

Smart Contract Security Audit Report

Robust Reward

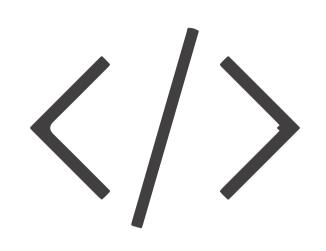
August 2022

Audit Details



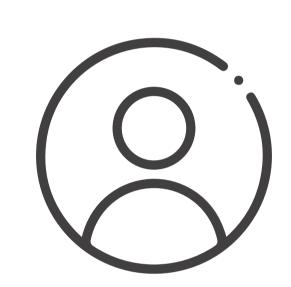
Audited project

Robust Reward



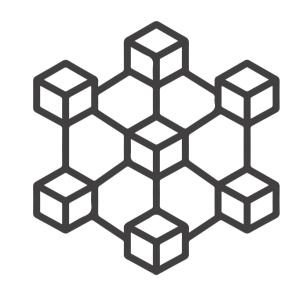
Deployer address

0x91C42321126B48D89B2871CB90A0Dc537a5E1984



Client contacts

Robust Reward team



Blockchain

Binance Smart chain



Website

https://robustprotocol.fi/

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Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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The analysis of the security is purely based on the smart contracts alone. No applications or operations were reviewed for security. No product code has been reviewed.

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Procedure

Step 1 - In-Depth Manual Review

Manual line-by-line code reviews to ensure the logic behind each function is sound and safe from various attack vectors. This is the most important and lengthy portion of the audit process (as automated tools often cannot find the nuances that lead to exploits such as flash loan attacks).

Step 2 - Automated Testing

Simulation of a variety of interactions with your Smart Contract on a test blockchain leveraging a combination of automated test tools and manual testing to determine if any security vulnerabilities exist.

Step 3 – Leadership Review

The engineers assigned to the audit will schedule meetings with our leadership team to review the contracts, any comments or findings, and ask questions to further apply adversarial thinking to discuss less common attack vectors.

Step 4 - Resolution of Issues

Consulting with the team to provide our recommendations to ensure the code's security and optimize its gas efficiency, if possible. We assist project team's in resolving any outstanding issues or implementing our recommendations.

Step 5 - Published Audit Report

Boiling down results and findings into an easy-to-read report tailored to the project. Our audit reports highlight resolved issues and any risks that exist to the project or its users, along with any remaining suggested remediation measures. Diagrams are included at the end of each report to help users understand the interactions which occur within the project.

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Background

HackSafe was commissioned by Robust Reward to perform an audit of smart contracts:

• https://bscscan.com/address/0x4cc23264e1ef8dd8173e4ec07e6a01cc7476d997#code

The purpose of the audit was to achieve the

- Ensutre that the smart contract functions as intended.
- Identify potential security issues with the smart contract.

The information in this report should be understand the risk exposure of the smart contract, and as a guide to improve the security posture of the smart contract by remediating the issues that were identified.

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Contract Details

Token contract details for 18.08.2022

Owner address

Token Type	: BEP20
Contract name	: rbtReward
Contract address	: 0x4cc23264E1eF8dd8173E4Ec07E6a01Cc7476d997
Compiler version	: v0.6.12+commit.27d51765
Total supply	: 8,379.096398
Token Ticker	: RBW
Decimals	: 18
Token Holders	: 8,696
Transactions count	: 61,192
Contract deployer address	: 0x91C42321126B48D89B2871CB90A0Dc537a5E1984

: 0x891e4554227385c5c740f9b483e935e3cbc29f01

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Social profiles

Twitter profile : https://twitter.com/robustprotocol

Telegram Profile : https://t.me/robustprotocol

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Audit Summary

According to the standard audit assessment, Customer`s solidity smart contracts are "Secure". This token contract does contain owner control, which do not make it fully decentralized as owner does have control over smart contract.

Insecure Poor secured Secure Well-secured



You are here

We used various tools like Slither, Mythril and Remix IDE. At the same time this finding is based on critical analysis of the manual audit. All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed and applicable vulnerabilities are presented in the issues checking status.

We found 0 critical, 0 high, 0 medium and 1 low and some very low-level issues. These issues are not critical ones.

