



## TLV700xx-Q1 200-mA Low- $I_Q$ Low-Dropout Regulator for Portable Devices

### 1 Features

- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- AEC-Q100 Qualified With the Following Results:
  - Device Temperature Grade 1:  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$  Ambient Operating Temperature Range
  - Device HBM ESD Classification Level H2
  - Device CDM ESD Classification Level C4B
- 2% Accuracy
- Low  $I_Q$ : 31  $\mu\text{A}$
- Fixed Output Voltages
  - TLV70033-Q1: 3.3 V
  - TLV70032-Q1: 3.2 V
  - TLV70030-Q1: 3.0 V
  - TLV70028-Q1: 2.8 V
  - TLV70025-Q1: 2.5 V
  - TLV70012A-Q1: 1.2 V
  -
- High PSRR: 68 dB at 1 kHz
- Stable With Effective Capacitance of 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$
- Thermal Shutdown and Overcurrent Protection
- Latch-Up Performance Meets 100 mA Per AEC-Q100, Level I
- Available in the SOT-5 (DDC) and SC70-5 (DCK) Packages

### 2 Applications

Automotive

### 3 Description

The TLV700xx-Q1 family of low-dropout (LDO) linear regulators are low-quiescent-current devices with excellent line and load transient performance. These LDOs are designed for power-sensitive applications. A precision band-gap and error amplifier provides overall 2% accuracy. Low output noise, very high power-supply rejection ratio (PSRR), and low dropout voltage make this series of devices ideal for most battery-operated handheld equipment. All device versions have thermal shutdown and current limit for safety.

Furthermore, these devices are stable with an effective output capacitance of only 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$ . This feature enables the use of cost-effective capacitors that have higher bias voltages and temperature derating. The devices regulate to specified accuracy with no output load.

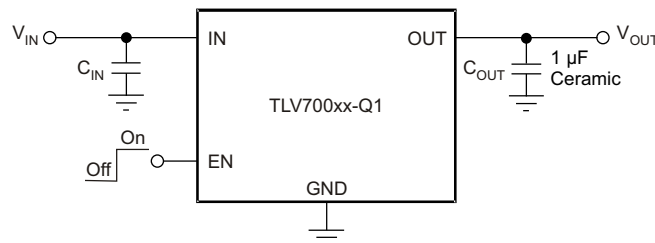
The TLV700xx-Q1 LDOs are available in the SOT-5 (DDC) and the SC70-5 (DCK) packages.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TLV70012A-Q1	SC70 (5)	2.00 mm × 1.25 mm
TLV70025-Q1	SOT (5)	2.90 mm × 1.60 mm
TLV70028-Q1	SOT (5)	2.90 mm × 1.60 mm
TLV70030-Q1	SC70 (5)	2.00 mm × 1.25 mm
TLV70032-Q1	SOT (5)	2.90 mm × 1.60 mm
TLV70033-Q1	SOT (5)	2.90 mm × 1.60 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

#### Typical Application Circuit (Fixed-Voltage Versions)



## Table of Contents

<b>1 Features</b> .....	<b>1</b>	7.4 Device Functional Modes.....	<b>10</b>
<b>2 Applications</b> .....	<b>1</b>	<b>8 Application and Implementation</b> .....	<b>11</b>
<b>3 Description</b> .....	<b>1</b>	8.1 Application Information.....	<b>11</b>
<b>4 Revision History</b> .....	<b>2</b>	8.2 Typical Application .....	<b>12</b>
<b>5 Pin Configuration and Functions</b> .....	<b>3</b>	<b>9 Power Supply Recommendations</b> .....	<b>13</b>
<b>6 Specifications</b> .....	<b>3</b>	<b>10 Layout</b> .....	<b>14</b>
6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings .....	<b>3</b>	10.1 Layout Guidelines .....	<b>14</b>
6.2 ESD Ratings.....	<b>3</b>	10.2 Layout Example .....	<b>14</b>
6.3 Thermal Information .....	<b>4</b>	<b>11 Device and Documentation Support</b> .....	<b>15</b>
6.4 Electrical Characteristics.....	<b>4</b>	11.1 Related Links .....	<b>15</b>
6.5 Typical Characteristics .....	<b>5</b>	11.2 Community Resources.....	<b>15</b>
<b>7 Detailed Description</b> .....	<b>9</b>	11.3 Trademarks .....	<b>15</b>
7.1 Overview .....	<b>9</b>	11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution.....	<b>15</b>
7.2 Functional Block Diagram .....	<b>9</b>	11.5 Glossary .....	<b>15</b>
7.3 Feature Description.....	<b>9</b>	<b>12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</b> .....	<b>15</b>

## 4 Revision History

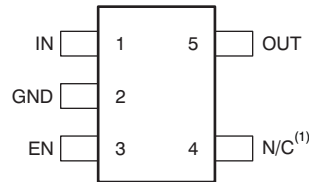
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision F (August 2013) to Revision G	Page
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added <i>Pin Configuration and Functions</i> section, <i>ESD Ratings</i> table, <i>Feature Description</i> section, <i>Device Functional Modes</i>, <i>Application and Implementation</i> section, <i>Power Supply Recommendations</i> section, <i>Layout</i> section, <i>Device and Documentation Support</i> section, and <i>Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</i> section .....</li> </ul>	<b>1</b>

Changes from Revision E (January 2013) to Revision F	Page
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changed CDM classification level from C3B to C4B in <i>FEATURES</i> list.....</li> <li>Changed ambient temperature range in <i>ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</i> table .....</li> <li>Changed Ground pin current (shutdown) max value from 2 to 2.5 in <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table.....</li> <li>Added TLV70028-Q1 and TLV70032-Q1 to document .....</li> </ul>	<b>1</b> <b>3</b> <b>4</b> <b>12</b>

## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions

**DDC and DCK Packages  
5-Pin SOT and SC70  
Top View**



**Pin Functions**

PIN		DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME	
1	IN	Input pin. A small 1- $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor is recommended from this pin to ground to assure stability and good transient performance. See <a href="#">Input and Output Capacitor Requirements</a> in the <i>Application Information</i> section for more details.
2	GND	Ground pin
3	EN	Enable pin. Driving EN over 0.9 V turns on the regulator. Driving EN below 0.4 V puts the regulator into shutdown mode and reduces operating current to 1 $\mu$ A, nominal.
4	NC	No connection. This pin can be tied to ground to improve thermal dissipation.
5	OUT	Regulated output voltage pin. A small 1- $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor is needed from this pin to ground to assure stability. See <a href="#">Input and Output Capacitor Requirements</a> in the <i>Application Information</i> section for more details.

