

Using Kotlin Classes in Android

Less Theory, More Practice



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Overview



Object Declaration

- Companion object

Interface

No longer Getters and Setters

Primary Constructors

Data Classes

Demo



Object Declaration [object & companion object]

- RetrofitClient
- Constants

Interface

- GithubAPIService

Model classes [say bye to Getters and Setters]

- ErrorResponse
- SearchResponse
- Owner
- Repository



Demo



Use Primary Constructor

- Model classes

Data Class

- Model classes



```
object Value {  
    val pi = 3.14  
}
```

Value.x

```
class Value {  
    companion object {  
        val pi = 3.14  
    }  
}
```

Value.Companion.x
// Value.x

Object and Companion Object

- An object declaration inside a class is marked with companion keyword
- Companion object is initialized when corresponding class is loaded
- Object declarations are initialized lazily when accessed



Data Class

Why we need Data Class?

- Sometimes we are only concerned for data
- We do not care about the objects and their references

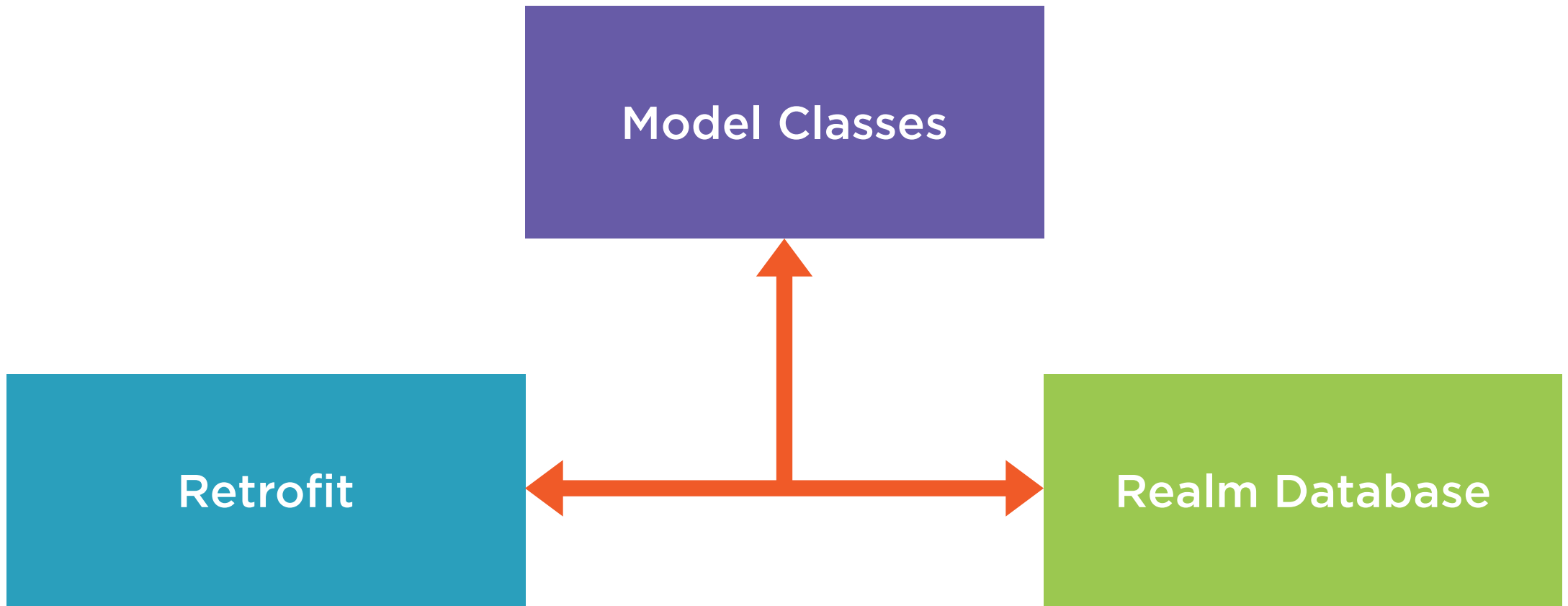
Such class contains default methods

- equals() / hashCode()
- toString()
- copy()

Features of Data Class

- Primary constructor with at least one parameter
- All parameters must be marked with `var` or `val`
- They cannot be `sealed`, `open`, `abstract` or `inner`





Summary



Object Declaration

- Companion object

Interface

Said bye to Getters and Setters

Primary Constructors

Data Classes



References



Official Kotlin Documentation

Pluralsight Kotlin Courses

