COLLEGE OF APPLIED BUSINESS AND TECHNOLOGY

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Laboratory Assignment Report of

Net Centric Computing

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S.N.	Topics
1	Write a C# program to convert input strings from lower to upper and upper to lower case.
2	Write a C# program to create a new string from a given string where first and last characters will be interchanged.
3	Write a C# program to demonstrate the basics of class and object.
4	Write a C# program to illustrate encapsulation with properties and indexes.
5	Write a C# program that reflects the overloading and overriding of constructor and function.
6	Write a C# program to implement multiple inheritance with the use of interfaces.
7	Write a program to show how to handle exception in C#.
8	Write a program to demonstrate use of Delegate and Events.
9	Write a program to show the use of generic classes and methods.
10	Write a program to demonstrate the use of the method as a condition in the LINQ.
11	Demonstrate Asynchronous programming with async, await, Task in C#.
12	Write a program to demonstrate dependency injection in asp.net core.
13	Write a program to store and display employee information using DbContext.
14	Write a program to demonstrate state management server-side in asp.net core application.
15	Write a program to demonstrate state management client-side in asp.net core application.

16	Create an ASP.NET Core application to perform CRUD operation using ADO.NET	

1) Write a program to convert input strings from lower to upper and upper to lower case.

```
using System;
namespace CaseConverter
  class Program
     static void Main(string[] args)
       Console.WriteLine("Enter a string:");
       string input = Console.ReadLine();
       string converted = ConvertCase(input);
       Console.WriteLine("Converted string:");
       Console.WriteLine(converted);
     }
     static string ConvertCase(string input)
       char[] result = new char[input.Length];
       for (int i = 0; i < input.Length; i++)
          char c = input[i];
          if (char.IsLower(c))
            result[i] = char.ToUpper(c);
          else if (char.IsUpper(c))
            result[i] = char.ToLower(c);
          else
            result[i] = c;
       return new string(result);
  }
```

```
}
```

```
Enter a string:
dotNet
Converted string:
DOTnET
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

2) Write a program to create a new string from a given string where first and last characters will be interchanged.

```
using System;
namespace StringInterchange
  class Program
    static void Main(string[] args)
       Console.WriteLine("Enter a string:");
       string input = Console.ReadLine();
              string modifiedString = InterchangeFirstAndLast(input);
       Console.WriteLine("Modified string:");
       Console.WriteLine(modifiedString);
    static string InterchangeFirstAndLast(string input)
       if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(input) || input.Length == 1)
         return input;
       char firstChar = input[0];
       char lastChar = input[input.Length - 1];
       char[] charArray = input.ToCharArray();
       charArray[0] = lastChar;
       charArray[charArray.Length - 1] = firstChar;
       return new string(charArray);
    }
  }
}
```

```
Enter a string:
kiran
Modified string:
nirak
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

3) Write a program to demonstrate the basics of class and object.

```
using System;
namespace ClassAndObjectDemo
  class Person
    public string Name { get; set; }
    public int Age { get; set; }
    public Person(string name, int age)
       Name = name;
       Age = age;
    public void DisplayDetails()
       Console.WriteLine($"Name: {Name}");
       Console.WriteLine($"Age: {Age}");
  }
  class Program
    static void Main(string[] args)
       Person person1 = new Person("Alice", 30);
       person1.DisplayDetails();
       Person person2 = new Person("Bob", 25);
       person2.DisplayDetails();
```

```
Name: Alice
Age: 30
Name: Bob
Age: 25
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

4) Write a program to illustrate encapsulation with properties and indexers.

```
using System;
namespace lab
  internal class Encapsulation
    class Student
       private string[] subjects = new string[5];
       public string this[int index]
         get { return subjects[index]; }
         set { subjects[index] = value; }
       }
       public int TotalSubjects
         get { return subjects.Length; }
    class Program
       static void Main(string[] args)
         Student student = new Student();
         student[0] = "Math";
         student[1] = "Science";
         student[2] = "History";
         student[3] = "English";
         student[4] = "Computer Science";
         Console.WriteLine("Subjects:");
         for (int i = 0; i < student.TotalSubjects; <math>i++)
            Console.WriteLine(\$"Subject \{i + 1\}: \{\text{student}[i]\}");
                Subjects:
                Subject 1: Math
                Subject 2: Science
Output:
                Subject 3: History
                Subject 4: English
                Subject 5: Computer Science
```

5) Write a program that reflects the overloading and overriding of constructor and function.

