaScript function named change\_text() which is called after the button is pressed. When the button is pressed repeatedly the text changes Hello! ... Well done! ... Hello! ... Well done! ... Hello! ..

<html>

<script>

function change\_text()

{

var text=document.createTextNode("Hello!...well done!...");

var p=document.createElement(p);

var temp=p.appendChild(text);

document.body.appendChild(temp);

}

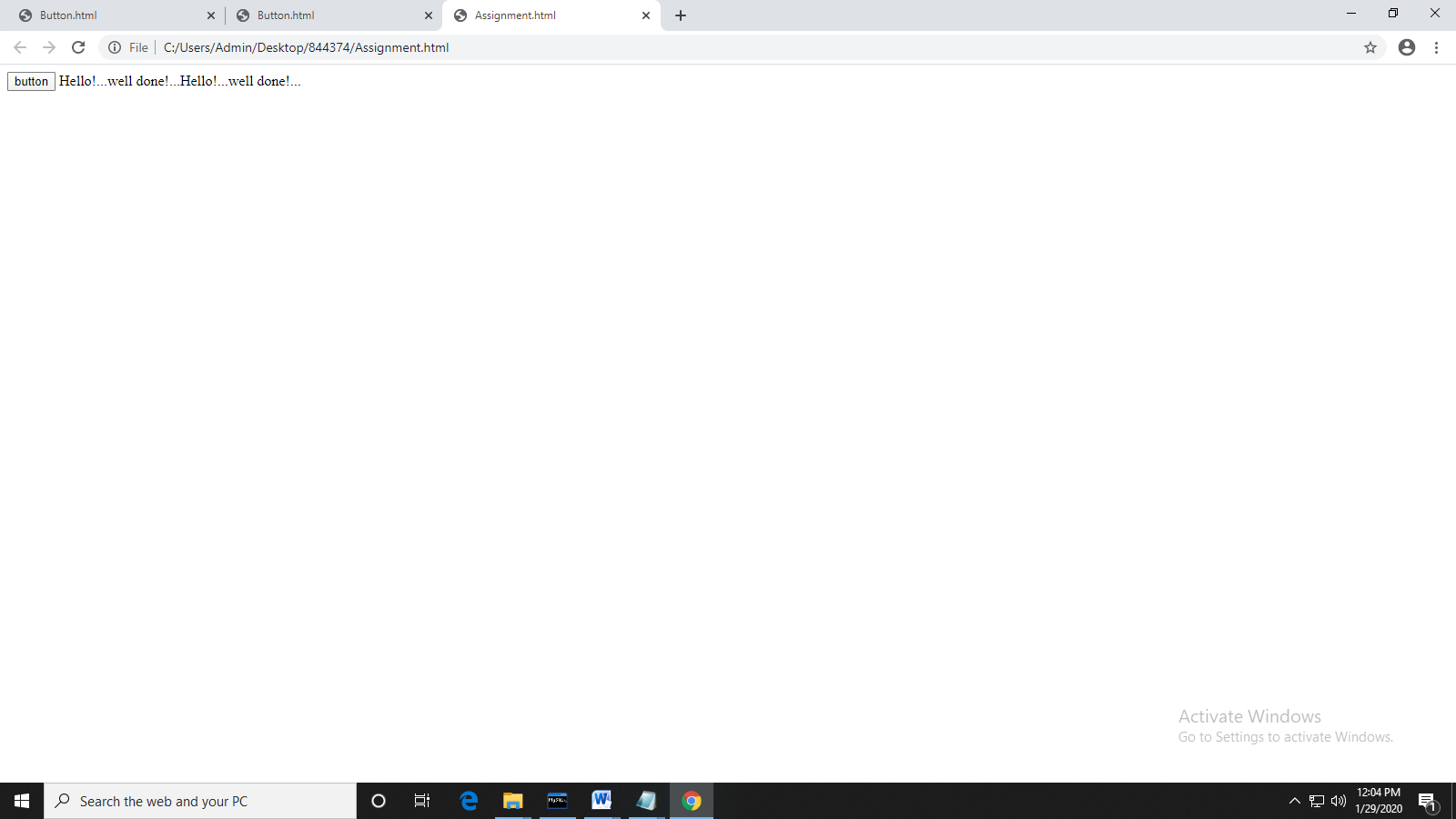
</script>

<body>

<input type="submit" value="button" onclick="change\_text()">

</body>

</html>



Using CSS properties create a calendar with following Calender Template:

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<style>

\* {box-sizing: border-box;}

ul {list-style-type: none;}

body {font-family: Verdana, sans-serif;}

.month {

padding: 70px 25px;

width: 100%;

background: black;

text-align: center;

}

.month ul {

margin: 0;

padding: 0;

}

.month ul li {

color: white;

font-size: 20px;

text-transform: uppercase;

letter-spacing: 3px;

}

.month .prev {

float: left;

padding-top: 10px;

}

.month .next {

float: right;

padding-top: 10px;

}

.weekdays {

margin: 0;

padding: 10px 0;

background-color: #fff;

}

.weekdays li {

display: inline-block;

width: 13.6%;

color: #666;

text-align: center;

}

.days {

padding: 10px 0;

background: #eee;

margin: 0;

}

.days li {

list-style-type: none;

display: inline-block;

width: 13.6%;

text-align: center;

margin-bottom: 5px;

font-size:12px;

color: #888;

}

.days li .active {

padding: 5px;

background: #1abc9c;

color: white !important

}

/\* Add media queries for smaller screens \*/

@media screen and (max-width:720px) {

.weekdays li, .days li {width: 13.1%;}

}

@media screen and (max-width: 420px) {

.weekdays li, .days li {width: 12.5%;}

.days li .active {padding: 2px;}

}

@media screen and (max-width: 290px) {

.weekdays li, .days li {width: 12.2%;}

}

</style>

</head>

<body>

<h1>CSS Calendar</h1>

<div class="month">

