Design Document - Assignment 3

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1 Purpose of Programs

We will implement four different sorting programs and test their performance by writing a test harness using bit-wise Set operations. The four sorting methods are Shell sort, Heap sort, Quick sort and Batcher sort, respectively. The Set operation implementing functions and statistics module will be separate files that can be used in the main sorting.c testing program.

2 Files To Be Included in Directory asgn3

- shell.c and shell.h
 - The C program contains implementation of Shell sort. The shell.h is the header file that specifies the interface to shell.c.
- heap.c and heap.h
 - The C program contains implementation of Heap sort. The heap.h is the header file that specifies the interface to heap.c.
- quick.c and quick.h
 - The C program contains implementation of recursive Quick sort. The quick.h is the header file that specifies the interface to quick.c.
- batcher.c and batcher.h
 - The C program contains implementation of Batcher merge sort. The batcher.h is the header file that specifies the interface to batcher.c.
- gaps.h
 - This file contains a gap sequence and its length to be used by Shell sort.
- set.c and set.h

- The C program contains implementation of bit-wise Set operations. The set.h is the header file that specifies the interface to set.c.
- stats.c and stats.h
 - The C program contains implementation of statistics module. The stats.h is the header file that specifies the interface to stats.c.
- sorting.c
 - This file contains main() and is the test harness for the four sorting implementation and their statistics.
- Makefile
 - This file that compiles the sorting programs and builds the sorting executable
- README.md
 - This file describes how to use all the programs and Makefile, including explanations on command-line options
- DESIGN.pdf
 - This file describes the design and design process for all the programs
 - Include pseudocode
- WRITEUP.pdf
 - Findings and things learnt from different sorting algorithms
 - Include the graphs that displays the performance of the sorts on a variety of inputs
 - Include analysis and explanations for the graphs

3 Design/Structure

```
(1) shell.c

SET stats moves = 0

SET stats compares = 0

function shell_sort(stat, array, length)

FOR k = 0 to gaps_len

FOR i = gaps[k] to length

j ← i

temp ← array[i]
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WHILE j \ge gaps[k] and (arr[j - gaps[k]] > temp)
               compares += 1
               array[j] \leftarrow array[j - gaps[k]];
               moves += 1
               j = gaps[k]
           END WHILE
           array[j] \leftarrow temp
           moves += 1
       END FOR
   END FOR
END function
(2) heap.c
SET stats moves = 0
SET stats compares = 0
function max_child(stat, array, first, last)
   left \leftarrow 2 \times \text{first}
   right \leftarrow left + 1
   IF right <= last and (array[right - 1] > array[left - 1])
       compares += 1
       RETURN right
   END IF
   RETURN left
END function
function fix_heap(stat, array, first, last)
   found ← FALSE
   mother \leftarrow first
   great \leftarrow max\_child(stat, array, mother, last)
   WHILE mother <= last / 2 and not found
       IF array[great - 1] > array[mother - 1]
           compares += 1
           SWAP array[great - 1] and array[mother - 1]
           moves += 3
           mother ← great
           great ← max_child(stat, array, mother, last)
       ELSE
           found ← TRUE
```

```
END IF
   END WHILE
END function
function build_heap(stat, array, first, last)
   FOR i = last / 2 to (first - 1) with each step = -1
       fix_heap(stat, array, i, last)
   END FOR
END function
function heap_sort(stat, array, length)
   first \leftarrow 1
   last ← length
   build_heap(stat, array, first, last)
   FOR i = last to first with each step = -1
       SWAP array[first - 1] and array[i - 1]
       moves += 3
       fix_heap(stat, array, first, i - 1)
   END FOR
END function
(3) quick.c
SET stats moves = 0
SET stats compares = 0
function partition(stat, array, lo, hi)
   i \leftarrow lo - 1
   FOR j = lo to hi
       IF array[hi - 1] > array[j - 1]
           compares += 1
                            SWAP array[i - 1] and array[j - 1]
           i += 1
           moves += 3
       END IF
   END FOR
   SWAP array[i] and array[hi - 1]
   RETURN i + 1
```