```
using System;
// Base class
class Animal
  public string Name { get; set; }
  public string Species { get; set; }
  // Constructor with default parameters
  public Animal(string name = "Unknown", string species = "Unknown")
    Name = name;
     Species = species;
  }
  // Method to make sound (to be overridden)
  public virtual string MakeSound()
    return "Some generic sound";
}
// Derived class
class Dog: Animal
  public string Breed { get; set; }
  // Constructor overloading
  public Dog(string name = "Unknown", string species = "Dog", string breed =
"Unknown")
     : base(name, species)
  {
     Breed = breed;
  }
  // Method overriding
  public override string MakeSound()
    return "Bark";
}
```

```
class Program
  static void Main()
    // Demonstrate constructor overloading
    Animal animal1 = new Animal();
    Animal animal2 = new Animal("Leo");
    Animal animal3 = new Animal("Leo", "Lion");
    Console.WriteLine($"Animal 1: Name={animal1.Name},
Species={animal1.Species}");
    Console.WriteLine($"Animal 2: Name={animal2.Name},
Species={animal2.Species}");
    Console.WriteLine($"Animal 3: Name={animal3.Name},
Species={animal3.Species}");
    // Demonstrate method overriding
    Dog dog1 = new Dog("Buddy", breed: "Golden Retriever");
    Dog dog2 = new Dog();
    Console.WriteLine($"Dog 1: Name={dog1.Name}, Species={dog1.Species},
Breed={dog1.Breed}, Sound={dog1.MakeSound()}");
    Console.WriteLine($"Dog 2: Name={dog2.Name}, Species={dog2.Species},
Breed={dog2.Breed}, Sound={dog2.MakeSound()}");
  }
}
```

```
Animal 1: Name=Unknown, Species=Unknown
Animal 2: Name=Leo, Species=Unknown
Animal 3: Name=Leo, Species=Lion
Dog 1: Name=Buddy, Species=Dog, Breed=Golden Retriever, Sound=Bark
Dog 2: Name=Unknown, Species=Dog, Breed=Unknown, Sound=Bark
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

6) Write a program to implement multiple inheritance with the use of interfaces.

```
using System;
// Define the first interface
public interface IAnimal
  void Eat();
// Define the second interface
public interface IMovable
  void Move();
// Implement the interfaces in a class
public class Dog: IAnimal, IMovable
  public void Eat()
    Console.WriteLine("Dog is eating.");
  public void Move()
    Console.WriteLine("Dog is moving.");
}
class Program
  static void Main()
    // Create an instance of Dog
    Dog dog = new Dog();
    // Call methods from interfaces
    dog.Eat();
    dog.Move();
                                              Dog is eating.
}
                                              Dog is moving.
Output:
                                              === Code Execution Successful ===
```

7) Write a program to show how to handle exception in C#

```
using System;
class Program
  static void Main()
    try
       // Example: Divide by zero exception
       int numerator = 10;
       int denominator = 0;
       int result = numerator / denominator; // This line will throw an exception
       Console.WriteLine($"Result of division: {result}");
    catch (DivideByZeroException ex)
       Console.WriteLine($"Error: {ex.Message}");
       // Handle the exception (e.g., provide a default value)
       Console.WriteLine("Default value for division result: Infinity");
    catch (Exception ex)
       // Catch-all block for any other exceptions
       Console.WriteLine($"Unexpected error occurred: {ex.Message}");
    finally
       // Optional finally block, executes whether an exception occurred or not
       Console. WriteLine("Program execution completed.");
    Console. WriteLine("Rest of the program continues...");
}
```

```
ERROR!

Error: Attempted to divide by zero.

Default value for division result: Infinity

Program execution completed.

Rest of the program continues...

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

8) Write a program to demonstrate use of Delegate and Events.

```
using System;
// Step 1: Define a delegate
public delegate void EventHandler(string message);
// Step 2: Define a class that contains an event
public class EventPublisher
  // Step 3: Define an event based on the delegate
  public event EventHandler RaiseCustomEvent;
  // Step 4: Method to raise the event
  public void DoSomething()
    // Step 5: Raise the event
    OnRaiseCustomEvent("Event triggered by DoSomething method.");
  // Step 6: Method to invoke the event
  protected virtual void OnRaiseCustomEvent(string message)
    RaiseCustomEvent?.Invoke(message); // Invoke the event
}
// Step 7: Define a class that subscribes to the event
public class EventSubscriber
  // Step 8: Event handler method
  public void HandleCustomEvent(string message)
    Console.WriteLine($"Handled the event: {message}");
class Program
  static void Main()
    // Step 9: Create instances of publisher and subscriber
    EventPublisher publisher = new EventPublisher();
    EventSubscriber subscriber = new EventSubscriber();
    // Step 10: Subscribe to the event
```

```
publisher.RaiseCustomEvent += subscriber.HandleCustomEvent;

// Step 11: Trigger the event
publisher.DoSomething();

// Step 12: Unsubscribe from the event (optional)
publisher.RaiseCustomEvent -= subscriber.HandleCustomEvent;
}
```

```
Handled the event: Event triggered by DoSomething method.

