

# Bite & Byte

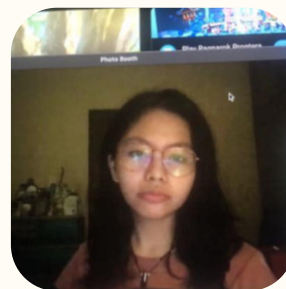
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# Introduction

The ordering process is a difficulty for many fast food restaurants. Due to the manual ordering process, which may be exhausting and perplexing for both staff and consumers, customers frequently have to wait in line for a very long time, make mistakes with their orders, and experience delays when there are too many clients at once.

The project focuses on developing a fast food ordering system that enables customers to place orders more quickly and efficiently in order to address these problems. The system has separate access for the manager and cashier to better manage jobs, a stocking system to keep track of available items, and a menu display. To make it more convenient, the system will also display the approximate wait time for each customer's order and permit the use of coupons or discounts.

# Objectives

The goal of this project is to develop a C++ based fast food ordering system that automates the ordering process to minimize manual errors. Develop a C++ program that can:

1. Display a menu and ordering interface that allows the user to order Burger Steak, Coca-Cola and Chicken Nuggets
2. Store and display an order summary showing item details, item quantity and total bill of the customer.
3. Implement a stocking system that tracks product availability and updates after each transaction.

# Objectives

4. Create an employee access system, where the cashier handles orders, and the manager can change the available stocks and turn off the system.
5. Integrate a coupon and discount functionalities that apply special discounts such as 20% for PWD or senior citizen and 10% for coupons to the total bill.
6. Calculate and display an estimated waiting time based on the number of items ordered and the ongoing orders before.

# Flowchart of the System

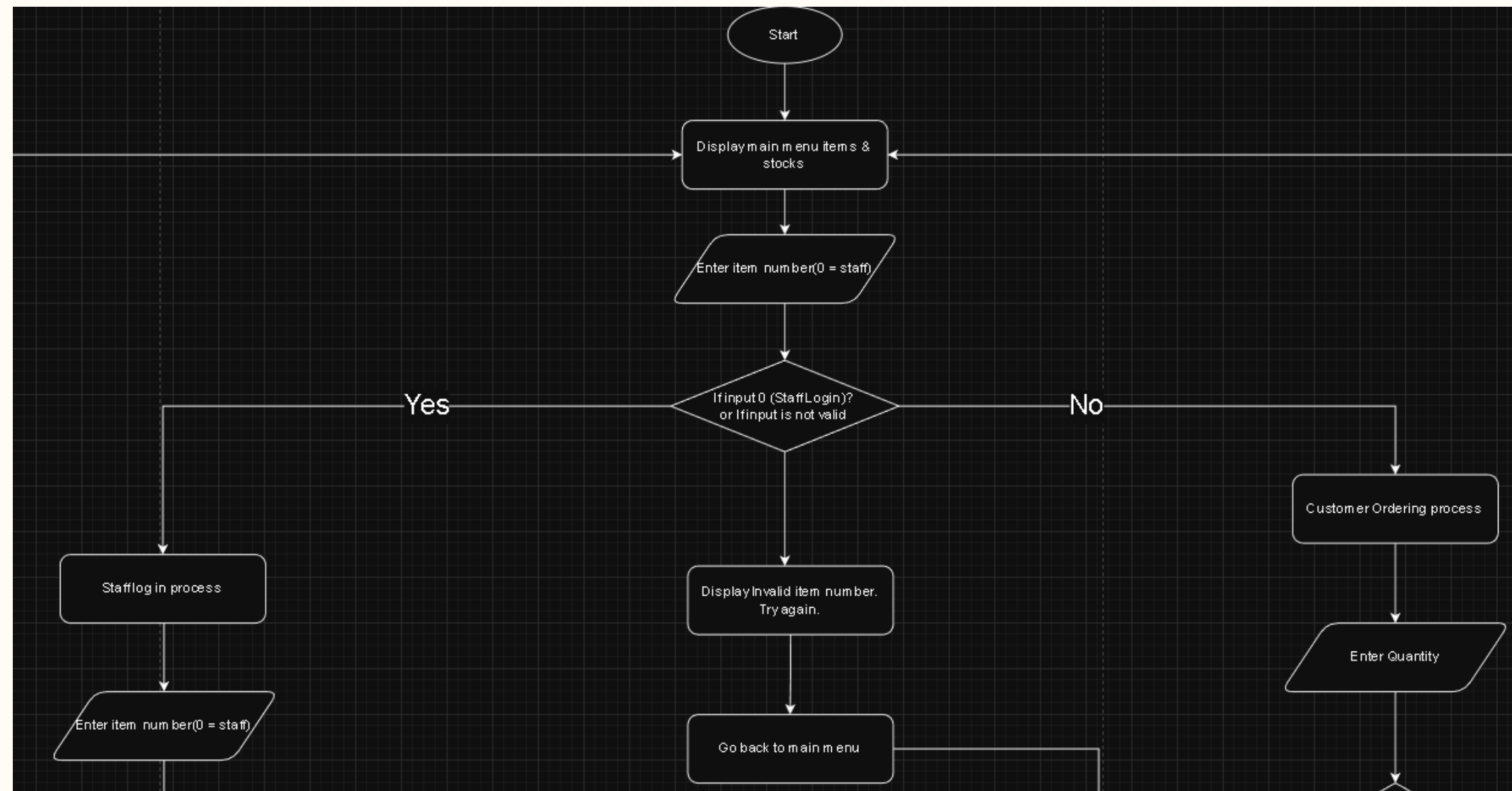


Figure 1: Flow chart of Fast Food Ordering System

# Flowchart of the System

Figure 1 illustrates the start of the system. The system will display main menu items and available stocks. The system then asks the user to enter an item number. If the input is invalid, then the system will go back to the main menu and if the input is 0, the system will go to the staff log in process. But if the user inputs a valid number, then it will undergo a customer ordering process.

