Introduction and Python Refresher Empirical Industrial Organization

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Organization

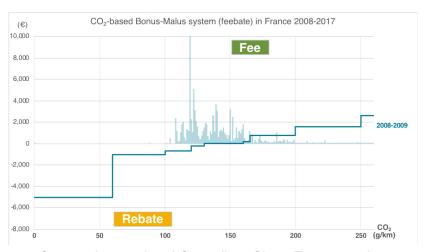
- additional material will be posted at http://andras.niedermayer.ch/teaching/
- if you have any questions, write to: andras.niedermayer@u-cergy.fr
- please bring along your laptops for the hands-on computer exercises
- we will have a combination of lectures, hands-on exercises in class and take home work
- the grade will be based on a take home exam/term paper

Examples of Application of Empirical Industrial Organization

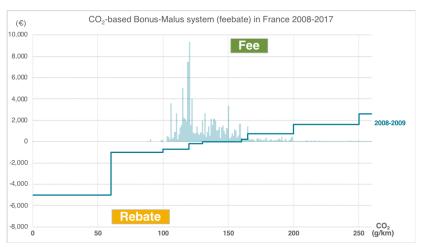
- car industry, environmental policy
- auctions
- price discrimination

- merger control
 - for example, in 2017 the PSA Group acquired Opel and Vauxhall
 - should competition authorities have cleared the acquisition?
 - counterfactual: what is the prediction on price changes for the acquisition?

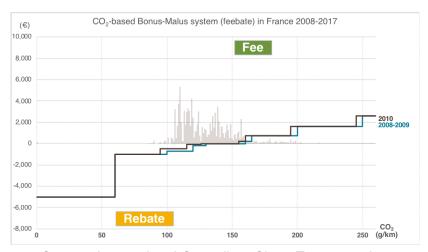
- environmental policy
 - for example, France introduced a feebate policy for cars in 2008
 - high CO2 emission cars get taxed, low CO2 emission cars get a rebate
 - the intention was to have a balanced budget



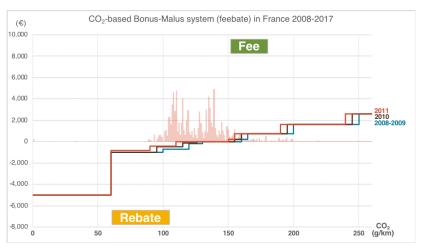
Source: International Council on Clean Transportation



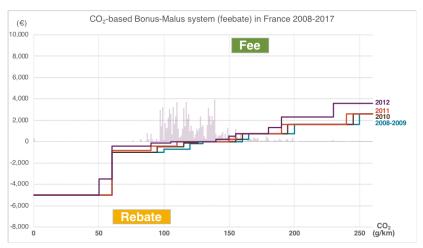
Source: International Council on Clean Transportation



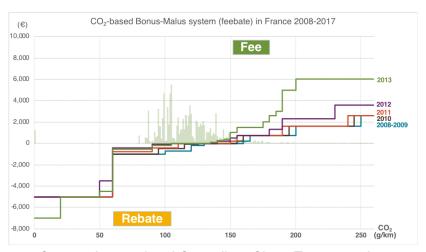
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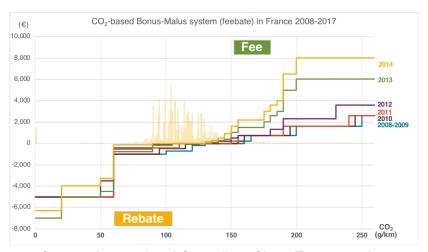
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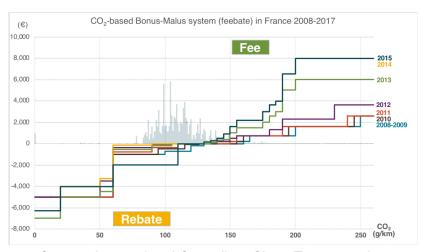
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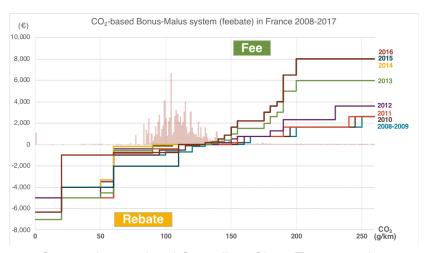
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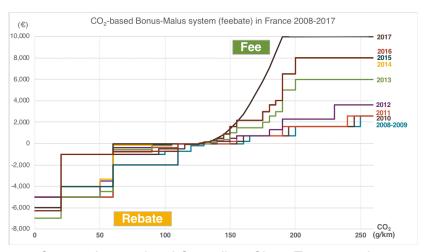
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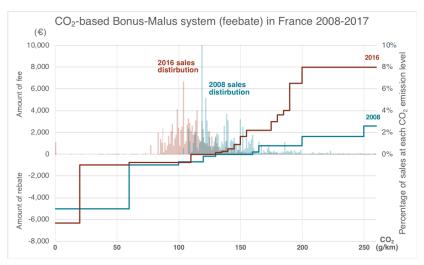


