FasterR-CNN

March 2, 2020

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[20]: import torchvision
      from PIL import Image
      from torchvision import transforms as T
      import cv2
      import matplotlib
      from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
 [2]: model = torchvision.models.detection.fasterrcnn_resnet50_fpn(pretrained=True)
     model.eval()
     Downloading:
     "https://download.pytorch.org/models/fasterrcnn_resnet50_fpn_coco-258fb6c6.pth"
     /home/chanho/.cache/torch/checkpoints/fasterrcnn_resnet50_fpn_coco-258fb6c6.pth
     14.7%IOPub message rate exceeded.
     The notebook server will temporarily stop sending output
     to the client in order to avoid crashing it.
     To change this limit, set the config variable
     `--NotebookApp.iopub_msg_rate_limit`.
     Current values:
     NotebookApp.iopub_msg_rate_limit=1000.0 (msgs/sec)
     NotebookApp.rate_limit_window=3.0 (secs)
     40.8%IOPub message rate exceeded.
     The notebook server will temporarily stop sending output
     to the client in order to avoid crashing it.
     To change this limit, set the config variable
     `--NotebookApp.iopub_msg_rate_limit`.
     Current values:
     NotebookApp.iopub_msg_rate_limit=1000.0 (msgs/sec)
     NotebookApp.rate_limit_window=3.0 (secs)
     65.6%IOPub message rate exceeded.
     The notebook server will temporarily stop sending output
     to the client in order to avoid crashing it.
     To change this limit, set the config variable
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`--NotebookApp.iopub_msg_rate_limit`.
     Current values:
     NotebookApp.iopub_msg_rate_limit=1000.0 (msgs/sec)
     NotebookApp.rate limit window=3.0 (secs)
     91.5%IOPub message rate exceeded.
     The notebook server will temporarily stop sending output
     to the client in order to avoid crashing it.
     To change this limit, set the config variable
     `--NotebookApp.iopub_msg_rate_limit`.
     Current values:
     NotebookApp.iopub_msg_rate_limit=1000.0 (msgs/sec)
     NotebookApp.rate_limit_window=3.0 (secs)
 [3]: COCO_INSTANCE_CATEGORY_NAMES = [
          '__background__', 'person', 'bicycle', 'car', 'motorcycle', 'airplane', __
      'train', 'truck', 'boat', 'traffic light', 'fire hydrant', 'N/A', 'stop⊔
      ⇒sign',
          'parking meter', 'bench', 'bird', 'cat', 'dog', 'horse', 'sheep', 'cow',
          'elephant', 'bear', 'zebra', 'giraffe', 'N/A', 'backpack', 'umbrella', 'N/
      \hookrightarrow A', 'N/A',
          'handbag', 'tie', 'suitcase', 'frisbee', 'skis', 'snowboard', 'sports ball',
          'kite', 'baseball bat', 'baseball glove', 'skateboard', 'surfboard', u
      'bottle', 'N/A', 'wine glass', 'cup', 'fork', 'knife', 'spoon', 'bowl',
          'banana', 'apple', 'sandwich', 'orange', 'broccoli', 'carrot', 'hot dog', |
      'donut', 'cake', 'chair', 'couch', 'potted plant', 'bed', 'N/A', 'dining_
      →table'.
          'N/A', 'N/A', 'toilet', 'N/A', 'tv', 'laptop', 'mouse', 'remote', "
      'microwave', 'oven', 'toaster', 'sink', 'refrigerator', 'N/A', 'book',
          'clock', 'vase', 'scissors', 'teddy bear', 'hair drier', 'toothbrush'
     ]
[13]: def get prediction(img path, threshold):
       img = Image.open(img path) # Load the image
       transform = T.Compose([T.ToTensor()]) # Defing PyTorch Transform
       img = transform(img) # Apply the transform to the image
       pred = model([img]) # Pass the image to the model
       pred_class = [COCO_INSTANCE_CATEGORY_NAMES[i] for i in list(pred[0]['labels'].
       →numpy())] # Get the Prediction Score
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pred_boxes = [[(i[0], i[1]), (i[2], i[3])] for i in list(pred[0]['boxes'].
       →detach().numpy())] # Bounding boxes
       pred_score = list(pred[0]['scores'].detach().numpy())
       pred_t = [pred_score.index(x) for x in pred_score if x > threshold][-1] # Get_{\square}
       \rightarrow list of index with score greater than threshold.
       pred_boxes = pred_boxes[:pred_t+1]
       pred_class = pred_class[:pred_t+1]
        return pred_boxes, pred_class
[14]: def object_detection_api(img_path, threshold=0.5, rect_th=3, text_size=3,__
      \rightarrowtext th=3):
        boxes, pred_cls = get_prediction(img_path, threshold) # Get predictions
        img = cv2.imread(img_path) # Read image with cv2
        img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB) # Convert to RGB
        for i in range(len(boxes)):
          cv2.rectangle(img, boxes[i][0], boxes[i][1],color=(0, 255, 0),
       →thickness=rect_th) # Draw Rectangle with the coordinates
          cv2.putText(img,pred_cls[i], boxes[i][0], cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX,_
       →text_size, (0,255,0),thickness=text_th) # Write the prediction class
       plt.figure(figsize=(20,30)) # display the output image
       plt.imshow(img)
       plt.xticks([])
       plt.yticks([])
       plt.show()
 [6]: | wget https://www.wsha.org/wp-content/uploads/banner-diverse-group-of-people-2.
      \rightarrowjpg -0 people.jpg
     --2020-03-02 22:37:25-- https://www.wsha.org/wp-content/uploads/banner-diverse-
     group-of-people-2.jpg
     Resolving www.wsha.org (www.wsha.org)... 104.198.7.33
     Connecting to www.wsha.org (www.wsha.org)|104.198.7.33|:443... connected.
     HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
     Length: 1923610 (1.8M) [image/jpeg]
     Saving to: 'people.jpg'
                         in 0.9s
     people.jpg
     2020-03-02 22:37:27 (1.95 MB/s) - 'people.jpg' saved [1923610/1923610]
[21]: object_detection_api('./people.jpg', threshold=0.8)
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