

Smart Contract Security Audit Report

POODLE

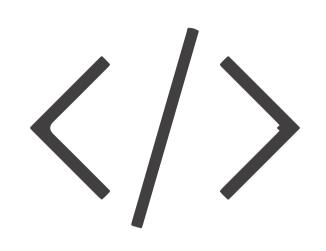
November 2022

Audit Details



Audited project

POODLE



Deployer address

0x605f4d6a708fD6dE7863C325C9E67ac4A18E9067



Client contacts

POODLE Team



Blockchain

Ethereum



Website

Not provided

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Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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The analysis of the security is purely based on the smart contracts alone. No applications or operations were reviewed for security. No product code has been reviewed.

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Procedure

Step 1 - In-Depth Manual Review

Manual line-by-line code reviews to ensure the logic behind each function is sound and safe from various attack vectors. This is the most important and lengthy portion of the audit process (as automated tools often cannot find the nuances that lead to exploits such as flash loan attacks).

Step 2 - Automated Testing

Simulation of a variety of interactions with your Smart Contract on a test blockchain leveraging a combination of automated test tools and manual testing to determine if any security vulnerabilities exist.

Step 3 – Leadership Review

The engineers assigned to the audit will schedule meetings with our leadership team to review the contracts, any comments or findings, and ask questions to further apply adversarial thinking to discuss less common attack vectors.

Step 4 - Resolution of Issues

Consulting with the team to provide our recommendations to ensure the code's security and optimize its gas efficiency, if possible. We assist project team's in resolving any outstanding issues or implementing our recommendations.

Step 5 - Published Audit Report

Boiling down results and findings into an easy-to-read report tailored to the project. Our audit reports highlight resolved issues and any risks that exist to the project or its users, along with any remaining suggested remediation measures. Diagrams are included at the end of each report to help users understand the interactions which occur within the project.

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Background

HackSafe was commissioned by POODLE to perform an audit of smart contracts:

• https://etherscan.io/address/0x56a980328AEE33AaBB540A02E002C8323326bf36#code

The purpose of the audit was to achieve the following:

- Ensure that the smart contract functions as intended.
- Identify potential security issues with the smart contract.

The information in this report should be understand the risk exposure of the smart contract, and as a guide to improve the security posture of the smart contract by remediating the issues that were identified.

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Contract Details

Token contract details for 10.11.2022

Token Type : DEFI

Contract name : POODL

Contract address : 0x56a980328AEE33AaBB540A02E002C8323326bf36

Total supply : 80,691,150,239,892.907115537

Token Ticker : POODL

Decimals : 9

Token Holders : 15,567

Transactions count : 53,986

Compiler version : v0.6.12+commit.27d51765

Contract deployer

address

: 0x605f4d6a708fD6dE7863C325C9E67ac4A18E9067

Owner address : 0x605f4d6a708fD6dE7863C325C9E67ac4A18E9067

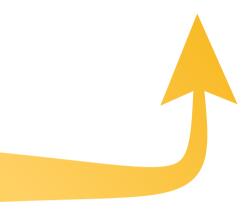
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Audit Summary

According to the standard audit assessment, Customer`s solidity smart contracts are **"Secure"**. This token contract does contain owner control, which do not make it fully decentralized as owner does have control over smart contract.

Insecure Poor secured Secure Well-secured

You are here



We used various tools like Slither, Mythril and Remix IDE. At the same time this finding is based on critical analysis of the manual audit. All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed and applicable vulnerabilities are presented in the issues checking status.

We found 0 critical, 0 high, 1 medium and 3 low.

