

Difficulty: ■ Category: Successful Submissions: 72,003+

Node Depths ○ ☆

The distance between a node in a Binary Tree and the tree's root is called the node's depth.

Write a function that takes in a Binary Tree and returns the sum of its nodes' depths.

Each `BinaryTree` node has an integer `value`, a `left` child node, and a `right` child node. Children nodes can either be `BinaryTree` nodes themselves or `None` / `null`.

Sample Input

```
tree =      1
           /  \
          2    3
         /  \  /  \
        4   5 6   7
       /  \
      8   9
```

Sample Output

```
16
// The depth of the node with value 2 is 1.
// The depth of the node with value 3 is 1.
// The depth of the node with value 4 is 2.
// The depth of the node with value 5 is 2.
// Etc..
// Summing all of these depths yields 16.
```

Hints

Hint 1 ▼

Hint 2 ▼

Hint 3 ▼

Optimal Space & Time Complexity