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DT228 2

Software Engineering 2 Assignment

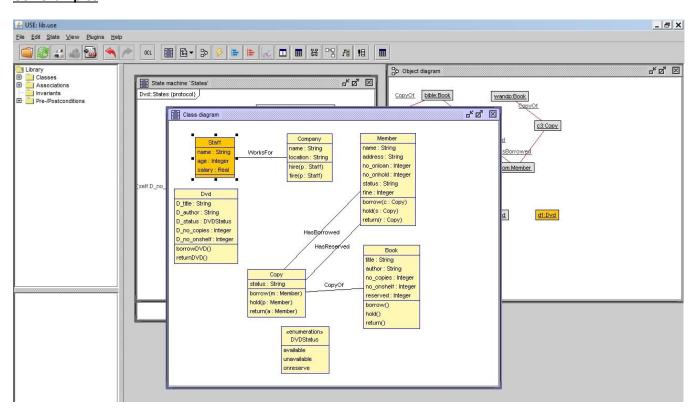
Overview

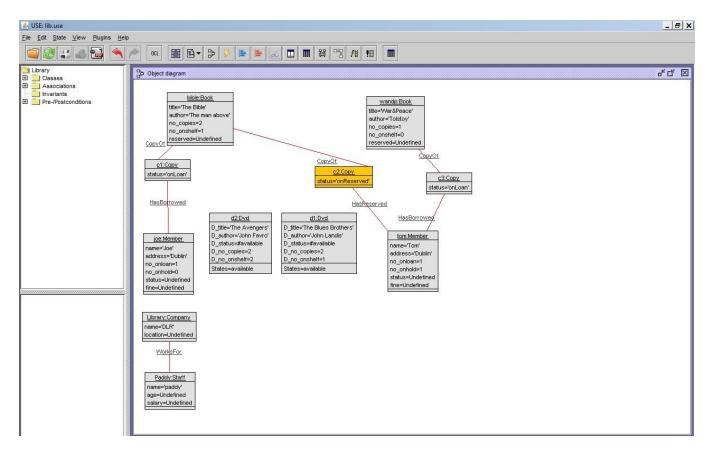
My assignment was an expansion on the Library system that we worked on in the Labs. I made some additional changes and expanded the system to make it more like a real library. I made some changes to the code and added a return and a reserve system to the use model. I also added a dvd rental system to test !openter and !opexit operations and a hiring staff system to uses statemachines. These are some similar expansion on the systems we have worked on in the labs.

The system allows the user to enter some details to create a library system. It allows the user to create the library, add books/DVDS, add members and add staff. They cater to a wide use of systems and vary depending on the task at hand.

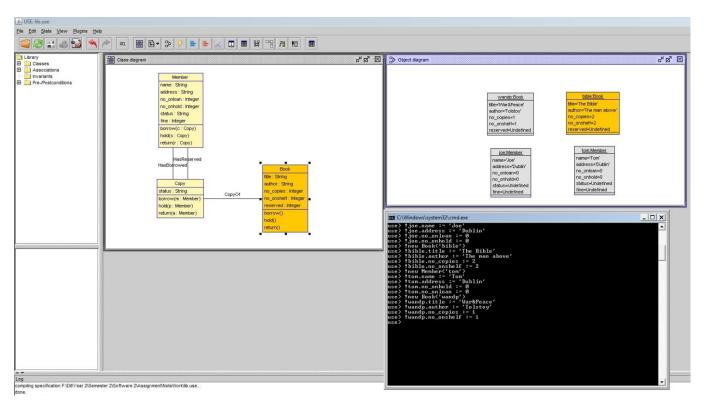
Note: I had to swap between two computers when taking the screenshots, so if they are hard to see I added an images folder with the report.