## 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

At  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted). All voltages are with respect to GND.<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IN}$	Input voltage	-0.3	6	V
$V_{EN}$	Enable voltage	-0.3	6	V
$V_{OUT}$	Output voltage	-0.3	6	V
$I_{OUT}$	Maximum output current	Internally limited		
	Output short-circuit duration	Indefinite		
$T_A$	Operating ambient temperature	-40	125	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	-55	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
		Charged-device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	

- (1) AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

## 6.3 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		TLV700xx-Q1		UNIT
		DCK (SOT)	DDC (SOT)	
		5 Pins	5 PINS	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	307.6	262.8	°C/W
R <sub>θJC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	79.1	68.2	°C/W
R <sub>θJB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	93.7	81.6	°C/W
ψ <sub>JT</sub>	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	1.3	1.1	°C/W
ψ <sub>JB</sub>	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	92.8	80.9	°C/W
R <sub>θJC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	n/a	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

## 6.4 Electrical Characteristics

V<sub>IN</sub> = V<sub>OUT(TYP)</sub> + 0.3 V or 2 V (whichever is greater); I<sub>OUT</sub> = 10 mA, V<sub>EN</sub> = V<sub>IN</sub>, C<sub>OUT</sub> = 1 μF, and T<sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input voltage range	2		5.5	V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	DC output accuracy	–40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 125°C			
		V <sub>OUT</sub> ≥ 1 V		–2%	2%
		V <sub>OUT</sub> < 1 V		–20	20
ΔV <sub>O</sub> / ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	Line regulation	V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> + 0.5 V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 5.5 V I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 mA		1	5
ΔV <sub>O</sub> / ΔI <sub>OUT</sub>	Load regulation	0 mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 200 mA, TLV70025-Q1 TLV70030-Q1, TLV70033-Q1			15
		0 mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 200 mA, TLV70012A-Q1			20
V <sub>DO</sub>	Dropout voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.98 × V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA		175	250
I <sub>CL</sub>	Output current limit	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.9 × V <sub>OUT(NOM)</sub>		220	350
I <sub>GND</sub>	Ground pin current	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA		31	55
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA, V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0.5 V		270	
I <sub>SHDN</sub>	Ground pin current (shutdown)	V <sub>EN</sub> ≤ 0.4 V, 2.0 V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 4.5 V		1	2.5
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.3 V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.8 V I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 mA, f = 1 kHz		68	
V <sub>N</sub>	Output noise voltage	BW = 100 Hz to 100 kHz V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.3 V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.8 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 mA		48	
t <sub>STR</sub>	Startup time <sup>(2)</sup>	C <sub>OUT</sub> = 1 μF, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA		100	
V <sub>EN(HI)</sub>	Enable pin high (enabled)			0.9	V <sub>IN</sub>
V <sub>EN(LO)</sub>	Enable pin low (disabled)			0	0.4
I <sub>EN</sub>	Enable pin current	V <sub>EN</sub> = 5.5 V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10 μA		0.04	0.5
UVLO	Undervoltage lockout	V <sub>IN</sub> rising		1.9	
T <sub>SD</sub>	Thermal shutdown temperature	Shutdown, temperature increasing		160	
		Reset, temperature decreasing		140	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating ambient temperature			–40	125

(1) V<sub>DO</sub> is measured for devices with V<sub>OUT(NOM)</sub> ≥ 2.35 V.

(2) Startup time = time from EN assertion to 0.98 × V<sub>OUT(NOM)</sub>.

## 6.5 Typical Characteristics

$T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$  or  $2\text{ V}$  (whichever is greater);  $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are at  $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

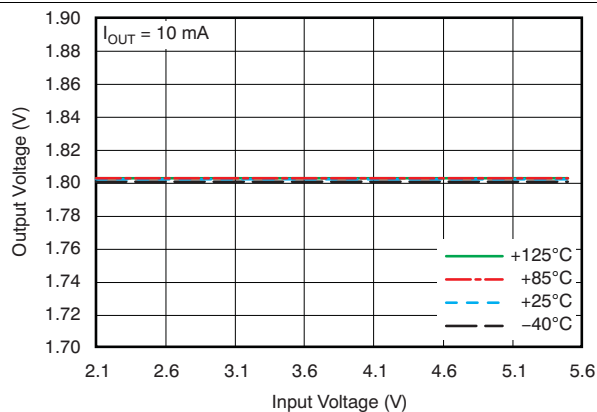


Figure 1. TLV70018 Line Regulation

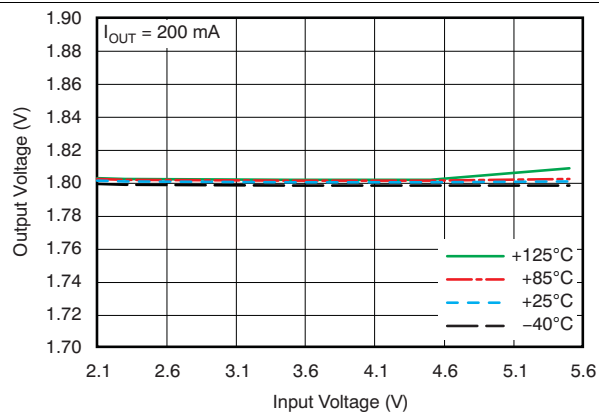


Figure 2. TLV70018 Line Regulation

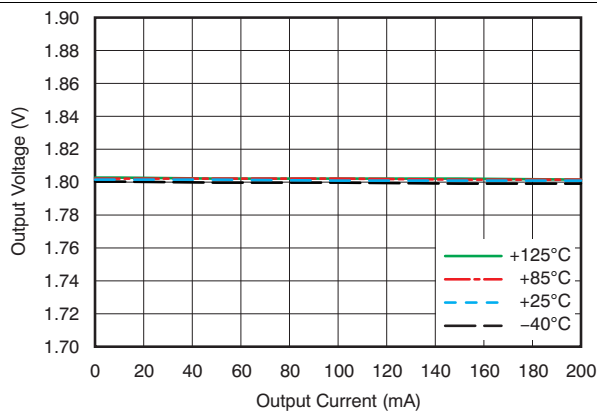


Figure 3. TLV70018 Load Regulation

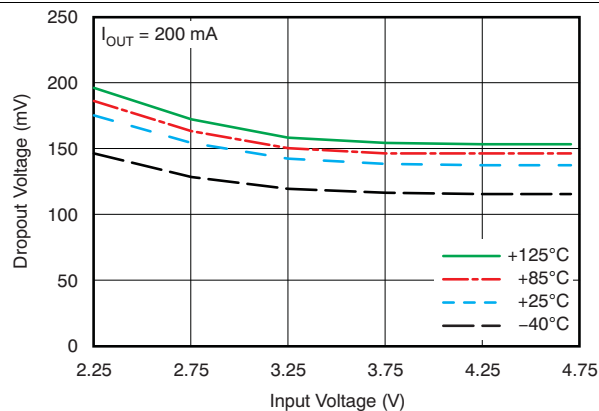


Figure 4. TLV70048 Dropout Voltage vs Input Voltage

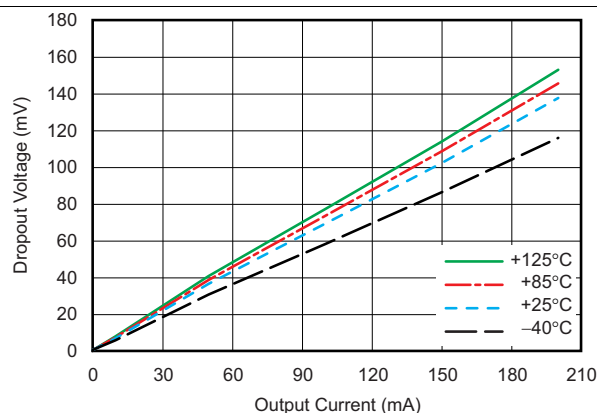


Figure 5. TLV70048 Dropout Voltage vs Output Current

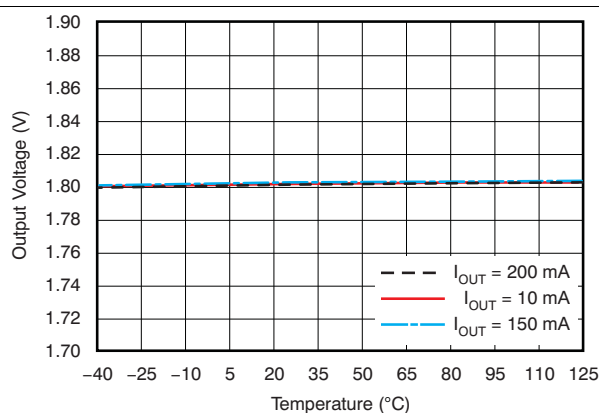


Figure 6. TLV70018 Output Voltage vs Temperature

## Typical Characteristics (continued)

$T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$  or  $2\text{ V}$  (whichever is greater);  $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are at  $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