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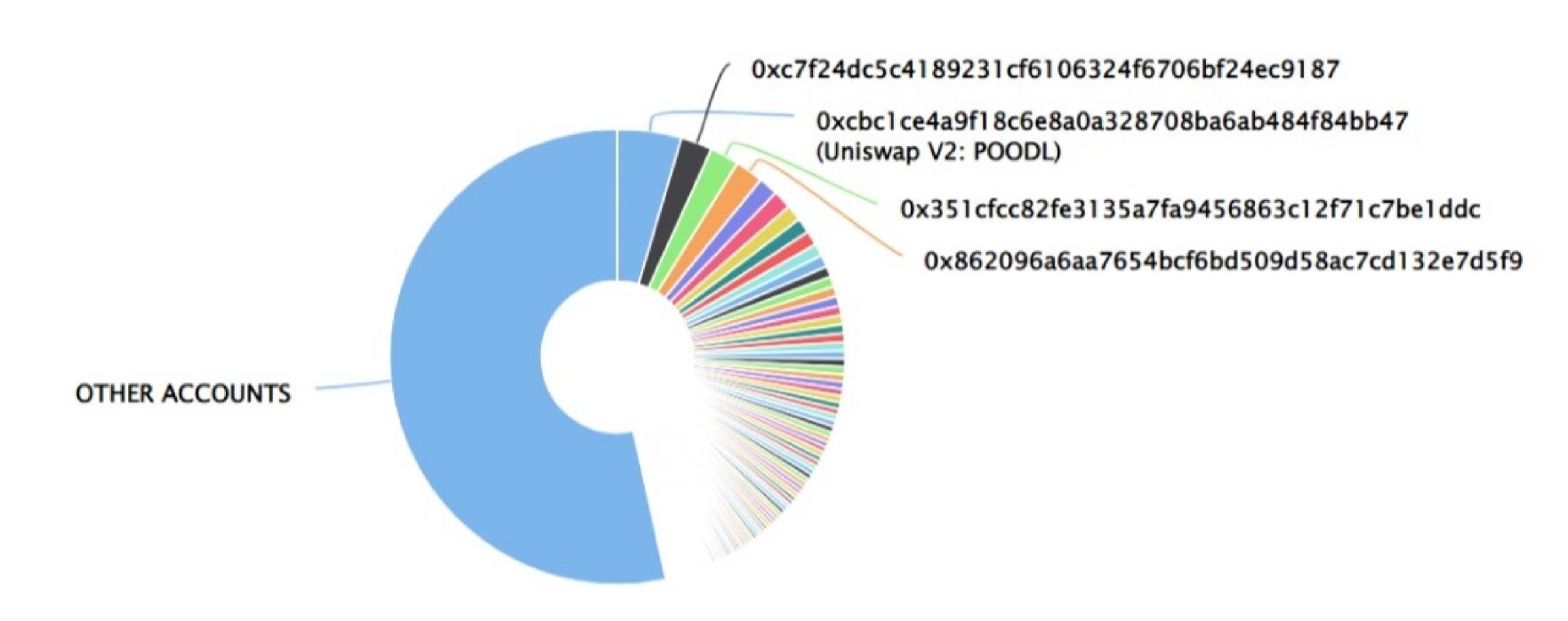
POODLE Token Distribution

The top 100 holders collectively own 46.56% (37,570,894,965,459.40 Tokens) of POODLE