# Flowchart of the System

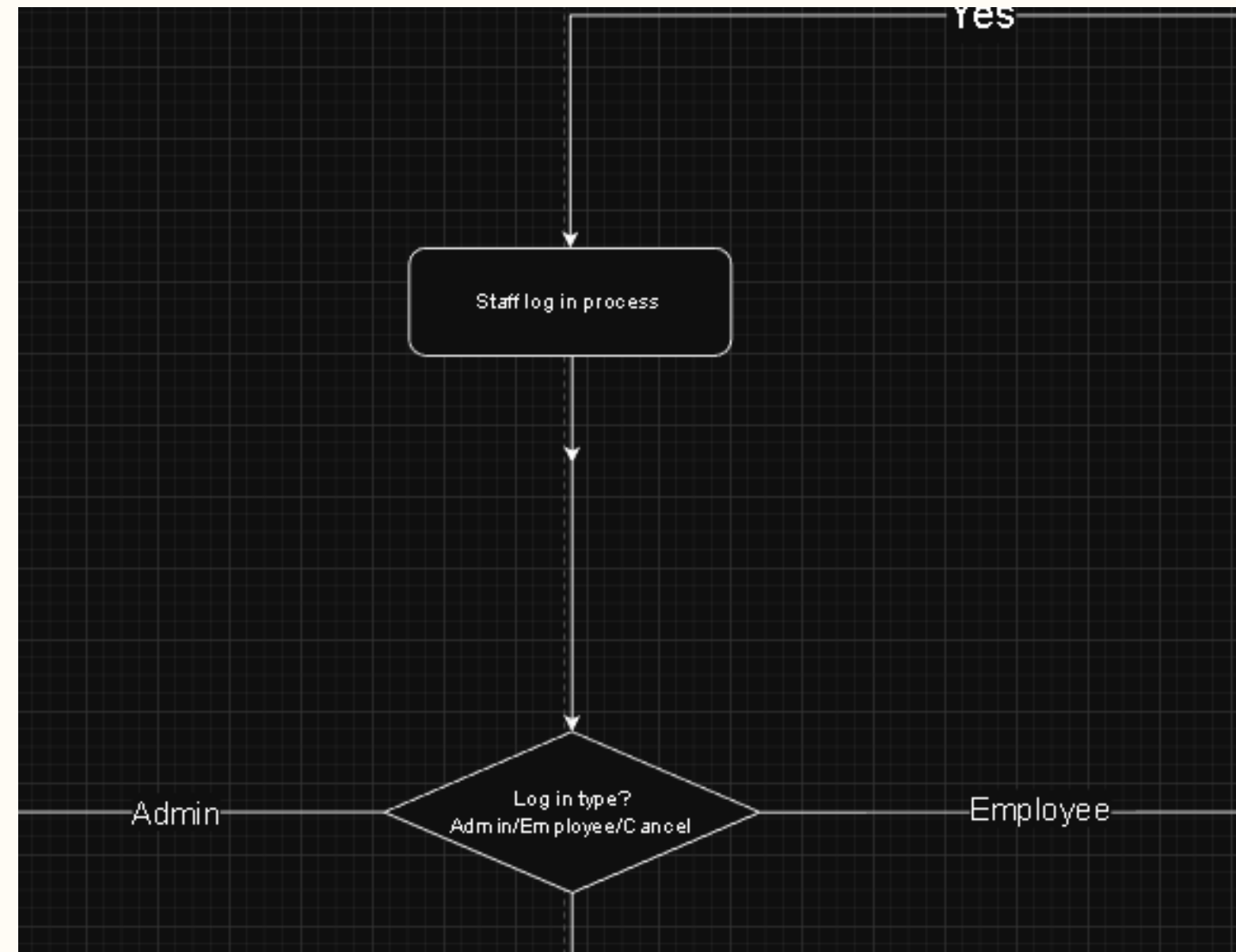


Figure 2: Flowchart part of Staff log in process

# Flowchart of the System

Figure 2 shows that if the input is 0, then the system will proceed to the staff log in process. Then the system will then ask the user what type of login if it is admin or employee or cancel the log in process.



