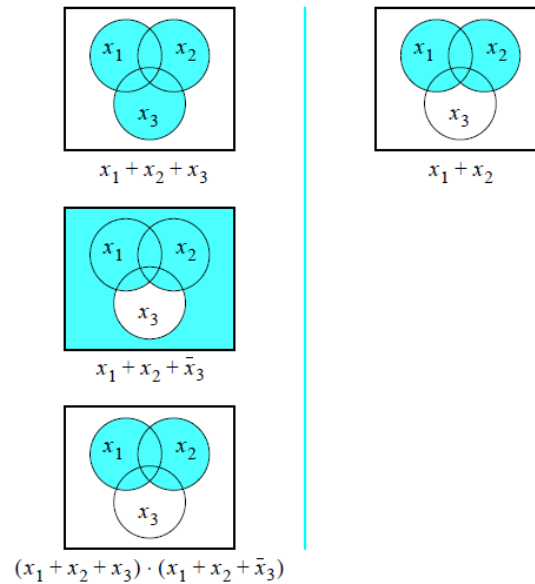
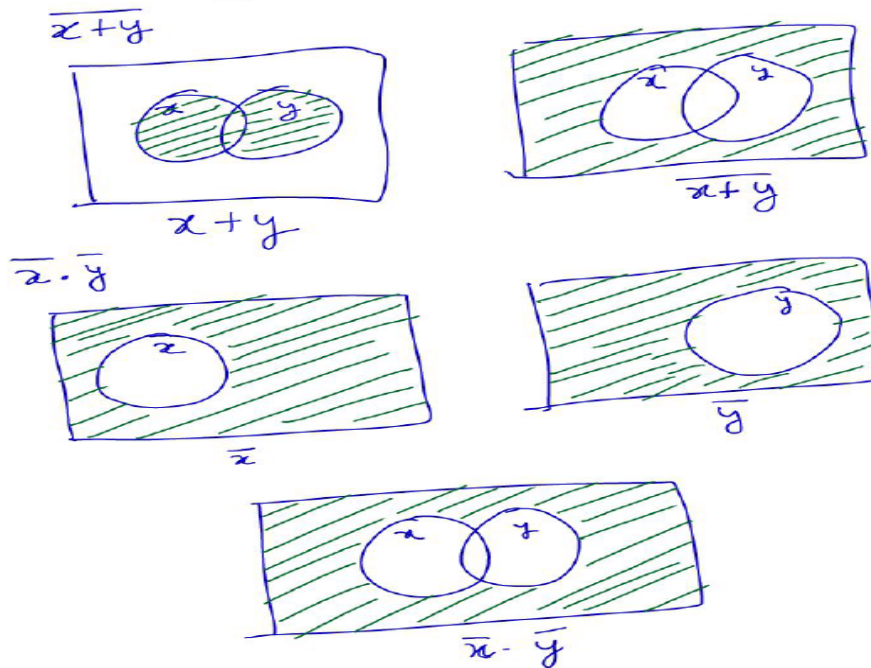


P1. Proof using Venn diagrams:



(b)  $\overline{x+y} = \bar{x} \cdot \bar{y}$  DeMorgan's theorem



P2. (a) The answer is:

LHS

$$(x_1 + x_2 + x_3) \cdot (x_1 + x_2 + x_3)' = x_1x_1 + x_1x_2 + x_1x_3' + x_2x_1 + x_2x_2 + x_2x_3' + x_3x_1 + x_3x_2 + x_3x_3'$$

Using the Boolean algebra properties in the book section 2.5 page 34 and 35 we can simplify the last equation as follow:

$$x_1x_1 = x_1, x_2x_2 = x_2, x_1x_2 + x_2x_1 + x_1x_2 + x_1x_2 + x_1x_2, x_3x_3' = 0,$$

Then the equation will be reduced to:

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_1x_2 + x_2x_3 + x_2x_3' + x_1x_3 + x_1x_3'$$

$$\text{Also } x_2x_3' + x_3x_2 = x_2x_3 + x_2x_3' = x_2 \text{ and } x_1x_3 + x_1x_3' = x_1, x_1 + x_1x_2 = x_1 \\ x_1 + x_2 + x_1 + x_2 + x_1 = x_1 + x_2 = \text{RHS} \text{ ###}$$