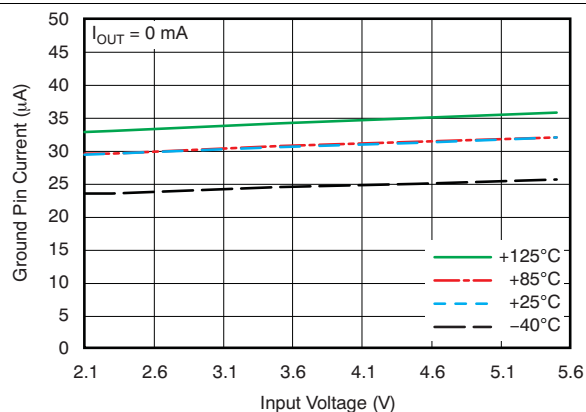


Figure 7. TLV70018 Ground Pin Current vs Input Voltage

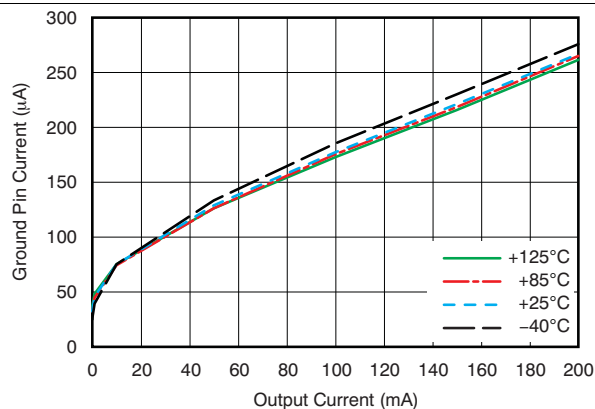


Figure 8. TLV70018 Ground Pin Current vs Load

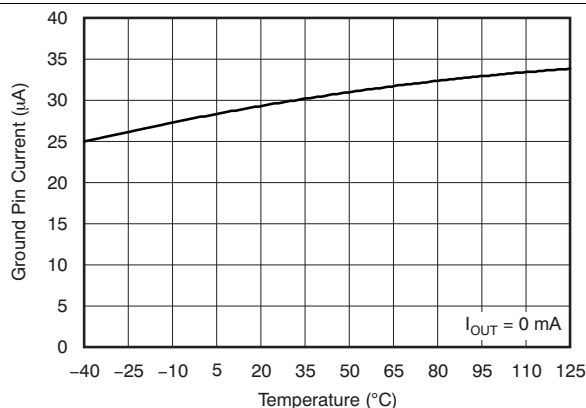


Figure 9. TLV70018 Ground Pin Current vs Temperature

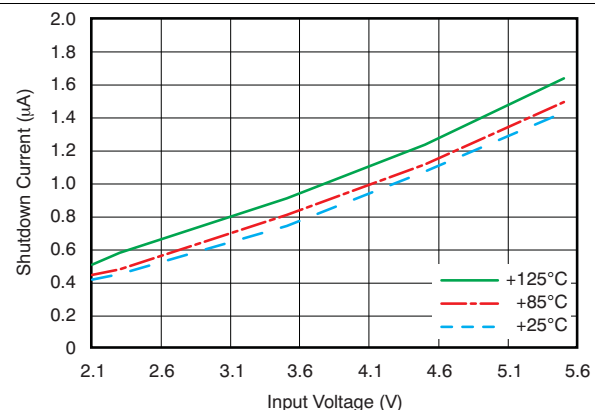


Figure 10. TLV70018 Shutdown Current vs Input Voltage

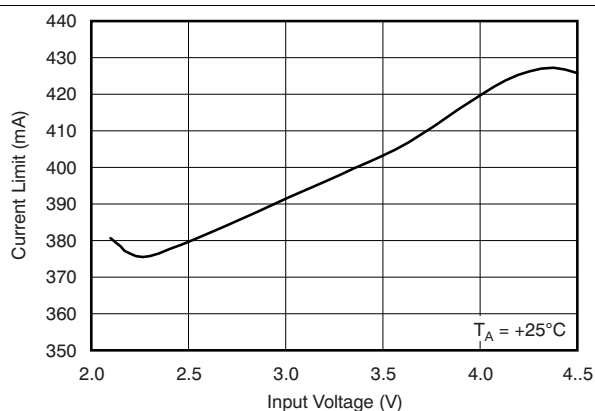


Figure 11. TLV70018 Current Limit vs Input Voltage

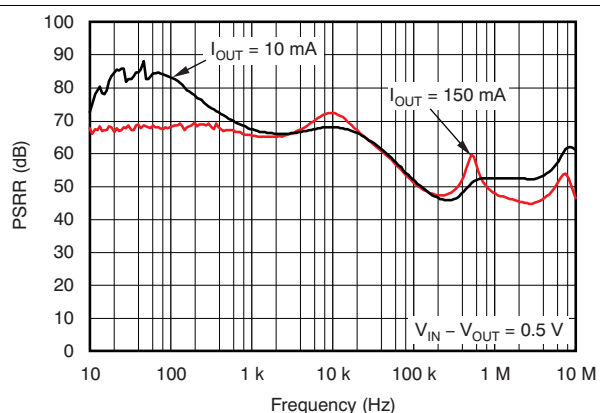
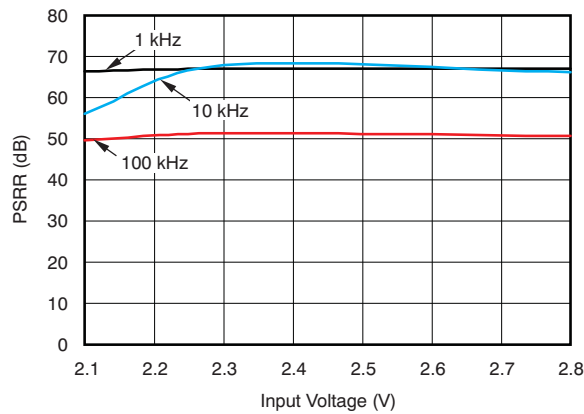


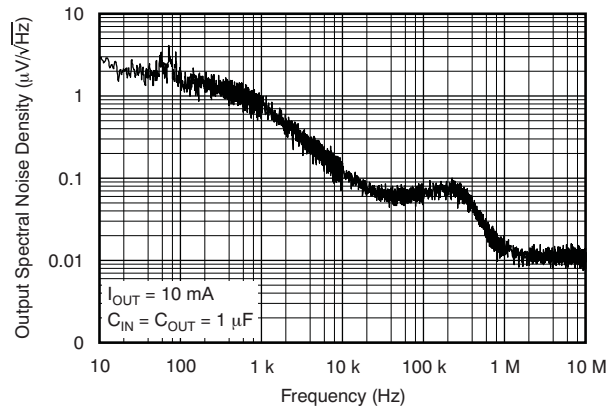
Figure 12. TLV70018 Power-Supply Ripple Rejection vs Frequency

## Typical Characteristics (continued)

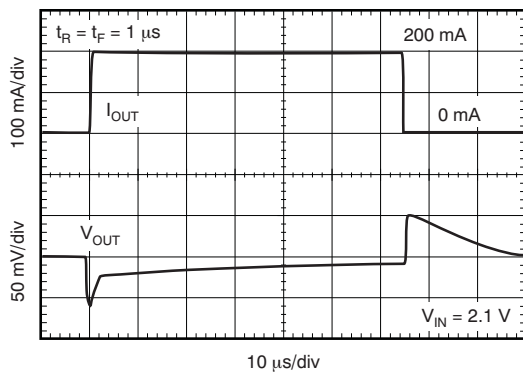
$T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$  or  $2\text{ V}$  (whichever is greater);  $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are at  $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .



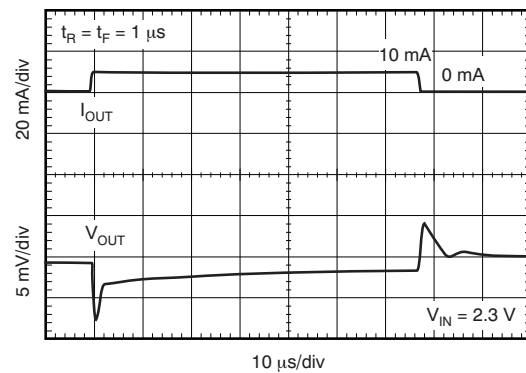
**Figure 13. TLV70018 Power-Supply Ripple Rejection vs Input Voltage**



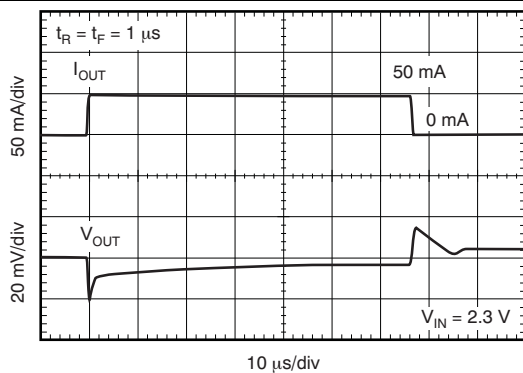
**Figure 14. TLV70018 Output Spectral Noise Density vs Output Voltage**



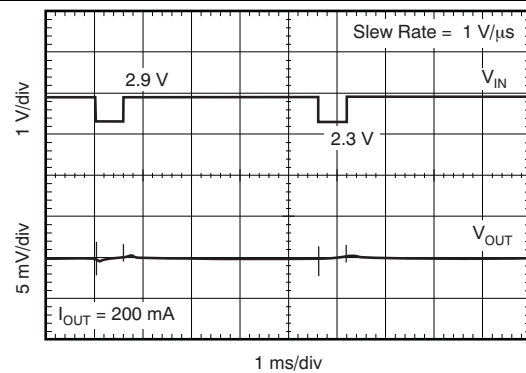
**Figure 15. TLV70018 Load Transient Response**



**Figure 16. TLV70018 Load Transient Response**



**Figure 17. TLV70018 Load Transient Response**



**Figure 18. TLV70018 Line Transient Response**

## Typical Characteristics (continued)

$T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(TYP)} + 0.5\text{ V}$  or  $2\text{ V}$  (whichever is greater);  $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are at  $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

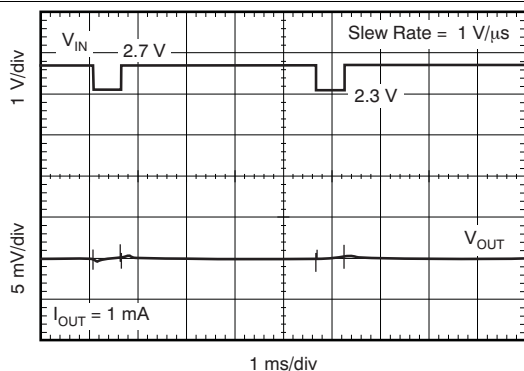


Figure 19. TLV70018 Line Transient Response

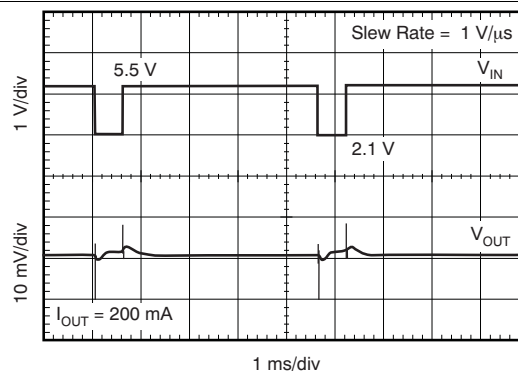


Figure 20. TLV70018 Line Transient Response

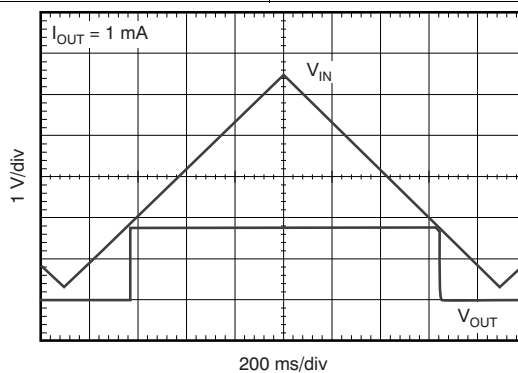


Figure 21. TLV70018  $V_{IN}$  Ramp Up, Ramp Down Response

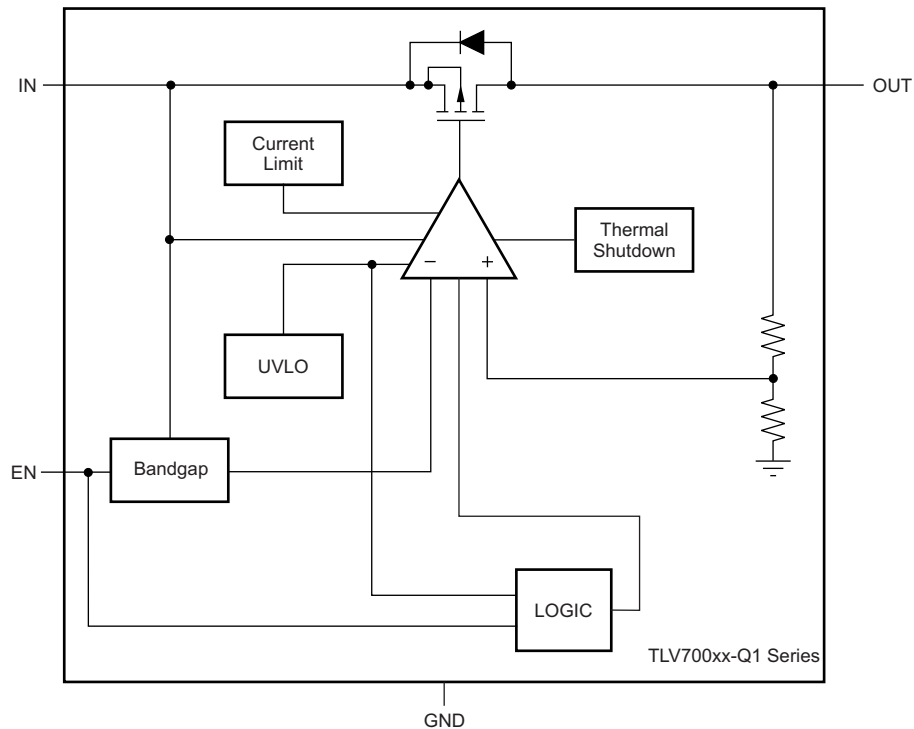


## 7 Detailed Description

### 7.1 Overview

The TLV700xx-Q1 low-dropout (LDO) linear regulators are low-quiescent-current devices with excellent line and load transient performance. These LDOs are designed for power-sensitive applications. A precision band-gap and error amplifier provides overall 2% accuracy together with low output noise, very high power-supply rejection ratio (PSRR), and low dropout voltage.

### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 7.3 Feature Description

#### 7.3.1 Internal Current Limit

The TLV700xx-Q1 internal current limit helps to protect the regulator during fault conditions. During current limit, the output sources a fixed amount of current that is largely independent of the output voltage. In such a case, the output voltage is not regulated, and is  $V_{OUT} = I_{LIMIT} \times R_{LOAD}$ . The PMOS pass transistor dissipates  $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{LIMIT}$  until thermal shutdown is triggered and the device turns off. As the device cools down, it is turned on by the internal thermal-shutdown circuit. If the fault condition continues, the device cycles between current limit and thermal shutdown. See the [Thermal Information](#) section for more details.

The PMOS pass element in the TLV700xx-Q1 has a built-in body diode that conducts current when the voltage at OUT exceeds the voltage at IN. This current is not limited, so if extended reverse voltage operation is anticipated, external limiting to 5% of the rated output current is recommended.

#### 7.3.2 Shutdown

The enable pin (EN) is active-high and is compatible with standard and low-voltage TTL-CMOS levels. When shutdown capability is not required, EN can be connected to the IN pin.

## Feature Description (continued)

### 7.3.3 Dropout Voltage

The TLV700xx-Q1 uses a PMOS pass transistor to achieve low dropout. When  $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$  is less than the dropout voltage ( $V_{DO}$ ), the PMOS pass device is in the linear region of operation and the input-to-output resistance is the  $r_{DS(on)}$  of the PMOS pass element.  $V_{DO}$  scales approximately with output current because the PMOS device behaves as a resistor in dropout.

As with any linear regulator, PSRR and transient response are degraded as  $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$  approaches dropout. This effect is shown in [Figure 13](#) in the *Typical Characteristics* section.

### 7.3.4 Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO)

The TLV700xx-Q1 uses an undervoltage lockout circuit to keep the output shut off until internal circuitry is operating properly.

## 7.4 Device Functional Modes

### 7.4.1 Operation with $V_{IN}$ Less than 2V

The TLV700xx-Q1 family of devices operates with input voltages above 2V. The typical UVLO voltage is 1.9V and the device operates at an input voltage above 2V. When input voltage falls below UVLO voltage, the device will shutdown.

### 7.4.2 Operation with $V_{IN}$ Greater than 2V

When  $V_{IN}$  is greater than 2V, if input voltage is higher than desired output voltage plus dropout voltage, the output voltage is equal to the desired value. Otherwise, output voltage will be  $V_{IN}$  minus dropout voltage.

## 8 Application and Implementation

### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 8.1 Application Information

The TLV700xx-Q1 belongs to a new family of next-generation value LDO regulators. The device consumes low quiescent current and delivers excellent line and load transient performance. These characteristics, combined with low noise, very good PSRR with little ( $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ ) headroom, make this device ideal for RF portable applications. This family of regulators offers subband-gap output voltages down to 0.7 V, current limit, and thermal protection, and is specified from  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

#### 8.1.1 Input and Output Capacitor Requirements

1.0- $\mu\text{F}$  X5R- and X7R-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because these capacitors have minimal variation in value and equivalent series resistance (ESR) over temperature.

However, the TLV700xx-Q1 is designed to be stable with an *effective capacitance* of 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  or larger at the output. Thus, the device is stable with capacitors of other dielectric types as well, as long as the effective capacitance under operating bias voltage and temperature is greater than 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$ . This effective capacitance refers to the capacitance that the LDO sees under operating bias voltage and temperature conditions; that is, the capacitance after taking both bias voltage and temperature derating into consideration. In addition to allowing the use of cheaper dielectrics, this capability of being stable with 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  effective capacitance also enables the use of smaller-footprint capacitors that have higher derating in size- and space-constrained applications.

Note that using a 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  rated capacitor at the output of the LDO does not ensure stability because the effective capacitance under the specified operating conditions would be less than 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$ . Maximum ESR should be less than 200 m $\Omega$ .

Although an input capacitor is not required for stability, it is good analog design practice to connect a 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  to 1- $\mu\text{F}$ , low-ESR capacitor across the IN pin and GND in of the regulator. This capacitor counteracts reactive input sources and improves transient response, noise rejection, and ripple rejection. A higher-value capacitor may be necessary if large, fast rise-time load transients are anticipated, or if the device is not located close to the power source. If source impedance is more than 2  $\Omega$ , a 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  input capacitor may be necessary to ensure stability.

#### 8.1.2 Board Layout Recommendations to Improve PSRR and Noise Performance

Input and output capacitors should be placed as close to the device pins as possible. To improve ac performance such as PSRR, output noise, and transient response, it is recommended that the board be designed with separate ground planes for  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{OUT}$ , with the ground plane connected only at the GND pin of the device. In addition, the ground connection for the output capacitor should be connected directly to the GND pin of the device. High-ESR capacitors may degrade PSRR performance.

#### 8.1.3 Transient Response

As with any regulator, increasing the size of the output capacitor reduces over-/undershoot magnitude but increases the duration of the transient response.

#### 8.1.4 Thermal Information

Thermal protection disables the output when the junction temperature rises to approximately  $160^{\circ}\text{C}$ , allowing the device to cool. When the junction temperature cools to approximately  $140^{\circ}\text{C}$ , the output circuitry is again enabled. Depending on power dissipation, thermal resistance, and ambient temperature, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off. This cycling limits the dissipation of the regulator, protecting it from damage as a result of overheating.

## Application Information (continued)

Any tendency to activate the thermal protection circuit indicates excessive power dissipation or an inadequate heatsink. For reliable operation, junction temperature should be limited to 125°C maximum. To estimate the margin of safety in a complete design (including heatsink), increase the ambient temperature until the thermal protection is triggered; use worst-case loads and signal conditions. For good reliability, thermal protection should trigger at least 35°C above the maximum expected ambient condition of the particular application. This configuration produces a worst-case junction temperature of 125°C at the highest expected ambient temperature and worst-case load.

The internal protection circuitry of the TLV700xx-Q1 has been designed to protect against overload conditions. It was not intended to replace proper heatsinking. Continuously running the TLV700xx-Q1 into thermal shutdown degrades device reliability.

## 8.2 Typical Application

The TLV700xx devices are 200-mA, low quiescent current, low noise, high PSRR, fast start-up LDO linear regulators with excellent line and load transient response. The TLV700xxEVM-503 evaluation module (EVM) helps designers evaluate the operation and performance of the TLV700xx family.

Figure 22 shows a typical application for the TLV70033DCK device.