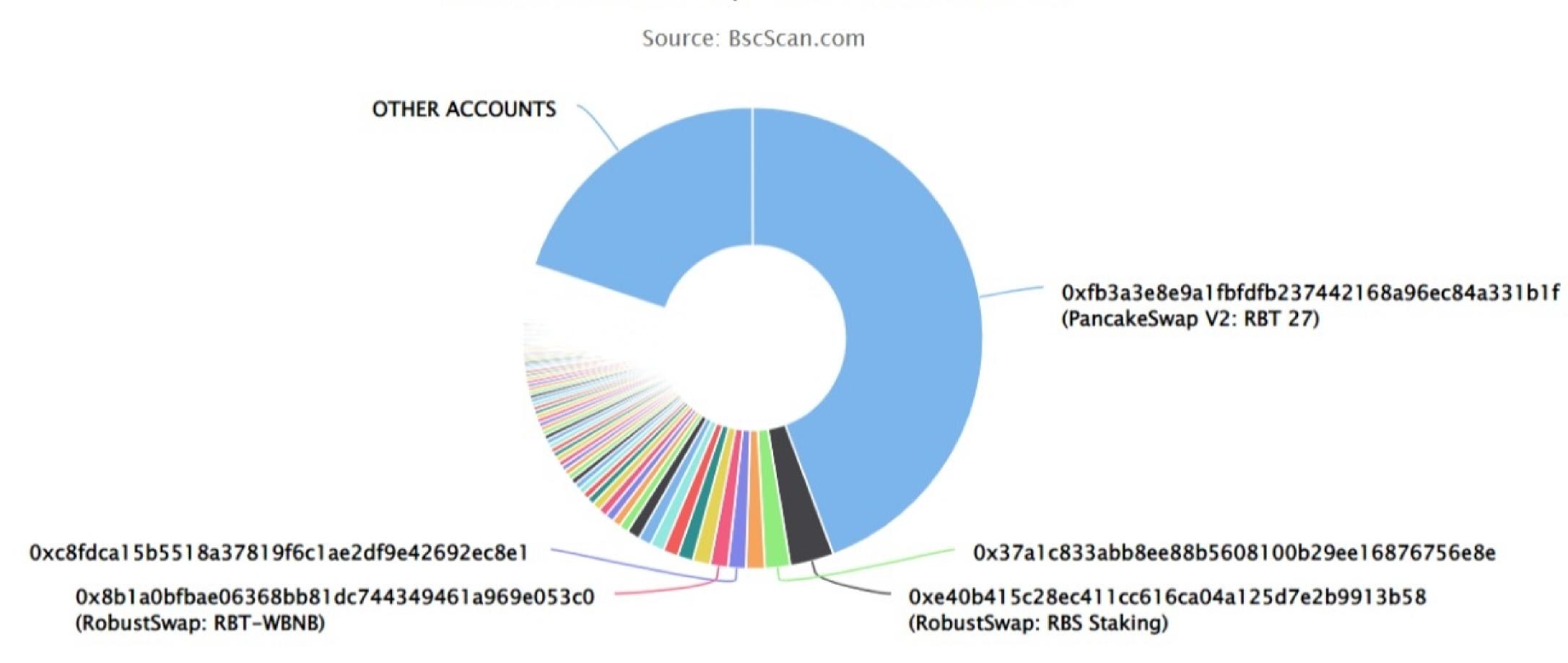
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Robust Reward Token Distribution