# Flowchart of the System

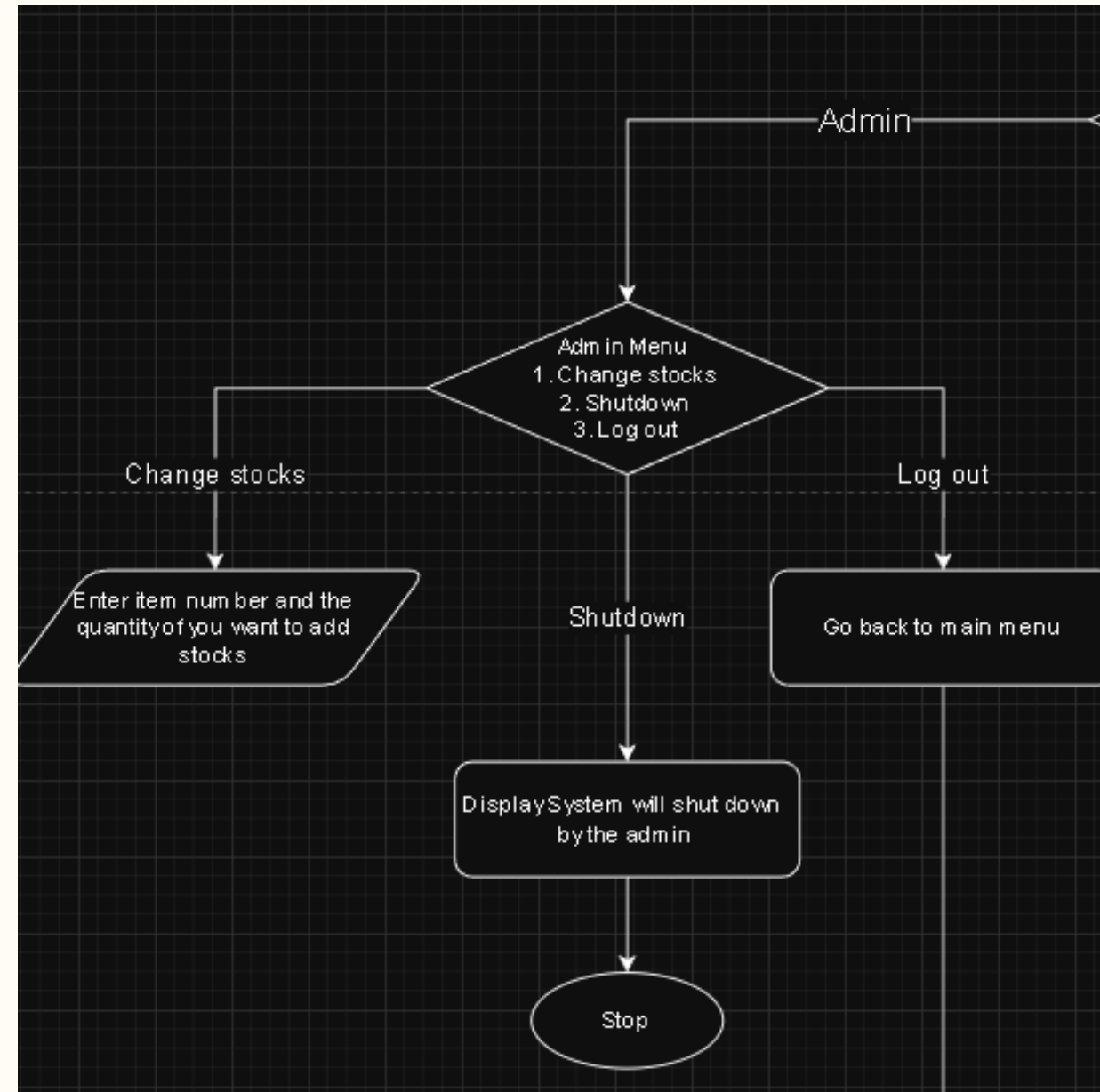


Figure 3: Flow chart part of admin log in process and its functions

# Flowchart of the System

Figure 3 shows that if the user is logged in as an admin, the system will display an admin menu and has a function to change stocks, shutdown and log out as an admin

# Flowchart of the System

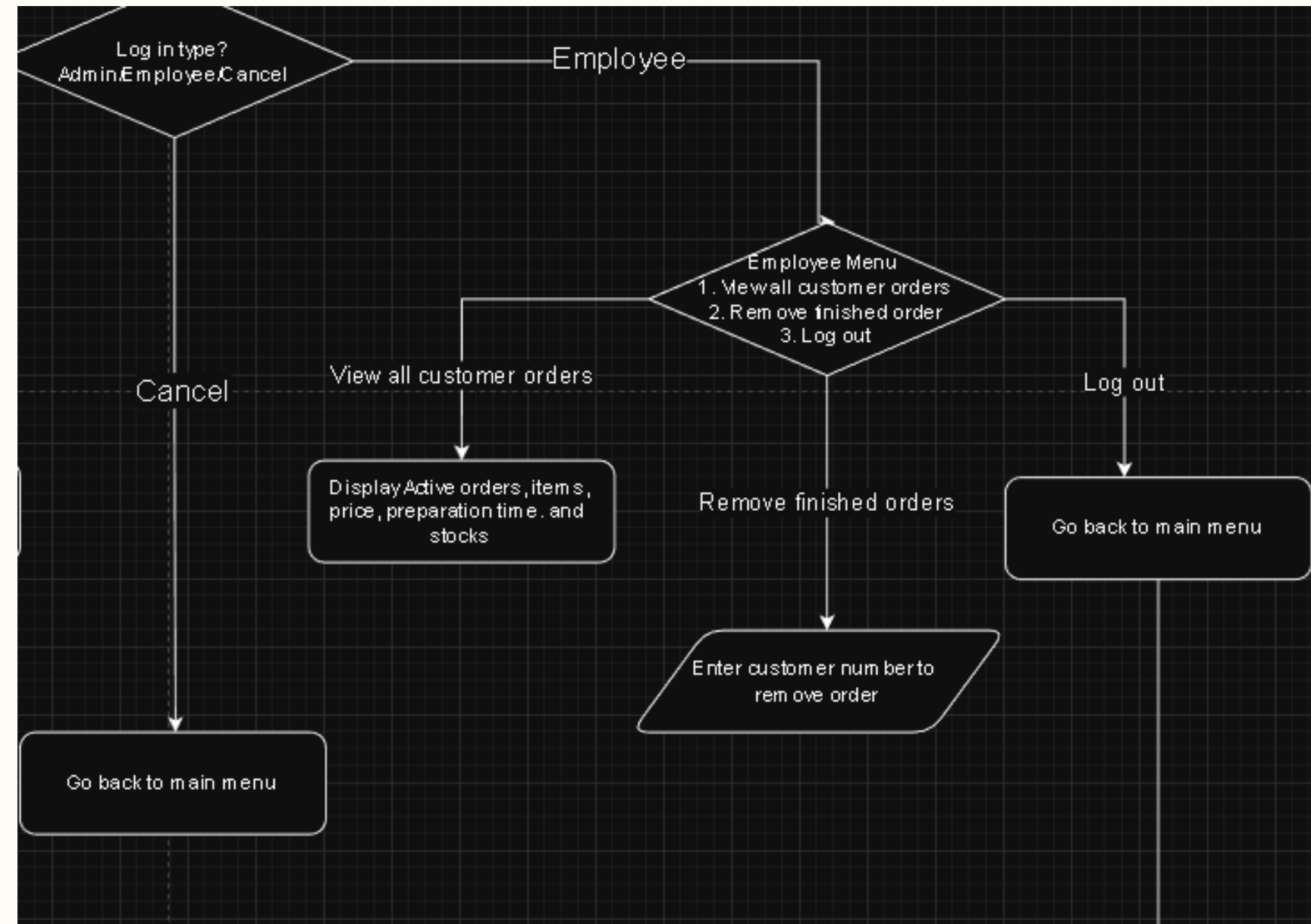


Figure 4: Flow chart part of employee log in process and its functions.

# Flowchart of the System

Figure 4 represents that if the user is logged in as an employee, the system will display an employee menu that has a function to view all customer orders, remove finished orders, and log out as an employee.

