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1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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3 VIRGINIA L. GIUFFRE,

4 Plaintiff,

5 v.

15 Civ. 7433 (RWS)

6 GHISLAINE MAXWELL,

7 Defendant.

Oral Argument

8 -----x

9 New York, N.Y.
March 30, 2017
12:08 p.m.

10 Before:

11 HON. ROBERT W. SWEET,

12 District Judge

13 APPEARANCES

14 BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP

15 Attorneys for Plaintiff

16 BY: SIGRID S. McCAWLEY, ESQ.

MEREDITH L. SCHULTZ, ESQ.

17 S.J. QUINNEY COLLEGE OF LAW AT THE UNIVERSITY OF UTAH

18 For Plaintiff

BY: PAUL G. CASSELL, ESQ.

19 FARMER, JAFFE, WEISSING, EDWARDS, FISTOS, LEHRMAN, P.L.

20 Attorneys for Plaintiff

BY: BRADLEY J. EDWARDS, ESQ.

21 HADDON, MORGAN AND FOREMAN, P.C.

22 Attorneys for Defendant

BY: JEFFREY S. PAGLIUCA, ESQ.

23 LAURA A. MENNINGER, ESQ.

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(Case called)

THE COURT: We have a problem, folks. By my count -- and of course one can count differently depending on how you treat these matters, but one count I have is that we have 45 motions before me. That may not be entirely accurate, but it's not too far off.

Here's my suggestion. Well, first of all, I think, though you have shown absolutely no mercy to me, I am prepared to show a little mercy to you. Translated, if you want to, we can schedule this so you can have lunch. On the other hand, if you don't want lunch, that's okay. I can endure.

By the way, the Epstein motion will go over to tomorrow because we were told, if I understand it correctly, that they didn't know it was on for today. How that ignorance exists, I don't know, but anyhow, we'll put that over to tomorrow.

So what I would suggest is that today -- and today ends, for our joint effort, at 3:30 -- the defendant's motion with respect to the supplemental reports of Jansen and Kliman; the 302 motion; and there are three that seem to me to go together -- the references to the Florida action, the CVRA action; the Epstein plea agreement and nonprosecution, and registration; and the victim notification letter. Seems to me all those present same of the same basic problems, and I'll

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1 hear those together. And then the defendant's motion with
2 respect to Giuffre's sexual history and the Giuffre motion on
3 Maxwell's involvement with Epstein's activities.

4 So that's my thought. We could go say until 1:30 and
5 then break for lunch, resume at 2:30 and go another hour, or go
6 straight through. Why don't you all confer, see what you want
7 to do. And the remainder, we can do tomorrow. We'll start at
8 10:00. Do you all want to confer for a moment and see what you
9 want to do?

10 MS. McCAWLEY: Well, your Honor, on our part, we want
11 to spend as much time getting through this today as we can, so
12 we would prefer not to take a lunch break because there are so
13 many things we need to get through, we'd want to try to utilize
14 as much of your time as we can.

15 THE COURT: Okay. No lunch. Go. Defendant's motion
16 with respect to the supplemental reports.

17 MS. McCAWLEY: Your Honor, could I just have one point
18 of clarification. I'm sorry. With respect to plaintiff's
19 omnibus motion, we were planning to argue that today. That has
20 several subparts.

21 THE COURT: Well, why don't we leave that for
22 tomorrow.

23 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, I would like to leave it
24 for tomorrow. There was a 60-page reply that was served on
25 Monday night and so if we could just have until tomorrow on

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1 that, I would appreciate it.

2 There was a 60-page reply filed on that motion on
3 Monday night.

4 THE COURT: Does that surprise you? Doesn't surprise
5 me.

6 MS. MENNINGER: No. It doesn't.

7 THE COURT: Well, okay.

8 MS. MENNINGER: But if we could do it tomorrow, I'd
9 appreciate it.

10 THE COURT: Well, I was planning to, wasn't I? Yes.

11 MS. MENNINGER: I agree with your Honor.

12 THE COURT: Yes. Okay.

13 MR. PAGLIUCA: Good afternoon again, your Honor.

14 THE COURT: Good afternoon.

15 Yes.

16 MR. PAGLIUCA: Your Honor, with regard to the motion
17 on the late-disclosed supplemental report of Jansen and the
18 video exhibit of Dr. Kliman, first, I'd like to start with
19 Kliman, if I could.

20 Dr. Kliman is a summary witness who has no firsthand
21 knowledge about the facts associated with this case. He's been
22 proffered as an expert in psychiatry. And the majority of his
23 opinions don't really relate to psychiatry; they relate to
24 credibility issues of the plaintiff in this case. Replete
25 through the opinion, original opinion that he offered, are a

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1 number of what I deem to be improper vouching.

2 THE COURT: Let's get to the supplemental reports.
3 I've read the papers on the *Daubert* aspect and I have some
4 familiarity with the report, but let's get to the supplemental.

5 MR. PAGLIUCA: I will, your Honor. And I start there
6 because that is a primary problem with the -- it's not a
7 supplemental report. I mean, what happened was, in terms of
8 the backdrop here --

9 THE COURT: Let me see if I can shorthand this. What
10 you're complaining about is not the video of Giuffre but the
11 summary.

12 MR. PAGLIUCA: I'm complaining about both, your Honor.
13 And let me explain why.

14 THE COURT: Okay. Forget about the summary for a
15 moment. You didn't get the video at the time the report was
16 filed. You got the report, I think it was September, whenever
17 it was. You didn't get the video, but you did get it before
18 the deposition.

19 MR. PAGLIUCA: Here's the distinction I need the Court
20 to understand. What we got after the report was filed was
21 approximately four hours of video conducted over a two-day time
22 frame. So there's a large portion of video conducted over a
23 two-day time frame. When I arrived at Dr. Kliman's office on
24 November 17th, I believe it was --

25 THE COURT: Well, you were in San Francisco, so what's

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1 wrong with that?

2 MR. PAGLIUCA: I love San Francisco, if I could
3 actually spend some time there, but going from an airport to a
4 hotel and Dr. Kliman's office was not my idea of a good time.

5 So we get there, and I get a 15-megabyte flash drive,
6 which has a lot of things on it, including something I've never
7 seen before.

8 THE COURT: By the way, so was that as a result of a
9 request of yours?

10 MR. PAGLIUCA: Yes.

11 THE COURT: Oh.

12 MR. PAGLIUCA: Yes. We had requested, and in fact
13 issued a subpoena, for all of Dr. Kliman's materials, and, you
14 know, I don't mind things coming in a little bit late in these
15 regards because I can prepare for the deposition. But the
16 problem, your Honor, is, the morning of the deposition, I get
17 this --

18 THE COURT: No. I know.

19 MR. PAGLIUCA: Okay. And it is not simply a --

20 THE COURT: I understand. You got it right just
21 before.

22 MR. PAGLIUCA: But your Honor, this is not clear in
23 the papers, and indulge me, please, for one moment. The video
24 that I get when I get there is a professionally edited video,
25 and it takes different segments of what I was previously

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1 provided and it compiles it in, you know, almost a documentary
2 fashion, if you will. And so we have the plaintiff, in
3 different clips, from different days, and different times,
4 saying things --

5 THE COURT: Of course the other problem is, so that's
6 in September. When was this, late September?

7 MR. PAGLIUCA: No. November 17th.

8 THE COURT: November.

9 MR. PAGLIUCA: So the reports are due in September, we
10 get this in --

11 THE COURT: It would have been nice to have this issue
12 raised then, not now.

13 MR. PAGLIUCA: Well, your Honor, I said to them at the
14 time, you know, I don't believe this is admissible and I don't
15 need to do anything about it. So it's not my -- they're the
16 ones who are not in compliance with the rule, not me. And so
17 if you want to do something about it, I think you need to be
18 prophylactic.

19 THE COURT: Okay. Anything else you want to tell me?

20 MR. PAGLIUCA: Yes, your Honor. Embedded in this
21 edited footage are nine separate statements, advocacy
22 statements by Kliman, such as calling Ms. Maxwell a
23 perpetrator, someone he's never met before, but he feels free
24 to call her a perpetrator in the middle of this videotape. He
25 feels free to opine, you know, in these editorial comments of

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1 his that --

2 THE COURT: That's a whole different issue. Right?

3 MR. PAGLIUCA: Yes. I agree.

4 And finally, your Honor, on this Kliman issue, it
5 seems to me that all of this is -- well, let me back up. Here
6 are the reasons why it's prejudicial, and I don't think we can
7 just say, this is a videotape, so what? I never had the
8 opportunity, because the deadlines expired for experts, to give
9 the edited version to any other expert to analyze the footage,
10 to compare it to the original footage, to see how it was
11 filmed; never had the opportunity to give it to any
12 psychological expert to examine those particular clips and how
13 they were put together.

14 THE COURT: Of course, we could have extended the
15 deadlines if you had wanted.

16 MR. PAGLIUCA: Your Honor, again, I'm not the person
17 who didn't comply with the rule. It's not on me to do that, in
18 my view.

19 THE COURT: Okay.

20 MR. PAGLIUCA: So that's Kliman, your Honor.

21 THE COURT: Okay.

22 MR. PAGLIUCA: Well, and by the way, it's also
23 cumulative testimony. I don't believe that it would be
24 appropriate for the plaintiffs to testify, then have Kliman
25 testify, and then during Kliman's testimony there's this staged

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1 presentation in front of Kliman that he gets to then comment
2 on. And so really what we're doing is we're trying to clean up
3 the in-court testimony by an out-of-court statement to this
4 psychologist that he then gets to stop and opine on for the
5 jury during the middle of all of this. That seems to be
6 cumulative. It's also prejudicial, and it also denies my
7 ability to confront and cross-examine a witness who is
8 appearing for the camera and acting. So that's Kliman.

9 Jansen, your Honor, is a true new report. Dr. Jansen
10 issued his report. We then issue a rebuttal report to
11 Dr. Jansen in which our expert points out that Dr. Jansen
12 didn't record any of the data that he purportedly relies on.
13 So right after we issue our rebuttal report, we get new data
14 from Dr. Jansen, and it's curious because the report by Jansen
15 is written on September 9th but the data that we then get, in
16 response to our subpoena, is November 2nd. That's fine. I
17 go take his deposition, and during his deposition I'm asking
18 him questions about, well, you know, how do you come up with
19 this number? And he can't give me an answer, because he
20 doesn't have any of the material that he purportedly relied on
21 to issue the opinion. So I'm feeling pretty good about all
22 this when we leave because I have a guy who issues a report
23 that doesn't have any underlying data to support it and can't
24 explain to me what these different numbers are and where they
25 came from. You know, two weeks later, I get in the mail, or

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1 email, a supplemental report that is materially different than
2 the report that I deposed this person on. And, you know,
3 materially how? I mean, they want to say, oh, no, he's just
4 doing ongoing work here. Well, the alleged number of articles
5 has more than doubled in his review. The alleged unique users,
6 which is his phrase for somebody who went on a website
7 somewhere, is more than 10 million more, and the other number,
8 which is the number of publications, has also more than
9 doubled. So, you know, that is patently unfair, your Honor, to
10 have somebody go redo their report after they've been
11 cross-examined and come up with different opinions that I've
12 never been able to depose anyone on. That's the problem. They
13 should live with their opinion if it is admissible at all.

14 MS. SCHULTZ: Your Honor, this is Meredith Schultz for
15 Ms. Giuffre.

16 I'll address the Dr. Kliman report first. And what
17 defendant's briefing and what oral argument didn't make clear
18 is that in advance of the deposition, Dr. Kliman provided
19 defense counsel the entire videotaped interview with Ms.
20 Giuffre. They had all the footage already.

21 THE COURT: Wait. In fairness, in advance of the
22 deposition by ten minutes.

23 MS. SCHULTZ: Sorry, your Honor. No. I think that's
24 a misunderstanding. What they received "ten minutes before"
25 were clips of the video. The entire video was produced well in

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1 advance of the deposition. What they're complaining about is
2 that from that entire video certain segments were produced. So
3 they already had that material already. They just didn't have
4 it in a clip form.

5 THE COURT: So you say that the production of the
6 entire video was timely.

7 MS. SCHULTZ: Yes, your Honor. And I would also say
8 that the supplement was timely too. What was on that flash
9 drive, 98 percent of that had already been produced before
10 because they had the full-length video. It did include clips
11 that Dr. Kliman made with subtitles. And then also it had some
12 new billing statements that were more updated that were
13 produced in accordance to Rule 26's requirements to supplement
14 reports. So they had the long-form video ahead of the
15 deposition. The clips of the videos that they already had is
16 what they're complaining about here, and I don't think the
17 briefing makes that clear.

18 With regard to Dr. Jansen, I think there are also some
19 misunderstandings there. The bottom line is that it is very
20 reasonable to get the results that he did in his supplement.
21 And it's based on how search engines index web content. So in
22 the briefing, it says, oh, the supplemental report has articles
23 from before the first report and so it's illegitimate. That's
24 not a correct argument. And I think it's easily confused
25 because of how search engines work. Basically documents that

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1 are the supplemental report, articles prior to September 9th,
2 you know, if one does two searches on different days on a
3 search engine, it's very reasonable to retrieve results during
4 the second search that were published prior to the first
5 search. It all depends on when the search engine added that
6 content to its search index. So that's how search engines
7 work. It's not going to have every single article on that day.
8 It has to be added to the index. So the methodology employed
9 was exactly the same as was employed in the first report. No
10 expert has stated otherwise. And its methodology is rock
11 solid.

12 Counsel for defendant complained about no underlining
13 data, but that's a little -- it's a misstatement. The expert
14 provided what traffic services were used, provided the website
15 domains, the URLs, provided the traffic numbers as well. So
16 the data is there. So employing the exact same methodology to
17 supplement the report, it's no surprise that additional
18 articles are going to come up. For example, search engines
19 will take a major website like the New York Times and crawl
20 that multiple times a day to get new articles. Articles on
21 more obscure websites won't be crawled by the search engine at
22 the same rate. So doing a search on two different days, you
23 are necessarily going to have two different results. And it
24 will even pick up results that predate the first search,
25 because it hasn't been crawled yet by the search engine that

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1 you're using.

2 I know this is a little bit hypertechnical, but I
3 think that understanding is important to understand why a
4 supplemental report varies from the original report. If you
5 did one today, you'd probably have even more articles.

6 THE COURT: Anything else?

7 MS. SCHULTZ: That's all I have.

8 THE COURT: Okay. Let me ask you, defense --

9 MR. PAGLIUCA: Yes, your Honor.

10 THE COURT: -- I gather from that, if I understand it,
11 that it's the edited version on the flash drive, or whatever
12 you call it, that's the one that you want excluded.

