Pierwszy_knitr-markdown

HZ

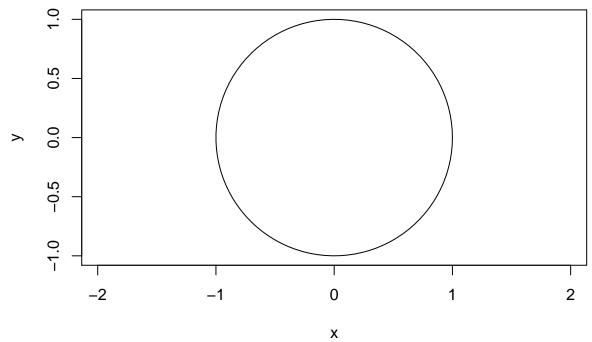
February 26, 2019

Przykłady piękne

```
## [1] 1.000000 1.000000 1.414214 1.414214 1.414214 1.732051 2.000000 ## [8] 2.000000 2.000000 2.000000 2.000000 2.236068 ## [1] 8 9 11 12 9 11 13 14 11 12 13 14 12 ## [1] 49 64 81 100
```

A teraz wykresy

```
n <- 100
x0 <- 0
y0 <- 0
r <- 1
t <- seq(0, 2*pi, length.out=n)
x <- x0 + r * cos(t)
y <- y0 + r * sin(t)
plot(x,y,typ='l', asp=1)</pre>
```



cooos Lista Numerowana

- A
- B
- C

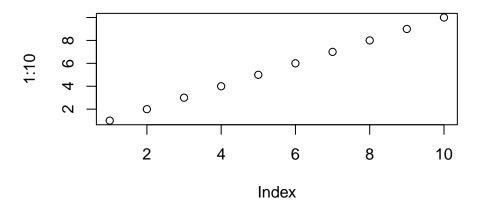


Figure 1: to jest opis rysunku

Now rysunki

```
plot(1:10)

## Wstawka_1

## [1] 0.5953249

cat("Wstawka 2")

## Wstawka_2

cat("Wstawka_1")

## Wstawka_1

print(runif(1))

## [1] 0.2370471

cat("Wstawka_1")

## Wstawka_1

print(runif(1))

## [1] 0.008401743
```