# Flowchart of the System

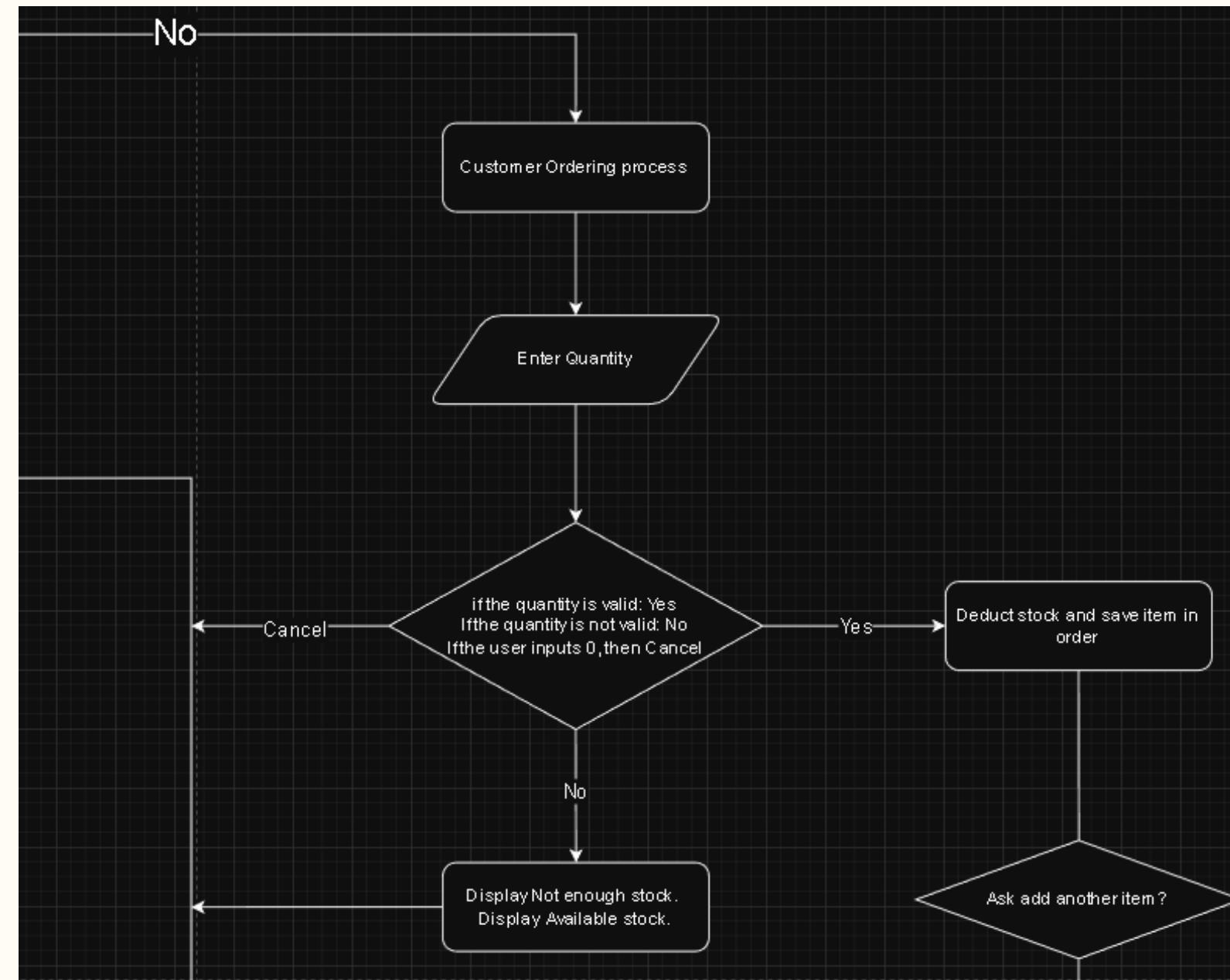


Figure 5: Flow chart part of customer ordering process

# Flowchart of the System

Figure 5 shows if the input is valid, then the system will proceed to the customer ordering process. The system will then ask the user to enter a quantity. If the quantity is valid, the system will deduct the stock of the selected item and save the item in the order list. If the quantity is not valid, the system will display not enough stock and shows the only available stock. And if the user inputs 0, the system will return to the main menu.

# Flowchart of the System

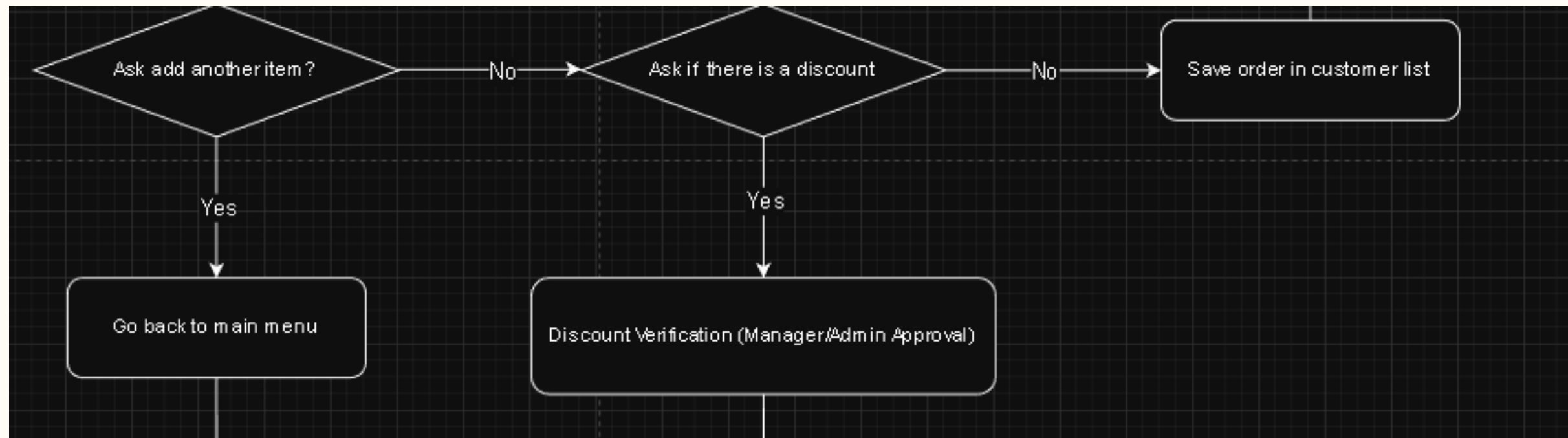


Figure 6: Flow chart part of customer ordering process and discount verification.

