

## OWASP TOP 10 2021

### Description

The primary aim of the OWASP Top 10 is to educate developers, designers, architects, managers, and organizations about the consequences of the most important web application security weaknesses. The Top 10 provides basic techniques to protect against these high risk problem areas - and also provides guidance on where to go from here.

### Disclaimer

This document or any of its content cannot account for, or be included in any form of legal advice. The outcome of a vulnerability scan (or security evaluation) should be utilized to ensure that diligent measures are taken to lower the risk of potential exploits carried out to compromise data.

Legal advice must be supplied according to its legal context. All laws and the environments in which they are applied, are constantly changed and revised. Therefore no information provided in this document may ever be used as an alternative to a qualified legal body or representative.

A portion of this report is taken from OWASP's Top Ten 2021 Project document, that can be found at <http://www.owasp.org>.

### Scan Detail

Target	<a href="http://10.22.169.205">http://10.22.169.205</a>
Scan Type	Full Scan
Start Time	Nov 4, 2025, 9:35:38 AM GMT
Scan Duration	2 minutes
Requests	4197
Average Response Time	1ms
Maximum Response Time	47854ms
Application Build	v24.6.240626115
Authentication Profile	-

## Compliance at a Glance

### CATEGORY

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 2 | A01 Broken Access Control                      |
| 3 | A02 Cryptographic Failures                     |
| 0 | A03 Injection                                  |
| 2 | A04 Insecure Design                            |
| 4 | A05 Security Misconfiguration                  |
| 0 | A06 Vulnerable and Outdated Components         |
| 1 | A07 Identification and Authentication Failures |
| 0 | A08 Software and Data Integrity Failures       |
| 0 | A09 Security Logging and Monitoring Failures   |
| 0 | A10 Server-Side Request Forgery                |

## Detailed Compliance Report by Category

This section is a detailed report that explains each vulnerability found according to individual compliance categories.

## A01 Broken Access Control

Access control enforces policy such that users cannot act outside of their intended permissions. Failures typically lead to unauthorized information disclosure, modification, or destruction of all data or performing a business function outside the user's limits.

### [Possible] Internal Path Disclosure (\*nix)

One or more fully qualified path names were found. From this information the attacker may learn the file system structure from the web server. This information can be used to conduct further attacks.

This alert may be a false positive, manual confirmation is required.

#### CWE

CWE-200

#### CVSS2

AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N

Access Vector	Network
Access Complexity	Low
Authentication	None
Confidentiality	Partial
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

#### CVSS3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N

Base Score	5.3
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	None
Scope	Unchanged
Confidentiality	Low
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

#### CVSS4

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:N/UI:N/VC:L/VI:N/VA:N/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

Base Score	6.9
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Attack Requirements	None
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Vulnerable System	Low
Integrity Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Availability Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Integrity Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Availability Impact to the Subsequent System	None

## Impact

Possible sensitive information disclosure.

### <http://10.22.169.205/>

Pages with paths being disclosed:

- http://10.22.169.205/  
>/var/www/html/index.html

## Request

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,br
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/125.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
Host: 10.22.169.205
Connection: Keep-alive
```

## Recommendation

Prevent this information from being displayed to the user.

## References

## Full Path Disclosure

[https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Full\\_Path\\_Disclosure](https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Full_Path_Disclosure)

## Error page web server version disclosure

Application errors or warning messages may disclose sensitive information about an application's internal workings to an attacker.

Acunetix found the web server version number and a list of modules enabled on the target server. Consult the 'Attack details' section for more information about the affected page.

### CWE

CWE-200

### CVSS2

AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N

Access Vector	Network
Access Complexity	Low
Authentication	None
Confidentiality	Partial
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS3

CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N

Base Score	5.3
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	None
Scope	Unchanged
Confidentiality	Low
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS4

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:N/UI:N/VC:L/VI:N/VA:N/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

Base Score	6.9
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Attack Requirements	None
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Vulnerable System	Low
Integrity Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Availability Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Integrity Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Availability Impact to the Subsequent System	None

## Impact

Error messages information about an application's internal workings may be used to escalate attacks.

## <http://10.22.169.205/>

### Request