The top 100 holders collectively own 80.14% (6,715.34 Tokens) of Robust Reward

▼ Token Total Supply: 8,379.10 Token | Total Token Holders: 8,696

Robust Reward Top 100 Token Holders



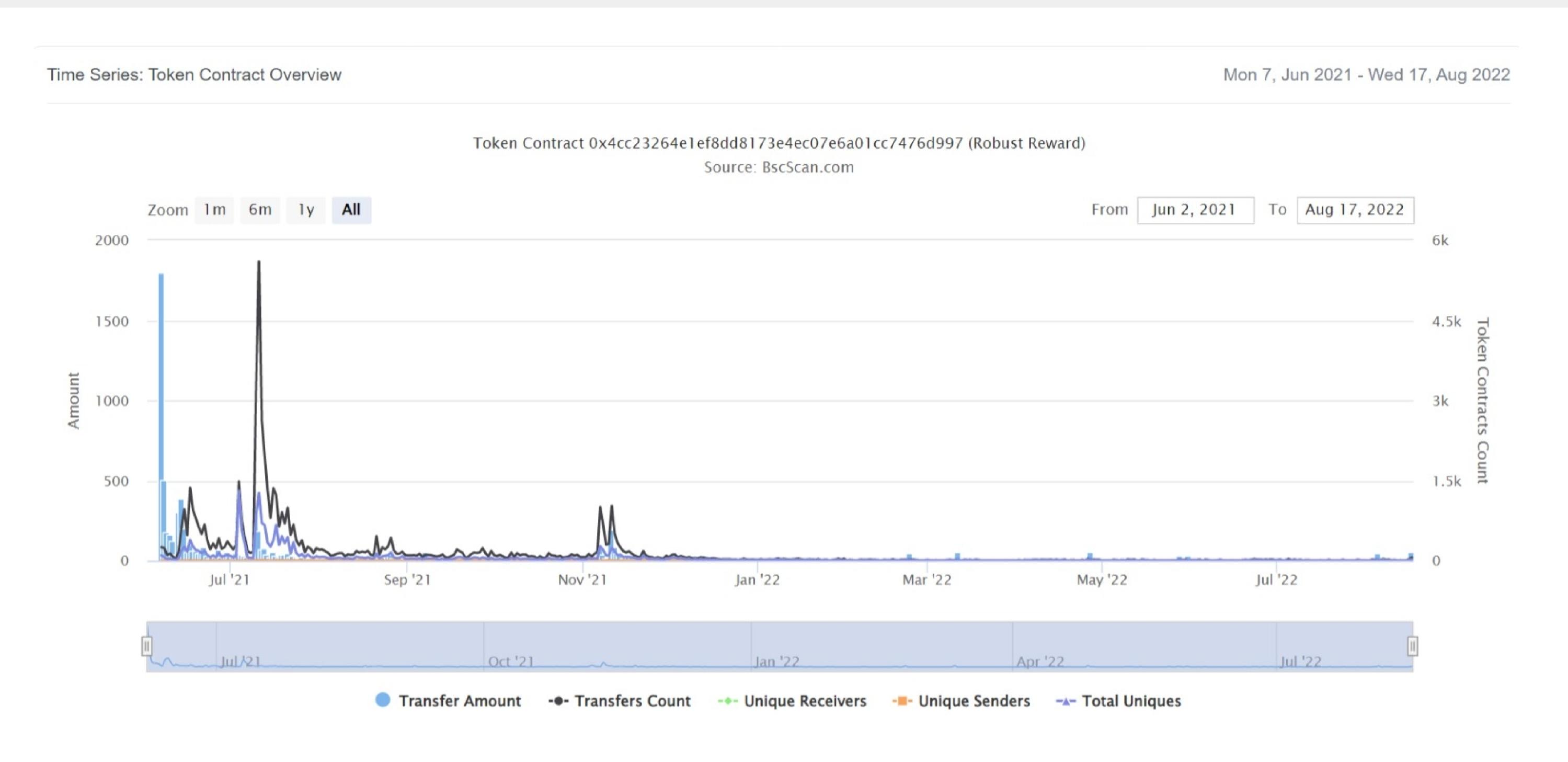
Robust Reward Top 20 Token Holders

(A total of 6,715.34 tokens held by the top 100 accounts from the total supply of 8,379.10 token)

Rank	Address	Quantity (Token)	Percentage
1	PancakeSwap V2: RBT 27	3,714.338288095544569958	44.3286%
2	RobustSwap: RBS Staking	256.899555601937777349	3.0660%
3	①x37a1c833abb8ee88b5608100b29ee16876756e8e	147.557631663750814581	1.7610%
4	0x694680f2a7de3cd4c395f1e66fdfaaac62a3d7b4	111.240349381749111594	1.3276%
5	0xc8fdca15b5518a37819f6c1ae2df9e42692ec8e1	105.419775044489622842	1.2581%
6	RobustSwap: RBT-WBNB	104.02856766293003448	1.2415%
7	①x26d2da25e02a93cded1fac6aad4fa58d0c9679a4	103.279524655241931502	1.2326%
8	①x8d7bdf0ebfe5671d1113b4acec1a9471c602dc55	91.328580655104921042	1.0900%
9	0xbe241d9b35ead4799835e8e7b7a4596815665048	89.338206189050634677	1.0662%
10	0x9ada0e830bac3a5071e90496d39430849fe67ecb	81.507271208666994806	0.9727%
11	0x33a9996626060b54b883cbffc986d5c89b650013	77.663006480728175551	0.9269%
12	①x10470398ebe6878c1a7ceacbaaa0a131ce9f7d22	76.727849104421068942	0.9157%
13	0x98ab6116c8bf3e526a9e5eaa05a958df56d65706	52.752780788252632291	0.6296%
14	0x03d0a02da4e45d8dfce1f78a4de7a3fdb3db5f1e	51.73289840553416995	0.6174%
15	0x0ba4ffaa9f0f1962f69929011c092a819c31e6f4	50.714327781259390659	0.6052%
16	Null Address: 0x000dEaD	50.026546143511431623	0.5970%
17	0xd8a32aa5fe9d38cd66249cc1524930eb982c629a	49.735341312764107785	0.5936%
18	0x20a0b09cace3df687b06506f62394b949a0c3c89	42.730558	0.5100%
19	0x6742004b42f224fa10d5eb39d305cd96c3082019	38.128734595534989795	0.4550%
20	0xb8e6fa522efa95f1267e84d06131dfd7a8868a29	37.964260337793156207	0.4531%