# Flowchart of the System

Figure 6 shows that if the item successfully deducted and saved in the order list, the system will then ask the user to add another item or not. If yes, then the system will return to the main menu and if no, the system will then ask again if there is a discount. If not, the system will save the order in the customer list with the complete receipt, including prices and estimated time. And if yes, the system will then proceed to the discount verification process.



# Flowchart of the System

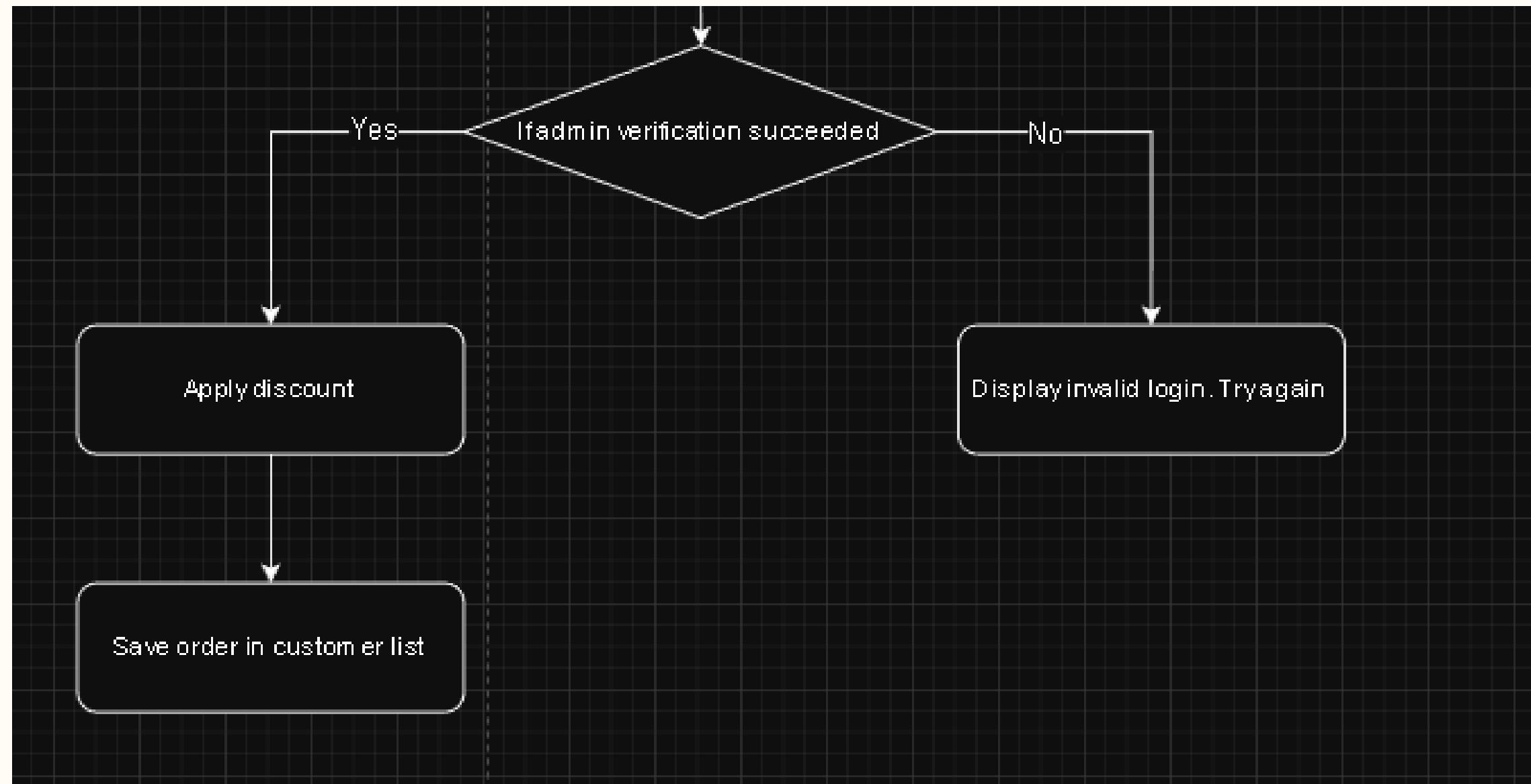


Figure 7: Flow chart part of discount verification process

# Flowchart of the System

Figure 7 shows the discount verification process where the admin or manager only has access to approve the discount.

# Pseudocode

START

Create menu items, prices, preparation time, and stocks

Create empty list of customer orders

Set customer count to 0

Set system status to running

REPEAT while system is running:

- Create a new order for a customer

- Set discount to 0% (No discount yet)

# Pseudocode

DO the following while ordering:

- DISPLAY menu items, prices, and remaining stocks

  - Ask user to select an item

  - Ask user for quantity

    - IF quantity is 0:

      - Cancel and return to menu

    - IF quantity is more than stocks:

      - Display error and ask again

    - END IF

- Deduct stock from item

- Add item, quantity, price, and preparation time to customer order

- Ask if the customer want to add another item

  - IF yes → repeat ordering

  - IF no → proceed

  - END IF

# Pseudocode

IF user enters 0:  
    Go to staff login

IF admin shuts down system  
    stop process  
OTHERWISE → go back to menu  
END IF

IF item is not valid:  
    Display error and ask again  
END IF

END DO

IF system was shut down → STOP process

# Pseudocode

Ask if the customer has discount

IF yes:

Ask discount type (Senior/PWD = 20%, Coupon = 10%)

Ask manager/admin to login for approval

IF login success:

Apply discount

IF login failed:

Do not apply discount

END IF

# Pseudocode

Save order to customer list

Increase customer count

Display all active orders

END REPEAT

WHEN admin shuts down:

    DISPLAY “System stopped by admin”