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

9) Write a program to show the use of generic classes and methods.

```
using System;
// Generic class
public class GenericList<T>
  private T[] _items;
  private int currentIndex;
  // Constructor
  public GenericList(int capacity)
     items = new T[capacity];
     _{\text{currentIndex}} = 0;
  // Method to add an item to the list
  public void Add(T item)
     if (_currentIndex < _items.Length)</pre>
       _items[_currentIndex] = item;
       _currentIndex++;
     else
       Console.WriteLine("List is full. Cannot add more items.");
  }
  // Method to display all items in the list
  public void DisplayItems()
   {
     Console.WriteLine("Items in the list:");
     foreach (var item in items)
       Console.WriteLine(item);
class Program
  static void Main()
     // Creating a list of integers
```

```
GenericList<int> intList = new GenericList<int>(5);
intList.Add(10);
intList.Add(20);
intList.Add(30);
intList.DisplayItems();

// Creating a list of strings
GenericList<string> stringList = new GenericList<string>(3);
stringList.Add("Hello");
stringList.Add("World");
stringList.DisplayItems();
}
```

```
Items in the list:

10
20
30
0
Items in the list:
Hello
World

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

10) Write a program to demonstrate the use of the method as a condition in the LINQ.

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
class Program
  static void Main()
    // Sample list of integers
    List<int> numbers = new List<int> { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 };
    // Using LINQ to filter even numbers
    IEnumerable<int> evenNumbers = numbers.Where(IsEven);
    // Display the filtered numbers
    Console.WriteLine("Even numbers:");
    foreach (var number in evenNumbers)
       Console.WriteLine(number);
  }
  // Method to check if a number is even
  static bool IsEven(int number)
    return number \% 2 == 0;
}
```

```
Even numbers:
2
4
6
8
10
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

11) Demonstrate Asynchronous programming with async, await, Task in C#.

```
using System;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
class Program
  static async Task Main()
    Console.WriteLine("Starting asynchronous operation...");
    try
       // Call an asynchronous method and await the result
       string result = await SimulateAsyncOperation();
       // Display the result
       Console.WriteLine($"Async operation completed with result: {result}");
     }
    catch (Exception ex)
       Console.WriteLine($"Error: {ex.Message}");
     }
  }
  // Asynchronous method to simulate work
  static async Task<string> SimulateAsyncOperation()
    await Task.Delay(2000); // Simulate a delay of 2 seconds (2000 milliseconds)
    return "Operation successful";
}
```

```
Starting asynchronous operation...

Async operation completed with result: Operation successful

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

12) Write a program to demonstrate dependency injection in asp.net core.

Step1: Create a asp.net core MVC applications

Step2: Define a Service Interface and Implementation

- Create a new folder "Services"
- Create a new file "MessageService.cs"

```
public interface IMessageService
{
   string GetMessage();
}

public class WelcomeMessageService : IMessageService
{
   public string GetMessage()
   {
      return "Hello from WelcomeMessageService!";
   }
}
```

Step3: Configure Dependency Injection in Program.cs Add this line of code above "var app = builder.Build();"

builder.Services.AddScoped<IMessageService, WelcomeMessageService>();

Step4: Use Dependency Injection in a Controller

```
public class HomeController : Controller
{
    private readonly IMessageService _services;

    public HomeController(IMessageService services)
    {
        _services = services;
    }

    public IActionResult Index()
    {
        string message = _services.GetMessage();
        return View(model: message);
    }
}
```

```
Step5: Create a View to Display the Message
Inside Index.cshtml write the following code:

@{
    ViewData["Title"] = "Home Page";
}
@model string

<div class="text-center">
    <h1 class="display-4">Welcome</h1>
    Learn about <a href="https://learn.microsoft.com/aspnet/core">building
    Web apps with ASP.NET Core</a>.
<h1>@Model</h1>
</div>
```

dotnet Home Privacy

Welcome

Learn about <u>building Web apps with ASP.NET Core</u>.