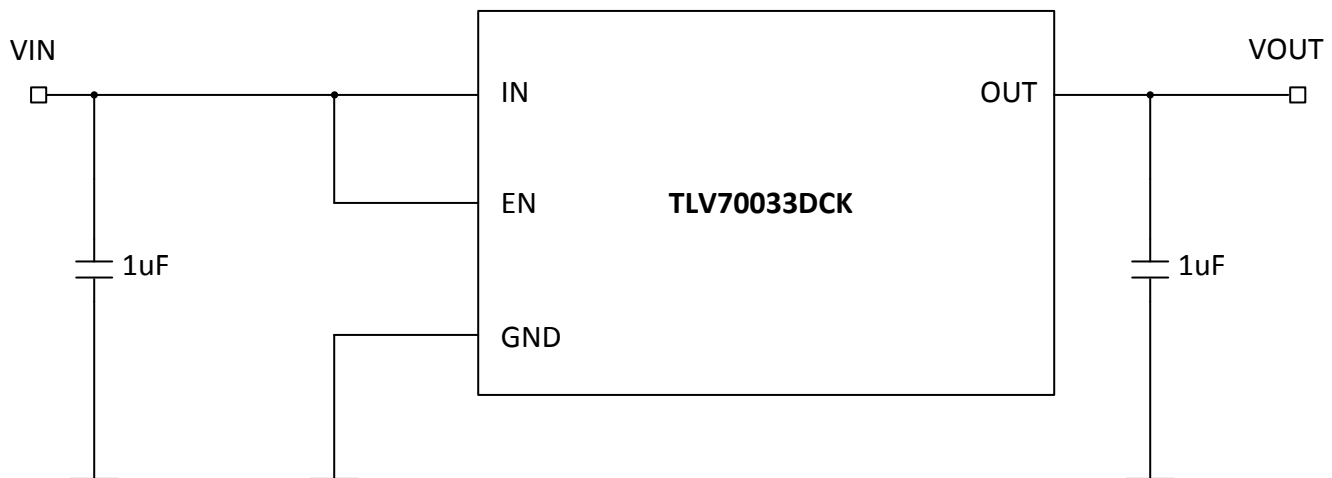


Figure 22. TLV70033DCK Typical Application

### 8.2.1 Design Requirements

Table 1 shows example design parameters and values for this typical application.

Table 1. Design Parameters

PARAMETER	VALUE
Input voltage range	2 to 5.5 V
Output voltage	1.2 V, 2.5 V, 2.8 V, 3 V, 3.2 V, 3.3 V
Output current rating	200 mA
Effective output capacitor range	>0.1 $\mu$ F
Maximum output capacitor ESR range	<200 m $\Omega$

### 8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

#### 8.2.2.1 Input Capacitance

Although not required for stability, connecting a 0.1- $\mu$ F to 1- $\mu$ F low-ESR capacitor across the IN pin and GND in the regulator is good analog design practice.

### 8.2.2.2 Output Capacitance

Effect capacitance of 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  or larger is required to ensure stable operation. The maximum ESR must be less than 200 m $\Omega$ .

### 8.2.2.3 Thermal Calculation

Refer to [Equation 1](#) for thermal calculation.

$$P_D = I_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) + I_Q \times V_{IN} \quad (1)$$

Where:

- $P_D$  = continuous power dissipation
- $I_{OUT}$  = output current
- $V_{IN}$  = input voltage
- $V_{OUT}$  = output voltage
- Since  $I_Q \ll I_{OUT}$ , the term  $I_Q \times V_{IN}$  is always ignored.

For a device under operation at a given ambient air temperature ( $T_A$ ), use [Equation 2](#) to calculate the junction temperature ( $T_J$ ).

$$T_J = T_A + (Z_{\Theta JA} \times P_D) \quad (2)$$

Where:

- $Z_{\Theta JA}$  = junction-to-ambient air thermal impedance

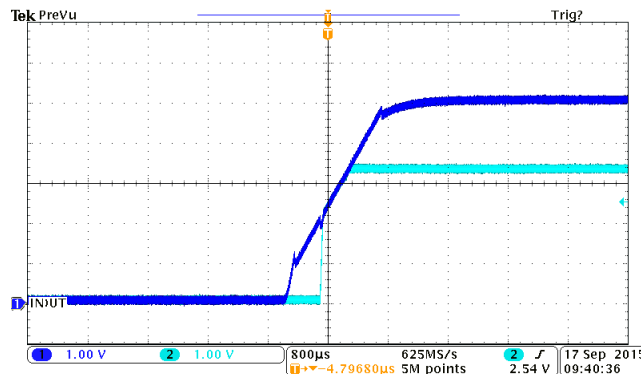
Use [Equation 3](#) to calculate the rise in junction temperature because of power dissipation.

$$\Delta T = T_J - T_A = (Z_{\Theta JA} \times P_D) \quad (3)$$

For a given maximum junction temperature ( $T_{Jmax}$ ), use [Equation 4](#) to calculate the maximum ambient air temperature ( $T_{Amax}$ ) at which the device can operate.

$$T_{Amax} = T_{Jmax} - (Z_{\Theta JA} \times P_D) \quad (4)$$

### 8.2.3 Application Curve



**Figure 23. Power Up**

## 9 Power Supply Recommendations

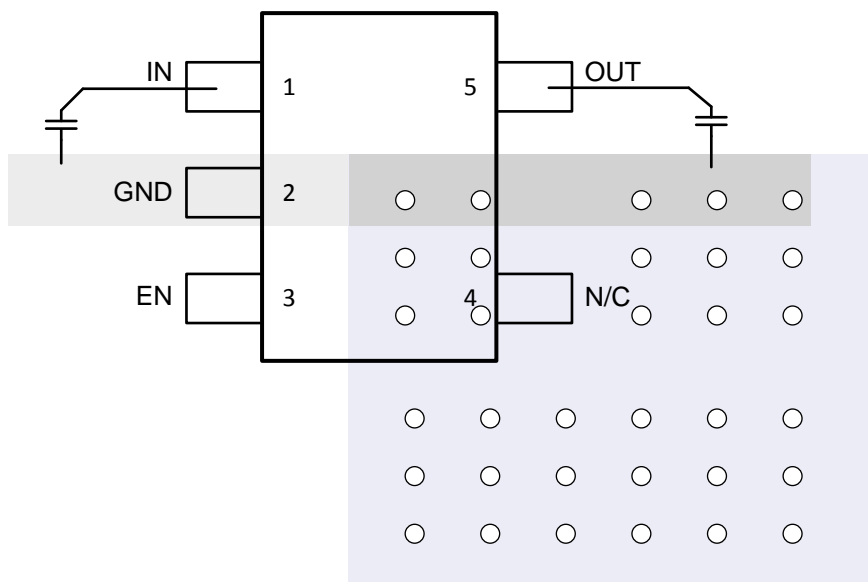
The device is designed to operate from an input-voltage supply range between 2 V and 5.5 V. This input supply must be well regulated. If the input supply is located more than a few inches from the TPS7B69xx-Q1 device, TI recommends adding a capacitor with a value of 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  and a ceramic bypass capacitor at the input.

## 10 Layout

### 10.1 Layout Guidelines

When laying out the board for the TLV700xx, TI recommends that the board be designed with separate ground planes for Vin and Vout which are only connected at the GND pin of the device. Also, the ground connection for the bypass capacitor must be connected directly to the GND pin of the device. Improve the PSRR performance of the TLV700xx by following these layout guidelines..

