

Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman Agricultural University

EDGE_Batch-11

Quiz Exam

Marks: 20 Time: 90 minutes

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Note: Submit the completed file to rabiulauwul@bsmrau.edu.bd with subject **EDGE11_Quiz_Your registration number_ Dept.**

1. Short Questions

(6*1=06)

- a) In R, you can use ...**install packages**..... () to install a package from CRAN.
- b) To check the structure of an object in R, the function**str**..... () is used.
- c) To subset a data frame by selecting specific rows and columns, the**[,]**..... operator is used.
- d) In R, the**summary**..... () function provides a summary of key descriptive statistics
- e) In R, the**na.rm**..... () function can be used to remove missing values (NA) from a vector x.
- f) The residuals of a regression model are the differences between the observed values and the.....**fitted**..... values predicted by the model.

2. For the *iris* data:

(7)

- a) Calculate descriptive statistics (***median* \pm *SD*, *mean*, *CV***) for each numeric variable in a single table.

Answer: iris

#For median_sd

```
Median_SD <- sapply(iris[, 1:4], function(column) {  
  median_val <- median(column)  
  sd_val <- sd(column)  
  paste0(round(median_val, 2), "  $\pm$  ", round(sd_val, 2))  
})
```

#For Mean

```
Mean <- sapply(iris[, 1:4], mean)
```

```
#For CV
```

```
cv<- function(column) {  
  (sd(column) / mean(column)) * 100  
}
```

```
CV <- sapply(iris[, 1:4], cv)
```

```
#For descriptive statistics
```

```
descriptive_stats <- data.frame(  
  Median_SD, Mean, CV)
```

```
print(descriptive_stats)
```

```
write.csv(descriptive_stats,"iris_descriptive-dataset.csv")
```

	Median_SD	Mean	CV
Sepal.Length	5.8 ± 0.83	5.843333	14.17113
Sepal.Width	3 ± 0.44	3.057333	14.25642
Petal.Length	4.35 ± 1.77	3.758000	46.97441
Petal.Width	1.3 ± 0.76	1.199333	63.55511

- b) Construct boxplots with ggplot2 package for each variable by **Species** categories with color aesthetic and interpret your results.

Answer: # Load the iris dataset

```
data(iris)
```

```
# Reshape the data into a long format for easier plotting
```

```
iris_long <- iris %>%
```

```
  pivot_longer(cols = -Species, names_to = "Variable", values_to = "Value")
```

```
# Create boxplots
```

```
ggplot(iris_long, aes(x = Species, y = Value, fill = Species)) +
```

```
  geom_boxplot() +
```

```
  facet_wrap(~Variable, scales = "free_y") +
```

```
  theme_minimal() +
```

```
  labs(
```

```
    title = "Boxplots of Iris Variables by Species",
```

```
    x = "Species",
```

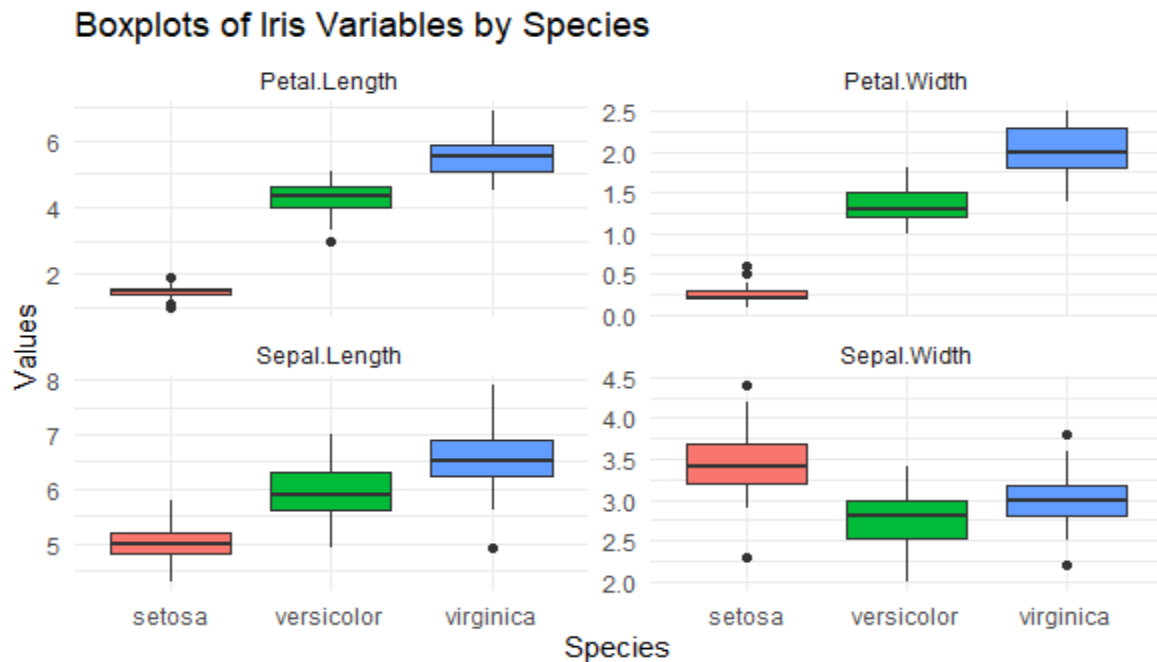
```
    y = "Values"
```

```
  ) +
```

```
  theme(legend.position
```

```
    =
```

```
    "none")
```



There are four variables of iris such as petal length, petal width, sepal length and sepal width. In case of petal length, virginica has the larger petal length and petal width. In versicolor and Virginica have similar sepal length, and setosa has larger sepal width.

3. For the provided dataset of “**vegetables**”, answer the following questions: (7)

- a) Identify missing values in each variable and impute them using the mean values of the corresponding variables.

Answer:

```
##missing value
```

```
data<-read.csv("1734953626384_vegetables.csv")
```

```
str(data)
```

```
data[data==""]<-NA
```

```
data[data==" " | data == " "] <- NA
```

```
summary(data)
```

```
is.na(data)
```

```
table(is.na(data))
```

```
sum(is.na(data))
```

```
which(is.na(data))
```

```
data1<-na.omit(data)
```

```
mean(data, na.rm=TRUE)
```

```
is.na(data1)
```

```
table(is.na(data1))
```

there are six not available data in this dataset. 39 466 933 1184 1688 2137

b) Fit a suitable multiple linear regression model for the dataset and interpret your findings.

Answer:

```
##regression model
```

```
dat<-read.csv('1734953626384_vegetables.csv',header=T)
```

```
head(dat)
```

```
model <- lm(Yield.per.plot..kg. ~ Length.of.vine..cm. +Length.of.vine.internodes..cm.
+Petiole.length..cm.
Number.of.leaves.per.plant+Number.of.branches..main.+Number.of.days.required.for.matur
ity+Number.of.tubers.per.plant, data = dat)
```

```
summary(model)
```

```
AIC(model)
```

```
abline(lm(Yield.per.plot..kg. ~ Length.of.vine..cm. +Length.of.vine.internodes..cm.
+Petiole.length..cm.
Number.of.leaves.per.plant+Number.of.branches..main.+Number.of.days.required.for.matur
ity+Number.of.tubers.per.plant, data = dat)))
```

```
plot(model)
```