USE examples

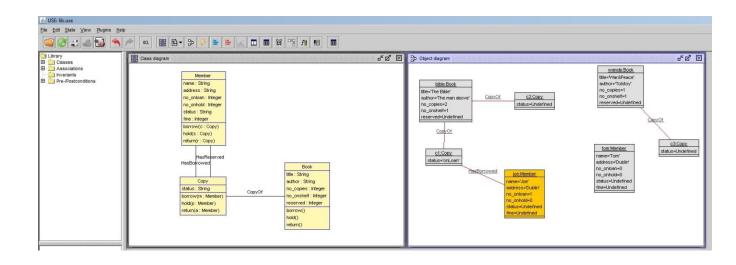




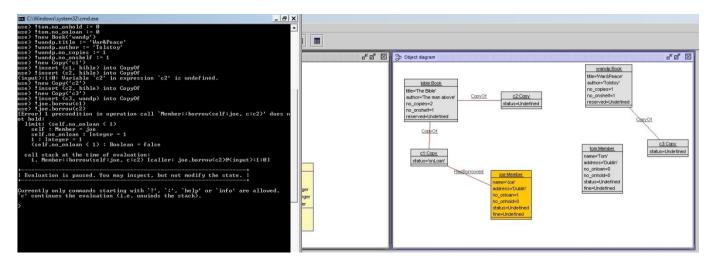
1st was to sort out the soil commands to create a basic object diagram.



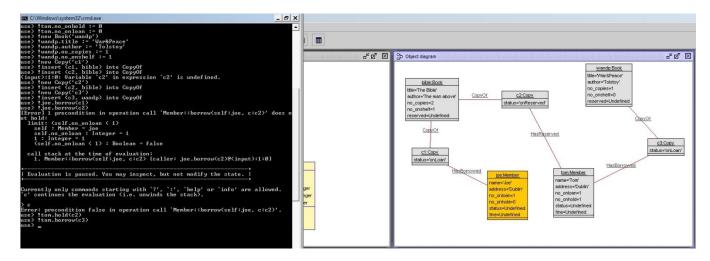
Next I inserted some of the objects together using soil operations.



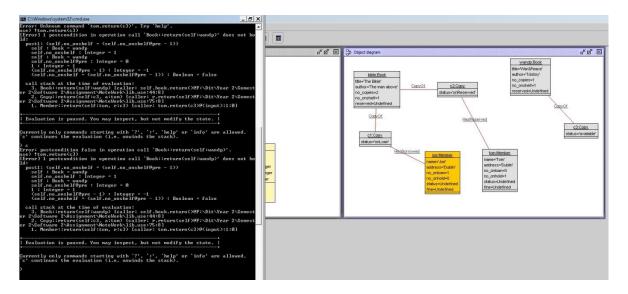
Then tested the operations for a member to borrow a book from the library and then the system would decrement how many books were available. I then showed that he couldn't borrow the same book again.



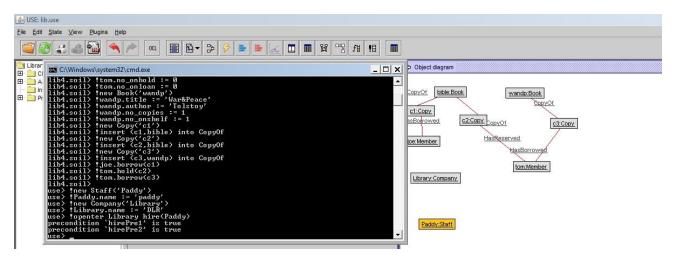
The second member of the library was able to reserve the book, and the book was still in the library but was reserved.



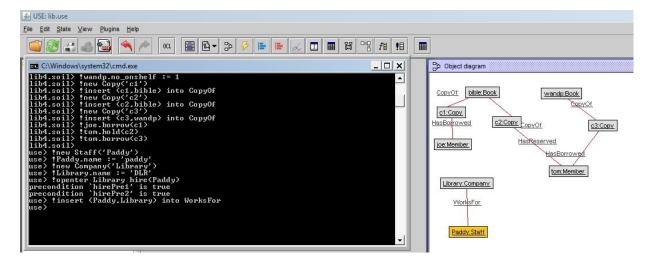
The second member is able to rent the second book, as well as hold the book as reserved.



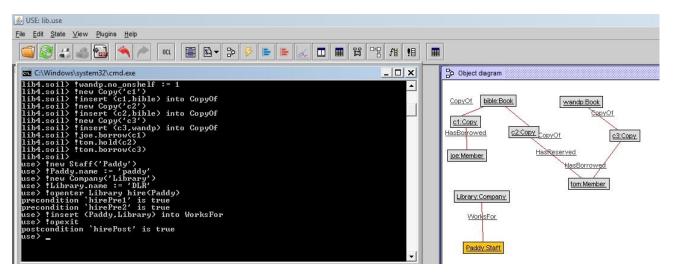
I then tested the return and was able to return the book, and also that it wouldn't allow the member to return a book if they don't have any.