### 10.2 Layout Example



**Figure 24. TLV700xx-Q1 Layout Example**

## 11 Device and Documentation Support

### 11.1 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

**Table 2. Related Links**

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
TLV70012A-Q1	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>
TLV70025-Q1	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>
TLV70028-Q1	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>
TLV70030-Q1	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>
TLV70032-Q1	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>
TLV70033-Q1	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>	<a href="#">Click here</a>

### 11.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

**TI E2E™ Online Community** *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At [e2e.ti.com](#), you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

### 11.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.  
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

### 11.5 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TLV70012QDCKRQ1	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SDX	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLV70025QDDCRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	QVC	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLV70028QDDCRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	SJU	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLV70030QDCKRQ1	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SDW	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLV70032QDDCRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	SKA	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TLV70033QDDCRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	OFL	<a href="#">Samples</a>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.



<sup>(6)</sup> Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

**OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLV700-Q1 :**

- Catalog: [TLV700](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV70012QDCKRQ1	SC70	DCK	5	3000	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV70025QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV70028QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV70032QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV70033QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3

## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV70012QDCKRQ1	SC70	DCK	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TLV70025QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TLV70028QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TLV70032QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TLV70033QDDCRQ1	SOT	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0

## DCK (R-PDSO-G5)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

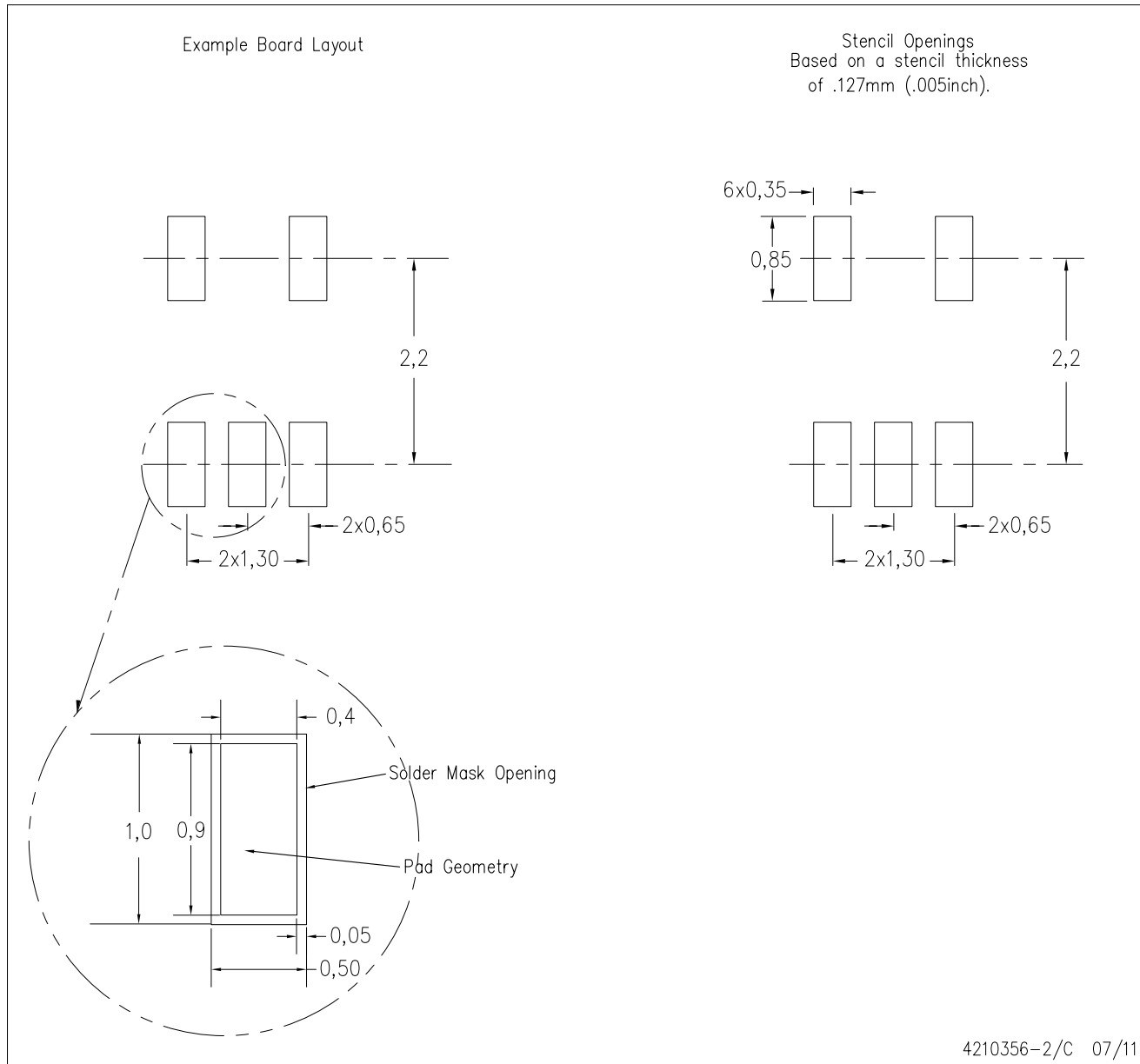


4093553-3/G 01/2007

- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
  - Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AA.

DCK (R-PDSO-G5)

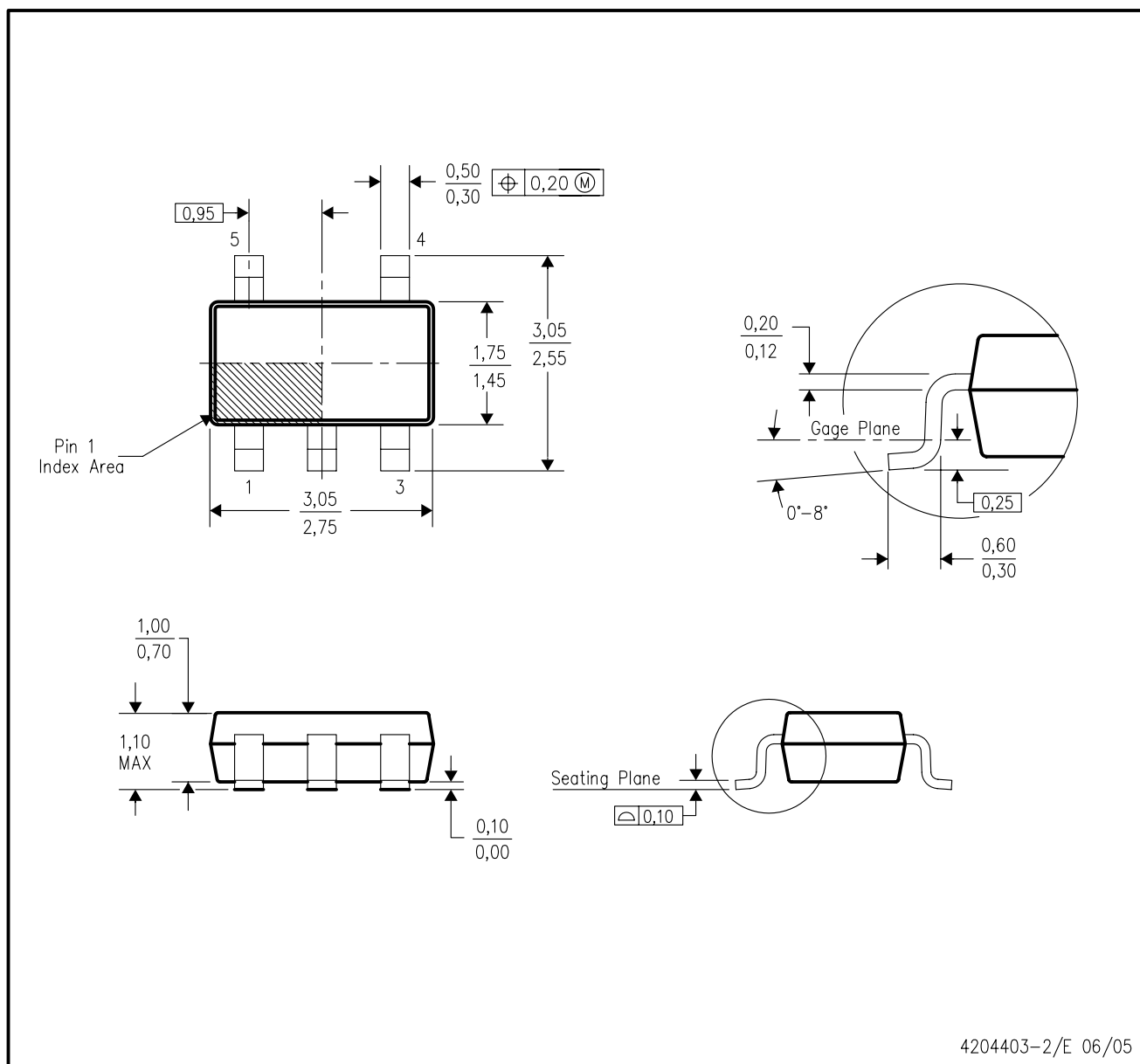
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
  - D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
  - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.

