

```

1 using System;
2 using System.Collections.Generic;
3 using System.Text;
4 using System.Net;
5 using System.Net.Sockets;
6 using System.Threading;
7
8 namespace ServerAsyn
9 {
10     //
11     /// <summary>
12     /// State object for reading client data asynchronously
13     /// </summary>
14     public class StateObject
15     {
16         // Client socket.
17         public Socket workSocket = null;
18         // Size of receive buffer.
19         public const int BufferSize = 1024;
20         // Receive buffer.
21         public byte[] buffer = new byte[BufferSize];
22         // Received data string.
23         public StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
24     }
25
26     public class AsynchronousSocketListener
27     {
28         // Thread signal. ManualResetEvent 允许线程通过发信号互相通信。通常，此通信涉及
29         // 一个线程在其他线程进行之前必须完成的任务。
30         // 当一个线程开始一个活动（此活动必须完成后，其他线程才能开始）时，它调用 Reset
31         // 以将 ManualResetEvent 置于非终止状态。
32         // 此线程可被视为控制 ManualResetEvent。调用 ManualResetEvent 上的 WaitOne 的
33         // 线程将阻止，并等待信号。
34         // 当控制线程完成活动时，它调用 Set 以发出等待线程可以继续进行的信号。并释放所
35         // 有等待线程。
36         public static ManualResetEvent allDone = new ManualResetEvent(false);
37
38         public AsynchronousSocketListener()
39         {
40         }
41
42         public static void StartListening()
43         {
44             // Data buffer for incoming data.
45             byte[] bytes = new Byte[1024];
46
47             IPAddress ipAddress = IPAddress.Parse("127.0.0.1"); ;
48             IPEndPoint localEndPoint = new IPEndPoint(ipAddress, 9500);
49
50             // Create a TCP/IP socket.
51             Socket listener = new Socket(AddressFamily.InterNetwork,
52                 SocketType.Stream, ProtocolType.Tcp);
53
54             // Bind the socket to the local endpoint and listen for incoming
55             // connections.
56             try
57             {
58                 listener.Bind(localEndPoint);
59                 listener.Listen(100); //允许队列等待100个连接
60
61                 while (true)
62                 {
63                     // Set the event to nonsignaled state.
64                 }
65             }
66             catch { }
67         }
68     }
69 }

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59         allDone.Reset(); //初始化信号量，今后所有调用allDone.WaitOne的线程
60         将阻止
61
62         // Start an asynchronous socket to listen for connections.
63         Console.WriteLine("Waiting for a connection...");
64
65         //使用 AsyncCallback 委托在一个单独的线程中处理异步操作的结果，并
66         将listener作为参数传递给方法
67         listener.BeginAccept(new AsyncCallback(AcceptCallback), listener);
68
69         // Wait until a connection is made before continuing.
70         allDone.WaitOne(); //当前线程阻塞
71     }
72
73     catch (Exception e)
74     {
75         Console.WriteLine(e.ToString());
76     }
77
78     Console.WriteLine("\nPress ENTER to continue...");
79     Console.Read();
80 }
81
82 public static void AcceptCallback(IAsyncResult ar)
83 {
84     //当接收到连接请求时，本方法被自动调用
85     // Signal the main thread to continue.
86     allDone.Set(); //所有已经阻止的allDone将继续
87
88     // Get the socket that handles the client request.
89     Socket listener = (Socket)ar.AsyncState;
90     Socket handler = listener.EndAccept(ar);
91
92     // Create the state object. 用来处理后续数据
93     StateObject state = new StateObject();
94     state.workSocket = handler;
95
96     //注册接收数据的方法
97     handler.BeginReceive(state.buffer, 0, StateObject.BufferSize, 0, new
98         AsyncCallback(ReadCallback), state);
99     Console.WriteLine("建立连接，等待接收数据。。");
100 }
101
102 public static void ReadCallback(IAsyncResult ar)
103 {
104     String content = String.Empty;
105
106     // Retrieve the state object and the handler socket
107     // from the asynchronous state object.
108     StateObject state = (StateObject)ar.AsyncState;
109     Socket handler = state.workSocket;
110
111     Console.WriteLine("开始接收数据...");
112
113     // Read data from the client socket.
114     int bytesRead = handler.EndReceive(ar);
115
116     if (bytesRead > 0)
117     {
118         // There might be more data, so store the data received so far.
119         state.sb.Append(Encoding.ASCII.GetString(state.buffer, 0, bytesRead));
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120 // 检查是否输入结束
121 content = state.sb.ToString();
122 if (content.IndexOf("\r") > -1)
123 {
124     // All the data has been read from the
125     // client. Display it on the console.
126     Console.WriteLine("Read {0} bytes from socket. \n Data : {1}",
127         content.Length, content);
128     // Echo the data back to the client.
129     Send(handler, content);
130 }
131 else
132 {
133     // Not all data received. Get more.
134     handler.BeginReceive(state.buffer, 0, StateObject.BufferSize, 0,
135         new AsyncCallback(ReadCallback), state);
136 }
137 }
138 }
139
140 private static void Send(Socket handler, String data)
141 {
142     // Convert the string data to byte data using ASCII encoding.
143     byte[] byteData = Encoding.ASCII.GetBytes(data);
144
145     // Begin sending the data to the remote device.
146     handler.BeginSend(byteData, 0, byteData.Length, 0,
147         new AsyncCallback(SendCallback), handler);
148 }
149
150 private static void SendCallback(IAsyncResult ar)
151 {
152     try
153     {
154         // Retrieve the socket from the state object.
155         Socket handler = (Socket)ar.AsyncState;
156
157         // Complete sending the data to the remote device.
158         int bytesSent = handler.EndSend(ar);
159         Console.WriteLine("Sent {0} bytes to client.", bytesSent);
160
161         handler.Shutdown(SocketShutdown.Both);
162         handler.Close();
163     }
164     catch (Exception e)
165     {
166         Console.WriteLine(e.ToString());
167     }
168 }
169
170
171
172 public static int Main(String[] args)
173 {
174     StartListening();
175     return 0;
176 }
177 }
178 }
179 }
```