Hello from WelcomeMessageService!

13) Write a program to store and display employee information using DbContext.

First, make sure you have installed the necessary packages. If you're using .NET Core, you can add these packages via the NuGet Package Manager:

```
dotnet add package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore dotnet add package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer dotnet add package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Tools
```

Check dotnet.csproj to check if these packages has been installed in your project.

Step1: Create Employee model

```
using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;
namespace EmployeeManagement.Models
{
    public class Employee
    {
        [Key]
        public int Id { get; set; }
        public string? Name { get; set; }
        public string? Position { get; set; }
        public decimal Salary { get; set; }
}
```

Step2: DbContext Class

Step3: Create Database migration

dotnet ef migrations add InitialCreate dotnet ef database update

Step4: Create EmployeeController.cs

```
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
using EmployeeApp.Data;
using EmployeeManagement.Models;
public class EmployeeController: Controller
  private readonly ApplicationDbContext context;
  public EmployeeController(ApplicationDbContext context)
    _context = context;
  public async Task<IActionResult> Index()
  {
    return View(await context.Employees.ToListAsync());
  public IActionResult Create()
    return View();
  [HttpPost]
  [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
  public async Task<IActionResult> Create([Bind("Id,Name,Position,Salary")]
Employee employee)
  {
    if (ModelState.IsValid)
       _context.Add(employee);
      await context.SaveChangesAsync();
      return RedirectToAction(nameof(Index));
    }
```

```
return View(employee);
}

Step 5: Configure Program.cs
builder.Services.AddDbContext<ApplicationDbContext>(options => {

options.UseSqlite(builder.Configuration.GetConnectionString("SQLiteConnection"));
options.EnableSensitiveDataLogging(); // Enable if needed for debugging
});

Step 6: Configure appsettings.json
"ConnectionStrings": {
    "SQLiteConnection": "Data Source=mydatabase.db"
}
```

Step 6: Create Index.cshtml and Create.cshtml files inside "Views>Employee" folder

Index.cshtml

@model IEnumerable<EmployeeManagement.Models.Employee>

```
<h2>Employee List</h2>
<thead>
  Name
   Position
   Salary
  </thead>
 @foreach (var item in Model)
   >
    @item.Name
    @item.Position
    @item.Salary
```

```
<a href="@Url.Action("Create")" class="btn btn-primary">Create New</a>
```

Create.cshtml

@model EmployeeManagement.Models.Employee

```
<h2>Create Employee</h2>
<form asp-action="Create">
  <div class="form-group">
    <label asp-for="Name" class="control-label"></label>
    <input asp-for="Name" class="form-control" />
    <span asp-validation-for="Name" class="text-danger"></span>
  </div>
  <div class="form-group">
    <label asp-for="Position" class="control-label"></label>
    <input asp-for="Position" class="form-control" />
    <span asp-validation-for="Position" class="text-danger"></span>
  </div>
  <div class="form-group">
    <label asp-for="Salary" class="control-label"></label>
    <input asp-for="Salary" class="form-control" />
    <span asp-validation-for="Salary" class="text-danger"></span>
  </div>
  <div class="form-group">
    <input type="submit" value="Create" class="btn btn-primary" />
  </div>
</form>
<a asp-action="Index" class="btn btn-secondary">Back to List</a>
```

Create Employee	
Name	
Position	
Salary	
Create	
Back to List	

Employee List

Name	Position	Salary
krian	HR	5000.0
Hachiman	CEO	5000.0



14) Write a program to demonstrate state management server-side in asp.net core application.

Step 1: Create a controller "StateController.cs"

```
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc;
namespace State.Controllers
  public class StateController: Controller
    public IActionResult Add()
      return View();
    [HttpPost]
    public IActionResult SetUserData(string username, string message)
      HttpContext.Session.SetString("Username", username);
      TempData["Message"] = message;
      return RedirectToAction("Display");
    public IActionResult Display()
      string username = HttpContext.Session.GetString("Username");
       string message = TempData["Message"] as string;
       ViewBag.Username = username;
       ViewBag.Message = message;
      return View();
  }
```

Step 2: Configure Program.cs file to use session

```
builder.Services.AddDistributedMemoryCache(); // For session state
builder.Services.AddSession(options =>
    {
        options.Cookie.Name = "MySessionCookie";
        options.IdleTimeout =
            System.TimeSpan.FromMinutes(30);
        options.Cookie.IsEssential = true;
        });

Then insert "app.UseSession();";
        app.UseRouting();
```