13 MR. PAGLIUCA: Correct. Your Honor, as I understand
14 it, that is a proposed trial exhibit, although we haven't had
15 an exhibit list yet. That is a specific rule that relates to
16 trial exhibits. And to be clear, your Honor, there were four
17 separate video clips that were late provided that I didn't
18 complain about because I had them in advance of the deposition.
19 Those four video clips total roughly four hours, give or take.
20 From that four hours there was a professionally made exhibit
21 that -- there are different camera angles displayed in this,
22 the plaintiff has makeup on, the plaintiff is dressed in a
23 suit. It is clearly edited to be an advocacy piece, your
24 Honor. And so that is what was given to me the morning of and
25 I didn't have an opportunity to look at it or cross-examine on

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1 it or give it to anybody to evaluate. That's the problem.

2 THE COURT: Okay. Do you want to add anything on
3 the --

4 MR. PAGLIUCA: On Jansen?

5 THE COURT: Jansen?

6 MR. PAGLIUCA: Yes. I'm not mistaken and there is no
7 misunderstanding here, your Honor. Jansen redid his report to
8 try to take care of the deficiencies in the original report,
9 the deficiencies pointed out in his deposition, and he ended up
10 with substantially different results. That's point number one.

11 Point number two is, it is not accurate to say that
12 the additional 170 articles or multiples of sites postdated his
13 deposition because in the reply -- and it's a bit of a
14 confusing chart, I might add, your Honor. We have the dates of
15 these publications which all show that they predate his
16 deposition and his report, or the majority of them. So there's
17 no excuse for it.

18 THE COURT: Thank you.

19 Next. 302.

20 MS. MENNINGER: Good afternoon, your Honor.

21 As you know, the 302 statement we're talking about
22 here purports to be from an interview with the FBI in 2011
23 about events supposedly occurring in 1997 through 2002, so some
24 14 years later, and the report itself was purportedly written
25 two years after the interview, in 2013. It is so heavily

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1 redacted, we have no idea who the author of the report is.

2 THE COURT: What's the provenance of this report that
3 we're talking about?

4 MS. MENNINGER: It showed up in my discovery.

5 THE COURT: You mean the plaintiff had it?

6 MS. MENNINGER: Plaintiff had it, plaintiff provided
7 it to us in discovery, plaintiff has not explained where it
8 came from.

9 THE COURT: End of story.

10 MS. MENNINGER: Right. The author is redacted, your
11 Honor. I don't know who authored the report.

12 THE COURT: Right. All we know about it is that she
13 had a copy of it.

14 MS. MENNINGER: Apparently someone did and put it into
15 the discovery. I don't know who had it or where they got it.

16 THE COURT: Well, yes. Okay. All right.

17 MS. MENNINGER: So, you know, alluding to that point,
18 your Honor, there are so many redactions, it's unclear who
19 wrote the report, but more importantly, the content of the
20 report is so heavily redacted, we don't know what she's saying.
21 I mean, there are pages where there are just sentence
22 fragments. And so the problem, your Honor, which seems clear
23 to me, is that, to the extent there are statements in there,
24 they are hearsay statements. They are out of court. And so we
25 raised that in our motion *in limine*, your Honor.

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1 In response, the plaintiffs submitted that they're not
2 trying to offer this report for the truth. They're offering it
3 for the fact that their client, they say, reported this
4 information to law enforcement, in 2011. Well, you don't need
5 the report for her to get on the stand and testify that she met
6 with FBI agents in 2011. She can just say that without the
7 report itself coming in. And even if it were to come in, it's
8 unclear why anything in the report is relevant to a disputed
9 fact in our case. We don't know what she reported. We don't
10 see the names of people in there. We can't tell what she said.
11 And because of the redactions, we don't know who she said it
12 to, etc. So we can't talk to that unknown person that's
13 redacted. She apparently must know who she talked to, and she
14 didn't disclose that person, for example, in her Rule 26
15 disclosures, your Honor, so if she talked to someone about the
16 facts of this case, didn't put them in her Rule 26 disclosures,
17 then, your Honor, she's denied us the ability to get in touch
18 with that person.

19 As a backup and completely different argument to
20 "we're not offering it for the truth of the matter,"
21 plaintiff's second argument is that they are offering it for
22 the truth of the matter as a public record under 803(8). Your
23 Honor, we already discussed for you why the document lacks
24 trustworthiness. The source of the information is her. It's
25 self-serving, to the extent it is a statement of fact, because

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1 I can't tell what it says. It would be self-serving. So your
2 Honor, it essentially puts plaintiff in the position of getting
3 on the stand and trying to say what she said to the FBI agent
4 and denying us the ability, because of the redactions, to
5 cross-examine her about what she actually said because the
6 redactions cover up the content for the most part.

7 Your Honor, prior consistent statements, I think our
8 law is clear in the brief that it has to be a specific
9 statement of fact and it has to be predating the motive to lie.
10 This statement came after she had already sold her story to the
11 reporter -- about a month later, I believe. So your Honor, her
12 motive to lie had already arisen at the time it says that this
13 interview was given, and that's all we really know about it.
14 Because the interview with the reporter is actually contained
15 in the FBI statement.

16 MS. McCawley: Good morning, your Honor. It's Sigrid
17 McCawley on behalf of Virginia Giuffre.

18 Your Honor, this is not some obscure document that the
19 Court would not recognize. I'd like to pass up some copies for
20 your Honor. This is an FBI 302 report. It contains the seal
21 of the FBI at the top of it. It contains the date. Can I
22 approach, please.

23 It's a document that's commonly used when FBI agents
24 are conducting their investigations; in fact, it's required.
25 It indicates that the signer of the document, the recorder of

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1 the document, was the individual who conducted the interview.

2 And I'd like to clarify. A statement was made that we
3 have not indicated who was involved in this FBI 302. We
4 produced email traffic about the meeting and about the FBI
5 agents involved in this meeting in discovery, probably nine
6 months ago, your Honor. This FBI 302 has all of the
7 trustworthiness that goes along with one of these documents.
8 Again, it has the seal and everything that is required. Your
9 Honor, it did come to us as a result of a FOIA request that we
10 sent. It is, your Honor, produced in accordance with how the
11 FBI 302s are typically kept. This is a public record under
12 803(8)(a), your Honor.

13 To be clear, it's actually a case that the defendants
14 cited in their brief, *Upstate Shredding*, which is a Southern
15 District of New York case, your Honor, that holds that these
16 types of reports do come into evidence under the public record
17 exception. Similarly, the *Spanierman* case, which is also, your
18 Honor, a Southern District of New York case, similarly holds
19 FBI records like the one that we are seeking to introduce are
20 entered into evidence under this public records exception.

21 So let's take a look at it. Again, at the top
22 right-hand corner you're going to see the FBI seal, you're
23 going to see the date, and you are going to see a lot of detail
24 about the client's interview during this interview. And as you
25 know, your Honor, this comes into play because the FBI was

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1 continuing to investigate Epstein. They flew to Australia to
2 interview our client. She gave her witness statement to them
3 along with other evidence that she produced to them, and that's
4 recorded in this. And why is that important? That's important
5 because in this very case, the defendants have claimed that
6 other witnesses who did not report to law enforcement is
7 problematic. So we want to be able to show this jury that yes,
8 our client did report this to law enforcement, she gave a
9 detailed statement to the FBI about what happened to her during
10 her time with the defendant and Epstein, and it does outline
11 those details, as you'll see looking through it. Of course
12 there are redactions, but that doesn't make the document
13 something that shouldn't be shown to the jury. In fact, it
14 needs to be shown to the jury to show that our client did
15 report her allegations to law enforcement and cooperated with
16 law enforcement. So your Honor, it comes in for that, which is
17 a nonhearsay purpose, to show simply that she did report to
18 authorities, but it also comes in under the hearsay exception
19 of 803(8)(a), so that it can come in as a public record.

20 And let's just look at the prongs of that test. A
21 requires that it was an office activity. This is something
22 that the FBI regularly does. It regularly conducts
23 investigations, meetings with individuals and then records them
24 in these 302s. It was a matter done under their legal duty to
25 report. The FBI is required to have these forms, and that is

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1 why it was recorded in this manner, your Honor. And it also
2 has no indications of a lack of trustworthiness. Again, it
3 says that the writer of the report, on the final page, was the
4 interviewee. They make hay about the dates when the interview
5 was versus the date of recording. That's not unusual either,
6 your Honor. In the course of their work they will record
7 information, interview witnesses, and then make their official
8 recording at the time that it's needed, and that is what
9 happened here, your Honor. So it meets all of the
10 trustworthiness prongs that are necessary for an 803 public
11 record, your Honor, and we believe that it should come in both
12 under that as a hearsay exception and as nonhearsay to show
13 that Ms. Giuffre did report her allegations to law enforcement
14 and cooperated with law enforcement.

15 Thank you, your Honor.

16 MS. MENNINGER: What you did not just hear is -- well,
17 we don't have the FOIA request. We just have counsel
18 testifying that they issued a FOIA request and got this
19 document. We don't know who redacted the document. We don't
20 know whether that was plaintiff's counsel or some other person
21 before they got the document. We don't know when they got it.
22 She's sitting here and telling your Honor she wants to
23 introduce it for the fact that it was reported to law
24 enforcement. Your Honor, this was supposedly a 2011 interview
25 talking about events that happened, as I just mentioned, in

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1 1997 through 2002, so this is not some contemporaneous report
2 to law enforcement. We're talking about, at a minimum, an
3 11-year gap between some report to law enforcement. And you
4 don't need the document. Plaintiff can testify that she talked
5 to the FBI agents when she gets on the stand and she can say
6 she did that in March 2011. But the report itself is nothing
7 but hearsay offered for the truth of the matters asserted, your
8 Honor. I find it wholly improbable, the testimony -- and I'll
9 call it testimony -- by plaintiff's counsel that it's "not
10 unusual" for the FBI to delay writing a report for two years.
11 Your Honor, I practice in this area. I can tell you, it is
12 quite unusual, in my experience, to have an FBI report
13 generated two years after an interview. Was it generated from
14 a recording, or was it generated from memory? Was it generated
15 from notes? We have no idea, because you know what, we don't
16 know who it is that wrote the report that plaintiff says she
17 wants to introduce, and she hasn't provided that person's name.

18 Counsel said that there is no indications of a lack of
19 trustworthiness. In addition to the fact that we don't know
20 its provenance or where it came from, we don't know who wrote
21 it, we don't know when it was written or how, we don't know
22 what it actually says, because your Honor can see with your own
23 two eyes that the vast majority of the content is crossed out.
24 So if they introduce this evidence, we're going to have
25 plaintiff saying, well, what it says beneath that redaction is

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1 XYZ, and I'm going to have no way, your Honor, of
2 cross-examining her with regard to what's underneath the
3 redaction because we don't have it.

4 So your Honor, for all those reasons, it does not meet
5 the test for 803(8)(a). They have asserted, without any
6 substance or proof, that this was pursuant to an authorized
7 investigation. They have asserted that it was prepared in due
8 course after two years. There's no proof. We don't know who
9 wrote it. We don't know what was said. I can't really picture
10 a less reliable document, your Honor.

11 THE COURT: Okay. The CVRA action and the plea and
12 prosecution and so on, and the victim notification letter.

13 MR. PAGLIUCA: Your Honor, we've broken this up, but
14 when I stop, Ms. Menninger can -- I'll tag her and she can come
15 into the ring.

16 THE COURT: That's fine.

17 MR. PAGLIUCA: Your Honor, I'm addressing the CVRA
18 litigation motion, 669. I have to start with first, your
19 Honor, one of my apparently pet peeves in this litigation is
20 the point of all of the pleadings that are being referenced in
21 this particular motion are drafted and filed by the lawyers
22 that are sitting in this room, and it is troubling to me,
23 because when we're arguing about the admissibility of this and
24 what goes to the jury, it seemed inescapable to me that we are
25 then in the position of, whether it's by document or from the

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1 witness stand or from the podium, having lawyers offer facts to
2 a jury, statements to a jury, that they are going to be then
3 arguing are credible, and so we have this joinder motion,
4 drafted by Mr. Edwards and Mr. Cassell, that they would like to
5 introduce into evidence, whole cloth into evidence, that
6 contains the legal arguments and the statements of lawyers,
7 these lawyers, in a motion in another courtroom, of which they
8 will then be arguing to a jury that's all true. And so I don't
9 see how that's any different than a lawyer testifying in court,
10 and so that's, to me, part of the backdrop to this.

11 I also submit, your Honor, that the vast majority --
12 well, frankly, all of these pleadings are not relevant to this
13 action, and I say that because the plaintiffs continue to turn
14 the issue of what's at issue in this case around. They have
15 the burden of proving that what Ms. Maxwell said was false.
16 That's what is at issue. We have to look at Ms. Maxwell's
17 statement issued by Barden and Gow and then go backwards from
18 there. And the burden on the plaintiff is proving falsity of
19 that statement. It is not the situation where -- which is what
20 they're trying to do is to say we have to prove what we said
21 was true, what we the lawyers said was true, and therefore, we
22 get to prove whatever we want to in connection with this
23 litigation. And so it seems to me that we have turned all of
24 this on its head, because instead of saying, the issue is, can
25 the plaintiff meet its burden to prove the statement issued by

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1 Gow and Barden on Maxwell's behalf was false, they are now
2 saying, we want to prove whatever we want to prove is true and
3 that needs to be the focus of this litigation.

4 So with that as the context and the backdrop, your
5 Honor, I simply don't understand or see how any of these
6 pleadings are (A) relevant to this case, and (B) I don't see it
7 or understand how they're simply not self-serving
8 lawyer-vouchered statements, and I haven't heard any reason
9 from the plaintiff, either orally or in writing, as to exactly
10 how the introduction of these documents would be relevant to
11 prove that Ms. Maxwell's statement was false.

12 THE COURT: But look, the problem obviously is that
13 this is the document to which the defendant was responding, or
14 at least portions of it.

15 MR. PAGLIUCA: Can I respond to that, your Honor?

16 THE COURT: Yes.

17 MR. PAGLIUCA: I think that that's what they would
18 like everyone to believe, but indeed, what the plaintiff was
19 responding to were communications from the media about a
20 document, these documents, that she had never seen, and so the
21 factual backdrop here is that -- I mean, this doesn't get
22 dropped on Ms. Maxwell's doorstep in December of 2014. She's
23 getting calls from the media about, What do you have to say
24 about this thing that these lawyers filed in this case in
25 Florida? She is I think in England at the time. I don't

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1 recall, frankly, but I believe she was in England; or her
2 agents certainly are in England who are issuing this release.
3 And so it's not that Ms. Maxwell reads this and then the
4 lawyers issue their statement. So what she's responding to are
5 press reports and calls from the media. I think that's pretty
6 clear by Mr. Barden's declaration in the summary judgment
7 paperwork as well as Mr. Gow's deposition.

