

exercice: 1

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M^{2025} = ?$$

exercice: 2

$f$  définie sur  $[1; +\infty[$

telle que  $f$  dérivable sur  $[1; +\infty[$  et

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f'(x) = 2 \text{ alors}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{f(x)}{x}$$

exercice: 3

sachant que

$$\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

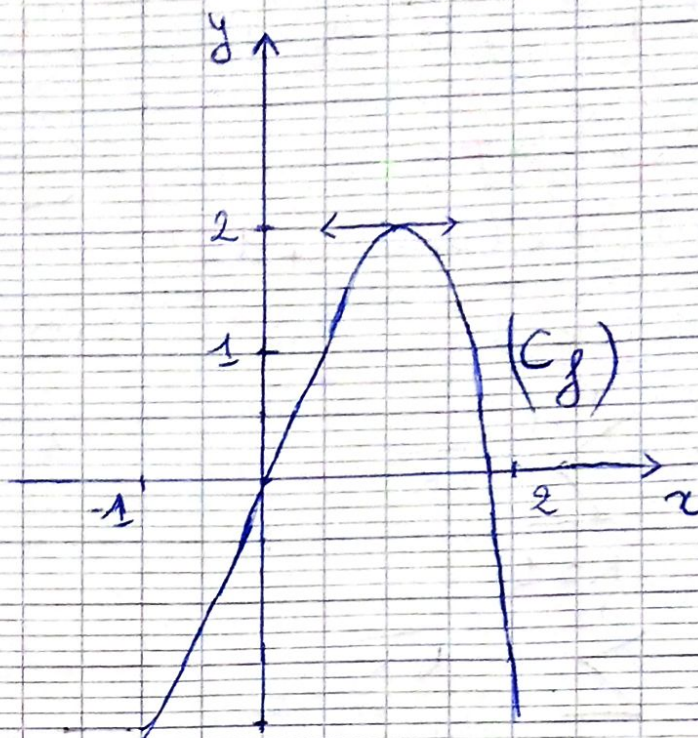
déterminer

$$\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2}$$

exercice: 4

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \tan 2x - 2x \tan x}{(1 - \cos 2x)^2} = ?$$

exercice: 5



$$g(x) = \frac{f(x)}{x^2}; \quad g'(1) = ?$$

exercice: 6

$$(u_n)_{n \geq 2}: u_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{k}{1-n^2}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} u_n = ?$$

exercice: 7

$0 < k < 1$  alors

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \prod_{p=0}^n (1 + k^{2^p}) = ?$$



Exercice: 8

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \in M_2(\mathbb{R})$$

$$a \neq c \quad b \neq 0$$

$$M^3 = I_2 \quad \text{alors } a+d = ?$$

Exercice: 9

$$u_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \sqrt{k}$$

$$J_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{\sqrt{k}}{1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{k}}}$$

$$S_n = u_n + J_n \quad \text{alors}$$

$$S_n = ?$$

Exercice: 10

$$\frac{2^3 - 1}{2^3 + 1} \times \frac{3^3 - 1}{3^3 + 1} \times \dots \times \frac{2022^3 - 1}{2022^3 + 1}$$

Exercice: 11

$$\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{k}{k^4 + k^2 + 1} = ?$$

Exercice: 12

$$\sum_{k=2}^n \frac{k^2 + 1}{k^2 - 1} = ?$$

Exercice: 13

$$\frac{3}{1! + 2! + 3!} + \dots + \frac{n+2}{(\sqrt{n})! + (n+1)! + (n+2)!} = ?$$

Exercice: 14

$$a, b \text{ et } c \in \mathbb{R} /$$

$$\frac{a}{b+c} + \frac{c}{b+a} + \frac{b}{a+c} = 1$$

$$\text{alors } \frac{a^2}{b+c} + \frac{c^2}{b+a} + \frac{b^2}{a+c} = ?$$

Exercice: 15

$$P(x) = 1 - 24x + 3x^2 + x^3$$

$$P(a) = 0 ; P(b) = 0 \text{ et}$$

$$P(\gamma) = 0$$

$$\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} + \sqrt[3]{\gamma} = ?$$



exercice: 16

$$\sin(a) + \sin(b) = n$$

$$\cos(a) + \cos(b) = m$$

$$\sin(a+b) = ?$$

exercice: 17

$$\frac{bc}{a} = 1; \frac{ac}{b} = 3 \text{ et } \frac{ab}{c} = 4$$

$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = ?$$

exercice: 18

ABC est un  $\triangle$

$E = B * C$  ;  $\mathcal{C}$  le cercle circonscrit au  $\triangle ABC$  soit

$$D = (AE) \cap (\mathcal{C})$$

$$AC = 6 \text{ et } CD = 6$$

$$\text{alors } BC = ?$$

exercice: 19

$$\left( 1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{4}}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{8} + 4} \right)^{10} = ?$$

exercice: 20

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} (a^2 - x^2) \operatorname{tg} \frac{\pi x}{2a} = ?$$

exercice: 21

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{2(1 - \cos(x))} - \frac{1}{\sin^2(x)} \right) = ?$$

exercice: 22

Determiner les primitives de  $f(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{1 + \cos^2(x)}$