```
GET /D2AJE0PiS8 HTTP/1.1
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,br
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/125.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
Host: 10.22.169.205
Connection: Keep-alive
```

## Recommendation

Properly configure the web server not to disclose information about an application's internal workings to the user. Consult the 'Web references' section for more information.

## References

### [Custom Error Responses \(Apache HTTP Server\)](#)

<https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/custom-error.html>

### [server\\_tokens \(Nginx\)](#)

[http://nginx.org/en/docs/http/ngx\\_http\\_core\\_module.html#server\\_tokens](http://nginx.org/en/docs/http/ngx_http_core_module.html#server_tokens)

### [Remove Unwanted HTTP Response Headers \(Microsoft IIS\)](#)

<https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/varunm/2013/04/23/remove-unwanted-http-response-headers/>

# A02 Cryptographic Failures

The first thing is to determine the protection needs of data in transit and at rest. For example, passwords, credit card numbers, health records, personal information, and business secrets require extra protection, mainly if that data falls under privacy laws, e.g., EU's General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), or regulations, e.g., financial data protection such as PCI Data Security Standard (PCI DSS).

## [Possible] Internal Path Disclosure (\*nix)

One or more fully qualified path names were found. From this information the attacker may learn the file system structure from the web server. This information can be used to conduct further attacks.

This alert may be a false positive, manual confirmation is required.

### CWE

CWE-200

### CVSS2

AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N

Access Vector	Network
Access Complexity	Low
Authentication	None
Confidentiality	Partial
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N

Base Score	5.3
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	None
Scope	Unchanged
Confidentiality	Low
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS4

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:N/UI:N/VC:L/VI:N/VA:N/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

Base Score	6.9
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Attack Requirements	None
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Vulnerable System	Low
Integrity Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Availability Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Integrity Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Availability Impact to the Subsequent System	None

## Impact

Possible sensitive information disclosure.

## <http://10.22.169.205/>

Pages with paths being disclosed:

- http://10.22.169.205/  
  >/var/www/html/index.html

## Request

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,br
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/125.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
Host: 10.22.169.205
Connection: Keep-alive
```

## Recommendation

Prevent this information from being displayed to the user.

## References

### [Full Path Disclosure](#)

[https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Full\\_Path\\_Disclosure](https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Full_Path_Disclosure)

## Error page web server version disclosure

Application errors or warning messages may disclose sensitive information about an application's internal workings to an attacker.

Acunetix found the web server version number and a list of modules enabled on the target server. Consult the 'Attack details' section for more information about the affected page.

### CWE

CWE-200

### CVSS2

AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N

Access Vector	Network
Access Complexity	Low
Authentication	None
Confidentiality	Partial
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS3

CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N

Base Score	5.3
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	None
Scope	Unchanged
Confidentiality	Low
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS4

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:N/UI:N/VC:L/VI:N/VA:N/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

Base Score	6.9
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Attack Requirements	None
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Vulnerable System	Low
Integrity Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Availability Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Integrity Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Availability Impact to the Subsequent System	None

## Impact

Error messages information about an application's internal workings may be used to escalate attacks.

## <http://10.22.169.205/>

### Request

```
GET /D2AJEOPis8 HTTP/1.1
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,br
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/125.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
Host: 10.22.169.205
Connection: Keep-alive
```

### Recommendation

Properly configure the web server not to disclose information about an application's internal workings to the user. Consult the 'Web references' section for more information.