Token Total Supply: 80,691,150,239,892.91 Token | Total Token Holders: 15,567

POODLE Top 100 Token Holders

Source: Etherscan.io



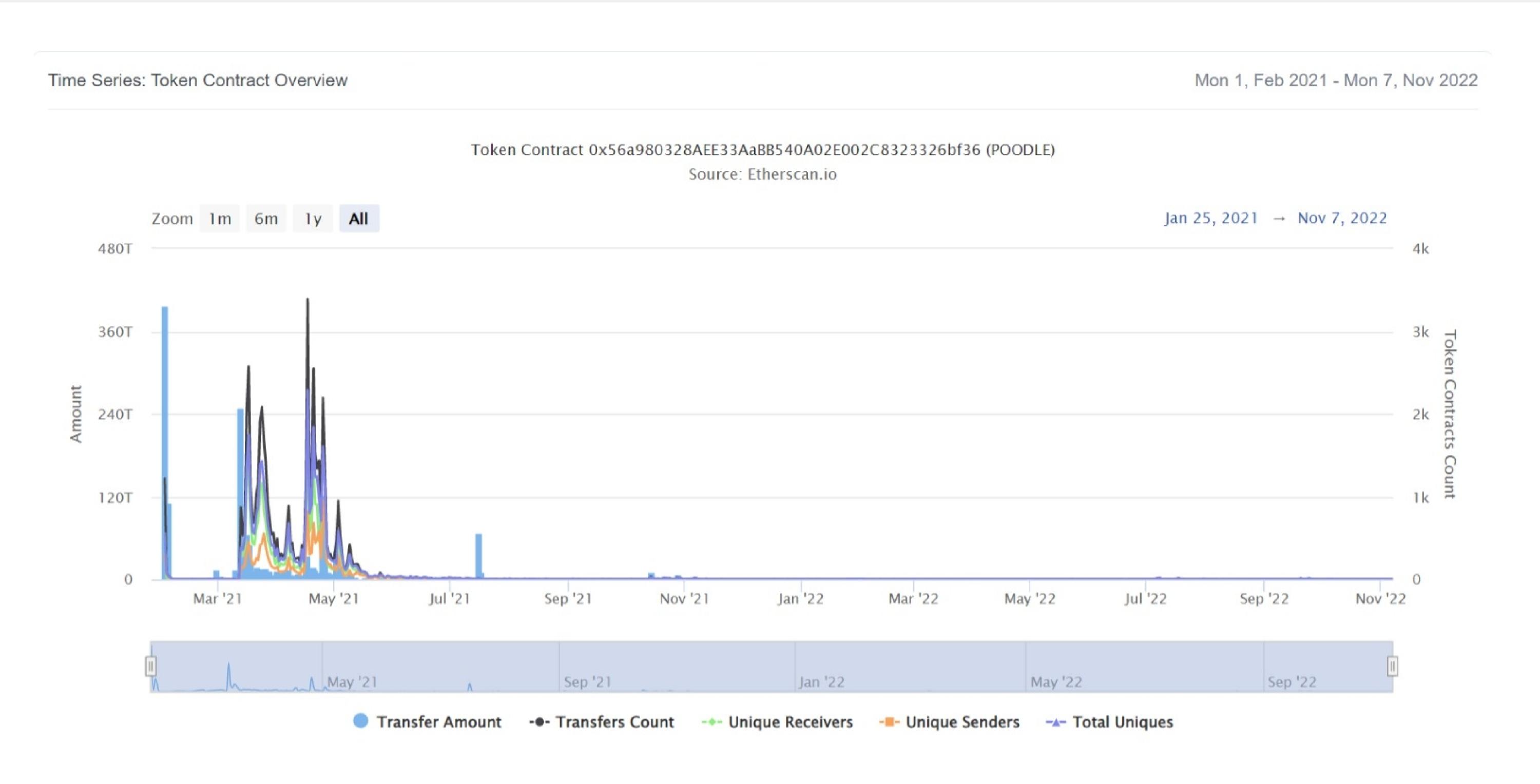
POODLE Token Top 20 Token Holders

(A total of 37,570,894,965,459.40 tokens held by the top 100 accounts from the total supply of 80,691,150,239,892.91 token)

