2023 안드로이드 Android Application 04

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[설습] XML을 이용한 ListView

Project Name

: ListTest

Application Name

: ListTest

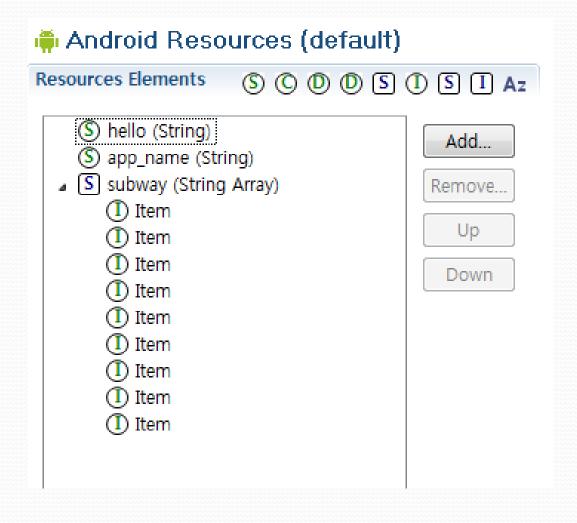
Package Name

: com.hn.listtest

Activity Name

: ListTest

String.xml 수정



String.xml 수정

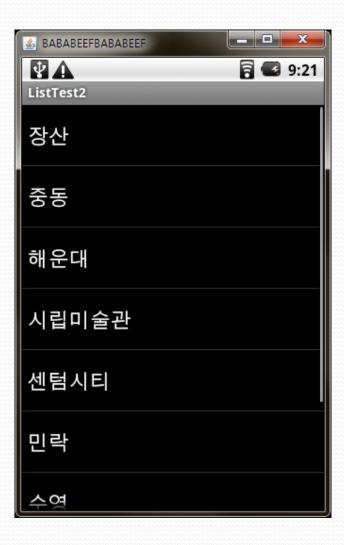
```
<string-array name="subway">
<item>장산</item>
<item>중동</item>
<item>해운대</item>
<item>시립미술관</item>
<item>센텀시티</item>
<item>민락</item>
<item>수영</item>
<item>광안</item>
<item>금련산</item>
</string-array>
```

Activity

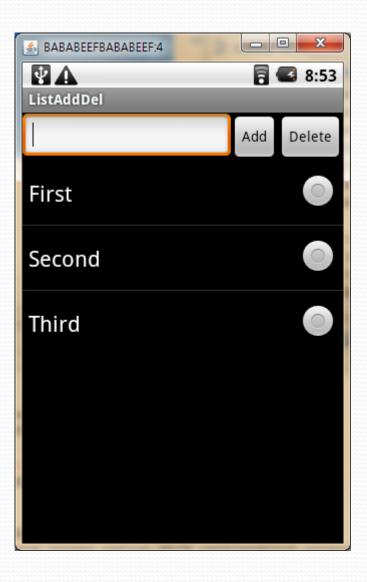
@Override

```
public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.main);
    ArrayAdapter<CharSequence> adapter;
    adapter = ArrayAdapter.createFromResource(this,
            R.array.subway,
            android.R.layout.simple list item 1);
   ListView list =
         ListView) this.findViewById(R.id.ListView01);
    list.setAdapter(adapter);
```

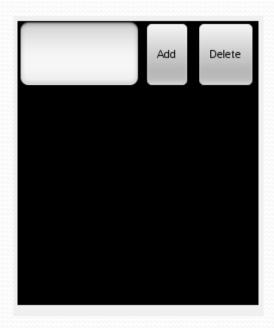
[결과]

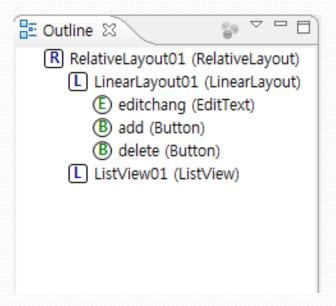


ListAddDel



XML디자인





ListAddDel Activity

```
public class ListAddDel extends Activity {
ArrayList<String> Items;
ArrayAdapter<String> Adapter;
ListView list:
/** Called when the activity is first created. */
    @Override
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState)
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.main);
```