END function

```
function quick_sorter(stat, array, lo, hi)
   IF lo < hi
       p ← partition(stat, array, lo, hi)
       quick_sorter(stat, array, lo, p - 1)
       quick_sorter(stat, array, p + 1, hi)
   END IF
END function
function quick_sort(stat, array, length)
   quick_sorter(stat, array, 1, length)
END function
(4) batcher.c
SET stats moves = 0
SET stats compares = 0
function comparator(stat, array, x, y)
   IF array[x] > array[y]
       compares += 1
       SWAP array[x] and array[y]
       moves += 3
   END IF
END function
function batcher_sort(stat, array, length)
   IF n == 0
       RETURN
   END IF
   t \leftarrow bit length of length
   p \leftarrow 1 \ll (t-1)
   WHILE p > 0
       q \leftarrow 1 \ll (t - 1)
       r ← 0
       d \leftarrow p
       WHILE d > 0
           FOR i = 0 to n - d
```

```
IF (i \text{ AND } p) == r
                  comparator(stat, array, i, i + d)
              END IF
           END FOR
          d \leftarrow q - p
           q \gg \leftarrow 1
          r \leftarrow p
       END WHILE
       p \gg \leftarrow 1
   END WHILE
END function
(5) set.c
function set_empty()
   RETURN 0
END function
function set_universal()
   RETURN NOT 0
END function
function set_insert(Set s, x)
   RETURN s OR 1 « x
END function
function set_remove(Set s, x)
   RETURN s AND NOT(1 « x)
END function
function set_member(Set s, x)
   IF (s AND (1 « x)) not 0
       RETURN TRUE
   ELSE
       RETURN FALSE
   END IF
END function
```

```
function set_union(Set s, Set t)
   RETURN s OR t
END function
function set_intersect(Set s, Set t)
   RETURN s AND t
END function
function set_difference(Set s, Set t)
   RETURN s AND (NOT t)
END function
function set_complement(Set s)
   RETURN NOT s
END function
(6) sorting.c
DEFINE command-line options "Hasbhqn:p:r:"
DEFINE enum type for [SHELL, QUICK, HEAP, BATCHER, HELP, END] as SORTS
function get_randarr(array, length, seed)
   SET random seed
   SET mask \leftarrow NOT ((1 \ll 31) OR (1 \ll 30))
   FOR i = 0 to length
       array[i] \leftarrow random number
       array[i] ← array[i] AND mask
   END FOR
END function
function usage(program)
   print(program synopsis and usage)
```

END function

```
function main(arguments)
   SET function pointer array func_ptr = [shell_sort, quick_sort, heap_sort, batcher_sort]
   SET opt \leftarrow 0
   SET vector \leftarrow 0
   SET len ← 100
   SET elements ← 100
   SET seed ← 13371453
   INITIATE Stats struct array arr stats = [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
   SET string array arr_name = ["Shell Sort", "Quick Sort", "Heap Sort", "Batcher Sort"]
   IF no input argument
      PRINT "Select at least one sort to perform."
      usage()
   END IF
   WHILE here is at least an argument
      SWITCH argument
          case argument "s" do insert SHELL to vector
             break
          case argument "q" do insert QUICK to vector
             break
          case argument "h" do insert HEAP to vector
             break
          case argument "b" do insert BATCHER to vector
             break
          case argument "a" do insert SHELL, QUICK, HEAP, BATCHER to vector
             break
          case argument "H" do insert HELP to vector
             break
          case argument "n" do len ← number converted from read-in string
          case argument "p" do elements ← number converted from read-in string
          case argument "r" do seed ← number converted from read-in string
             break
          default do usage()
             return EXIT_FAILURE
      END SWITCH
   END WHILE
   SET *Array ← calloc(len, sizeof(32 bits))
```

```
WHILE TRUE
   IF HELP is in vector
      usage()
      break
   ELSE IF SHELL, QUICK, HEAP, BATCHER are all in vector
      FOR s = SHELL to BATCHER
          get_randarr(Array, len, seed)
          function pointer array func ptr[s] (Stats struct array arr stats[s], Array, len)
          PRINT sorting method, array length, number of moves, number of compares
          IF elements >= len
             FOR i = 0 to len
                 IF (i + 1) is not multiple of 5
                    IF i == len - 1
                        PRINT Array[i] + newline
                    ELSE
                        PRINT Array[i]
                    END IF
                 ELSE
                    PRINT Array[i] + newline
                 END IF
             END FOR
          ELSE IF elements < len
             FOR i = 0 to elements
                 IF (i + 1) is not multiple of 5
                    IF i == elements - 1
                        PRINT Array[i] + newline
                    ELSE
                        PRINT Array[i]
                    END IF
                 ELSE
                    PRINT Array[i] + newline
                 END IF
             END FOR
          END IF
      END FOR
      break
   ELSE
      FOR s = SHELL to BATCHER
          IF s in vector
             get_randarr(Array, len, seed)
             function pointer array func_ptr[s](Stats struct array arr_stats[s], Array, len)
             PRINT sorting method, array length, number of moves, number of compares
```

```
IF elements >= len
                    FOR i = 0 to len
                       IF (i + 1) is not multiple of 5
                           IF i == len - 1
                              PRINT Array[i] + newline
                           ELSE
                              PRINT Array[i]
                           END IF
                       ELSE
                           PRINT Array[i] + newline
                       END IF
                    END FOR
                ELSE IF elements < len
                    FOR i = 0 to elements
                       IF (i + 1) is not multiple of 5
                           IF i == elements - 1
                              PRINT Array[i] + newline
                           ELSE
                              PRINT Array[i]
                           END IF
                       ELSE
                           PRINT Array[i] + newline
                       END IF
                    END FOR
                END IF
             END IF
          END FOR
          break
      END IF
   END WHILE
   free Array memory
   RETURN 0
End function
```

4 Credit

- Omar's section on Feb. 1st.
- Assignment 1 monte_carlo.c