8 The other thing that I have been pondering, your
9 Honor, because this is a large problem for this case, is,
10 assume for a moment, your Honor, what you just said is
11 absolutely true, that she's responding to this pleading.

12 Well --

13 THE COURT: But she refers to Giuffre's statement, or
14 allegations.

15 MR. PAGLIUCA: Right.

16 THE COURT: And so it's those allegations that she's
17 responding to.

18 MR. PAGLIUCA: Well, the difficulty I have, your
19 Honor, and I think it's going to be a difficulty we're living
20 with here --

21 THE COURT: But that's what the statement is. And --

22 MR. PAGLIUCA: You asked a question during the summary
23 judgment hearing, and it's a great question: What are the
24 allegations? And I think that's at the heart of dealing with
25 the difficulty in a lot of these issues because as I stand here

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1 today, a year plus into this case, I don't know what they were.

2 And --

3 THE COURT: But we do know in this instance. We know
4 exactly what they are.

5 MR. PAGLIUCA: Well, but let me push back on this for
6 a second, your Honor, because what we're talking about is not a
7 statement by the plaintiff. If that's what we're talking
8 about. If we're talking about this joinder motion, the Jane
9 Doe 102 joinder motion is a legal pleading filed by these two
10 lawyers. And there are no quotation marks in this thing --

11 THE COURT: Of course. That's what an allegation is.

12 MR. PAGLIUCA: Yes, but there are no quotation marks
13 in this. There are no direct quotes. There is a lot of legal
14 hyperbole and conjecture throughout the entire pleading. There
15 are statements by counsel contained in the pleading. And so I
16 asked a question rhetorically: What's she responding to? Is
17 she defaming Mr. Edwards or Mr. Cassell, or is she defaming the
18 plaintiff? When you parse through this pleading, you could be
19 defaming all of these people, if that's what the allegation is.
20 So I think it's problematic to say this is the pleading that is
21 the allegation, because what happens is, this pleading gets
22 filed --

23 THE COURT: But this is an allegation of hers.

24 MR. PAGLIUCA: Of who?

25 THE COURT: Of the plaintiff's.

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1 MR. PAGLIUCA: Well, filed on her behalf by her
2 lawyers.

3 THE COURT: Come on. It's hers. It's her allegation.

4 MR. PAGLIUCA: And she is Jane Doe 102 and it is filed
5 by her lawyers, and that's what they are saying on her behalf.
6 That's what I can say about that, your Honor.

7 THE COURT: I do understand how these documents are
8 prepared.

9 MR. PAGLIUCA: I know you do.

10 THE COURT: This much I got. I've got that. But it's
11 her statement. Come on.

12 Similarly, Ms. Maxwell's statement is her statement,
13 regardless of how it was prepared. So I know the motive issue
14 and all that. Now whether it should be in some form, but your
15 client does not say, "The allegations with respect to me are
16 false."

17 MR. PAGLIUCA: Well, I disagree with that, your Honor.
18 I mean, I believe --

19 THE COURT: They're all false.

20 MR. PAGLIUCA: But I believe a fair reading of that
21 document, the press release by Barden and Gow, is that she's
22 talking about the allegations against her, Maxwell, and she
23 includes Dershowitz, and that's essentially it. I mean, she's
24 not parsing through the 102 pleading and saying, you know, this
25 is wrong and that is wrong. And the fundamental reason for it

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1 is, she's never read the document prior to Barden and Gow
2 issuing the statement, and what she is reacting to are people
3 calling her and saying, you know --

4 THE COURT: Well, whatever she knew. Well, okay. All
5 right.

6 MR. PAGLIUCA: That's it.

7 THE COURT: I guess we're as far as we can go on that.

8 MR. PAGLIUCA: It is whatever she knew. But what is
9 in the document is way broader, much broader, than her base of
10 knowledge, or Barden's or Gow's, at the time this press release
11 issued. So I think that's point number one.

12 Point number two is, they apparently want to introduce
13 a lot more information from the Jane Doe 102 CVRA litigation
14 than this simple document, and we can address those as we go
15 along. If the Court were to deem portions of this relating to
16 Ms. Maxwell and Mr. Dershowitz relevant to this matter, we had
17 proposed, as part of our pleadings, a redacted version of this,
18 which is also to your point just now, your Honor.

19 And my colleague points me directly to the statement,
20 your Honor -- the first line, second sentence. "The
21 allegations made by," and then it says Victoria Roberts, which
22 is inaccurate by the drafter, "against Ghislaine Maxwell are
23 untrue." And then it follows. But that is the backdrop to
24 this. And she's responding to things about herself, not about
25 anybody else that are contained in this pleading.

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1 MR. CASSELL: And we have a point of agreement here,
2 your Honor, now. We agree with the last point. The
3 allegations that Ms. Giuffre made against Maxwell are what's at
4 issue in this case, not allegations against, you know, third --
5 Maxwell and of course Epstein, those kinds of things, but not
6 other irrelevant players. But I think your Honor was exactly
7 right.

8 THE COURT: Well, so you would have no objection to
9 the introduction of the motion to intervene, the portions that
10 describe Maxwell or talk about Maxwell.

11 MR. CASSELL: And Epstein, of course.

12 MS. MENNINGER: No.

13 MR. CASSELL: And Epstein. Because Maxwell isn't
14 running around recruiting girls just for herself; she's running
15 around recruiting girls for Epstein. So the allegation is
16 against Maxwell and Epstein. The allegation that Ms. Giuffre
17 made was that Maxwell was recruiting girls to give to her
18 boyfriend Epstein, so the allegations against Maxwell --

19 THE COURT: So you would not object to the redaction
20 of everything else in that motion.

21 MR. CASSELL: The principle is correct. The devil, of
22 course, is in the details, because when you look at what
23 they've redacted, here's one of the things they want to redact.
24 Maxwell -- they want to redact this: "was a primary
25 co-conspirator in Epstein's sexual abuse and sex trafficking

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1 scheme." They want to redact, She recruited in a manner --
2 this is what they want to redact, "in a fashion very similar to
3 the manner in which Epstein and his co-conspirators coerced
4 dozens of other children." So they want to redact everything
5 that provides the context for what the allegations are.

6 Ms. Giuffre wasn't saying, hey, on one Tuesday I happened to
7 bump into Maxwell and something happened. She was alleging a
8 broader pattern of activity, that she was recruited into, as
9 your Honor well knows, sex trafficking by Maxwell and Epstein.
10 And so what I think --

11 THE COURT: Well, her allegation is that Maxwell was a
12 co-conspirator.

13 MR. CASSELL: Correct.

14 THE COURT: We're not talking about --

15 MR. CASSELL: Yes, we are talking --

16 THE COURT: In our case, in our case, there's no crime
17 charged. I mean, I understand the underlying --

18 MR. CASSELL: Sure.

19 THE COURT: -- facts. So it would be anything, in the
20 motion to intervene, that dealt with obviously Maxwell directly
21 or a co-conspirator.

22 MR. CASSELL: That's right. And the main
23 co-conspirator here would be Epstein, of course. These girls
24 were not being recruited, you know, just for Maxwell's personal
25 consumption but for, obviously, Epstein, to satisfy Epstein's

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1 sexual desires. When you look at what they're trying to
2 redact, I think they're trying to make a mismatch out of the
3 original allegations so it will be difficult for us to explain
4 to the jury, well, why was this woman running around recruiting
5 young girls if we can't mention, well, she was recruiting the
6 young girls to take the sexual pressure off her and to satisfy
7 the sexual desires of Mr. Epstein. That's why there was this
8 vast --

9 THE COURT: Anything else you want to tell me?

10 MR. CASSELL: Yes, your Honor. I mean, it's critical
11 to use the context here. As your Honor is pointing out -- and
12 I think you're even getting pushback from them on this basic
13 point. This is the core of the case. These were the original
14 allegations that Ms. Giuffre made, and they say this wasn't
15 what she was responding to. If you look at, for example, their
16 pleading on June 6 of last year, there was only one public
17 statement that existed on January 2nd to which Ms. Maxwell
18 was responding. The document is the joinder motion filed in
19 the Crime Victims' Rights Act case on behalf of plaintiff.
20 That's what they said. That's what we said. We want to show
21 to the jury the one document that set off this whole defamatory
22 backlash, and what they want to do then is to redact it and
23 essentially take out things like references to Maxwell being a
24 co-conspirator, which means we won't be able to explain to the
25 jury the appropriate context here.

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1 Also, the other point that's I think important to
2 remember is we're going to be seeking not just compensatory
3 damages but punitive damages, and when we get to that point,
4 which will be part of the initial phase -- I know the financial
5 issues may be different, but we're going to be arguing our
6 punitive damages case in the initial portion of the trial -- we
7 have to prove that she acted with actual malice. Her state of
8 mind is obviously a critical issue. And so the jury's going to
9 be wondering, well, why would she do this? One of the points
10 that we need to make is, why was Ms. Giuffre trying to get into
11 this case in Florida? It was a Crime Victims' Rights Act case.
12 It was designed to rip up a plea agreement, a nonprosecution
13 agreement. And that agreement said all of Epstein's
14 co-conspirators get a free pass from criminal prosecution in
15 Florida. Which directly goes to Ms. Maxwell's motivation for
16 all this.

17 THE COURT: How do we know that?

18 MR. CASSELL: Well, because we're going to be arguing
19 that. We have --

20 THE COURT: No. Arguing. How do we know that the
21 nonprosecution agreement gave immunity to Ms. Maxwell?

22 MR. CASSELL: Because it says it extends immunity to
23 any of the "potential co-conspirators of Epstein." And we will
24 introduce ample evidence at trial from which a reasonable jury
25 could conclude that one of the potential co-conspirators of

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1 Epstein was Maxwell. In fact, she was the number two, the most
2 likely co-conspirator that benefited from that; his right-hand
3 girl. His right-hand woman. I'm sorry. Ms. Maxwell. And so
4 who got the benefit of that immunity provision? We're going to
5 present to the jury it's Maxwell who got the benefit of the
6 immunity provision. So why was it that she came out all guns
7 blazing when Ms. Giuffre filed a motion to join, to rip up the
8 nonprosecution agreement? Because she had a horse in that
9 race. She was trying to protect immunity for herself.

10 And so again, we bear the burden of proving that she
11 acted with actual malice, that is, from a vindictive motive
12 rather than for benign reasons. And of course trying to keep
13 yourself immune from crimes you've committed is a classic
14 example of acting with actual malice. And that again is just
15 one of the arguments, and we're going to be able to connect all
16 those links in the chain through cross-examining Maxwell,
17 through cross-examining Epstein, and by also introducing ample
18 documents, presenting evidence of her direct involvement in
19 criminal offenses. And I realize crimes haven't been charged,
20 but we're going to show that there are going to be ample crimes
21 that could have been charged, which is why she needed the
22 immunity that was extended by the nonprosecution agreement.
23 And which is why she attacked Ms. Giuffre, in an effort to try
24 to make her allegations seem noncredible.

25 And, I mean, if I understood the motion, they were

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1 sort of just saying, well, we're not really sure whether she's
2 a victim or not. That's going to have to be proven to the
3 jury. Fair point. We have no objection saying, look, these
4 documents are coming in because they show the initial
5 allegations that Ms. Giuffre made. It's up to the plaintiffs
6 to introduce evidence and to prove that's all true. We're
7 going to shoulder that burden at trial. But what this motion
8 seems to be designed to do, in our point of view, is to take
9 out things like the allegation that Ms. Giuffre was a
10 co-conspirator of Epstein. They don't want the jury to hear
11 that, and of course that is a pivotal part of our case.

12 MR. PAGLIUCA: They used the term "actual malice." I
13 use the term "actual nonsense," your Honor.

14 You know, I first have to say, unless we're going to
15 close the courtroom or I get to respond in kind, half of what
16 this argument is is in violation of the protective order right
17 here. And it's lawyer argument. And there are no facts to
18 back it up.

19 Let's talk about the nonprosecution agreement. It is
20 absolutely factual, Ms. Maxwell was never, not once, ever,
21 contacted by the Palm Beach Police in reference to this
22 investigation. She was never, not once, contacted by the FBI
23 or the U.S. Attorney's Office in reference to this
24 investigation. She testified in her deposition that she didn't
25 hire a lawyer because she wasn't at risk in any of this. She

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1 didn't even know about any of this, your Honor. That's the
2 evidence in this case. There is zero evidence that will be
3 produced at trial to put Ms. Maxwell in any of this, in any of
4 the investigation. The lead detective, Recarey, never spoke to
5 her, never tried to call her. And when I asked him questions
6 about, you know, what did you know about Ms. Maxwell when you
7 were doing this investigation, his answer was, "Nothing." So
8 that's the backdrop to this.

9 There are in fact certain individuals named directly
10 as co-conspirators of Epstein's in the nonprosecution
11 agreement. Maxwell is not one of them. She had absolutely no
12 hand in crafting that agreement; none whatsoever. She never
13 talked to anybody; she never had a lawyer talk to anybody on
14 her behalf. So to start with the proposition that she then has
15 to eat this nonprosecution agreement in this case is absolute
16 nonsense. You want to take the backdrop to this in terms of
17 what the investigation was, there were a number of individuals
18 that were presented to the Florida State grand jury as a result
19 of the state investigation. Maxwell was not one of them. Not
20 at all. Never on anybody's radar about any of this. She
21 didn't need to participate in this and she didn't know anything
22 about it. That makes this nonprosecution agreement wholly
23 irrelevant as it relates to Ms. Maxwell.

24 And the entire argument you just heard is these two
25 lawyers' argument in the CVRA litigation that they now want to

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1 present from here to this jury during the course of this trial,
2 which is, again, wholly improper.

3 There is no evidence -- and in fact direct testimony
4 is contrary to this -- that Ms. Maxwell knew about a
5 nonprosecution agreement, knew about Epstein's plea agreement,
6 knew about any of these things. So the idea that somehow this
7 goes to actual malice is, again, actual nonsense. Because in
8 order for it to be malice, in some fashion you have to know
9 about it. And they have no evidence, they can present no
10 evidence that she knew about any of these things. There will
11 be no witness who gets on the witness stand who says Maxwell
12 knew about the nonprosecution agreement, Maxwell knew about
13 Epstein's immunity, Maxwell knew about Epstein's deal. Not
14 one. So the notion that they can then say, oh, you know, this
15 has something to do with her motive, well, all of the case law,
16 all of the case law on this issue, on introducing these kinds
17 of things to prove knowledge, requires that the person you're
18 introducing against actually knew about it. There is not one
19 case that they can cite, and they haven't cited, that says, I'm
20 going to introduce it for notice or knowledge. Well, you have
21 to know about it. The person has to know about it for it to be
22 introduced as notice or knowledge.