Core 부분(onCreate 안)

```
Items = new ArrayList<String>();
Items.add("First");
Items.add("Second");
Items.add("Third");
Adapter = new ArrayAdapter < String > (this,
android.R.layout.simple list item single choice,
       Items );
listview = (ListView) this.findViewById(R.id.ListView01);
       listview.setAdapter(Adapter);
 listview.setChoiceMode(ListView.CHOICE MODE SINGLE);
 listview.setOnItemClickListener(mItemClickListener);
```

mltemClickListener 이벤트 처리 (onCreate밖)

```
private AdapterView.OnItemClickListener mItemClickListener
    = new AdapterView.OnItemClickListener() {
  @Override
  public void onItemClick(AdapterView<?> adv,
                        View view,
                        int position,
                        long id) {
        String msg;
        msg = "Select Item = " + Items.get(position);
        Toast.makeText(ListAddDel.this, msq,
        Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
};
```

buttonSelect 이벤트 처리(onCreate안)

```
this.findViewById(R.id.add)
    .setOnClickListener(buttonSelect);

this.findViewById(R.id.delete)
    .setOnClickListener(buttonSelect);
```

buttonSelect 이벤트(onCreate밖)

```
private View.OnClickListener buttonSelect = new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View v) {
           switch(v.getId()){
           case R.id.add:
               EditText editext = (EditText) findViewById(R.id.editchang);
               String text = editext.getText().toString();
               if(text.length() != 0){
                   Items.add(text);
                   editext.setText("");
                   Adapter.notifyDataSetChanged();
               break:
           case R.id. delete:
               int id;
               id = listview.getCheckedItemPosition();
               if(id != ListView.INVALID POSITION) {
                   Items.remove(id);
                   listview
```

Custom ListView

Custom Adapter

프로젝트 생성]

Project Name

: MyCustomView

Application Name

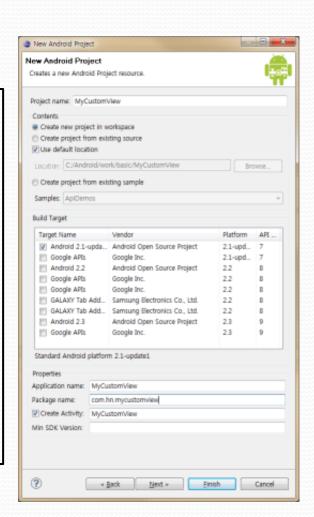
: MyCustomView

Package Name

: com.hn.mycustomview

Activity Name

: MyCustomView



simple_list_item_1의 디자인

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<TextView
    xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="fill_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:id="@android:id/text1"
    android:textAppearance="?android:attr/textAppearanceLarge"
    android:gravity="center_vertical"
    android:paddingLeft="6dip"
    android:minHeight="?android:attr/listPreferredItemHeight"
>
</TextView>
```

main.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<ListView
   xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
   android:id="@+id/list"
   android:layout_width="fill_parent"
   android:layout_height="fill_parent">
</ListView>
```