Rank	Address	Quantity (Token)	Percentage
1	Uniswap V2: POODL	3,678,836,063,258.557516902	4.5592%
2	0xc7f24dc5c4189231cf6106324f6706bf24ec9187	1,799,499,071,529.286091577	2.2301%
3	0x351cfcc82fe3135a7fa9456863c12f71c7be1ddc	1,676,982,137,656.754119699	2.0783%
4	0x862096a6aa7654bcf6bd509d58ac7cd132e7d5f9	1,612,303,413,473.749717556	1.9981%
5	0x0be50e91c449ce6c95786f86e5639bbd629f5f21	1,118,210,808,931.19417952	1.3858%
6	0x88dafb26a7e1cf4c269473f3bc7b1fbf72caa4ab	1,068,965,233,617.978091794	1.3248%
7	0x661d10b9354137743c24291477de4e5bd43b61cf	919,677,141,307.606693376	1.1397%
8	0x99ebb58304f804e3b6bd90cacd36591dc97936ec	863,810,199,359.993865679	1.0705%
9	0x2acdb44596e2b6ffbbf62614c9aad9cd04980248	831,148,182,248.507522126	1.0300%
10	0xf9f1ce0840ff511f5bfa4f5d63d26f3fc579ea8a	700,039,005,844.645993545	0.8676%
11	0x8f477acdf91d3207c2653eb5f616a51ffcd95072	689,911,339,961.99333299	0.8550%
12	0xd646e46b3a4ce46d3d267abcd42d9752bf008c89	607,863,325,516.290602513	0.7533%
13	0x729f0d8835618820ef5f4fe0221c7c6913260532	589,443,570,022.302576032	0.7305%
14	Hotbit 3	579,075,394,137.89402248	0.7176%
15	0xbc1742cb8adec10eb24721de97078ed32ccbf59f	554,941,782,156.751004573	0.6877%
16	0x3b3e32443bf249784446cf9381f7e6190780586c	526,662,601,687.309709221	0.6527%
17	0x86b708d1766f7dbc313f6420075ee436a149bf23	520,006,547,232.530268421	0.6444%
18	Uniswap V2: DOGEN-POODL	507,004,612,924.320209048	0.6283%
19	0xcacb79e5a67479ad84305a7228f154ed9a6c3dd6	506,960,210,765.469547091	0.6283%
20	0x6a0352caec456286dadd347bfc8685c1e5889eda	472,706,673,074.452393241	0.5858%

POODLE Token Distribution

POODLE Token Contract Overview



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Contract functions details

```
poodl.sol
+POODL (Context, IERC20, Ownable)
    -[Pub] <constructor>
    -[Pub] name
    -[Pub] symbol
    -[Pub] decimals
    -[Pub] totalSupply
    -[Pub] balanceOf
    -[Pub] transfer #
    -[Pub] allowance
    -[Pub] approve #
    -[Pub] transferFrom #
    -[Pub] increaseAllowance #
    -[Pub] decreaseAllowance #
    -[Pub] isExcluded #
    -[Pub] totalFees
    -[Pub] totalBurn
    -[Pub] deliver #
    -[Pub] reflectionFromToken #
    -[Pub] tokenFromReflection #
    -[Ext] excludeAccount #
    -[Ext] includeAccount #
    -[Pvt] _approve #
    -[Pvt] _transfer #
    -[Pvt] _transferStandard #
    -[Pvt] _transferToExcluded #
    -[Pvt] _transferFromExcluded #
    -[Pvt] _transferBothExcluded #
    -[Pvt] _reflectFee
    -[Pvt] _getValues
    -[Pvt] _getTValues
    -[Pvt] _getRValues
    -[Pvt] _getRate
    -[Pvt] _getCurrentSupply
    -[Pvt] _getTaxFee
    -[Pvt] _getMaxTxAmount
    -[Ext] _setTaxFee #
```

Contract functions details

```
-modifiers: onlyOwner
    -[Ext] _setMaxTxAmount #
     -modifiers: onlyOwner
Address.sol
+[Lib] Address
    -[Int] isContract
    -[Int] sendValue
    -[Int] functionCall
    -[Int] functionCall
    -[Int] functionCallWithValue
    -[Int] functionCallWithValue
    -[Pvt] _functionCallWithValue
Context.sol
+Context
    -[Int] _msgSender
    -[Int] _msgData
IERC20.sol
+[Int] IERC20
    -[Ext] totalSupply
    -[Ext] balanceOf
    -[Ext] transfer
    -[Ext] allowance
    -[Ext] approve
    -[Ext] transferFrom
Ownable.sol
+Ownable (Context)
    -[Int] <constructor>
    -[Pub] owner
    -[Pub] renounceOwnership #
     -modifiers: onlyOwner
    -[Pub] transferOwnership #
     -modifiers: onlyOwner
    -[Pub] geUnlockTime
    -[Pub] lock #
     -modifiers: onlyOwner
    -[Pub] unlock #
SafeMath.sol
+[Lib] SafeMath
```