23 Again, I have to go back to the statement, your Honor.
24 What they're trying to do is very selectively say, we like this
25 evidence so, oh, yeah, that's something that is part of what

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1 we're going after; we don't like this evidence so of course
2 that's not what was at issue here. The statement doesn't say
3 Epstein in this statement. Not one mention of Epstein in this
4 statement. And I vigorously dispute the notion that because
5 lawyers put in a pleading, called someone a co-conspirator,
6 these two lawyers put in their pleading identifying somebody as
7 a co-conspirator when there's no evidence of that, that they
8 then, these two same lawyers, get to come into a courtroom and
9 give that to a jury and say, see, that was in this pleading
10 here. Well, there's no evidence of that. And they're not
11 going to produce any evidence of that.

12 And, by the way, your Honor, what we have to talk
13 about here are factual assertions, in a defamation case. We're
14 not talking about opinions. And what is the determination of
15 whether someone is a co-conspirator or not, your Honor? First
16 of all, it's a legal decision that certainly a layperson is not
17 qualified to make. You have conducted 801(d)(2)(E) hearings
18 for, you know, as long as I've been alive, I think, and you're
19 the one who's making those determinations after the
20 consideration of evidence. So to say that somebody can say
21 someone is a co-conspirator and then you issue a press release
22 that doesn't say, "I deny being a co-conspirator," that doesn't
23 talk about that document at all other than to say Jane Doe 3 is
24 Virginia Roberts, to then say we get to introduce a bunch of
25 evidence because we said she was a co-conspirator against her

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1 stands this case right on its head. That is not a factual
2 assertion by Ms. Giuffre that my client is a co-conspirator;
3 that's opinion. And what we are concerned about here, I think
4 as you pointed out in the very beginning of this case, is that
5 we're not dealing with opinions, we're dealing with facts and
6 factual assertions, which are at the heart of the defamation
7 claim, not lawyer opinions in a pleading.

8 Thank you.

9 MR. CASSELL: May I just briefly respond, your Honor?

10 MR. PAGLIUCA: You know, this is my motion, and I
11 don't think he gets that.

12 THE COURT: Yes.

13 MR. CASSELL: All right. Thank you, your Honor.

14 THE COURT: I take it that that concludes everything
15 anybody wants to say about the Epstein plea and his
16 registration.

17 MR. EDWARDS: No, your Honor. I was going to address
18 that separately. I don't know if there's an additional
19 argument from counsel. It was their motion, so if it is,
20 then --

21 THE COURT: Yes. Okay.

22 MR. EDWARDS: And by the way, this is Brad Edwards on
23 behalf of Ms. Giuffre, but I believe it's their up.

24 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, a couple more points.
25 They are related to what was just articulated for your Honor.

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1 But I think they are somewhat distinct.

2 With respect to the plea agreement, what we're talking
3 about here is Mr. Epstein entered a plea agreement with the
4 state of Florida, the district attorney's office. Again, as my
5 co-counsel just articulated, there's no evidence that
6 Ms. Maxwell had any participation in, knowledge of, etc., with
7 regard to that plea agreement. The same is true with respect
8 to the nonprosecution agreement, which was the federal side.
9 And then finally, he also moved to exclude any references to
10 Mr. Epstein's sex offender registration. All of these are
11 out-of-court statements. These documents are out-of-court
12 statements that they would like to introduce, they say in their
13 papers, for the "effect on the hearer," which, again, your
14 Honor, requires that the hearer actually have heard of them or
15 have seen them, and they have no evidence whatsoever that
16 Ms. Maxwell ever had possession of those documents. In fact,
17 when they asked her about this at deposition, she said that she
18 had not actually ever seen those documents.

19 The documents that were produced in discovery are
20 incomplete, by the way. I don't even have some of the
21 documents they reference in their response. They're talking
22 about lists of victims that were attached to some plea
23 agreements. It hasn't been given to me. It hasn't been given
24 to us. I still haven't seen it to this day.

25 And finally, your Honor, they claim, again, this

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1 notion that this somehow goes to Ms. Maxwell's state of mind.
2 And that reflects right back, your Honor, on counsel's argument
3 that we just had, which is, you can't have an effect on a state
4 of mind if you've never actually seen the document.

5 I had a couple more comments on the notification, the
6 victim notification letter, your Honor. While I'm here, I'll
7 just add those to it.

8 THE COURT: Sure.

9 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, the victim notification
10 letter, if you will, as it's been called in this litigation,
11 was purportedly sent to plaintiff in 2008, which is three years
12 before that FBI interview we were just talking about a minute
13 ago, in 2011. So at the time this so-called victim
14 notification letter says it was sent, plaintiff had never even
15 spoken to law enforcement. So it is entirely unclear on what
16 basis anybody reached a legal conclusion that plaintiff was the
17 victim of a federal crime. Even looking at the document
18 itself, your Honor, the document doesn't say on what grounds
19 anyone determined her to have been a victim. It doesn't say
20 who decided that. It doesn't say what evidence they looked at.
21 Doesn't say when they reached that conclusion. And more
22 importantly, it says she was identified as a victim of crimes
23 by Mr. Epstein. You can scour that document in vain trying to
24 find any reference to Ms. Maxwell. It's not in there.

25 Your Honor, at the same time that particular document

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1 was supposedly sent to plaintiff, the US attorney at the time,
2 Mr. Acosta, also sent a letter saying that he believed it was
3 preferable to have engaged in that kind of plea bargaining with
4 Mr. Epstein because they had a risk of not winning at trial.
5 In other words, your Honor, he didn't believe he had sufficient
6 evidence for a conviction against Mr. Epstein, thereby
7 undermining anybody's suggestion that that victim notification
8 letter actually was any type of adjudication or determination
9 that Ms. Giuffre was in fact a victim. There is no grounds
10 within the letter or outside the circumstances of the letter to
11 explain who reached a conclusion, why or when. It is, your
12 Honor, inadmissible hearsay. It does not meet the
13 trustworthiness requirement for an 803(8) public record. Even
14 if, for example, a person could come in and authenticate the
15 record and explain its provenance, no such witness has been
16 identified by plaintiff to do that. And I submit, your Honor,
17 they cannot.

18 THE COURT: The problem that I see is that, I
19 understand the argument about the truth of the notification,
20 whether or not she's a victim. I get that. But it is an
21 explanation of her standing or her view of her standing in the
22 CVRA litigation.

23 MS. MENNINGER: Well, your Honor, that's an
24 interesting point. The letter does itself talk about, there's
25 been a challenge to the way in which victims have been

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1 notified, and if you want any more information about that,
2 here's a lawyer you can get in touch with. So supposedly she
3 got this letter in 2008, right? When, your Honor -- pop quiz
4 here -- did she file a joinder motion trying to join that CVRA
5 litigation? December 30, 2014. So we have in excess of a
6 six-year gap between being notified that there is some kind of
7 CVRA litigation and her effort to join that litigation. And in
8 the interim, your Honor, she had counsel. Not these two
9 counsel. She did get them in 2011. But in 2009 she had her
10 own lawyer, who is identified in that letter. And so what we
11 have is a letter, we don't know the provenance of it, but it
12 does give her some notice about her rights in the CVRA
13 litigation, telling her who to contact. She doesn't do that
14 for six years.

15 I think, your Honor, we are looking at having an
16 entire -- I don't even want to call it a sideshow, just an
17 entire CVRA litigation in this courtroom, because if that
18 letter comes in, then we are necessarily going to have to
19 explain a whole lot of law, a whole lot of facts to this jury
20 that are not pertinent to the statement issued by Ms. Maxwell's
21 counsel and press agent. We are going to have jury
22 instructions about what the Crime Victims' Rights Act means,
23 we're going to have Judge Marra's order explaining why did
24 someone wait six years and put in all these allegations about
25 nonparties like Ms. Maxwell, Mr. Dershowitz, and striking them.

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1 And I mean striking them. You can't go on Pacer right now and
2 get that joinder motion because he struck them. So we're
3 talking about then taking all of that information, that legal
4 discussion and factual discussion -- there's other Jane Does,
5 we're talking about 404(b) there, some other things we'd move
6 to redact, there was a Jane Doe 4 who also wasn't allowed to
7 join who has completely different allegations. We're talking
8 about things that are in those documents and law and rulings
9 that are frankly, you know -- Ms. Maxwell certainly wasn't a
10 part of the CVRA litigation so we haven't had an opportunity to
11 even get all this information. We've had to subpoena these
12 counsel for information, and they've moved to quash all of
13 those subpoenas, your Honor. Even when we're asking, what is
14 it that you even have from that litigation that relates to our
15 litigation? They don't even want to provide that. But they
16 want to come in here and bring in letters and plea agreements
17 and all this other stuff that they've been litigating against
18 Epstein but Ms. Maxwell has had no part of because she was not
19 one of the people accused, by anybody else, except this
20 plaintiff.

21 THE COURT: The difficulty, obviously, is the -- and
22 we're back to where we were some moments ago, of allegations.

23 MS. MENNINGER: It's not really that difficult because
24 we've had depositions of people like Ms. Maxwell. We've had
25 depositions of Mr. Gow. You know, they've had an opportunity

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1 to develop this factual record. And guess what? No facts have
2 supported that anybody gave a copy of that CVRA joinder motion
3 to Ms. Maxwell. They didn't send it to her. They sent it to
4 the press. They called the press and told the press, cover
5 this motion. But they didn't send it to Ms. Maxwell. So they
6 don't have any evidence that she actually had the document.
7 What they have evidence of, Mr. Gow testified to, is she was
8 getting calls and he was getting calls from the press asking
9 for a response and, frankly, suggesting that there was a new
10 person out there who was making allegations against
11 Ms. Maxwell, when it turned out no other person has made
12 allegations against Ms. Maxwell, only plaintiff has done that.
13 And so the very first line of the statement, your Honor, is,
14 this is not a new person, this is the same person from 2011
15 that I already issued a statement about, and it talks directly
16 about, the allegations against Ghislaine Maxwell are untrue.
17 It doesn't say the allegations against Jeffrey Epstein are
18 untrue. It doesn't say the allegation about being a
19 co-conspirator, that part's untrue. It just talks about the
20 allegations against Ms. Maxwell.

21 THE COURT: But correct me if I'm wrong. There were
22 no allegations prior to this time of misbehavior by
23 Ms. Maxwell.

24 MS. MENNINGER: That's untrue, your Honor. Plaintiff
25 sold her story to Sharon Churcher. When she sold her story to

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1 Sharon Churcher, she made some allegations against Ms. Maxwell
2 then.

3 THE COURT: Oh, all right.

4 MS. MENNINGER: And you know what? Ms. Maxwell issued
5 a press release, an actual one that's out on the wires back in
6 2011, so when she's referring in this one to "already been
7 responded to," she's got that prior statement that's out,
8 still. You can go on the internet yourself right now and get
9 it.

10 THE COURT: So there were statements in the initial
11 story about Ms. Maxwell.

12 MS. MENNINGER: They were different. I mean, that was
13 part of this point is that over time the statements from 2011
14 were more minimal, and then by 2014, they had grown. That's
15 one of the points that was actually made in the --

16 THE COURT: What were they?

17 MS. MENNINGER: At first she says she was the one,
18 that Ms. Maxwell was the one who introduced her to Epstein but
19 it was a different woman who led her upstairs to engage in
20 sexual contact with Mr. Epstein and that that other person is
21 the one who actually showed her and trained her how to be a
22 masseuse. That's what she said in the Sharon Churcher
23 published articles.

24 THE COURT: And that's the only reference to Maxwell
25 in the Churcher articles.

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1 MS. MENNINGER: In the first Churcher article. But
2 your Honor, Ms. Churcher ran a series of articles in 2011 that
3 she had a, you know, an exclusive contract for a certain period
4 of time to keep publishing different stories. So that was the
5 first one. It got bigger and bigger as time went on.

6 MR. EDWARDS: Your Honor, Brad Edwards on behalf of
7 Ms. Giuffre. I prepared notebooks for a separate hearing, but
8 this hearing has evolved into a need for these notebooks, so
9 may I approach, your Honor? I believe it will help all of us
10 to focus on the issues.

11 And your Honor, I took the liberty to highlight
12 portions of it, and if by any means somebody believes, in
13 reading more of what is in this notebook, that other portions
14 may be helpful, then that's okay. But just to kind of focus
15 what this case is about. And for me, the parameters of this
16 case are defined by the statements and by the law governing
17 defamation. And if we start with, under Tab 1, Ms. Maxwell's
18 statement, line 1 is, "The allegations made against Ms. Maxwell
19 are untrue." So we are in agreement -- it's the allegations
20 made against Ms. Maxwell. Sentence two: "The original
21 allegations are not new and have been fully responded to and
22 shown to be untrue." So we have to first find the allegations
23 against Ms. Maxwell that she's responded to, and then for the
24 second sentence, what were the original allegations, and that
25 she fully responded to and shown to be untrue, and that's where

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1 we go to -- Tab 2 is the CVRA motion, and within that motion
2 there are allegations about Ms. Maxwell. There are also
3 allegations about others. We agree; the allegations that are
4 exclusively about others and are not related to Ms. Maxwell or
5 do not provide context for the allegations against Ms. Maxwell
6 are not relevant to this action. We go to the second sentence
7 of Ms. Maxwell's statement, which refers to the original
8 allegation, and we find the original allegations -- your Honor
9 just asked the question, were there previous allegations, and
10 there were. And under Tab 3, *Jane Doe 102 v. Epstein*, which
11 has been referred to today in this hearing, that was an action
12 that was filed by Virginia Roberts in 2009. Those were the
13 first allegations about Ms. Maxwell. And again, they're --

14 THE COURT: But there's no evidence, or is there, of
15 Maxwell's knowledge of that case or those allegations.

16 MR. EDWARDS: There is, and I will explain. Beginning
17 in paragraph 17 of the Jane Doe 102 complaint through
18 paragraph 19, there are -- yeah, 17 through 19 -- there are
19 allegations about Ms. Maxwell.

20 In 2011, which is Tab 4 and 5, two articles come out.
21 If we start with Tab 4, that is one of the articles that was
22 being referred to by Ms. Maxwell, and the first line, the title
23 of the article is, "Prince Andrew and the 17-year-old girl his
24 sex offender friend flew to Britain." The next line down says,
25 "Virginia Roberts reveals she is Jane Doe 102 in the Epstein

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1 action." It's talking about the original allegations from Jane
2 Doe 102. That is in the body of the 2011 article.