Source: International Council on Clean Transportation



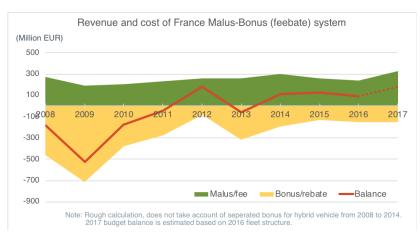
Source: International Council on Clean Transportation

2008 vs 2016



Source: International Council on Clean Transportation

Budget



Source: International Council on Clean Transportation

Examples: Auctions



Examples: Auctions

auctions

- for example, every year that Canadian government auctions off rights to log on government land
- What is the optimal auction format?
- Which minimal price should the government set?
- procurement auctions
 - (the government) buys from the lowest bidder on a project,
 e.g. the construction of roads
 - "Operation Hammer" in Quebec, started in 2009: uncovered widespread collusion in the bidding for government construction contracts
 - How do you detect collusion?
 - How do you compute damages from collusion?

Examples: Price Discrimination

Automobiles



Renault Clio €16,600, power: 58 kW

Examples: Price Discrimination

Automobiles



€11,300 power: 43 kW



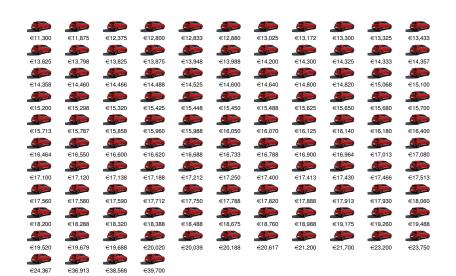
€16,600 power: 58 kW



€39,700 power: 187 kW

Examples: Price Discrimination

Automobiles



Outlook for Classes

- Python refresher (introduction?)
- discrete choice estimation
- auction econometrics
- econometrics of price discrimination

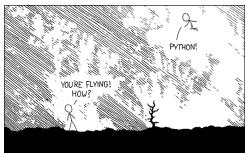
Python

 Python is the most popular language for (big) data analysis both in academia and industry, see e.g.
 http://pypl.github.io/PYPL.html

 interactive data analytics: immediate feedback and intuitive data processing in Jupyter notebooks (and also IPython console and interpreters in various Integrated Development environments)

Python

powerful libraries





Python

- Open source: free, powerful, and a very dynamic community to develop new packages
- Cross-platform: for Windows, OS X, and Linux
- Intuitive language: Closest to mathematical language and pseudocode
- Dynamically typed: One does not need to declare variable types statically (in new versions of Python one can optionally declare the types of variables, which is an advantage in large code bases, but this is outside of the scope of this lecture)

Python Installation

 for initial lectures: run code online in Jupyter notebooks on Sargent and Stachurski's website: https:

```
//python.quantecon.org/index postgrad.html
```

- click on "Launch notebook" to run a notebook
- run the code
- you can edit the code and rerun it
- to save the code, you need a Google account
- you can create you own online Jupyter notebooks on Google Colaboratory

```
https://colab.research.google.com/
```

 for later lecture, it's easier to run you code locally, so please install Anaconda Python 3.7 on your laptops,

```
https://www.anaconda.com/distribution/
```

Python Basics

- work through the notebooks on https://python. quantecon.org/index_learning_python.html
- solve the exercises at the end of the notebooks

Scientific Libraries for Python

- work through the notebooks on https://python.quantecon.org/index_python_ scientific_libraries.html
- solve the exercises at the end of the notebooks