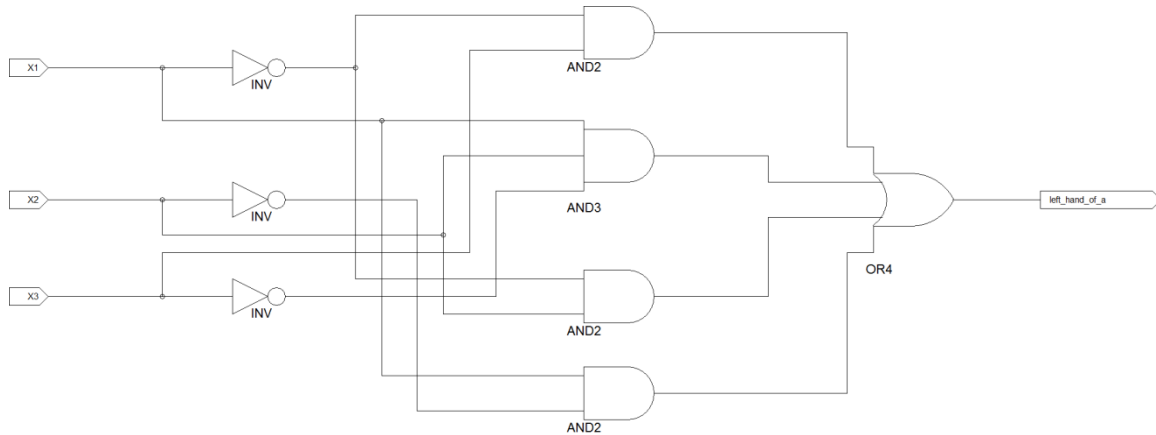
P3. Here, we will substitute the value of  $x_1$ ,  $x_2$  and  $x_3$  in the following equation to validate that LHS=RHS

$$(x_1 + x_3)(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2 + \bar{x}_3)(\bar{x}_1 + x_2) = (x_1 + x_2)(x_2 + x_3)(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_3)$$

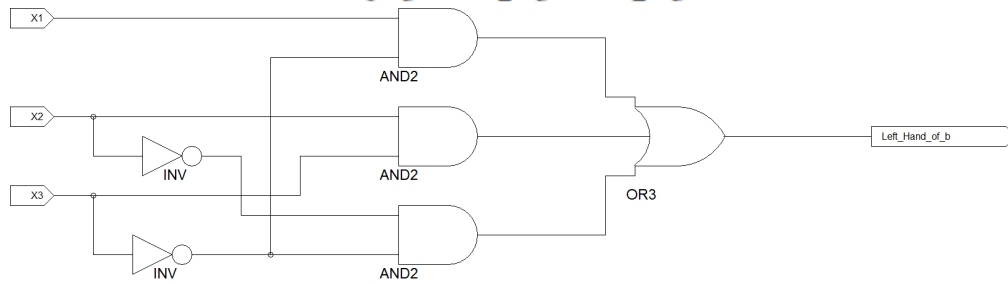
X1	X2	X3	Left Hand	Right Hand	Valid?
0	0	0	$0*1*1=0$	$0*0*1=0$	Y
0	0	1	$1*1*1=1$	$0*1*1=0$	N
0	1	0	$0*1*1=0$	$1*1*1=1$	N
0	1	1	$1*1*1=1$	$1*1*1=1$	Y
1	0	0	$1*1*0=0$	$1*0*1=0$	Y
1	0	1	$1*1*0=0$	$1*1*0=0$	Y
1	1	0	$1*1*1=1$	$1*1*1=1$	Y
1	1	1	$1*0*1=0$	$1*1*0=0$	Y

P4. Please see the three figures below:

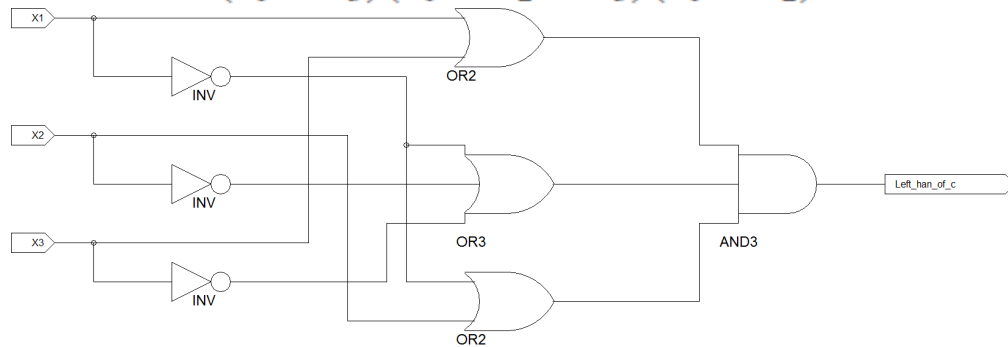
$$\bar{x}_1x_3 + x_1x_2\bar{x}_3 + \bar{x}_1x_2 + x_1\bar{x}_2$$



$$x_1\bar{x}_3 + x_2x_3 + \bar{x}_2\bar{x}_3$$

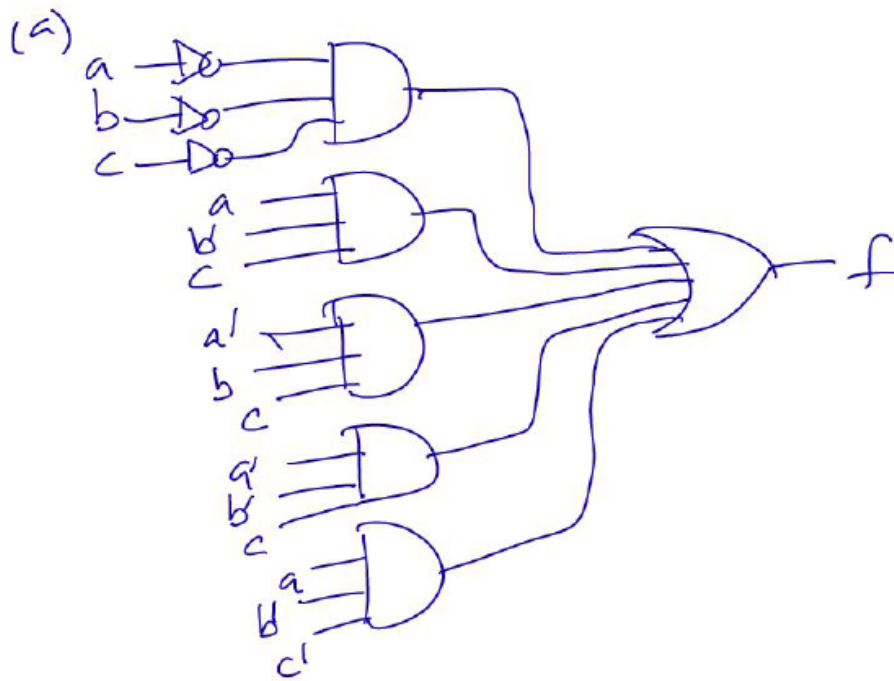


$$(x_1 + x_3)(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2 + \bar{x}_3)(\bar{x}_1 + x_2)$$



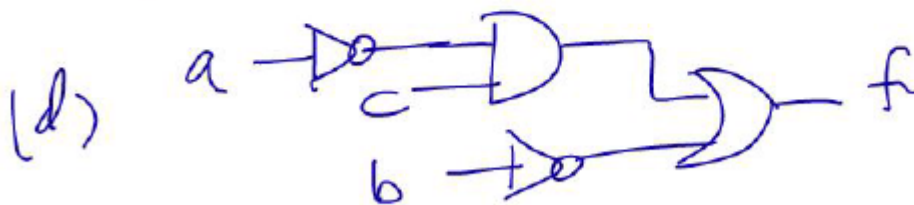
P5. (a) The diagram is shown below

P5.  $f(a,b,c) = a'b'c' + ab'c + a'bc + a'b'c + ab'c'$



(b) Cost =  $9 + 23 = 32$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (c) \quad f &= \underline{a'b'c'} + \underline{ab'c} + a'bc + \underline{a'b'c} \\
 &\quad + \underline{ab'c'} \\
 &= b'c'(a+a') + b'c(a+a') + a'bc \\
 &= \underline{b'c' + b'c} + a'bc \\
 &= b' + a'bc \\
 &= (b' + b) \cdot (b' + a'c) \\
 f &= b' + a'c
 \end{aligned}$$



$$(e) \quad \text{cost} = 4 + 6 = 10$$

P6. a) The Truth table:

X	y	z	w	f
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	1
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	1
1	1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	0

b) SOP:

$$f = x' \cdot y' \cdot z' \cdot w + x' \cdot y' \cdot z \cdot w' + x' \cdot y \cdot z' \cdot w' + x \cdot y' \cdot z' \cdot w' + x' \cdot y \cdot z \cdot w + x \cdot y' \cdot z \cdot w + x \cdot y \cdot z' \cdot w + x \cdot y \cdot z \cdot w'$$

c) SOP in shorthand:  $f = \sum m(1,2,4,7,8,11,13,14)$

d) SOP:  $f' = \sum m(0,3,5,6,9,10,12,15)$

e) POS:

$$f = (x+y+z+w') \cdot (x+y+z'+w) \cdot (x+y'+z+w) \cdot (x'+y+z+w) \cdot (x+y'+z'+w') \cdot (x'+y+z'+w') \cdot (x'+y'+z+w') \cdot (x'+y'+z'+w)$$

f)  $f = \prod M(0,3,5,6,9,10,12,15)$

g)  $f' = \prod M(1,2,4,7,8,11,13,14)$

P7. Starting with the canonical product-of-sums for f can derive:

$$\begin{aligned}
 f &= (x_1 + x_2 + x_3)(x_1 + x_2 + \bar{x}_3)(x_1 + \bar{x}_2 + x_3)(x_1 + \bar{x}_2 + \bar{x}_3) \cdot \\
 &\quad (\bar{x}_1 + x_2 + x_3)(\bar{x}_1 + x_2 + \bar{x}_3)(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2 + x_3) \\
 &= ((x_1 + x_2 + x_3)(x_1 + x_2 + \bar{x}_3))((x_1 + \bar{x}_2 + x_3)(x_1 + \bar{x}_2 + \bar{x}_3)) \cdot \\
 &\quad ((\bar{x}_1 + x_2 + x_3)(\bar{x}_1 + x_2 + \bar{x}_3))((\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2 + x_3)(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2 + \bar{x}_3)) \\
 &= (x_1 + x_2 + x_3\bar{x}_3)(x_1 + \bar{x}_2 + x_3\bar{x}_3) \cdot \\
 &\quad (\bar{x}_1 + x_2 + x_3\bar{x}_3)(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2x_2 + x_3) \\
 &= (x_1 + x_2)(x_1 + \bar{x}_2)(\bar{x}_1 + x_2)(\bar{x}_1 + x_3) \\
 &= (x_1 + x_2\bar{x}_2)(\bar{x}_1 + x_2x_3) \\
 &= x_1(\bar{x}_1 + x_2x_3) \\
 &= x_1\bar{x}_1 + x_1x_2x_3 \\
 &= x_1x_2x_3
 \end{aligned}$$

P8. Derivation of the minimum sum-of-products expression:

$$\begin{aligned}
 f &= x_1\bar{x}_2\bar{x}_3 + x_1x_2x_4 + x_1\bar{x}_2x_3\bar{x}_4 \\
 &= x_1\bar{x}_2\bar{x}_3(\bar{x}_4 + x_4) + x_1x_2x_4 + x_1\bar{x}_2x_3\bar{x}_4 \\
 &= x_1\bar{x}_2\bar{x}_3\bar{x}_4 + x_1\bar{x}_2\bar{x}_3x_4 + x_1x_2x_4 + x_1\bar{x}_2x_3\bar{x}_4 \\
 &= x_1\bar{x}_2\bar{x}_3 + x_1\bar{x}_2(\bar{x}_3 + x_3)\bar{x}_4 + x_1x_2x_4 \\
 &= x_1\bar{x}_2\bar{x}_3 + x_1\bar{x}_2\bar{x}_4 + x_1x_2x_4
 \end{aligned}$$