3 And there are more allegations within these articles
4 paraphrasing what was in Jane Doe 102 as well as elaborating
5 upon them through an interview that Virginia Roberts had, and
6 it results in a second article, a few days later, issued
7 March 7, 2011, that is entitled, "Epstein's Girl Friday fixer,"
8 and the article is about Ms. Maxwell. And after that article,
9 a few days later, Ms. Maxwell issues a statement saying, "The
10 allegations against me are abhorrent and entirely untrue,"
11 which she adopts in the first statement.

12 So this book contains the universe of statements --

13 THE COURT: Yes, I understand that obviously she was
14 responding to this Churcher article, but there's nothing to me
15 that indicates that she was responding to the Epstein
16 complaint.

17 MR. EDWARDS: Well, she's responding to what she says
18 are the original allegations. The original allegations were in
19 Jane Doe 102 that's referred to in the Churcher articles. So
20 for certain, by 2011, she's looking at Jane Doe 102 to learn --

21 THE COURT: Well, that's a leap.

22 MR. EDWARDS: Well, it may be, and she can get on the
23 stand and say, I saw that, that it said Jane Doe 102. This was
24 my boss who had gone to jail, who had been sued.

25 And so let me go into the second part of this, which

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1 deals with the admissibility of things like the nonprosecution
2 agreement, Jeffrey Epstein's plea, his sex offender
3 registration, because if it relates to Ms. Maxwell's statement
4 or the statement that Ms. Maxwell refers to, then it's
5 relevant. Or it goes to an element of defamation. If it does
6 not, then it cannot. And so the thing that I will tell you
7 about those documents is, Ms. Maxwell has admitted she was
8 employed by Mr. Epstein from a time period well before he went
9 to jail until 2009, until he's out of jail. She's on flight
10 logs with him. She's his number one employee. In fact, when
11 we took, in a separate case, Mr. Dershowitz' deposition on
12 specifically the topic of what did Jeffrey Epstein tell you
13 about Virginia's allegations, or what did Ms. Maxwell tell
14 you --

15 THE COURT: Give me a break. This I don't need, do I?

16 MR. EDWARDS: Well, I'm only bringing it up for the
17 last point, which is, he says: There was a joint defense
18 agreement in place during the 2005-2006 allegations between
19 Ghislaine Maxwell and Jeffrey Epstein. Therefore I can't give
20 you the answers. So we're talking about --

21 THE COURT: As far as I know, there's no evidence
22 available to me of a joint defense agreement.

23 MR. EDWARDS: Okay. I only know what was testified to
24 in sworn testimony, so I presume --

25 THE COURT: But it's not in this case.

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1 MR. EDWARDS: Okay.

2 THE COURT: So problems enough I've got.

3 MR. EDWARDS: I understand. I understand, your Honor.

4 So at a time when Jeffrey Epstein is investigated, Ghislaine
5 Maxwell is flying on his plane, she's vacationing with him. We
6 have flight logs, we have photographs that were taken during
7 that time.

8 THE COURT: So what --

9 MR. EDWARDS: So she knows --

10 THE COURT: -- relative to what we're dealing with?

11 MR. EDWARDS: So she knows that he's pleading guilty.

12 THE COURT: You mean because she was on the plane I
13 can say she knows that he pled guilty?

14 MR. EDWARDS: She knows her employer went to jail
15 while --

16 THE COURT: Okay. She knows the employer went to
17 jail. So?

18 MR. EDWARDS: It's a public record that --

19 THE COURT: Okay. So?

20 MR. EDWARDS: -- that he's on the sex offender
21 registration.

22 THE COURT: Okay. Agreed.

23 MR. EDWARDS: So at the time --

24 THE COURT: So?

25 MR. EDWARDS: So at the time she issues her statement

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1 in 2015, which is, all of these allegations that deal with
2 Jeffrey Epstein and Ghislaine Maxwell, all of those allegations
3 are untrue, she has the ability to know all of the public
4 information that would tell her this is factually true.

5 THE COURT: But that's not -- okay. All right.

6 MR. EDWARDS: She can definitely --

7 THE COURT: It doesn't wash. You know it doesn't
8 wash. You must know it doesn't wash.

9 MR. EDWARDS: I'm not saying she can't get on the
10 stand and say she doesn't know. I get that. But for her to be
11 the main employee and not know what's going on in his life when
12 everybody knows --

13 THE COURT: Well, okay. All right. What's next?

14 MS. SCHULTZ: Your Honor, I'd like --

15 MR. PAGLIUCA: I'd like to respond to this joint
16 defense agreement issue just raised by Mr. Edwards.

17 You're going to see a pleading later today that is
18 going to have the actual Dershowitz transcript testimony in
19 this, and this is now, again, I say lawyer testimony here,
20 unsupported by the facts. There is no joint defense agreement
21 between Maxwell and Dershowitz. I've told these lawyers that
22 ten times now. When you go back to the Dershowitz transcript,
23 which I have appended the portions of the pages they're now
24 talking about, Dershowitz is asked a question by -- not
25 Mr. Edwards, who's the defendant in that case, your Honor, and

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1 the plaintiff and counterclaimant are the defendant in that
2 case. Who's in the room. Dershowitz is asked a question: Did
3 you talk to Maxwell? And Dershowitz says: Gee, I think that
4 may be privileged and I'm not going to answer. And I'm
5 paraphrasing, but you will have this testimony. There's then
6 an objection by the lawyer who's representing Mr. Edwards,
7 about: Is this a legitimate assertion of joint defense
8 privilege? Dershowitz then says: Well, you know, I know that
9 I talked to people who were alleged as co-conspirators, and I
10 think that comes under Epstein's privilege. Mr. Edwards, in
11 the transcript, who is a party litigant, says: She wasn't a
12 co-conspirator. That's what he says in this transcript, which
13 you will see. He makes that affirmative representation to the
14 special master and Dershowitz. Then Dershowitz says: Gee,
15 this was a long time ago. I may be wrong about that, but I'm
16 going to err on the side of invoking the privilege. And the
17 special master says: Well, we can figure all this out later.
18 If there is a joint defense agreement, you know, produce it and
19 they can complain about it. They've taken that and
20 disingenuously represented in pleadings and now again in court
21 that there is some joint defense agreement with my client,
22 which is emblematic of the problem of having lawyers as
23 witnesses in this case, your Honor.

24 MS. SCHULTZ: Your Honor, just to respond specifically
25 with regard to the victim notification letter, if your Honor

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1 will allow, I'd like to approach and give you a copy of it.

2 Your Honor, you have the briefing in front of you so
3 you have our reasons why this should be admissible at trial. I
4 would just like to add to that we have a witness who can
5 authenticate this letter as well. It's Jeffrey Epstein. He
6 can authenticate what went into this letter, who it went to,
7 and why it did when he testifies.

8 I would also add that the chronology of events here is
9 really relevant and this victim notification letter comes into
10 play. You can see Ms. Giuffre received this in 2008. Several
11 months later, she filed suit against Jeffrey Epstein pursuant
12 to this letter in the Jane Doe 102 complaint. Paragraph 29 of
13 that complaint references this specific letter, and of course
14 that complaint is referenced in the Churcher articles, which is
15 referenced by Ms. Maxwell's first public statement about
16 Ms. Giuffre in 2011. So almost like a Russian nesting doll,
17 all this information is contained in the next document and the
18 next document and the next document.

19 This letter actually should also come in under 803(8)
20 as a public record.

21 THE COURT: Forgive me. What does Churcher say about
22 the Jane Doe complaint?

23 MS. SCHULTZ: She says that Virginia Roberts is the
24 Jane Doe of that complaint, and that complaint says that
25 Maxwell was a recruiter and abuser, and that complaint also

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1 says that Ms. Giuffre received the victim notification letter.

2 Okay. It says: In her civil writ against him, under
3 a pseudonym, Jane Doe 102, she alleged that her duties included
4 being sexually exploited by Epstein's adult male peers, and it
5 says what her real name is, and of course these articles to
6 which defendant responded mention defendant as well.

7 THE COURT: Yes. Ms. Maxwell is not saying that the
8 article was false with respect to the filing of that complaint,
9 right?

10 MS. SCHULTZ: I'm sorry. I apologize, your Honor. I
11 don't think I follow your question. I think that Ms. Maxwell
12 knew about the Churcher article, which told her about the
13 litigation against Epstein.

14 THE COURT: It told her there was a complaint.

15 MS. SCHULTZ: Your Honor, this is also a public record
16 that should come in under 803(8). This came from a public
17 office, the United States Department of Justice. It contains
18 findings of a legally authorized investigation into the sex
19 crimes of Epstein. Defendant cannot make a showing that it
20 lacks trustworthiness. She does not cite to any cases in which
21 a victim notification letter has been excluded. Defendant has
22 in her briefing tried to recharacterize this as a witness
23 notification letter, but that's not what this is. It says
24 right at the top, Jeffrey Epstein, Virginia Roberts,
25 Notification of Identified Victims, not identified witness.

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1 The Seventh Circuit case cited by defendant can be
2 distinguished because in that case someone was trying to show
3 that he wasn't a criminal and that he was a victim instead.
4 That's not the situation here. So this has all the components
5 to warrant admission under 803(8).

6 And one more point. Alex Acosta never said he didn't
7 have enough evidence to convict Epstein. He said it was a risk
8 to go to trial. Every trial is a risk, and a decision not to
9 go to trial against someone does not mean that any of these
10 victims were not victims. It's a decision an attorney made
11 about whether to go to trial or to seek restitution in a
12 different manner.

13 That's all I have on that.

14 THE COURT: Tell me again why you think this is
15 relevant.

16 MS. SCHULTZ: I think, your Honor, that it goes to the
17 state of mind that Maxwell had when she issued her defamatory
18 statement. She knew that Ms. Giuffre had brought this claim
19 against Epstein and the rubric under which she brought it
20 because she knew about the Churcher article, alerted her to it.
21 She had that knowledge for nearly five years. This was 2011.
22 She made a defamatory statement in 2015.

23 THE COURT: She knew that a case had been brought by
24 Giuffre against Epstein, right?

25 MS. SCHULTZ: Yes, sir. Yes, your Honor.

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1 THE COURT: More than that?

2 MS. SCHULTZ: It also shows that she knew about
3 Ms. Giuffre's standing under the CVRA joinder motion, because
4 that's also in this letter. And defendant did testify that she
5 knew why her boyfriend went to jail. She testified that she
6 knew about that. So it's kind of disingenuous to say that
7 defendant had no idea what was going on and all of a sudden in
8 2015 --

9 THE COURT: Well, she knew that he went to jail, and
10 presumably she knew --

11 MS. SCHULTZ: For sex crimes with minors.

12 THE COURT: Yes.

13 MS. McCAWLEY: Your Honor, could I just add one point.
14 I'm sorry. Just one point of clarification with respect to the
15 Jane Doe 102 complaint, which is May 4th of 2009. Defendant
16 testified she was still working for Epstein in 2009, and this
17 has, if you turn in your binder, paragraph 17, specific
18 allegations about Maxwell leading her up to the room, about the
19 abuse she suffered by Maxwell, about how she engaged in that
20 abuse. I mean, there's no way to say Maxwell did not know
21 about the allegations in a complaint in 2009 when she's still
22 working for Epstein that specifically talk about her abusing
23 somebody. Taking off clothes -- I mean, it goes into grand
24 detail about the abuse.

25 THE COURT: But that's an assumption.

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1 MS. McCAWLEY: Well, we're entitled to ask her on the
2 stand; we're entitled to ask Jeffrey what he told her.

3 THE COURT: That's a different issue. That's a
4 different issue. I mean, that's a wholly different thing.
5 You're talking about your affirmative case.

6 MS. McCAWLEY: Thank you, your Honor.

7 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, in the binder behind Tab 6
8 is the statement issued by Ms. Maxwell in 2011, which says,
9 "Ghislaine Maxwell denies the various allegations about her
10 that have appeared recently in the media." It doesn't
11 reference Jane Doe 102. There's no evidence that she even had
12 a copy of the complaint or knew anything about the complaint
13 that Virginia Roberts had filed as an anonymous person back in
14 2011. That's a statement she issued in response to the
15 articles behind Tabs 4 and 5.

16 I don't even understand the argument that Jeffrey
17 Epstein can authenticate this victim notification letter. I
18 really don't. I'm struggling.

19 And I also struggle with the Russian nesting dolls,
20 because to say that one thing gives you notice to another
21 thing, that gives you notice to another thing, it really kind
22 of just eliminates the rules of evidence, your Honor.

23 THE COURT: In the interest of humanity, we will have
24 a short break.

25 (Recess)

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1 (In open court)

2 THE COURT: Much as I'd like to move on, I do have one
3 other question. Is there going to be evidence of settlement of
4 Jane Doe, from the defense?

5 MR. PAGLIUCA: You anticipate this answer, your Honor.
6 It kind of depends on what happens in the plaintiff's case in
7 chief. You know, that's as best as I can answer it. I mean,
8 it is not my present intention to introduce that evidence
9 during the course of the trial, I think is the best way I can
10 say it, but it's obviously going to depend on what happens in
11 the first part of the case. I mean, you know, if this thing
12 busts wide open, then it may be a donnybrook here about all
13 this stuff.

14 THE COURT: Well, and I thought that the information
15 that I have about that came from the defense.

16 MR. PAGLIUCA: It may be. I think we filed a motion
17 *in limine* to preclude the plaintiff from introducing it in
18 their case in chief. I think that's why you have that
19 information.

20 THE COURT: Ah. And is that --

21 MS. McCAWLEY: Yes, your Honor.

22 THE COURT: That's part of the --

23 MS. McCAWLEY: It's a separate motion, your Honor. I
24 can give you the docket entry. No. 6 --

25 THE COURT: Where is it? I mean, we don't have it

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1 today.

2 MS. McCAWLEY: They moved for an extension of time to
3 respond to that. So it's their motion, the defendant's motion.
4 They moved to exclude the Jane Doe 102 complaint and the Jane
5 Doe settlement. Docket entry 663. We opposed that, in part,
6 and then they asked for an extension. I believe they're
7 supposed to be filing their reply to that this evening, so we
8 can argue that -- I'm happy to argue it now, but --

9 THE COURT: No, no. Thanks very much. It is
10 conceivable that that would solve many of the problems that we
11 just talked about, however.