END

# Pseudocode

Ask if login is Admin or Employee

IF Admin:

    Ask username & password

IF correct → open Admin menu

    ELSE Go back to the main menu and display error

END IF

IF Employee:

    Ask username & password

IF correct → open Employee menu

    ELSE Go back to the main menu and display error

END IF



# Data Dictionary

Data Name	Size	Data Type	Description
1. <u>OrderItem</u>	~32-40 bytes	struct	Stores details of one ordered item (product, <u>qty</u> , price, <u>prepTime</u> ).
2. <u>CustomerOrder</u>	~340 bytes - 420 bytes	struct	Stores <u>multiple</u> order items, item count, and discount for one customer.
3. customers[50]	~17kb - 21kb	<u>CustomerOrder</u> array	Stores up to 50 customer orders.
4. <u>customerCount</u>	4 bytes	<u>int</u>	Counts stored customer orders.
5. product[3]	~72 - 96 bytes	String array	Menu item names (each string approx <u>24-32</u> bytes, so it is ~72-96 bytes).
6. price[3]	12 bytes	<u>Int</u> array	Price per menu item.
7. avg_time[3]	12 bytes	<u>Int</u> array	Preparation time per item.
8. <u>programRunning</u>	1 byte	<u>bool</u>	System ON/OFF status.
9. <u>itemCount</u>	4 bytes	<u>int</u>	Counts items ordered by one customer.
10. <u>Discount</u>	4 bytes	float	Discount <u>multiplier</u>

# Data Dictionary

11. <u>prepTime</u>	4 bytes	<u>int</u>	Total preparation time.
12. <u>qty</u>	4 bytes	<u>int</u>	Quantity ordered.
13. choice	4 bytes	<u>int</u>	Menu input for admin/employee.
14. index	4 bytes	<u>int</u>	Selected customer number for deletion.

# Data Dictionary

15. username	24 - 32 bytes	string	Login username input.
16. password	24 - 32 bytes	string	Login password input.
17. retry	1 byte	char	Retry function if login fails
18. <u>sel</u>	4 bytes	<u>int</u>	Login type selection if Admin/Employee.
19. item_number	4 bytes	<u>int</u>	Selected product number.
20. quantity	4 bytes	<u>int</u>	Quantity input of selected item.
21. <u>addMore</u>	24 - 32 bytes	string	Ask the user yes/no for adding another item.
22. <u>hasDiscount</u>	24 - 32 bytes	string	Ask the user if there is a discount.
23. <u>discType</u>	4 bytes	<u>int</u>	Discount type chosen (PWD/Coupons).
24. u	24 - 32 bytes	string	input's <u>username</u>
25. p	24 - 32 bytes	string	input's password

# Data Dictionary

26. <u>linePrice</u>	4 bytes	float	<u>Stores</u> total price per item after discount.
27. total	4 bytes	float	Total bill of customer order.
28. <u>totalTime</u>	4 bytes	<u>int</u>	Total preparation time of all items in order.
29. <u>newStock</u>	4 bytes	<u>int</u>	Stores updated stock value entered by admin.
30. stocks[3]	12 bytes	<u>Int</u> array	Current stock per item.

The background features abstract geometric shapes in shades of orange and yellow, primarily located in the corners and along the left and right edges. These shapes include triangles and polygons of varying sizes, creating a modern, minimalist aesthetic.

# Code

# Code

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  #include <string>
3  //Includes <iomanip> for aligned menu formatting
4  #include <iomanip>
5  using namespace std;
6
7  //structure for order items
8  struct OrderItem {
9      string product;
10     int qty;
11     int price;
12     int prepTime;
13 };
14
15 //structure for the customer's items
16 struct CustomerOrder {
17     OrderItem items[10];
18     int itemCount;
19     float discount;
20 };
21
22 // Maximum number of customer orders the system can store
23 CustomerOrder customers[50];
24 int customerCount = 0;
25
26 //Menu items, their prices, average preparation time and stocks counts
27 string product[] = {"Burger Steak", "Coca-cola", "Chicken Nuggets"};
28 int price[] = {90, 25, 70};
29 int avg_time[] = {2, 1, 2};
30 int stocks[] = {5, 5, 5};
31
32 //Keeps the program running until it is manually shut down
33 bool programRunning = true;
34
```

Figure 10. Initial Setups

# CODE

```
35 //Displays all active customer orders
36 void showAllOrders() {
37     if (customerCount == 0) {
38         cout << "\n===== \n";
39         cout << "||   No Active Orders   || \n";
40         cout << "===== \n";
41         return;
42     }
43
44     cout << "\n===== \n";
45     cout << "||           ACTIVE ORDERS           || \n";
46     cout << "===== \n";
47
48     //Loops through all customers
49     for (int c = 0; c < customerCount; c++) {
50         float total = 0;
51         int totalTime = 0;
52
53         cout << "Customer " << c + 1 << ": \n";
54
55         //Loops through each item of the customer
56         for (int i = 0; i < customers[c].itemCount; i++) {
57             float linePrice = customers[c].items[i].price * customers[c].discount;
58             cout << " " << customers[c].items[i].product
59                 << " x" << customers[c].items[i].qty
60                 << " = " << linePrice << " \n";
61
62             total += linePrice;
63             totalTime += customers[c].items[i].prepTime;
64         }
65         //Displays total and estimated preparation time
66         cout << "----- \n";
67         cout << "    Total: " << total << " \n";
68         cout << "    Estimated Time: " << totalTime << " min \n";
69         cout << "===== \n";
70     }
71 }
72
```

Figure 11. Show all orders

# CODE