Step 3: Create Add.cshtml and Display.cshtml file inside Views>State folder

Add.cshtml

```
@model State.Controllers.StateController
<form method="post" asp-action="SetUserData">
        <label for="username">Username:</label>
        <input type="text" id="username" name="username" required><br>
        <label for="message">Message:</label>
        <input type="text" id="message" name="message" required><br>
        <buttoon type="submit">Submit</button>
</form>
```

Display.cshtml

```
@{
    ViewData["Title"] = "Display";
}
<h2>Display</h2>
<div>
    Username from Session State: @ViewBag.Username
    Message from TempData: @ViewBag.Message
</div>
```

Output:

dotnet Home Privacy

Username: Kiran Shrestha

Message: this is a session message

Submit

dotnet Home Privacy

Display

Username from Session State: Kiran Shrestha

Message from TempData: this is a session message

15) Write a program to demonstrate state management client-side in asp.net core application.

Step 2: Create Index.cshtml and GetCookie.cshtml files inside View>State folder.

// Retrieve the user data from the cookie

ViewBag.UserData = userData;

return View();

string userData = Request.Cookies["UserData"];

Index.cshtml

} }

GetCookie.cshtml @page @model State.Controllers.StateController <h2>Stored User Data:</h2> @ViewBag.UserData Output:

Enter Cookie: this is a cookie Submit

dotnet Home Privacy

dotnet Home Privacy

Stored User Data:

this is a cookie

16) Create an ASP.NET Core application to perform CRUD operation using ADO.NET

```
Step1: Install the required package
       dotnet add package Microsoft.Data.Sqlite
Step2: Write the following code in your Program.cs file
using System;
using Microsoft.Data.Sqlite;
class Program
  private static string connectionString = "Data Source=products.db";
  static void Main()
    CreateTable(); // Ensure the table is created
    // Example usage
    CreateProduct("Bike", 199.99m);
    ReadProducts();
    UpdateProduct(1, "Mountain Bike", 299.99m);
    DeleteProduct(1);
  }
  static void CreateTable()
    using (var connection = new SqliteConnection(connectionString))
       connection.Open();
       string create Table Query = @"CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Products (
                        Id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
                        Name TEXT NOT NULL,
                        Price REAL NOT NULL
                       );";
       using (var command = new SqliteCommand(createTableQuery, connection))
         command.ExecuteNonQuery();
    }
  static void CreateProduct(string name, decimal price)
    using (var connection = new SqliteConnection(connectionString))
```

```
{
      connection.Open();
      string sql = "INSERT INTO Products (Name, Price) VALUES (@Name,
@Price)";
      using (var command = new SqliteCommand(sql, connection))
         command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Name", name);
         command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Price", price);
         int rowsAffected = command.ExecuteNonQuery();
         Console.WriteLine($"{rowsAffected} row(s) inserted.");
  static void ReadProducts()
    using (var connection = new SqliteConnection(connectionString))
      connection.Open();
      string sql = "SELECT * FROM Products";
      using (var command = new SqliteCommand(sql, connection))
         using (var reader = command.ExecuteReader())
           while (reader.Read())
             Console.WriteLine($"ID: {reader["Id"]}, Name: {reader["Name"]}, Price:
{reader["Price"]}");
    }
  static void UpdateProduct(int id, string name, decimal price)
    using (var connection = new SqliteConnection(connectionString))
      connection.Open();
      string sql = "UPDATE Products SET Name = @Name, Price = @Price WHERE
Id = @Id";
      using (var command = new SqliteCommand(sql, connection))
         command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Id", id);
```

```
command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Name", name);
    command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Price", price);
    int rowsAffected = command.ExecuteNonQuery();
    Console.WriteLine($"{rowsAffected} row(s) updated.");
}

static void DeleteProduct(int id)
{
    using (var connection = new SqliteConnection(connectionString))
    {
        connection.Open();
        string sql = "DELETE FROM Products WHERE Id = @Id";
        using (var command = new SqliteCommand(sql, connection))
        {
            command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Id", id);
            int rowsAffected = command.ExecuteNonQuery();
            Console.WriteLine($"{rowsAffected} row(s) deleted.");
        }
    }
}
```

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE PORTS COMMENTS TERMINAL

(base) [kiranshrestha@hachiman crudUsingADO]$ dotnet run
1 row(s) inserted.
ID: 1, Name: Bike, Price: 199.99
1 row(s) updated.
1 row(s) deleted.
(base) [kiranshrestha@hachiman crudUsingADO]$
```