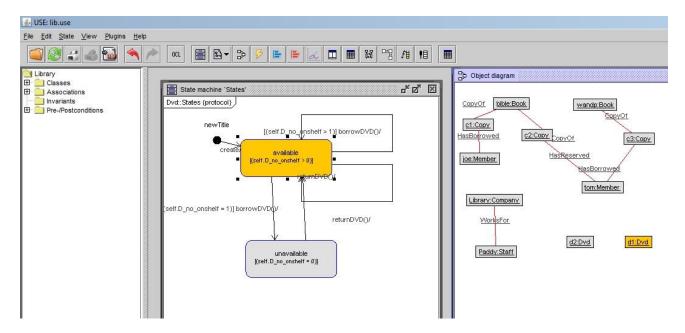
Testing the !openter operation on hiring a new staff member. The conditions showed true that he could be hired.



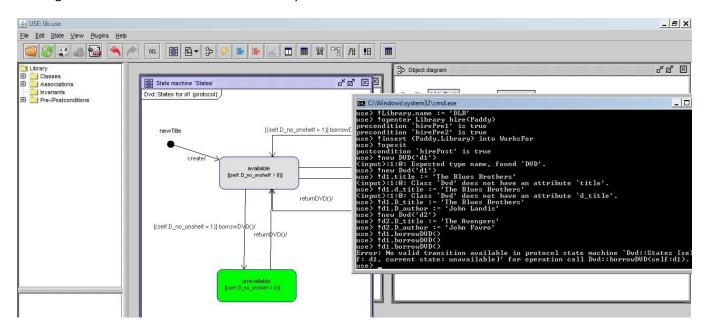
Using the !openter to insert the member into the library.



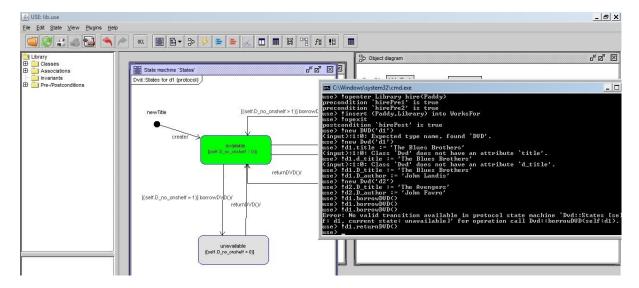
The !opexit proved that the post condition ended up true.



I then generated a statemachine for the DVD system I added.

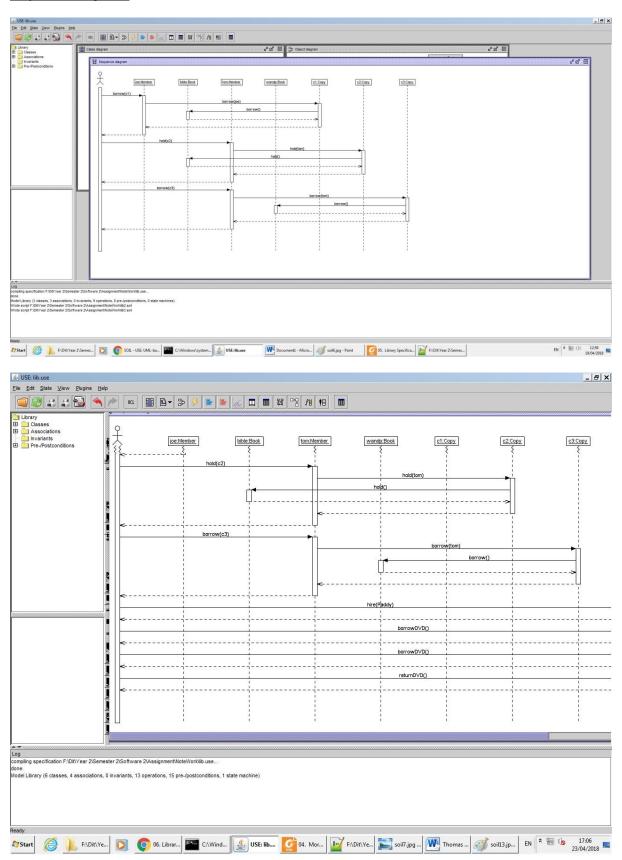


I then showed that the DVD could be borrowed but it couldn't be borrowed more than twice as it the condition is set to two dvds.



