```
1
   package dbus
   import (
2
          "bvtes"
3
          "reflect"
4
          "strings"
5
          "svnc"
6
7
   func newIntrospectIntf(h *defaultHandler) *exportedIntf {
8
          methods := make(map[string]Method)
9
          methods["Introspect"] = exportedMethod{
10
                reflect.ValueOf(func(msg Message) (string, *Error)
11
    {
                      path := msg.Headers[FieldPath].value.
12
    (ObjectPath)
                      return h.introspectPath(path), nil
13
   }), }
14
15
          return newExportedIntf(methods, true)
16
   //NewDefaultHandler returns an instance of the default
17
   //call handler. This is useful if you want to implement only
18
   //one of the two handlers but not both.
19
20
   // Deprecated: this is the default value, don't use it, it will
21
   be unexported.
   func NewDefaultHandler() *defaultHandler {
22
          h := &defaultHandler{
23
                             make(map[ObjectPath]*exportedObj),
24
                objects:
                defaultIntf: make(map[string]*exportedIntf),
25
26
   }
          h.defaultIntf["org.freedesktop.DBus.Introspectable"] =
27
   newIntrospectIntf(h)
28
   return h }
29
   type defaultHandler struct {
30
31
          svnc.RWMutex
                      map[ObjectPath]*exportedObj
32
          obiects
          defaultIntf map[string]*exportedIntf
33
34
   func (h *defaultHandler) PathExists(path ObjectPath) bool {
35
          _, ok := h.objects[path]
36
37
          return ok
38
   func (h *defaultHandler) introspectPath(path ObjectPath) string
39
          subpath := make(map[string]struct{})
40
41
          var xml bytes.Buffer
          xml.WriteString("<node>")
42
```

```
for obj := range h.objects {
43
                p := string(path)
44
                if p != "/" {
45
                       p += "/"
46
47
                }
                if strings.HasPrefix(string(obj), p) {
48
49
                       node_name :=
    strings.Split(string(obj[len(p):]), "/")[0]
                       subpath[node name] = struct{}{}
50
                }
51
          }
52
53
          for s := range subpath {
                xml.WriteString("\n\t<node name=\"" + s + "\"/>")
54
55
          xml.WriteString("\n</node>")
56
57
          return xml.String()
58
59
    func (h *defaultHandler) LookupObject(path ObjectPath)
60
    (ServerObject, bool) {
          h.RLock()
61
          defer h.RUnlock()
62
          object, ok := h.objects[path]
63
          if ok {
64
65
                return object, ok
          }
66
          // If an object wasn't found for this exact path,
67
          // look for a matching subtree registration
68
          subtreeObject := newExportedObject()
69
          path = path[:strings.LastIndex(string(path), "/")]
70
          for len(path) > 0 {
71
72
    subtree
   object, ok = h.objects[path]
73
74
    if ok {
75
          for name, iface := range object.interfaces {
                // Only include this handler if it registered for
76
    the
                if iface.isFallbackInterface() {
77
78
                       subtreeObject.interfaces[name] = iface
79
    } }
    break }
80
                path = path[:strings.LastIndex(string(path), "/")]
81
82
          for name, intf := range h.defaultIntf {
83
84
                if _, exists := subtreeObject.interfaces[name];
    exists {
```

```
continue }
85
                 subtreeObject.interfaces[name] = intf
86
           }
87
           return subtreeObject, true
88
89
    func (h *defaultHandler) AddObject(path ObjectPath, object
 90
    *exportedObj) {
           h.Lock()
91
           h.objects[path] = object
92
93
    h.Unlock() }
    func (h *defaultHandler) DeleteObject(path ObjectPath) {
94
95
           h.Lock()
           delete(h.objects, path)
96
    h.Unlock() }
97
    type exportedMethod struct {
98
           reflect.Value
99
100
    func (m exportedMethod) Call(args ...interface{})
101
     ([]interface{}, error) {
           t := m.Type()
102
           params := make([]reflect.Value, len(args))
103
           for i := 0; i < len(args); i++ {
104
                 params[i] = reflect.ValueOf(args[i]).Elem()
105
           }
106
107
           ret := m.Value.Call(params)
108
           var err error
109
           nilErr := false // The reflection will find almost-nils,
110
    let's only pass
111
    back clean ones!