Contract functions details

- -[Int] add
- -[Int] sub
- -[Int] sub
- -[Int] mul
- -[Int] div
- -[Int] div
- -[Int] mod

(\$) = payable function

= non-constant function

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Issues Checking Status

No.	Title	Status
1.	Unlocked Compiler Version	Low issue
2.	Missing Input Validation	Passed
3.	Race conditions and Reentrancy. Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
4.	Possible delays in data delivery	Passed
5.	Oracle calls.	Passed
6.	Timestamp dependence.	Passed
7.	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed
8.	DoS with Revert.	Passed
9.	DoS with block gas limit.	Medium issue
10.	Methods execution permissions.	Passed
11.	Economy model of the contract.	Passed
12.	Private use data leaks.	Passed
13.	Malicious Event log.	Passed
14.	Scoping and Declarations.	Passed
15.	Uninitialized storage pointers.	Passed
16.	Arithmetic accuracy.	Passed
17.	Design Logic.	Passed
18.	Safe Open Zeppelin contracts implementation and usage.	Passed
19.	Incorrect Naming State Variable	Passed
20.	Too old version	Low issue

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Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g., public access to crucial functions
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused, etc. code snippets that can't have a significant impact on execution.

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Security Issues

Critical Severity Issues

No critical severity issue found.

High Severity Issues

No high severity issue found.

Medium Severity Issues

One medium severity issues found.

1.Out of gas limit.

Description

The smart contract has functions which has used for **includeAccount**, **_getCurrentSupply**. Large length of **_excluded** can cause a error of out of gas for these two functions.

Recommendation

It is advisable to either remove for loop or use smaller length of array to avoid the gas limit error.

Low Severity Issues

Three low severity issue found.

1.Old compiler version

Description

Contract has been deployed using too old solidity version.

Recommendation

It is advisable to deploy contract using any of the latest version of solidity.

2.Unlocked Compiler Version.

Description

The contract utilizes an unlocked compiler version. An unlocked compiler version in the contract's source code permits the user to compile it at or above a particular version. This, in turn, leads to differences in the generated bytecode between compilations due to differing compiler version numbers. This can lead to ambiguity when debugging as compiler-specific bugs may occur in the codebase that would be difficult to identify over a span of multiple compiler versions rather than a specific one.

Recommendation

It is advisable that the compiler version is alternatively locked at the lowest version possible so that the contract can be compiled. For example, for version >=0.6.2 the contract should contain the following line: pragma solidity 0.6.12;

Security Issues

3.Time dependence

Description

Lock time Issue

There is a wrong require message in the unlock function, which says that the contract is locked until 7 days, but it could be locked for more days.

Recommendation

Please change the require message or check that locking time is less than 7 days.

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Centralization

Owner Privileges:

- Owner can transfer and renounce ownership.
- Owner can exclude and include account from fees.
- Owner can set fees and maximum transaction fees.
- Owner can lock and unlock.

This smart contract has some functions which can be executed by the Admin (Owner) only. If the admin wallet private key would be compromised, then it would create trouble as smart contract ownership has not been renounced. Following are Admin functions:

- Excludeaccount
- Includeaccount
- Settaxfee
- _Setmaxtxamount
- Renounceownership
- Transferownership
- Lock

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Conclusion

Smart contract contains low and medium severity issues! The further transfer and operations with the fund raised are not related to this particular contract.

HackSafe note: Please check the disclaimer above and note, the audit makes no statements or warranties on business model, investment attractiveness or code sustainability. The report is provided for the only contract mentioned in the report and does not include any other potential contracts deployed by Owner.

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