```
73 //Displays and handles employee menu
74 void employeeMenu() {
75     int choice;
76     do {
77         cout << "=====\\n";
78         cout << "||          EMPLOYEE MENU          ||\\n";
79         cout << "=====\\n";
80         cout << "|| 1. View All Customer Orders      ||\\n";
81         cout << "|| 2. Remove Finished Customer Order ||\\n";
82         cout << "|| 3. Logout                        ||\\n";
83         cout << "=====\\n";
84         cout << "Select: ";
85         cin >> choice;
86
87         //Employee can view orders
88         if (choice == 1) showAllOrders();
89
90         //Employee can remove finished orders
91         else if (choice == 2) {
92             if (customerCount == 0) {
93                 cout << "No customer orders to remove.\\n";
94                 continue;
95             }
96             //Lists all active customers
97             for (int c = 0; c < customerCount; c++)
98                 cout << c + 1 << ". Customer " << c + 1 << endl;
99             int index;
100
101             cout << "Select which customer order to remove: ";
102             cin >> index;
103
104             //Checks if it's a valid customer number
105             if (index >= 1 && index <= customerCount) {
106                 for (int i = index - 1; i < customerCount - 1; i++)
107                     customers[i] = customers[i + 1];
108                 customerCount--;
109                 cout << "Customer order removed.\\n";
110             } else {
111                 cout << "Invalid selection.\\n";
112             }
113         }
114     } while (choice != 3 && programRunning); //Keep menu running until Logout
115 }
```

Figure 12. Employee Menu



# CODE

```
118 //Prints out and handles manager menu
119 void adminMenu() {
120     int choice;
121     do {
122         cout << "=====\\n";
123         cout << "||    MANAGER MENU    ||\\n";
124         cout << "=====\\n";
125         cout << "|| 1. Change Stocks    ||\\n";
126         cout << "|| 2. Shutdown Program ||\\n";
127         cout << "|| 3. Logout          ||\\n";
128         cout << "=====\\n";
129         cout << "Select: ";
130         cin >> choice;
131
132         //Allows admin to change stock quantities
133         if (choice == 1) {
134             for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
135                 cout << "(" << i + 1 << ") " << product[i] << " - Stocks: " << stocks[i] << endl;
136
137             int item, newStock;
138             cout << "Select which item (1-3): ";
139             cin >> item;
140
141             if (item >= 1 && item <= 3) {
142                 cout << "Enter new stock: ";
143                 cin >> newStock;
144                 if (newStock >= 0) stocks[item - 1] = newStock;
145             } else {
146                 cout << "Invalid item.\\n";
147             }
148
149             //Shutowns system
150         } else if (choice == 2) {
151             programRunning = false;
152             cout << "\\nSystem will shutdown...\\n";
153         }
154     } while (choice != 3 && programRunning); //Keep menu running until logout
155 }
156
```

Figure 13. Manager Menu

# CODE

```
157 //Verifies manager login to allow discount
158 bool verifyDiscountAccess() {
159     string username, password;
160     while (true) {
161         cout << "\nManager/Admin Login Required\n";
162         cout << "Username: ";
163         cin >> username;
164         cout << "Password: ";
165         cin >> password;
166
167         //hardcoded credentials
168         if (username == "admin" && password == "admin123")
169             return true;
170         else if (username == "manager" && password == "man123")
171             return true;
172
173         char retry;
174         cout << "Invalid login. Try again? (y/n): ";
175         cin >> retry;
176         if (retry == 'n' || retry == 'N') return false;
177     }
178 }
179
```

Figure 14. Discount Access

# CODE

```
180 //Staff login menu and handles login for both manager and employee
181 void staffLoginFlow() {
182     int sel;
183     cout << "=====\n";
184     cout << "||      STAFF LOGIN      ||\n";
185     cout << "=====\n";
186     cout << "|| 1. Manager Login      ||\n";
187     cout << "|| 2. Employee Login     ||\n";
188     cout << "|| 3. Cancel             ||\n";
189     cout << "=====\n";
190     cout << "Select: ";
191     cin >> sel;
192
193     //Checks credentials for manager login
194     if (sel == 1) {
195         string u, p;
196         cout << "Username: ";
197         cin >> u;
198         cout << "Password: ";
199         cin >> p;
200         if (u == "manager" && p == "man123") adminMenu();
201         else cout << "Invalid admin credentials.\n";
202     }
203     //Checks credentials for employee login
204     else if (sel == 2) {
205         string u, p;
206         cout << "Username: ";
207         cin >> u;
208         cout << "Password: ";
209         cin >> p;
210         if (u == "employee" && p == "emp123") employeeMenu();
211         else cout << "Invalid employee credentials.\n";
212     }
213
214
215     if (!programRunning) return; //Stop if system is shutting down
216 }
217
```

Figure 15. Staff Login Menu

# CODE

```
219 //Customer order menu
220 void customerOrder() {
221     CustomerOrder currentCustomer;
222     currentCustomer.itemCount = 0;
223     currentCustomer.discount = 1.0f;
224
225     int item_number = -1;
226     int quantity;
227     string addMore;
228
229     while (programRunning) {
230         cout << "\n===== MENU =====\n";
231
232         // Find longest product name for aligned menu
233         int maxlen = 0;
234         for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
235             if ((int)product[i].length() > maxlen)
236                 maxlen = product[i].length();
237
238         // Print products with aligned stocks counts
239         for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
240             cout << "|| (" << i + 1 << ") "
241                 << left << setw(maxlen) << product[i]
242                 << " | Stocks: " << setw(2) << stocks[i] << " ||" << endl;
243         }
244
245         // Bottom border
246         cout << string(6 + maxlen + 16, '=') << endl;
247
248         cout << "\nEnter item number (or 0 for Staff Login): ";
249         cin >> item_number;
250
251         //Runs Staff Login Menu when 0 is entered
252         if (item_number == 0) {
253             staffLoginFlow();
254
255             if (!programRunning) return;
256             continue;
257         }
258     }
259 }
```

Figure 16. Customer Order Menu

# CODE

```
293 //Checks if the user wants to apply discount
294 string hasDiscount;
295 cout << "\nDo you have a discount? (y/n): ";
296 cin >> hasDiscount;
297 if (hasDiscount == "y" || hasDiscount == "Y") {
298     int discType;
299     cout << "\nSelect discount type:\n";
300     cout << "1. PWD / Senior (20%\n";
301     cout << "2. Coupon (10%\n";
302     cin >> discType;
303
304     if (verifyDiscountAccess()) {
305         if (discType == 1) currentCustomer.discount = 0.80f;
306         else if (discType == 2) currentCustomer.discount = 0.90f;
307     } else {
308         cout << "Discount not authorized.\n";
309     }
310 }
311
312 //Saves customer order
313 customers[customerCount] = currentCustomer;
314 customerCount++;
315
316 cout << "\nCustomer order saved.\n";
317 //Prints out all active orders
318 showAllOrders();
319 }
```

Figure 17. Discount Checker

# CODE