12 Okay. Where are we? Yes. Evidence of Maxwell's
13 involvement.

14 MR. CASSELL: Is this 686?

15 THE COURT: Yes.

16 MR. CASSELL: Yes, your Honor. Paul Cassell for
17 Ms. Giuffre. I'm arguing this motion.

18 As you know, the motion was an affirmative motion to
19 avoid disputes arising in the middle of trial, and so we set
20 out at the beginning of the pleading -- and I won't recount all
21 of it here, but -- illustrative types of evidence that we were
22 going to produce. And this, of course, is going to be evidence
23 that goes directly to proving the allegations that we've been
24 talking about today. For example, we're going to produce Tony
25 Figueroa, who's going to say that Epstein's assistants

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1 regularly called him asking him to bring girls over for
2 Epstein, and in fact the defendant once or twice called him
3 personally asking him to bring girls over. Epstein and the
4 defendant were always with each other --

5 MR. PAGLIUCA: Your Honor, this is all subject to the
6 protective order, and I guess I don't know -- if we're throwing
7 it out the window, we're throwing it out the window and I will
8 respond in kind, but, you know, I just put it out there so that
9 there can be a fair response. This is a defamation case. I
10 think I'm entitled to a fair response to these comments, but I
11 don't want to be hamstrung by the protective order in
12 responding to these claims.

13 THE COURT: Well, look, and this goes to all counsel.
14 This would be part of the trial --

15 MR. CASSELL: Yes.

16 THE COURT: -- except that you chose to bring it now,
17 and I'm not critical of that. That's perfectly all right by
18 me. But this is really part of the trial. And so I think the
19 defense comment is an appropriate one -- I mean, noting the
20 fact that the order is no longer in effect.

21 MR. PAGLIUCA: That's all fine with me, your Honor.

22 THE COURT: Well, I understand, but just so we all
23 know where we are. I mean, as I understood it, you all had
24 agreed -- now maybe I'm wrong -- that anything that was
25 introduced or anything that, absent a particular application,

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1 anything that occurred in the trial is open. And this is part
2 of the trial. It isn't, but it is. And so what I'm saying is,
3 I think it is part of the trial, even though it's in the *in*
4 *limine* motion. It would be made during the trial. Now of
5 course it would not be made in front of a jury, but it would be
6 public.

7 MR. PAGLIUCA: The only reason I'm raising this issue,
8 your Honor, is twofold.

9 THE COURT: No. I think it's useful.

10 MR. PAGLIUCA: I don't want to be in violation of your
11 order.

12 THE COURT: No, no. Understood.

13 MR. PAGLIUCA: But the other is, we have these
14 arguments, and then after the fact plaintiff's counsel moves to
15 redact things that they don't like from the transcripts when,
16 you know -- it's like either it is or it isn't part of the
17 record.

18 THE COURT: Well, that we don't have today. I mean,
19 that issue we don't have today. But I've already said what I
20 think about it. And, I mean, it's not written in stone,
21 obviously. I'd be pleased to have any authority that anybody
22 wants to give me on it. But that's my reaction, that this is
23 part of the open record, just so we all know where we are.

24 MR. PAGLIUCA: Great.

25 MR. CASSELL: If I could just make a note about two

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1 points. One would be, there are minor victims of sexual
2 assaults who are not parties to this case.

3 THE COURT: Well, now, you can't have it both ways.
4 Okay? If there's somebody you want to talk about whose
5 identity you want concealed, I thought we had understood that
6 that was fine. Make an application, we'll deal with that.
7 We'll deal with that. Absent that --

8 MR. CASSELL: It's going to be my practice to refer to
9 under-age victims of sexual assault by initials rather than
10 their full names, and I would hope defense counsel would agree
11 to follow the same approach.

12 MR. PAGLIUCA: No.

13 MR. CASSELL: Then we would make an oral application
14 that the names of minor victims of sexual assault be referred
15 to by their initials, because it's not like --

16 THE COURT: Well, wait, wait, wait, wait, wait. One
17 of the problems I have at the moment is trying to bring order
18 out of chaos, and I think we had agreed that if there's going
19 to be an application for that kind of relief, it should be made
20 and we'll deal with it. I don't want to do it on the fly,
21 suddenly, without any notice to anybody about anything, and so
22 if you want to do that, I'm not prejudging it at all. That's
23 fine with me. But I think where we are at the moment is that
24 anything that's referenced now is open. That's the way I look
25 at it. Okay.

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1 MR. CASSELL: Thank you, your Honor. For example, I'm
2 going to refer, in the next bit of evidence, which is in our
3 reply brief, to a woman who I will identify by the initials SR.
4 She described defendant as "the main right-hand woman of
5 Epstein" in connection with recruiting girls. She described a
6 rotation. She said the rotation was organized by defendant.
7 Every single day defendant would go to another girl and say,
8 "It's your turn."

9 THE COURT: Well, wait, wait, wait. Maybe I'm
10 wrong -- which, parenthetically, I have been wrong on a number
11 of occasions, which I regretfully report -- but this is the
12 kind of an argument that somebody gets on the stand and they
13 begin to testify and somebody makes an objection. And isn't
14 that the case here? I mean, I don't know. I guess I'm saying,
15 is this a proper *in limine* motion? I mean, we can't try the
16 case twice.

17 MR. CASSELL: Right. But your Honor, the reason we
18 brought this to your Honor's attention early is, this is going
19 to permeate a number of the significant witnesses in the case.
20 And rather than doing it on the fly in the middle of the trial
21 with the jury here, since the issue can be clearly framed for
22 your Honor at this point, there's no dispute as to what kind of
23 evidence we're going to try to produce at trial, and I think
24 there's obviously no dispute the defendant is going to oppose
25 it, we wanted to surface the issue --

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1 THE COURT: Yes, but what you just said, you see, it
2 will be a question of what time frame are we talking about, of
3 what was the witness' access. I mean, there are a lot of
4 foundational questions that will come up, it seems to me. I
5 mean, what I'm hoping is, as we proceed, we'll have an idea of
6 who's going to testify and a rough idea of what their testimony
7 is going to be, and at that point I'm perfectly prepared to sit
8 with counsel and deal with it, but I'm not sure that we can go
9 through witness by witness now. Does that make sense?

10 MR. CASSELL: It does very much, your Honor. I was
11 simply offering in our brief -- as you know, our papers offered
12 illustrative examples of an issue that your Honor is certain to
13 face at trial so that we could get your guidance pretrial as to
14 how --

15 THE COURT: If you have a witness who's going to
16 testify that Ms. Maxwell did in fact do the things that she
17 says Giuffre said she did, that --

18 MR. CASSELL: That's all we're looking for.

19 THE COURT: Well, that's the case, isn't it?

20 MR. CASSELL: As you know, it seems like in this case,
21 what's being --

22 THE COURT: Well, let me ask the defense: What's your
23 view of all this?

24 MR. PAGLIUCA: Well, your Honor --

25 THE COURT: There's a propriety of trying to deal with

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1 this now.

2 MR. PAGLIUCA: We pointed this out in the papers,
3 which is precisely this problem you're struggling with. In the
4 response that we filed, we pointed out that they haven't
5 complied with Rule 404(b) and they haven't complied with
6 Rule 415 because, you know, the allusion to this testimony are
7 things like these bullet points on page 3 of their application:
8 "Ms. Giuffre will introduce testimony from a female,"
9 unidentified. "Ms. Giuffre intends to introduce testimony of
10 another witness." There is no time frame, there's no identity.
11 We have a bullet point that is literally three sentences long
12 for each of these. So there's no context for the Court to rule
13 on any of this.

14 So I agree with you, your Honor. I think, though, it
15 is going to be an issue that is going to be struggled with
16 during the course of this trial, in my view. And there are
17 competing 404(b) motions here, in essence, your Honor. They
18 have filed a 404(b) motion to introduce evidence and we have
19 filed a 404(b) motion to exclude evidence. Frankly, we don't
20 know what the evidence is that they're talking about in this
21 application to introduce the evidence, and we don't believe
22 that they have complied with the rules, and so as a matter of
23 pretrial ruling, it should just be denied and, you know, if
24 there is some evidence then that we need to discuss, we need to
25 discuss it.

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1 But for example, there are specific requirements under
2 Rule 404(b) that has to be offered for a specific purpose. You
3 know, we have to be able to separate out the impermissible
4 inference from the appropriate purpose. There has to be a
5 finding by the Court under *Huddleston*, and so on and so forth.
6 And unless the plaintiffs can provide you with sufficient
7 information that can then be challenged, we're just spinning
8 our wheels here, because we're talking about things that we
9 don't know about.

10 Similarly, Rule 415 has specific requirements that
11 have to be complied with for the proponent of the evidence.
12 None of those have been complied with here.

13 So my suggestion is that this motion at this point be
14 denied, and if there's a specific evidentiary foundation that
15 the Court can have that would allow the Court to make a ruling
16 after argument, that's fine, but right now we just have
17 counsel's representations in papers and in court and no actual
18 evidence before your Honor.

19 MR. CASSELL: Your Honor, may I approach briefly,
20 because with regard to compliance with the rules, it requires
21 notice of the specific testimony at issue, and we included an
22 appendix, I believe it's approximately a 25-page-long document,
23 so --

24 MS. MENNINGER: Is that in your reply?

25 MR. CASSELL: Appendix A?

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1 MS. MENNINGER: You provided the notice in the reply?

2 MR. CASSELL: Your Honor, I'm happy to argue, but I
3 don't believe counsel should be interjecting in the middle of
4 my argument. I'd like to just provide this document to your
5 Honor at this time.

6 MR. PAGLIUCA: Well, the point of what Ms. Menninger
7 is saying, your Honor --

8 MR. CASSELL: Your Honor, is it my turn to speak? I
9 would request that I be given an opportunity to make my case
10 now.

11 THE COURT: Well, wait a minute. I'm trying to --

12 MS. MENNINGER: Can you give us a copy.

13 THE COURT: I'm trying to figure out whether I'm going
14 to hear any of this now.

15 Well, there we are. I take it under 415 there are
16 certain requirements.

17 MR. CASSELL: Yes, your Honor. And that's what
18 Appendix A is.

19 THE COURT: Witness' statements or summary of the
20 expected testimony.

21 MR. CASSELL: Yes, your Honor. That's what Appendix A
22 is designed to do. It's a 20-page summary of approximately I
23 believe ten different witnesses. We've asked in our pleading
24 to have Appendix A construed as the appropriate notice under
25 Rule 415(b). If your Honor were to rule today that that notice

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1 is not adequate, we would certainly provide additional notice.
2 We notice, by the way, that 415 requires notice 15 days in
3 advance of trial.

4 THE COURT: Yes.

5 MR. CASSELL: So today, one of the things I'm trying
6 to make certain isn't overlooked is that we provided fair
7 notice to the other side.

8 THE COURT: That's fine. You say Appendix A.

9 MR. CASSELL: I believe your law clerk has it right in
10 front of you.

11 THE COURT: Ah, okay.

12 On the question of whether this is ripe, let me ask
13 the defense, what do you think about Appendix A?

14 MR. PAGLIUCA: The first thing I would point out, your
15 Honor, is that it wasn't proffered as part of their motion; it
16 was proffered as part of the reply, and very recently, and we
17 haven't had the time to respond to it. That's point one.

18 Point two is, the cited transcript testimony, frankly,
19 is the subject of a number of other objections and motions that
20 are pending for a lot of these witnesses. And so the testimony
21 that's being proffered is also -- I know, because I wrote some
22 of the objections -- being objected to for other reasons. So
23 if we're going to talk about this testimony as the proffer, I'd
24 like an opportunity to respond to it. But it also makes some
25 sense to me that this would be put in abeyance until after we

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1 rule on some of the other motions, including issues
2 specifically related to the questions and answers in the
3 deposition, because that may impact the Court's ruling on this.

4 THE COURT: Okay. Now what else do we have? I think
5 I know what we're doing tomorrow. Ah. Oh, so with this, we're
6 going to deal with that. Right?

7 MS. MENNINGER: Correct.

8 THE COURT: So that makes some kind of sense to me.

9 I understand that you believe some of the designated
10 testimony is inadmissible for various reasons, and that we'll
11 deal with on the 5th, and I think maybe it would be
12 appropriate -- and tell me if you agree or disagree -- that on
13 the 5th, if you have any other objections to the notice element
14 in the rules, raise them then and then we'll decide whether we
15 want to pursue this now or hold it for trial.

16 MR. PAGLIUCA: That makes perfect sense to me, your
17 Honor.

18 THE COURT: How does that sound to the plaintiffs?

19 MR. CASSELL: I think that's satisfactory, your Honor.
20 I would just point out that the notice is not due until 15 days
21 before trial.

22 THE COURT: No. I understand that.

23 MR. CASSELL: But we are planning to supplement this
24 notice, particularly in light of, we continue to hear
25 objections today that this isn't sufficient, so I'm planning to

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1 provide a supplemental notice.

2 THE COURT: Well, when will your notice be complete?
3 And of course you're entitled to say not until 15 days before
4 trial.

5 MR. CASSELL: I'm the one who will be preparing the
6 notice. I'm out of town until I get back in my office next
7 Tuesday, and so I can have it ready for you by Wednesday night,
8 of next week.

9 THE COURT: But you heard what I said, that --

10 MR. CASSELL: Right.

11 THE COURT: -- that's it?

12 MR. CASSELL: We would then have what we think is a
13 sufficient notice by next Wednesday night.

14 THE COURT: No, no, no. But that's not quite what I'm
15 saying.

16 MR. CASSELL: I'm sorry.

17 THE COURT: What I'm saying is, do you want to use the
18 entire period that is available to you --

19 MR. CASSELL: No.

20 THE COURT: All right. Well, then you tell us. What
21 date will you make your final --

22 MR. CASSELL: Next Wednesday night. Because I think
23 we're here next Wednesday, and Thursday it could be argued.

24 THE COURT: All right. So then obviously we won't be
25 able to deal with this question of the notice until the

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1 following week.

2 MR. CASSELL: Are we here next Wednesday and Thursday
3 or --

4 THE COURT: I don't know. Oh, yes. Well, but you're
5 also going to be here on the 10th.

6 MR. PAGLIUCA: We're here next Wednesday, not next
7 Thursday.

8 MR. CASSELL: Oh, I'm sorry.

9 THE COURT: I don't know. Wednesday, Thursday?

10 MR. PAGLIUCA: We're here next Wednesday, not next
11 Thursday. And just to this point, I'd rather not get a notice
12 either Tuesday night or Wednesday --

13 THE COURT: Oh, no. Of course. I understand that.

14 MR. PAGLIUCA: Thank you.

15 THE COURT: Oh, yes. Okay. So next Wednesday is the
16 drop dead date for the notice under 415. And we will consider
17 it, and defense will let us know if they have any objections to
18 the notice *qua* notice.

19 MR. CASSELL: Right.

20 THE COURT: And then at that point we'll determine
21 whether we want to hear it in advance of trial or save it for
22 the trial. Okay?