custom.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout
    android:layout width="fill parent"
    xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout height="60px" android:id="@+id/list"
    android:padding="5px">
    <ImageView android:layout width="wrap content"</pre>
        android:layout height="wrap content"
        android:id="@+id/img" android:layout alignParentLeft="true"
    ></ImageView>
    <TextView android:layout width="wrap content"</pre>
        android:layout height="wrap content"
        android:id="@+id/text" android:textColor="#00ff00"
        android:textSize="13pt" android:layout toRightOf="@id/img"
    ></TextView>
    <Button android:layout width="wrap content"</pre>
        android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
        android:id="@+id/btn" android:layout alignParentRight="true"
        android:text="Order" android:layout height="wrap content"
    ></Button>
</RelativeLayout>
```

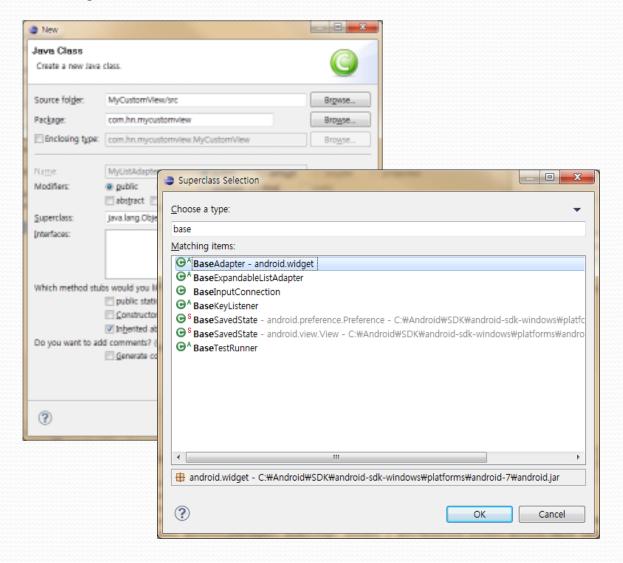
MyData.java

• 사용자 List 클래스 생성

```
public class MyData {
   int icon;
   String name;

MyData(int icon, String name) {
     this.icon = icon;
     this.name = name;
   }
}
```

MyListAdapter



onCreate()

```
public class MyCustomView extends Activity {
   ArrayList<MyData> items;
   @Override
   public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.main);
       items = new ArrayList<MyData>();
       MyData md;
       md = new MyData(R.drawable.icon, "IOS"); items.add(md);
       md = new MyData(R.drawable.icon, "심비안"); items.add(md);
       MyListAdapter myAdapter =
           new MyListAdapter(this,R.layout.custom, items);
       ListView list = (ListView) this.findViewById(R.id.list);
       list.setAdapter(myAdapter);
```

사용자 정의 Adapter의 기본아키텍처

```
import android.view.View;
import android.view.ViewGroup;
import android.widget.BaseAdapter;
public class MyListAdapter extends BaseAdapter {
    @Override
    public int getCount() {
         return 0;
    @Override
    public Object getItem(int arg0) {
         return null:
    @Override
    public long getItemId(int arg0) {
         return 0;
    @Override
    public View getView(int arg0, View arg1, ViewGroup arg2) {
         return null;
```

ListAdapter 변수선언

- Context maincon;
- LayoutInflater Inflater;
- ArrayList<MyData> listdata;
- int layout;

ListAdapter 생성자 생성

```
public MyListAdapter(Context maincon,
    int layout, ArrayList<MyData> listdata) {

    this.maincon = maincon;
    Inflater = (LayoutInflater)maincon
        .getSystemService(Context.LAYOUT_INFLATER_SERVICE);
    this.layout = layout;
    this.listdata = listdata;
}
```

getCount()/getItem()/getItemId()

```
@Override
public int getCount() {
    return listdata.size();
@Override
public Object getItem(int position) {
    return listdata.get(position).name;
@Override
public long getItemId(int position) {
    return position;
```

getView()

```
public View getView(int position, View convertView, ViewGroup parent) {
        final int pos = position;
        if(convertView == null) {
            convertView = Inflater.inflate(layout, parent, false);
        ImageView img = (ImageView)convertView.findViewById(R.id.img);
        img.setImageResource(listdata.get(position).icon);
        TextView txt = (TextView)convertView.findViewById(R.id.text);
        txt.setText(listdata.get(position).name);
        Button btn = (Button) convertView.findViewById(R.id.btn);
        btn.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            @Override
            public void onClick(View v) {
                // TODO Auto-generated method stub
                String str = listdata.get(pos).name + "를 주문합니다.";
                Toast.makeText(maincon, str, Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
        });
        return convertView;
```

[설행결과]