```
321  int main() {  
322      while (programRunning) {  
323          customerOrder();  
324      }  
325  
326      cout << "\nSystem stopped by Manager.\n";  
327      return 0;  
328  }
```

Figure 18. Program Flow

# RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

```
===== MENU =====  
|| (1) Burger Steak | Price: 90 | Stocks: 5 ||  
|| (2) Coca-cola | Price: 25 | Stocks: 5 ||  
|| (3) Chicken Nuggets | Price: 70 | Stocks: 5 ||  
=====
```

Enter item number (or 0 for Staff Login): 2  
Enter quantity (or 0 to cancel): 3  
Add another item? (y/n): y

```
===== MENU =====  
|| (1) Burger Steak | Price: 90 | Stocks: 5 ||  
|| (2) Coca-cola | Price: 25 | Stocks: 2 ||  
|| (3) Chicken Nuggets | Price: 70 | Stocks: 5 ||  
=====
```

Enter item number (or 0 for Staff Login): 1  
Enter quantity (or 0 to cancel): 1  
Add another item? (y/n): n

This output presents the customer menu interface, demonstrating how customers select items, view prices and stock, and input their designed quantities

# RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

```
Do you have a discount? (y/n):  
1. PWD / Senior (20%)  
2. Coupon (10%)  
  
Select discount type: 1  
  
Manager/Admin Login Required  
Username: admin  
Password: admin123  
  
Customer order saved.  
  
=====|| ACTIVE ORDERS ||=====
```

Customer 1:	
Coca-cola x3	= 60
Burger Steak x1	= 72
-----	
Total:	132
Estimated Time:	5 min

The output focuses on the discount part of the system, where a manager verifies the discount to ensure it is valid and properly applied to the customer's order. It also prints out the order summary with the items selected, quantity, price with or without discount, total and estimated time for preparation.



# RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

```
Enter item number (or 0 for Staff Login): 0
=====
||      STAFF LOGIN      ||
=====
|| 1. Manager Login      ||
|| 2. Employee Login      ||
|| 3. Cancel              ||
=====
Select: 2
Username: stranger
Password: danger
Invalid employee credentials.

===== MENU =====
|| (1) Burger Steak | Price: 90 | Stocks: 4 ||
|| (2) Coca-cola    | Price: 25 | Stocks: 2 ||
|| (3) Chicken Nuggets | Price: 70 | Stocks: 5 ||
=====

Enter item number (or 0 for Staff Login): 0
=====
||      STAFF LOGIN      ||
=====
|| 1. Manager Login      ||
|| 2. Employee Login      ||
|| 3. Cancel              ||
=====
Select: 2
Username: employee
Password: emp123
```

This screenshot focuses on the staff login for employees, ensuring that the credentials entered are correct before granting access to the staff menu

# RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

```
=====
||          EMPLOYEE MENU          ||
=====
|| 1. View All Customer Orders    ||
|| 2. Remove Finished Customer Order ||
|| 3. Logout                      ||
=====
Select: 1

=====
||          ACTIVE ORDERS          ||
=====
Customer 1:
Coca-cola x3 = 60
Burger Steak x1 = 72
-----
Total: 132
Estimated Time: 5 min
=====
```

The output demonstrates one of the functions of the employee menu, viewing all active customer orders.

# RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

```
=====
||          EMPLOYEE MENU          ||
=====
|| 1. View All Customer Orders    ||
|| 2. Remove Finished Customer Order ||
|| 3. Logout                      ||
=====
Select: 2
1. Customer 1
Select which customer order to remove: 1
Customer order removed.
=====
||          EMPLOYEE MENU          ||
=====
|| 1. View All Customer Orders    ||
|| 2. Remove Finished Customer Order ||
|| 3. Logout                      ||
=====
Select: 3
```

The output demonstrates the second function of the employee menu, removing finished customer orders

# RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

```
===== MENU =====  
|| (1) Burger Steak | Price: 90 | Stocks: 4 ||  
|| (2) Coca-cola | Price: 25 | Stocks: 2 ||  
|| (3) Chicken Nuggets | Price: 70 | Stocks: 5 ||  
=====
```

Enter item number (or 0 for Staff Login): 0

```
=====
```

```
||      STAFF LOGIN      ||  
=====
```

```
|| 1. Manager Login      ||  
|| 2. Employee Login     ||  
|| 3. Cancel             ||  
=====
```

Select: 1

Username: manager

Password: man123

This output demonstrates the manager login.

# RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

```
=====
||    MANAGER MENU    ||
=====
|| 1. Change Stocks   ||
|| 2. Shutdown Program ||
|| 3. Logout          ||
=====
Select: 1
(1) Burger Steak - Stocks: 4
(2) Coca-cola - Stocks: 2
(3) Chicken Nuggets - Stocks: 5
Select which item (1-3): 2
Enter new stock: 10
=====
||    MANAGER MENU    ||
=====
|| 1. Change Stocks   ||
|| 2. Shutdown Program ||
|| 3. Logout          ||
=====
Select: 2

System will shutdown...

System stopped by Admin.
```

The output demonstrates the functions of the admin, changing the stocks and shutting the system down.

# CONCLUSION

The fast food ordering system demonstrates how programming concepts such as arrays and loops can be applied to address real-world challenges in the food service industry. Based on the results and discussion, the system successfully performed its main functions, including customer ordering, discount validation, staff login, and managerial controls. It also provided accurate calculations of total price, discounts, and estimated waiting time, resulting in faster and more organized transactions.

To further improve the system, it is recommended to enhance the user interface and integrate additional features for practical use. Future updates could include online ordering via mobile or web platforms, real-time sales and inventory tracking, and automated receipt printing to improve customer convenience.

# References

Pangilinan, B. (2025, May 28). Digital transformation of the order-taking process in fast food restaurants in the Philippines. Digital Archives @ UP Diliman.

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