I then returned to show that the system was able to remove it and the statemachine changes.

Sequence Diagrams



Use Code

```
model Library
enum DVDStatus { available, unavailable, onreserve}
class Book
 attributes
  title: String
  author: String
  no_copies : Integer
  no_onshelf : Integer
  reserved : Integer
 operations
  borrow()
  begin
    self.no_onshelf := self.no_onshelf - 1
  end
  hold()
  begin
    self.reserved := self.reserved - 1
  end
  return()
  begin
    self.no_onshelf := self.no_onshelf +1
  end
  pre copiesOnShelf: no_copies >0
  post: no_onshelf = no_onshelf@pre - 1
```

```
class Copy
attributes
  status : String
operations
  borrow( m : Member)
  begin
    self.status := 'onLoan';
    self.book.borrow()
  end
  hold(p:Member)
  begin
    self.status := 'onReserved';
    self.book.hold()
  end
  return( a : Member)
  begin
    self.status := 'available';
    self.book.return()
  end
end
```

```
class Member
```

attributes

```
name: String
  address: String
  no_onloan: Integer
  no_onhold : Integer
  status: String
  fine: Integer
 operations
  borrow(c:Copy)
  begin
    insert (self, c) into HasBorrowed;
    self.no_onloan := self.no_onloan + 1;
    c.borrow(self)
  end
  hold(s: Copy)
  begin
    insert (self,s) into HasReserved;
    self.no_onhold := self.no_onhold + 1;
    s.hold(self)
  end
  return(r: Copy)
  begin
    delete (self,r) from HasBorrowed;
    self.no_onloan := self.no_onloan -1;
    r.return(self)
  end
end
```

```
class Staff
       attributes
               name: String
               age: Integer
               salary: Real
end
class Company
       attributes
               name: String
               location: String
       operations
               hire(p:Staff)
               fire(p: Staff)
end
association WorksFor between
Staff[*] role employee
Company[0..1] role employer
end
association HasBorrowed between
  Member[0..1] role borrower
  Copy[*] role borrowed
end
```

association CopyOf between

```
Copy[1..*] role copies
  Book[1] role book
end
association HasReserved between
  Member[0..1] role holder
  Copy[*] role held
end
class Dvd
       attributes
               D_title: String
    D_author: String
    D_status : DVDStatus init = #available
    D_no_copies : Integer init = 2
    D_no_onshelf : Integer init = 2
       operations
    borrowDVD()
    begin
      self.D_no_onshelf := self.D_no_onshelf - 1;
      if (self.D_no_onshelf = 0) then
        self.D_status := #unavailable
      end
    end
    returnDVD() begin
      self.D_no_onshelf := self.D_no_onshelf + 1;
```

```
self.D_status := #available
    end
    post: D_no_onshelf = D_no_onshelf@pre + 1
statemachines
    psm States
    states
      newTitle: initial
                   [D_no_onshelf > 0]
      available
      unavailable [D_no_onshelf = 0]
    transitions
      newTitle -> available { create }
      available -> unavailable { [D_no_onshelf = 1] borrowDVD() }
      available -> available { [D_no_onshelf > 1] borrowDVD() }
      available -> available { returnDVD() }
      unavailable -> available { returnDVD() }
    end
end
constraints
context Member::borrow(c:Copy)
        pre cond5: c.isDefined()
  pre limit: self.no_onloan < 1
  pre cond1: self.borrowed->excludes(c)
  post cond2: self.borrowed->includes(c)
```

context Member::hold(s:Copy)

pre limit: self.no_onhold < 1

pre cond3: self.held->excludes(s)

post cond4: self.held->includes(s)

context Company::hire(p : Staff)

pre hirePre1: p.isDefined()

pre hirePre2: employee->excludes(p)

post hirePost: employee->includes(p)

context Company::fire(p : Staff)

pre firePre: employee->includes(p)

post firePost: employee->excludes(p)