## DDC (R-PDSO-G5)

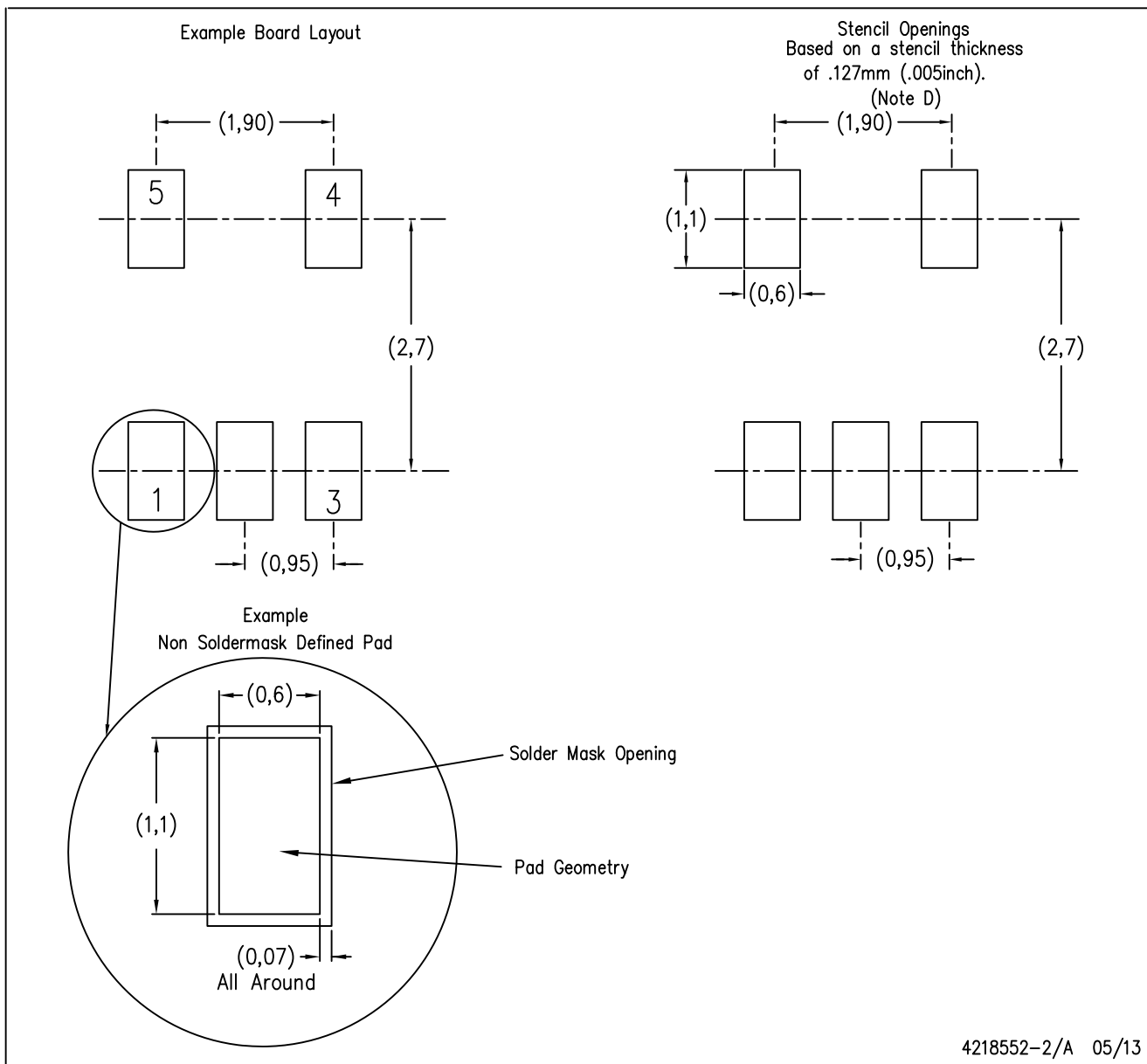
## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
  - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-193 variation AB (5 pin).

DDC (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
  - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have **not** been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

### Products

Audio	<a href="http://www.ti.com/audio">www.ti.com/audio</a>
Amplifiers	<a href="http://amplifier.ti.com">amplifier.ti.com</a>
Data Converters	<a href="http://dataconverter.ti.com">dataconverter.ti.com</a>
DLP® Products	<a href="http://www.dlp.com">www.dlp.com</a>
DSP	<a href="http://dsp.ti.com">dsp.ti.com</a>
Clocks and Timers	<a href="http://www.ti.com/clocks">www.ti.com/clocks</a>
Interface	<a href="http://interface.ti.com">interface.ti.com</a>
Logic	<a href="http://logic.ti.com">logic.ti.com</a>
Power Mgmt	<a href="http://power.ti.com">power.ti.com</a>
Microcontrollers	<a href="http://microcontroller.ti.com">microcontroller.ti.com</a>
RFID	<a href="http://www.ti-rfid.com">www.ti-rfid.com</a>
OMAP Applications Processors	<a href="http://www.ti.com/omap">www.ti.com/omap</a>
Wireless Connectivity	<a href="http://www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity">www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity</a>

### Applications

Automotive and Transportation	<a href="http://www.ti.com/automotive">www.ti.com/automotive</a>
Communications and Telecom	<a href="http://www.ti.com/communications">www.ti.com/communications</a>
Computers and Peripherals	<a href="http://www.ti.com/computers">www.ti.com/computers</a>
Consumer Electronics	<a href="http://www.ti.com/consumer-apps">www.ti.com/consumer-apps</a>
Energy and Lighting	<a href="http://www.ti.com/energy">www.ti.com/energy</a>
Industrial	<a href="http://www.ti.com/industrial">www.ti.com/industrial</a>
Medical	<a href="http://www.ti.com/medical">www.ti.com/medical</a>
Security	<a href="http://www.ti.com/security">www.ti.com/security</a>
Space, Avionics and Defense	<a href="http://www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense">www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense</a>
Video and Imaging	<a href="http://www.ti.com/video">www.ti.com/video</a>

### TI E2E Community

[e2e.ti.com](http://e2e.ti.com)