23 MR. CASSELL: The only thing that we would request is,
24 if the defense says, your notice is defective on point A or B,
25 since we don't have to finally file it until 15 days before, we

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1 would then request leave to have a chance to fix it. We want
2 to --

3 THE COURT: Well, that's just exactly what I was
4 trying to avoid. So look, okay, you want to take your full
5 time, go ahead, take it. Obviously we will not be able to deal
6 with this until 15 days before the trial. Which is okay.

7 MR. CASSELL: All right. Thank you, your Honor.

8 THE COURT: Okay. All right. So where are we now?
9 What's the plaintiff's plan?

10 MS. McCAWLEY: I think you said the next motion that
11 you wanted to hear was defendant's motion prohibiting
12 questioning regarding defendant's sexual activities, which
13 is --

14 THE COURT: 675? No.

15 MS. McCAWLEY: -- 665.

16 MS. MENNINGER: I have 675, as your Honor had
17 indicated.

18 THE COURT: Yes.

19 Forgive me. Maybe you all know where we are on the
20 415 problem, timingwise, but I don't.

21 MS. MENNINGER: I don't.

22 MS. McCAWLEY: You mean what you were just discussing,
23 your Honor, for our notice? We'll provide the notice within 15
24 days prior to trial. Is that what you're asking?

25 THE COURT: Okay.

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1 MS. McCAWLEY: That's how we'll do that.

2 THE COURT: So you won't do anything before then.

3 Okay.

4 MS. McCAWLEY: So I'm sorry. I confused you. I
5 thought you were asking about -- when you gave the list at the
6 beginning of the hearing, I think what you said, one of the
7 ones you wanted to hear was DE 665, which is defendant's motion
8 *in limine* to prohibit questions regarding defendant's adult
9 sexual activities.

10 THE COURT: The only ones --

11 MS. McCAWLEY: That's fully briefed.

12 THE COURT: Yes. Okay. It's Maxwell's motion.

13 MS. McCAWLEY: Yes, your Honor.

14 MS. MENNINGER: Are you talking about 665 or 675?

15 THE COURT: I think 675?

16 MS. McCAWLEY: Or -- oh, do I have the number wrong?
17 I'm sorry.

18 MR. EDWARDS: 665 is --

19 MS. MENNINGER: I have 675, which is our motion *in*
20 *limine* to permit questioning regarding plaintiff's sexual
21 history and reputation.

22 THE COURT: Yes.

23 MS. McCAWLEY: Oh. But you also have a motion *in*
24 *limine* to prohibit questions regarding defendant's adult sexual
25 activity. That's 665. That's defendant's motion *in limine*.

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1 THE COURT: Well, you want to do that? It's the same
2 problem. Well, no, it isn't. No, it isn't.

3 Okay. So let's do 675.

4 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, I will say that it is my
5 reading of Rule 412 that any hearing that is based upon in part
6 Rule 412 is supposed to be conducted in a *in camera* setting.

7 MS. SCHULTZ: Counsel for Ms. Giuffre has no objection
8 to that.

9 MS. MENNINGER: It's our position that the materials
10 are not barred by 412, but I am trying to be cautious here,
11 your Honor.

12 THE COURT: Well, let me ask you a dumb question.
13 This is not a sex offense case.

14 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, in fact, the notes, the
15 committee notes in regard to Rule 412 specifically exclude
16 defamation actions involving statements concerning sexual
17 misconduct, which is pretty directly on point, I think.

18 THE COURT: Oh, yes. Okay. All right. Okay. Is
19 there anybody in the courtroom that is not part of the
20 litigation team? Okay.

21 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, there is counsel for a
22 witness who happens to be present who is covered by the
23 protective order, but I believe there are other people who are
24 not related to the trial team.

25 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I am not part of the

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1 litigation, but I wanted to read something. Our attorney said
2 to read something in the courtroom.

3 (Reporter interrupted for clarification)

4 THE COURT: Will the lawyers get this sorted out.

5 MR. CASSELL: It's a --

6 MR. EDWARDS: I think it's the press objecting to the
7 court proceedings. She wants to put something on the record
8 for the press. That's what I understand.

9 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes. Exactly.

10 THE COURT: Thanks very much but no thanks. The
11 courtroom will be closed.

12 (Unidentified member of the press excused from the
13 courtroom)

14 MS. McCAWLEY: He's with our firm over there.

15 MS. MENNINGER: Your Honor, I hope I'm being clear,
16 but I'm going to say it one more time. I do not believe that
17 Rule 412 bars the evidence that we seek to admit by virtue of
18 this motion. However, we filed this motion in an abundance of
19 caution. I was directing your Honor to the advisory committee
20 notes that actually say that 412 does not bar this kind of
21 evidence in a defamation action involving statements concerning
22 sexual misconduct, which this case clearly is.

23 Your Honor, there are four categories of evidence that
24 we would like to introduce and we believe are not precluded by
25 Rule 412 or any of the other rules of evidence, and so that's

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1 what the point of my motion is. The first one relates to
2 plaintiff's allegations that prior to ever meeting Mr. Epstein
3 or Ms. Maxwell, she was the victim of sex trafficking by an
4 individual named Ronald Eppinger. Mr. Eppinger apparently was
5 indicted in Florida for some sex crimes, and plaintiff's
6 counsel took Mr. Eppinger's sex crimes information, his
7 indictment, his arrest, neither of which mentioned plaintiff,
8 by the way, but they took those materials and gave them to
9 their psychiatric expert, Dr. Kliman, who made the video we
10 talked about earlier. Dr. Kliman also administered a number of
11 tests to plaintiffs to figure out whether she had any
12 preexisting mental health conditions, in particular
13 posttraumatic stress disorder. In response to plaintiff's
14 claims that she had posttraumatic stress disorder, she
15 described a period of time when she says she was victimized by
16 Mr. Eppinger, and she attributed her PTSD to that time period.
17 Then, in Dr. Kliman's report, he describes both Mr. Eppinger's
18 criminal charges and also -- and this is very important, your
19 Honor -- plaintiff claims that when she first met Mr. Epstein
20 and Ms. Maxwell, she told them about Ron Eppinger, that she
21 said she had previously been the victim of sex crimes by this
22 Ron Eppinger, and she said she told them that so they knew that
23 she was a vulnerable victim. And she attributes that
24 conversation to the very first time she met Ms. Maxwell and
25 Mr. Epstein. She not only has put that into her book

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1 manuscript but she told that to her psychiatrist, who was the
2 expert endorsed by her in this case. So Dr. Kliman, at his
3 deposition, was asked about any preexisting conditions that
4 Ms. Giuffre has, and he found that she already had PTSD from
5 this Eppinger event prior to ever meeting Mr. Epstein or
6 Ms. Maxwell. And he also said that she needs treatment for the
7 fact that she had already been trafficked; she needs
8 psychiatric treatment going forward for that prior event, even
9 without any alleged defamatory statement. In other words, he
10 said that even if this statement had never been made, he would
11 also have recommended that she continue to have treatment going
12 forward. And then, as you know, from reading all of the 702
13 motions, he has said she needed a certain dollar value of
14 treatment going forward.

15 So for us, now she's got a claim for PTSD from the
16 alleged defamatory statement, or at least she's claiming her
17 prior PTSD was exacerbated by the defamatory statement.
18 There's no way to talk about her preexisting condition without
19 talking about the fact that she says she was sexually
20 trafficked before meeting Epstein and Maxwell, and also she
21 says she told them about it in their first meeting. There's
22 simply no way to cross-examine her about either her condition
23 or her story as it relates to Epstein and Maxwell without
24 getting into this alleged prior sex trafficking. Plaintiff in
25 their response said they want to keep it out.

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1 It also was a part of her story in those Sharon
2 Churcher articles, your Honor now has in a book in front of
3 you, that we talked about a little bit earlier, so it is
4 plaintiff who publicized to the entire world the fact that she
5 says she was sexually trafficked prior to Epstein and Maxwell.
6 She put that into her Sharon Churcher story. She got paid for
7 that story. And so one of the issues in our case are her
8 damages to her reputation. And if she's the one who was
9 affirmatively selling that story to the press, publicizing it
10 to the world, it is impossible for us to cross-examine her with
11 regard to what her reputation was like in advance of any
12 supposed statement that she claims is defamatory. So in other
13 words, Rule 412 excludes -- even if your Honor were to find
14 that it applies for some reason, it explicitly excludes
15 evidence offered to show the defamatory statement did not
16 damage her reputation, if the victim puts her reputation in
17 issue. That's in the plain language of the rule.

18 The second category of evidence we seek to introduce
19 at trial, your Honor, relates to testimony by her fiancé
20 Michael Ostrich and her boyfriend Tony Figueroa. The facts on
21 this, your Honor, are that Ms. Giuffre met Mr. Ostrich, he was
22 the brother of someone she was in rehab with, she was in drug
23 rehab from the ages of 14 to 15, and she made a friend there
24 and it turned out to be Mr. Ostrich's sister, so when she got
25 out of drug rehab in 1999, she moved in with Mr. Ostrich's

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1 family, met him and became engaged to him. While she was
2 engaged to him, she and he -- and he described at the
3 deposition, he got down on one knee and proposed to her and
4 gave her a ring. They then moved back in with plaintiff's
5 parents for a while. And again, your Honor, this all predates
6 when she says that she met Ms. Maxwell or Mr. Epstein. She
7 moved back in with her parents with her fiancé. Both of her
8 parents talked about her having this fiancé and living in the
9 trailer outside of their home. And then ultimately she -- I'm
10 sorry. There was a period of time she and this fiancé lived
11 apart in another city, in an apartment, and then later they
12 moved back in with plaintiff's parents, and then they got their
13 own apartment near her parents' house, and she says that when
14 she was living in this apartment is when she met Mr. Epstein
15 and Ms. Maxwell.

16 Your Honor, we seek -- I did not ask Mr. Ostrich
17 questions about any particular sexual acts. I asked him
18 questions about her being engaged to him and living with him
19 during the period of time she claims she was a sex slave of
20 Mr. Epstein. So Mr. Ostrich has relevant testimony regarding
21 the time period, his observations, his conversations with her,
22 and the fact that he was her fiancé at that period of time. I
23 don't think any of that implicates Rule 412, the fact that she
24 was engaged to and living with her boyfriend, but plaintiffs
25 have taken a different view in their response, somehow claiming

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1 that a 16 year old can't legally be engaged and therefore it's
2 somehow a commentary on her sex life. I don't get it. She's
3 engaged, she's living with a guy, and she's presenting herself
4 to her parents and the world as being engaged to him.

5 Secondly, your Honor, she held herself out to
6 Ms. Maxwell as being engaged to this individual, by her own
7 account. So she told Ms. Maxwell she was engaged. One of the
8 issues in this case is the age at which she met Ms. Maxwell,
9 etc., but certainly if you're talking about an individual's
10 state of mind, if they are presented as an engaged person
11 when's living alone with their fiancé, it certainly suggests
12 that they are 18 or older. Because it does not relate to any
13 evidence of her sexual behavior or predisposition, I don't
14 think Rule 412 covers it either.

15 Finally, your Honor, there are two instances -- and
16 your Honor has heard about these obliquely during the course of
17 litigation in this case -- where plaintiff made prior false
18 allegations of sex assault, when she was 14 years old. And in
19 those same committee notes, your Honor, that I just referred
20 you to under Rule 412, is the following statement: "Evidence
21 offered to prove allegedly false prior claims by the victim is
22 not barred by Rule 412." So right there in the committee
23 notes, which the Supreme Court has directed are to be given
24 weight, controlling weight, and authority, prior false claims
25 are not covered by the rule.

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1 There were two instances, your Honor. One was in
2 1998, when plaintiff was a runaway from home, using drugs and
3 alcohol, and while she was living with Tony Figueroa, she went
4 out partying with two boys, and later, after she was in rehab,
5 weeks later, after she was in rehab -- not voluntarily, by the
6 way, her mother took her against her will and put her in
7 rehab -- she made an allegation that that incident involved
8 nonconsensual sexual contact. That was made in about February
9 of 1998. There was a ten-month investigation. The boys were
10 interviewed. And ultimately the DA in that case found that
11 Ms. Giuffre lacked credibility and they had a low likelihood of
12 success at trial and they decided to drop the charges against
13 the boys. And that came after they had interviewed her a
14 number of times.

15 The second incident, your Honor, is a police report
16 from November of 1997. Again, plaintiff was drinking with her
17 friends, skipped school, according to her mother, she dropped
18 her off, and she went drinking and hanging out with her
19 boyfriend, who was a few years older. I think he was 17 or 18.
20 And she was found by the police, after some complaints by
21 neighbors, drunk in the backyard of a home. And she was on the
22 ground in a simulated sex act with her boyfriend, the person
23 she described as her boyfriend, and later said that she had a
24 consensual sexual relationship with. When she was found, she
25 was extremely intoxicated. And she made two statements that

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1 are noteworthy on this topic. When the police came, she said
2 to one of them, "If you don't tell my parents, I will," and she
3 used an expletive, basically saying, I'll engage in sexual
4 contact with you, Mr. Police Officer. That was one statement
5 made in the police reports. Later, when she was in the
6 ambulance, going to the hospital for her intoxication, she made
7 an allegation that she had been subjected to nonconsensual
8 penetration by her friends, or one of the boys there. It's a
9 little unclear. And your Honor, she later was interviewed by
10 the police and recanted that allegation. She said that she had
11 not been subjected to any nonconsensual penetration.

12 Your Honor, I understand that these are not pleasant
13 topics, but these are two instances in which plaintiff, prior
14 to ever meeting Ms. Maxwell or Mr. Epstein, made very serious
15 allegations about individuals and either, in the first case,
16 the DA found she lacked credibility or, in the second case, she
17 changed her mind and said it didn't happen, what she had
18 earlier said did happen. Your Honor, she did not disclose any
19 of these to her psychiatrist, who, as I just mentioned, had
20 found that she had preexisting PTSD, and so it is also
21 important to note that in the findings he has made about
22 possible sources of PTSD, it did not include this information.
23 However, I believe that Rule 412 specifically allows for
24 evidence of false prior claims by the victim and so I believe
25 that's what we have here.

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1 It also is important for a jury to understand, because
2 they might not, that someone who is 14 years old or 15 years
3 old can lie about these things. Not only did she lie about
4 this. Her boyfriend, for example, Mr. Ostrich -- or excuse
5 me -- her fiancé, Mr. Ostrich, said that she had been lying to
6 him at that time. She had been lying about where she was. She
7 told him she was working, and she wasn't; she was with Tony
8 Figueroa. Tony Figueroa later became her boyfriend. She broke
9 up with Mr. Ostrich and Tony Figueroa moved into her apartment.
10 So Tony Figueroa is someone plaintiff had a consensual sexual
11 relationship with during the same time she claims that she was
12 sexually trafficked. And so these people are percipient
13 witnesses to what plaintiff did or didn't say or places she did
14 or didn't go, but they are also people to whom plaintiff held
15 herself out, in Mr. Ostrich's case, as her fiancé; in Tony
16 Figueroa's case, as her boyfriend. We would ask that the
17 evidence related to the Eppinger materials, Ostrich, Figueroa,
18 and these two police incidents, be admitted at trial.