Robust Reward Token Distribution

Robust Reward Contract Overview



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Contract functions details

```
+ Context
-[Int] _msgSender
-[Int] _msgData
+ [Int] IERC20
    -[Ext] totalSupply
    -[Ext] balanceOf
    -[Ext] transfer
    -[Ext] allowance
    -[Ext] approve
    -[Ext] transferFrom
+[Lib] SafeMath
    -[Int] add
    -[Int] sub
    -[Int] sub
    -[Int] mul
    -[Int] div
    -[Int] div
    -[Int] mod
    -[Int] mod
+ [Lib] Address
    -[Int] isContract
    -[Int] sendValue
    -[Int] functionCall
    -[Int] functionCall
    -[Int] functionCallWithValue
    -[Int] functionCallWithValue
ERC20 (Context, IERC20)
+ ERC20 (Context, IERC20)
    -[Pub] < constructor>
    -[Pub] name
    -[Pub] symbol
    -[Pub] decimals
    -[Pub] totalSupply
    -[Pub] balanceOf
    -[Pub] transfer #
    -[Pub] allowance
```

Contract functions details

```
-[Pub] approve #
    -[Pub] transferFrom #
    -[Pub] increaseAllowance
    -[Pub] decreaseAllowance
    -[Int] _transfer #
    -[Int] _mint#
    -[Int] _burn #
    -[Int] _approve #
    -[Int] _setupDecimals #
    -[Int] _beforeTokenTransfer
+ Ownable (Context)
    -[Int] constructor
    -[Pub] owner
    -[Pub] renounceOwnership #
     -modifiers: onlyOwner
    -[Pub] transferOwnership #
     -modifiers: onlyOwner
+rbtReward (ERC20, Ownable)
    -[Pub] mint #
     -modifiers: onlyOwner
($) = payable function
# = non-constant function
```

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Issues Checking Status

No.	Title	Status
1.	Unlocked Compiler Version	Low issue
2.	Missing Input Validation	Passed
3.	Race conditions and Reentrancy. Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
4.	Possible delays in data delivery	Passed
5.	Oracle calls.	Passed
6.	Timestamp dependence.	Passed
7.	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed
8.	DoS with Revert.	Passed
9.	DoS with block gas limit.	Passed
10.	Methods execution permissions.	Passed
11.	Economy model of the contract.	Passed
12.	Private use data leaks.	Passed
13.	Malicious Event log.	Passed
14.	Scoping and Declarations.	Passed
15.	Uninitialized storage pointers.	Passed
16.	Arithmetic accuracy.	Passed
17.	Design Logic.	Passed
18.	Safe Open Zeppelin contracts implementation and usage.	Passed
19.	Incorrect Naming State Variable	Passed
20.	Too old version	Passed

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Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g., public access to crucial functions
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused, etc. code snippets that can't have a significant impact on execution.

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Security Issues

Critical Severity Issues No critical severity issue found.

High Severity IssuesNo high severity issue found.

Medium Severity IssuesNo medium severity issues found.

Low Severity IssuesOne low severity issue found.

1. Unlocked Compiler Version.

Description

The contract utilizes an unlocked compiler version. An unlocked compiler version in the contract's source code permits the user to compile it at or above a particular version. This, in turn, leads to differences in the generated bytecode between compilations due to differing compiler version numbers. This can lead to ambiguity when debugging as compiler-specific bugs may occur in the codebase that would be difficult to identify over a span of multiple compiler versions rather than a specific one.

Recommendation

It is advisable that the compiler version is alternatively locked at the lowest version possible so that the contract can be compiled. For example, for version 0.6.12 the contract should contain the following line:

pragma solidity 0.6.12;

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Centralization

Owner privileges:

- Robust Reward Contract:
 - Owner can remove and transfer ownership.
 - Owner can mint tokens.

This smart contract has some functions which can be executed by the Admin (Owner) only. If the admin wallet private key would be compromised, then it would create trouble but smart contract ownership has been renounced. Following are Admin functions and burner functions:

- Transferownership
- Renounceownership
- Mint

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Conclusion

Smart contract contains low severity issues! The further transfer and operations with the fund raised are not related to this particular contract.

HackSafe note: Please check the disclaimer above and note, the audit makes no statements or warranties on business model, investment attractiveness or code sustainability. The report is provided for the only contract mentioned in the report and does not include any other potential contracts deployed by Owner.

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