<ul>

<li>

January<br>

<span style="font-size:18px">2020</span>

</li>

</ul>

</div>

<ul class="weekdays">

<li>Mo</li>

<li>Tu</li>

<li>We</li>

<li>Th</li>

<li>Fr</li>

<li>Sa</li>

<li>Su</li>

</ul>

<ul class="days">

<li>1</li>

<li>2</li>

<li>3</li>

<li>4</li>

<li>5</li>

<li>6</li>

<li>7</li>

<li>8</li>

<li>9</li>

<li>10</li>

<li>11</li>

<li>12</li>

<li>13</li>

<li>14</li>

<li>15</li>

<li>16</li>

<li>17</li>

<li>18</li>

<li>19</li>

<li>20</li>

<li>21</li>

<li>22</li>

<li>23</li>

<li>24</li>

<li>25</li>

<li>26</li>

<li>27</li>

<li>28</li>

<li><span class="active">29</span></li>

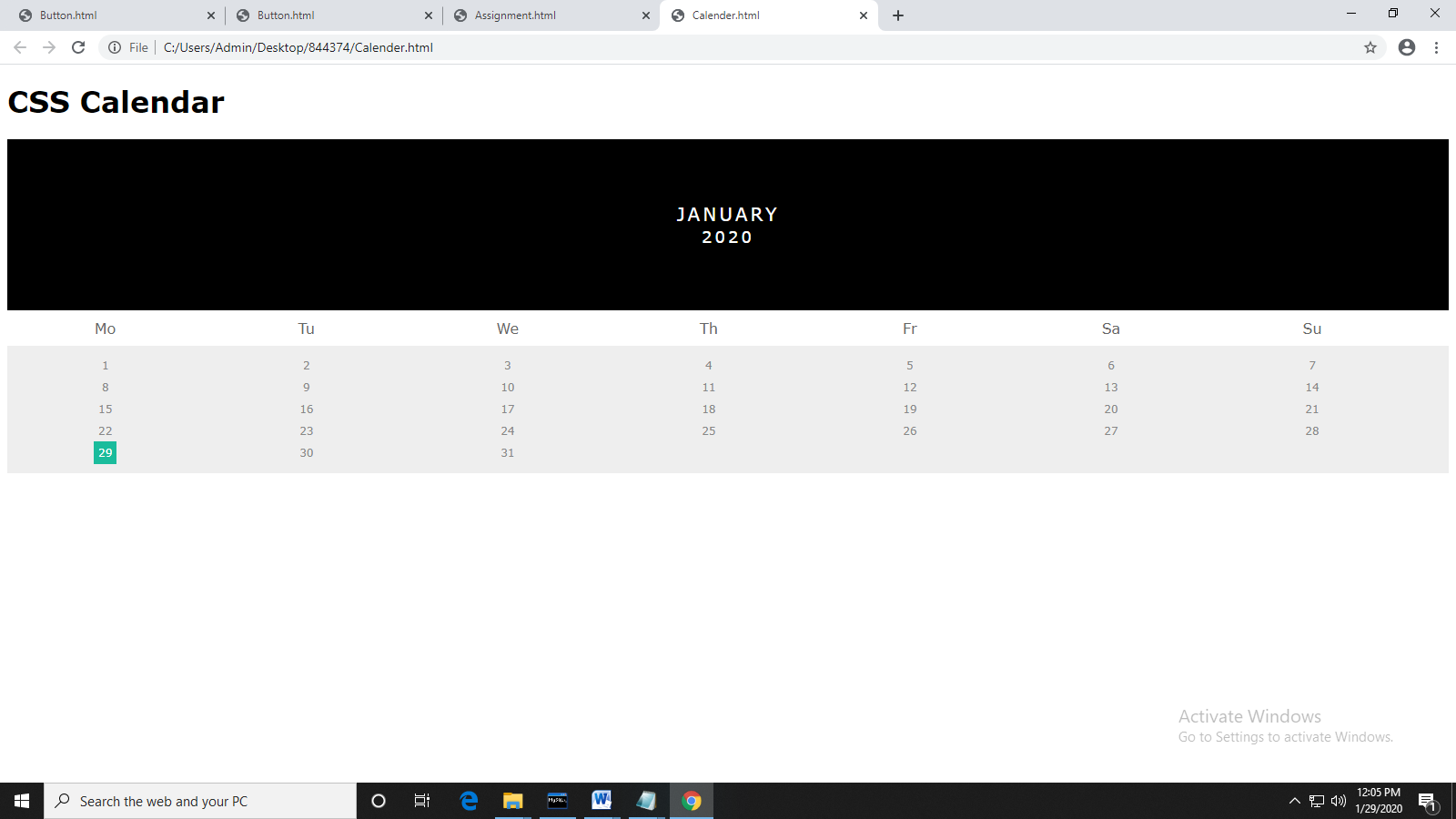
<li>30</li>

<li>31</li>

</ul>

</body>

</html>



Write a Java Script to find the n prime number.

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>

Prime Number

</title>

<script type="text/javascript">

// Function to check prime number

function p() {

var n, i, flag = true;

// Getting the value form text

// field using DOM

n = document.myform.n.value;

n = parseInt(n)

for(i = 2; i <= n - 1; i++)

if (n % i == 0) {

flag = false;

break;

}

// Check and display alert message

if (flag == true)

alert(n + " is prime");

else

alert(n + " is not prime");

}

</script>

</head>

<body>

<center>

<h1>Prime Number</h1>

<form name="myform">

Enter the number:

<input type="text" name=n value="">

<br><br>

<input type="button" value="Check" onClick="p()">

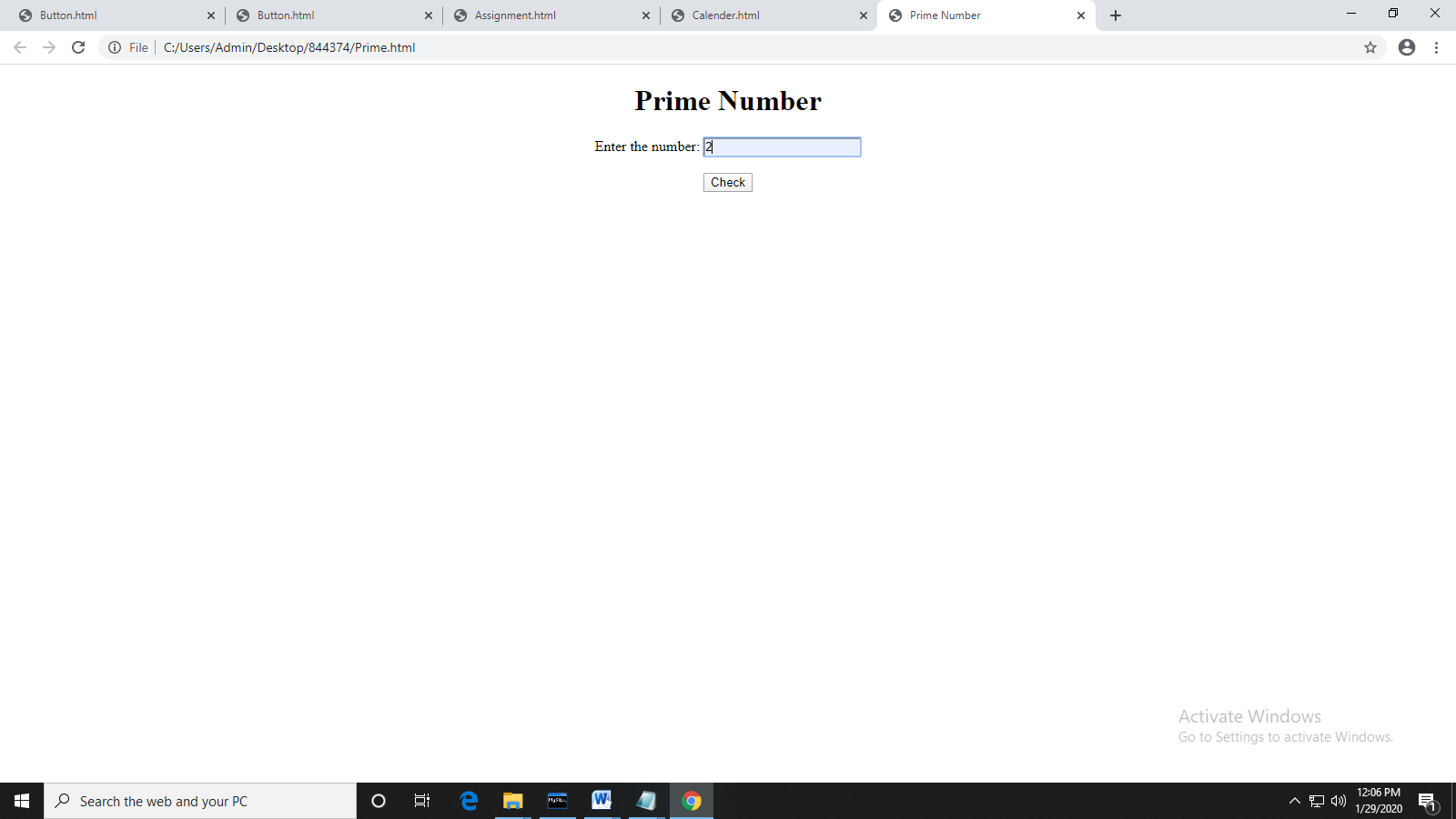
<br>

</form>

</center>

</body>

</html>



Create a newHTML-document with an unordered list element, a text-box,and a button that says “Add.”

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">

</head>

<body>

<div id="myDIV" class="header">

<input type="text" id="myInput" placeholder="Add">

<button onclick="newElement()" class="addBtn">Add</button>

</div>

<ul id="myUL">

</ul>

<script>

var myNodelist = document.getElementsByTagName("LI");

var i;

for (i = 0; i < myNodelist.length; i++) {

var span = document.createElement("SPAN");

var txt = document.createTextNode("\u00D7");

span.className = "close";

span.appendChild(txt);

myNodelist[i].appendChild(span);

}

var list = document.querySelector('ul');

list.addEventListener('click', function(ev) {

if (ev.target.tagName === 'LI') {

ev.target.classList.toggle('checked');

}

}, false);

function newElement() {

var li = document.createElement("li");

var inputValue = document.getElementById("myInput").value;

var t = document.createTextNode(inputValue);

li.appendChild(t);

if (inputValue === '') {

alert("You must write something!");

} else {

document.getElementById("myUL").appendChild(li);

}

document.getElementById("myInput").value = "";

var span = document.createElement("SPAN");

var txt = document.createTextNode("\u00D7");

span.className = "close";

span.appendChild(txt);

li.appendChild(span);

for (i = 0; i < close.length; i++) {

close[i].onclick = function() {

var div = this.parentElement;

div.style.display = "none";

}

}

}

</script>

</body>

</html>

