Hbase Handler Class

```
1 ## Author: Goh Boon Xiang
2 import happybase
3 import uuid
4 from pyspark.sql import SparkSession, Row
5 from pyspark.sql.types import StructType, StructField, StringType, IntegerType,
   ArrayType, DoubleType
6 from pyspark.ml.linalg import Vectors, VectorUDT
8 class HBaseHandler:
9
10
       A class to handle operations with HBase.
11
12
       def __init__(self, host='localhost', port=9090):
13
14
           Initializes the HBase connection.
15
16
           Parameters:
           - host: str, HBase server host.
17
           - port: int, HBase server port.
18
19
20
           self.host = host
21
           self.port = port
22
           self.connection = happybase.Connection(self.host, port=self.port)
23
           self.connection.open()
24
25
       def list_tables(self):
26
27
           Lists all the tables in HBase.
28
           print("Available tables:", self.connection.tables())
29
```

```
31
       def delete_table(self, table_name):
32
33
           Deletes a specified table from HBase.
34
35
           Parameters:
36
           - table_name: str, the name of the table to delete.
37
38
           if table name.encode('utf-8') in self.connection.tables():
39
                    self.connection.disable_table(table_name)
40
                    print(f"Table '{table name}' disabled successfully.")
41
42
               except happybase.hbase.ttypes.IOError as e:
43
                    if 'TableNotDisabledException' in str(e):
                        print(f"Table '{table name}' is already disabled.")
44
45
                   else:
46
                        raise e
47
48
               self.connection.delete_table(table_name)
49
               print(f"Table '{table_name}' deleted successfully.")
50
           else:
51
               print(f"Table '{table_name}' does not exist.")
52
53
           self.list tables()
55
       def create_table(self, table_name, families):
56
           Creates a table in HBase.
57
58
59
           Parameters:
60
           - table_name: str, the name of the table to create.
61
           - families: dict, the column families to be created.
62
63
           self.connection.create_table(table_name, families)
64
           print(f"Table '{table_name}' created successfully.")
65
           self.list_tables()
66
67
       def generate row key(self, row):
68
69
           Generates a unique row key for storing in HBase.
70
71
           Parameters:
72
           - row: Row object containing the data.
73
74
           Returns:
75
           - str, the generated row key.
76
77
           unique_id = uuid.uuid4()
           key_hash = hash((row['Sentiment'], row['Review']))
78
79
           return f"{unique_id}_{key_hash}"
```

```
81
         def save_to_hbase(self, df, table_name):
 82
 83
            Saves data from a DataFrame to HBase.
 84
 85
            Parameters:
 86
             - df: DataFrame, the data to be stored.
 87
            - table_name: str, the name of the HBase table.
 88
            table = self.connection.table(table_name)
 89
 90
            total = 0
 91
            for row in df.collect():
 92
                row_key = self.generate_row_key(row)
 93
 94
                data_to_store = {
 95
                     b'cf1:Review': row['Review'].encode() if row['Review'] else b'',
                     b'cf2:Sentiment': str(row['Sentiment']).encode() if row['Sentiment'] is
 96
    not None else b'',
 97
                     b'cf3:SkuInfo_index': str(row['SkuInfo_index']).encode() if
    row['SkuInfo_index'] is not None else b'',
 98
                     b'cf4:tokens': ','.join(row['tokens']).encode() if row['tokens'] else
    b'',
 99
                     b'cf5:number_of_tokens': str(row['number_of_tokens']).encode() if
    row['number_of_tokens'] is not None else b'',
100
101
102
                table.put(row_key.encode(), data_to_store)
103
                total += 1
104
105
            print(f'Data successfully stored in HBase with {total} records')
```

```
def retrieve from hbase(self, table name):
107
108
109
             Retrieves data from HBase and returns it as a DataFrame.
110
111
             Parameters:
112
             - table name: str, the name of the table to retrieve data from.
113
114
115
             - DataFrame, the retrieved data.
116
117
             table = self.connection.table(table_name)
             rows = table.scan()
118
119
120
             data = []
121
             for key, row in rows:
122
123
                 data.append(Row(
124
125
                     Review=row[b'cf1:Review'].decode('utf-8') if b'cf1:Review' in row else
    None,
126
                     Sentiment=int(row[b'cf2:Sentiment'].decode('utf-8')) if
    b'cf2:Sentiment' in row else None,
127
                     SkuInfo_index=float(row[b'cf3:SkuInfo_index'].decode('utf-8')) if
    b'cf3:SkuInfo_index' in row else None,
128
                     tokens=row[b'cf4:tokens'].decode('utf-8').split(',') if b'cf4:tokens'
     in row else None,
129
                     number_of_tokens=int(row[b'cf5:number_of_tokens'].decode('utf-8')) if
    b'cf5:number_of_tokens' in row else None,
130
                 ))
132
            schema = StructType([
133
                 StructField("Review", StringType(), True),
                 StructField("Sentiment", IntegerType(), True),
134
135
                 StructField("SkuInfo_index", DoubleType(), True),
136
                 StructField("tokens", ArrayType(StringType()), True),
                 StructField("number_of_tokens", IntegerType(), True)
137
138
139
            1)
140
141
            spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("HBase Retrieval").getOrCreate()
142
            df = spark.createDataFrame(data, schema)
143
144
            return df
145
        def close(self):
146
147
148
            Closes the HBase connection.
149
150
            if self.connection is not None:
151
                 self.connection.close()
```