19 THE COURT: As to Ostrich, did I understand correctly
20 that what you want to present there is statements by the
21 plaintiff during the period that this relationship, while she
22 was, according to her, in the employ of Epstein?

23 MS. MENNINGER: Exactly. He is someone who she was
24 living with and engaged to at the time she says she met Maxwell
25 and Epstein and she didn't tell him about being a sex slave, I

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1 think is the fairest way to characterize the evidence.

2 THE COURT: Yes. Okay.

3 MS. SCHULTZ: Your Honor, this is a classic Rule 412
4 situation here. Defendant is doing an old routine trying to
5 blame the victim by introducing evidence of other sexual
6 conduct. These tactics are expressly forbidden by Rule 412's
7 rape shield law.

8 Let's take a moment to talk about the committee notes
9 there. Defendant did not issue a statement alleging sexual
10 misconduct here. She was denying Ms. Giuffre's allegations of
11 being abused by her, so this is not a situation where someone
12 says, "that woman is a prostitute," and then to prove the truth
13 of that statement, you have to introduce evidence of her being
14 paid for sex. That's not what's going on here. And none of
15 these things that counsel for defendant seeks to introduce
16 makes it more or less probable that defendant was telling the
17 truth when she issued her defamatory statement, which is the
18 claim at issue here.

19 The first thing I would like to address specifically
20 is the Eppinger experience. Plaintiff is not relying on that,
21 nor relying on Kliman's evaluation of that, to claim damages.
22 She's not relying upon that at trial and not presenting that
23 that at trial. The only claim for damages in this case relates
24 to defamation in 2015 perpetrated by defendant. Any marginal,
25 peripheral value, probative value here is highly outweighed by

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1 the prejudicial effect because it makes her look like a person
2 of ill repute. Frankly, they're trying to paint her as a
3 promiscuous person. So we're not presenting anything on that
4 at trial.

5 THE COURT: Well, you're presenting Kliman.

6 MS. SCHULTZ: We're presenting Kliman but not his
7 opinion with regard to Eppinger. And we're not claiming
8 damages on that.

9 THE COURT: But it's in the report.

10 MS. SCHULTZ: He did a full psychiatric report of
11 Ms. Giuffre. She's not claiming damages for every single
12 psychiatric event that happened in her life. She's claiming
13 damages for one.

14 THE COURT: Counsel said, and it was my recollection
15 as well, that she did indicate that she had previous PTSD.

16 MS. SCHULTZ: Right. For which we're not claiming
17 damages. Plaintiff could have all kinds of problems, but
18 that's not what the case is about.

19 THE COURT: Hold on just a second. You're telling me
20 you're not claiming PTSD?

21 MS. SCHULTZ: Not where Eppinger is the source of
22 that. We're claiming damages only related to defendant's
23 defamation.

24 THE COURT: Yes, yes, but you understand their
25 position -- okay. That's one thing, defamation. Yes. But

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1 there's another cause for this.

2 MS. SCHULTZ: I think you have to keep in mind that
3 this is defamation --

4 THE COURT: No.

5 MS. SCHULTZ: Sorry.

6 THE COURT: The value as against the prejudice, that's
7 a different argument. I understand that.

8 MS. SCHULTZ: And also, your Honor, the PTSD that
9 arose out of the Eppinger event was something 17 years ago.
10 The psychological damage from defamation is something that
11 arose two years ago. That goes to the weight of the evidence
12 as well.

13 THE COURT: Well, yes. All right.

14 MS. SCHULTZ: With regard to the Churcher articles --

15 THE COURT: The point about Eppinger -- it's probably
16 in the papers -- what age?

17 MS. MENNINGER: She said 1999, your Honor, which is
18 also when she said she met Mr. Epstein and Ms. Maxwell. 1999.

19 THE COURT: What?

20 MS. SCHULTZ: She was 15 years old in the police
21 report. It says she was later identified as Virginia Roberts
22 and she was in fact 15 years old.

23 THE COURT: Okay.

24 MS. SCHULTZ: So we're also dealing with a child,
25 which is obviously something that would be very prejudicial.

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1 With regard to the argument that you heard from
2 defendant's counsel regarding Churcher articles, where this is
3 mentioned, again, the prejudicial effects of admitting this far
4 outweigh any probative value. These are peripheral issues. I
5 wouldn't even categorize them as that. These are so far afield
6 of the case that's being tried that they're not relevant.
7 They're being introduced to make her look like a bad kid.

8 Also, with regard to her romantic relationships as a
9 young teenager with Mr. Figueroa and Mr. Ostrich, you know, of
10 course Ms. Giuffre would not object to evidence showing her
11 whereabouts, but defendant wrote an entire brief and just
12 presented about her cheating on one of them with the other.
13 That testimony about cheating comes squarely under 412, and any
14 probative value is far outweighed by the prejudicial effect.
15 Again, this is a 2015 defamation claim related to sexual abuse
16 by defendant. The shifting affections of a teenager with her
17 boyfriend and another boyfriend is peripheral at best. It's of
18 no probative value here. It does not prove the truth or
19 falsity of defendant's statement.

20 With regard to the police report, first of all, there
21 is no exception to the hearsay rule that would allow those to
22 be admitted into evidence at this trial. So already I think
23 that's a nonstarter right off the bat. But most importantly is
24 that these are not false allegations of rape. The police
25 reports of course speak for themselves. And if your Honor were

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1 to allow questioning about this at trial, Ms. Giuffre could
2 prove that she was raped here at 14. You heard defendant's
3 counsel say that she was intoxicated to the point where she
4 needed treatment. The police report goes a little bit further.
5 It says she could not walk. A person that intoxicated cannot
6 give consent to sex under Florida law or, frankly, any law that
7 I know of, any state law. Excuse me. There are also signs of,
8 you know -- she's also 14 years old, so we have statutory rape
9 implications there. There's evidence in the police report of
10 forcible rape, including internal blood and external abrasions
11 and physical injuries around areas of penetration. So here you
12 have a person lacking the capacity to consent because of
13 extreme intoxication and age and signs of forcible rape, and
14 Ms. Giuffre can -- I think the document speaks for herself that
15 she could prove at trial that this is a true statement that she
16 gave that she did not have sex according to her own volition
17 there.

18 And that would take the trial down a very different
19 road. It would waste time, proving that this is true, and it
20 would be confusing to the jury, because the perpetrator is
21 not -- police reports are not part of this case.

22 The same thing with the second one. You heard
23 defendant say that a DA, a district attorney, found that she
24 was not credible. That's not what the police report says.
25 That is a conjecture by defendant's counsel. She has no idea

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1 who made that determination, when, based on what evidence or
2 anything like that.

3 That circles back to the hearsay problems that are
4 inherent in these two police reports. There are no exceptions
5 under which they come in. Defendant's brief is silent on that.

6 Another thing that defendant's briefs are silent on is
7 the fact that there are no other cases, in all these pages of
8 briefing, where a court has allowed this type of evidence to
9 come in. This is a classic Rule 412 case, trying to dirty up
10 the victim of sexual assault, and it's prohibited by law. And
11 defendant's counsel said, oh, this isn't about sexual assault.
12 I heard you question that as well. But the underlying claim
13 here is that defendant defamed Ms. Giuffre when she called her
14 a liar about speaking out about her sexual abuse. So sexual
15 abuse and sexual misconduct is central to this case. I don't
16 think you can take that away.

17 So I think that the Rule 412 absolutely applies in
18 this case, but even if it doesn't, this is a tangent, to say
19 the least, and should be precluded under both Rule 401 and
20 Rule 403 because it's nothing more than just trying to make her
21 look like a bad child in front of the jury and to distract from
22 the issues that actually go to the claim of this case.

23 MS. MENNINGER: Plaintiff brought a lawsuit based on
24 defamation, based on a statement that her claims about being a
25 sexual abuse victim were not true. She took Eppinger materials

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1 and gave them to her expert Dr. Kliman, and Dr. Kliman included
2 them in his report. She also included her story about Ron
3 Eppinger in stories that she sold to the media. So your Honor,
4 reflect for one minute. Do you remember an hour ago when
5 plaintiff's counsel handed you a book that had the Sharon
6 Churcher articles in and they argued to you, hey, that Jane Doe
7 102 is mentioned in that Sharon Churcher article and therefore,
8 Ms. Maxwell's denial about that statement somehow related to
9 the Jane Doe 102? Do you remember that argument? That's the
10 same article that has Ron Eppinger in it. So what plaintiff
11 would like to do, I guess, is, when we start talking about the
12 Sharon Churcher article, they're just going to scratch out the
13 part where plaintiff herself told the story about Ron Eppinger
14 and Ms. Maxwell denied it in a pleading and then they gave that
15 same information to their expert and we'll just ignore that
16 part of his report that relied on it. I don't understand this
17 kind of litigation, your Honor. If you're going to bring a
18 lawsuit, put your reputation at issue -- and by the way, all of
19 this stuff that's available on the internet goes to her
20 reputation, and whether her reputation was damaged by any
21 statement from Ms. Maxwell. You're going to put all that story
22 on the internet, you're going to give it to your expert, and
23 then you don't want us to be able to cross-examine about it and
24 say well, wait a second, you already had PTSD, didn't you, and
25 you're the one who said you already had PTSD when you talked to

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1 your expert in a video clip? You know, that's been put in with
2 his commentary.

3 Your Honor, secondly, saying that the Churcher
4 articles are prejudicial, in a defamation case -- and she's the
5 one that incited that entire media spectacle on herself by
6 getting paid to give those stories -- just belies common sense
7 and the rules of evidence.

8 Your Honor, the police reports -- I think I just heard
9 Ms. Schultz say that I was inaccurately reciting what they
10 said, so I will just read from the document itself, a certified
11 copy, according to the sheriff of Palm Beach. It says, "I
12 received a letter from assistant state attorney Teresa Bowman
13 concerning the filing disposition on this case. Bowman's
14 letter said that this case is no-filed due to the victim's lack
15 of credibility and no substantial likelihood of success at
16 trial." So I don't believe I have misconstrued the state
17 attorney's letter. I'm reading from the document that is a
18 certified copy.

19 I believe there was mention of hearsay rules, your
20 Honor. Admissions by a party are not hearsay under the rules,
21 your Honor, so all of Ms. Giuffre's statements in these police
22 reports are admissions by a party. They are not, your Honor,
23 hearsay by definition.

24 Another important point, your Honor, and it goes to
25 plaintiff's reputation, the 1998 event I just talked about,

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1 that was also in a news article published in February of 2015.
2 The information was apparently obtained by a news reporter and
3 published on the internet. And the title of the article I
4 think was, "Friends describe a sex kitten," and it goes into
5 the fact that Ms. Giuffre was found not credible by the state's
6 attorney's office. So again, your Honor, when plaintiff
7 chooses to sell her story to the internet and then she
8 publicizes her story and she gives it to her expert and she
9 talks about her boyfriends and her fiancé and she talks about
10 her sexual history and she's asking a jury to decide whether
11 her reputation has been damaged, the jury has every right to
12 hear everything else that was on the internet, including Ron
13 Eppinger and sex kitten and police reports at which she was
14 found to lack credibility.

15 The import of all of these rules, including 405(b),
16 are that when someone puts their reputation at issue and
17 they're asking for damages to their reputation, a lot more
18 things come into evidence than otherwise might be the case.
19 This is exactly that kind of case, your Honor. This is a case
20 that turns on plaintiff's claim that she was a victim of sex
21 abuse by my client, Ms. Maxwell, and here we have evidence: (1)
22 that challenges her damages calculation by Dr. Kliman; (2) that
23 challenges her reputation on the internet and whether there was
24 any reputation that could be harmed by a statement by
25 Ms. Maxwell; and (3) we're talking about whether or not she had

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1 preexisting conditions. Those are the at-issue points that
2 plaintiff chose when she brought this particular lawsuit, your
3 Honor, and the evidence challenging those assumptions are what
4 we are seeking to introduce.

5 THE COURT: Thank you. I look forward to seeing you
6 tomorrow morning.

7 ALL COUNSEL: Thank you, your Honor.

8 (Adjourned)

9 MR. INDYKE: Your Honor? Your Honor, may I please
10 approach. My name is Darren Indyke. I'm an attorney admitted
11 in New York and the general business attorney for Mr. Epstein.
12 I'm sorry I'm late and I'm sorry I came after you had gone
13 through that beginning decision about the issue, but I only
14 found out this morning -- and ran here from New Jersey -- that
15 this case was going to be heard today. The lawyers had filed
16 the motion to quash, Martin Weinberg and Jack Goldberger. Jack
17 Goldberger is a Florida lawyer. He's in Palm Beach right now.
18 Martin is in Boston. Martin, I think he sent an email to
19 chambers. And what he told me before I came here -- and turned
20 off my cellphone so I haven't had further discussions with
21 him -- was that he had a medical appointment tomorrow but if he
22 absolutely had to, he could find a way to cancel it, but he was
23 not really comfortable with doing a hearing without having any
24 kind of prior notice of it and would prefer if we could do it
25 at the first opportunity in April.

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1 THE COURT: Do I understand you represent Epstein?

2 MR. INDYKE: As a general basis. I'm not a litigator.
3 I don't really do this sort of thing. And I apologize if I'm
4 stumbling. I just don't do this --

5 THE COURT: It just shows that you're a very smart
6 lawyer not to be a litigator.

7 MR. INDYKE: Thank you.

8 THE COURT: On Epstein's behalf, you're asking that
9 the motion to quash be adjourned a week, is that correct?

10 MR. INDYKE: Yes, your Honor.

11 THE COURT: Well, what do you all say?

12 MR. PAGLIUCA: We don't object, your Honor.

13 MR. EDWARDS: Sure, no objection, your Honor.

14 THE COURT: The 5th.

15 MR. INDYKE: Thank you, your Honor.

16 MR. EDWARDS: Your Honor, I'm sorry. Do you have ten
17 seconds for me to answer a question that you asked me earlier
18 and I wasn't able to answer? It only relates to whether or not
19 I'm making a leap that Ghislaine Maxwell knew of the sex
20 offender registration and the plea agreement. Both the fact
21 that Jeffrey Epstein was a registered sex offender and the plea
22 agreement, the fact that he pled and what he pled to and the
23 number of charges are in the Churcher articles in 2011 to which
24 she responded. And that's all I wanted to add to that point,
25 that it was less of a leap. Thank you, your Honor. (Adjourned)