           if t.NumOut() > 0 {
112
113
    *Error
    if e, ok := ret[t.NumOut()-1].Interface().(*Error); ok { //
114
    aodbus
115
           nilErr = ret[t.NumOut()-1].IsNil()
           ret = ret[:t.NumOut()-1]
116
           err = e
117
     } else if ret[t.NumOut()-1].Type().Implements(errType) { // Go
118
     error
119
           i := ret[t.NumOut()-1].Interface()
           if i == nil {
120
                 nilErr = ret[t.NumOut()-1].IsNil()
121
           } else {
122
                 err = i.(error)
123
124
           ret = ret[:t.NumOut()-1]
125
```

```
}
126
           }
127
           out := make([]interface{}, len(ret))
128
           for i, val := range ret {
129
                 out[i] = val.Interface()
130
131
           if nilErr || err == nil {
132
                 //concrete type to interface nil is a special case
133
                 return out, nil
134
135
    }
136
           return out, err
137
    func (m exportedMethod) NumArguments() int {
138
           return m.Value.Type().NumIn()
139
140
    func (m exportedMethod) ArgumentValue(i int) interface{} {
141
142
           return reflect.Zero(m.Type().In(i)).Interface()
143
    func (m exportedMethod) NumReturns() int {
144
145
           return m.Value.Type().NumOut()
146
    func (m exportedMethod) ReturnValue(i int) interface{} {
147
           return reflect.Zero(m.Type().Out(i)).Interface()
148
149
    func newExportedObject() *exportedObj {
150
           return &exportedObj{
151
                 interfaces: make(map[string]*exportedIntf),
152
           }
153
154
155
    type exportedObj struct {
156
                      sync.RWMutex
           interfaces map[string]*exportedIntf
157
158
    func (obj *exportedObj) LookupInterface(name string)
159
     (Interface, bool) {
           if name == "" {
160
                 return obj, true
161
162
           obj.mu.RLock()
163
164
           defer obj.mu.RUnlock()
165
           intf, exists := obj.interfaces[name]
166
           return intf, exists
167
168
169
    func (obj *exportedObj) AddInterface(name string, iface
    *exportedIntf) {
```

```
obi.mu.Lock()
170
           defer obj.mu.Unlock()
171
           obj.interfaces[name] = iface
172
173
    func (obj *exportedObj) DeleteInterface(name string) {
174
175
           obj.mu.Lock()
176
           defer obj.mu.Unlock()
           delete(obj.interfaces, name)
177
178
    func (obj *exportedObj) LookupMethod(name string) (Method,
179
    bool) {
180
           obj.mu.RLock()
           defer obj.mu.RUnlock()
181
           for _, intf := range obj.interfaces {
182
                 method, exists := intf.LookupMethod(name)
183
                 if exists {
184
185
                       return method, exists
                 }
186
    }
187
           return nil, false
188
189
    func (obj *exportedObj) isFallbackInterface() bool {
190
           return false
191
192
193
    func newExportedIntf(methods map[string]Method, includeSubtree
    bool)
    *exportedIntf {
194
           return &exportedIntf{
195
196
                 methods:
                                  methods,
197
                 includeSubtree: includeSubtree,
    } }
198
    type exportedIntf struct {
199
200
           methods map[string]Method
201
           // Whether or not this export is for the entire subtree
           includeSubtree bool
202
203
    func (obj *exportedIntf) LookupMethod(name string) (Method,
204
    bool) {
           out, exists := obj.methods[name]
205
206
           return out, exists
207
    func (obj *exportedIntf) isFallbackInterface() bool {
208
           return obj.includeSubtree
209
210
211
    //NewDefaultSignalHandler returns an instance of the default
    //signal handler. This is useful if you want to implement only
212
```

```
213
    //one of the two handlers but not both.
214
    // Deprecated: this is the default value, don't use it, it will
215
    be unexported.
    func NewDefaultSignalHandler() *defaultSignalHandler {
216
    return &defaultSignalHandler{}
217
218
219
    type defaultSignalHandler struct {
220
221
           mu
                   sync.RWMutex
    closed bool
222
223
           signals []*signalChannelData
224
    func (sh *defaultSignalHandler) DeliverSignal(intf, name
225
     string, signal *Signal)
226
           sh.mu.RLock()
227
228
           defer sh.mu.RUnlock()
           if sh.closed {
229
230
    return }
231
           for _, scd := range sh.signals {
                 scd.deliver(signal)
232
     } }
233
    func (sh *defaultSignalHandler) Terminate() {
234
235
           sh.mu.Lock()
           defer sh.mu.Unlock()
236
           if sh.closed {
237
    return }
238
239
           for _, scd := range sh.signals {
                 scd.close()
240
                 close(scd.ch)
241
242
           sh.closed = true
243
244
           sh.signals = nil
245
    func (sh *defaultSignalHandler) AddSignal(ch chan<- *Signal) {</pre>
246
           sh.mu.Lock()
247
           defer sh.mu.Unlock()
248
           if sh.closed {
249
250
    return }
           sh.signals = append(sh.signals, &signalChannelData{
251
252
                 ch:
                        ch,
                 done: make(chan struct{}),
253
           })
254
255
    func (sh *defaultSignalHandler) RemoveSignal(ch chan<- *Signal)</pre>
256
```

```
{
257
           sh.mu.Lock()
258
           defer sh.mu.Unlock()
259
           if sh.closed {
260
261
     return }
           for i := len(sh.signals) - 1; i >= 0; i-- {
262
263
                  if ch == sh.signals[i].ch {
                        sh.signals[i].close()
264
                        copy(sh.signals[i:], sh.signals[i+1:])
265
                        sh.signals[len(sh.signals)-1] = nil
266
                        sh.signals = sh.signals[:len(sh.signals)-1]
267
268
     } }
269
     type signalChannelData struct {
270
271
                sync.WaitGroup
272
           wq
273
           ch
                 chan<- *Signal
           done chan struct{}
274
275
     }
     func (scd *signalChannelData) deliver(signal *Signal) {
276
277
           select {
           case scd.ch <- signal:</pre>
278
           case <-scd.done:
279
280
                  return
           default:
281
                  scd.wg.Add(1)
282
                  go scd.deferredDeliver(signal)
283
           }
284
285
     func (scd *signalChannelData) deferredDeliver(signal *Signal) {
286
287
           select {
           case scd.ch <- signal:
288
           case <-scd.done:</pre>
289
290
291
           scd.wg.Done()
292
     func (scd *signalChannelData) close() {
293
           close(scd.done)
294
295
           scd.wg.Wait() // wait until all spawned goroutines return
296
     }
```