### References

#### [Custom Error Responses \(Apache HTTP Server\)](#)

<https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/custom-error.html>

#### [server\\_tokens \(Nginx\)](#)

[http://nginx.org/en/docs/http/ngx\\_http\\_core\\_module.html#server\\_tokens](http://nginx.org/en/docs/http/ngx_http_core_module.html#server_tokens)

#### [Remove Unwanted HTTP Response Headers \(Microsoft IIS\)](#)

<https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/varunm/2013/04/23/remove-unwanted-http-response-headers/>

## SSL/TLS Not Implemented

This scan target was connected to over an unencrypted connection. A potential attacker can intercept and modify data sent and received from this site.

## CVSS2

AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N

Access Vector	Network
Access Complexity	Medium
Authentication	None
Confidentiality	Partial
Integrity Impact	Partial
Availability Impact	None

## CVSS3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N

Base Score	5.4
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Required
Scope	Unchanged
Confidentiality	Low
Integrity Impact	Low
Availability Impact	None

## CVSS4

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:N/UI:A/VC:L/VI:L/VA:N/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

Base Score	5.1
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Attack Requirements	None
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Active
Confidentiality Impact to the Vulnerable System	Low
Integrity Impact to the Vulnerable System	Low
Availability Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Integrity Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Availability Impact to the Subsequent System	None

## Impact

Possible information disclosure.

<http://10.22.169.205/>

Verified

## Request

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Referer: http://10.22.169.205/
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,br
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/125.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
Host: 10.22.169.205
Connection: Keep-alive
```

## Recommendation

The site should send and receive data over a secure (HTTPS) connection.

## A03 Injection

Injection flaws, such as SQL, NoSQL, OS, and LDAP injection, occur when untrusted data is sent to an interpreter as part of a command or query. The attacker's hostile data can trick the interpreter into executing unintended commands or accessing data without proper authorization.

No alerts in this category

## A04 Insecure Design

Insecure design is a broad category representing different weaknesses, expressed as "missing or ineffective control design." Insecure design is not the source for all other Top 10 risk categories. There is a difference between insecure design and insecure implementation. We differentiate between design flaws and implementation defects for a reason, they have different root causes and remediation. A secure design can still have implementation defects leading to vulnerabilities that may be exploited. An insecure design cannot be fixed by a perfect implementation as by definition, needed security controls were never created to defend against specific attacks. One of the factors that contribute to insecure design is the lack of business risk profiling inherent in the software or system being developed, and thus the failure to determine what level of security design is required.

## Content Security Policy (CSP) Not Implemented

Content Security Policy (CSP) is an added layer of security that helps to detect and mitigate certain types of attacks, including Cross Site Scripting (XSS) and data injection attacks.

Content Security Policy (CSP) can be implemented by adding a **Content-Security-Policy** header. The value of this header is a string containing the policy directives describing your Content Security Policy. To implement CSP, you should define lists of allowed origins for all of the types of resources that your site utilizes. For example, if you have a simple site that needs to load scripts, stylesheets, and images hosted locally, as well as from the jQuery library from their CDN, the CSP header could look like the following:

```
Content-Security-Policy:  
default-src 'self';  
script-src 'self' https://code.jquery.com;
```

It was detected that your web application doesn't implement Content Security Policy (CSP) as the CSP header is missing from the response. It's recommended to implement Content Security Policy (CSP) into your web application.

### CWE

CWE-1021

### CVSS2

AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N

Access Vector	Network
Access Complexity	Low
Authentication	None
Confidentiality	None
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:N

Base Score	0.0
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Required
Scope	Changed
Confidentiality	None
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS4

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:N/UI:A/VC:N/VI:N/VA:N/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

Base Score	0.0
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Attack Requirements	None
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Active
Confidentiality Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Integrity Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Availability Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Integrity Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Availability Impact to the Subsequent System	None

## Impact

CSP can be used to prevent and/or mitigate attacks that involve content/code injection, such as cross-site scripting/XSS attacks, attacks that require embedding a malicious resource, attacks that involve malicious use of iframes, such as clickjacking attacks, and others.

## <http://10.22.169.205/>

Paths without CSP header:

- <http://10.22.169.205/>
- <http://10.22.169.205/manual>
- <http://10.22.169.205/index.html>

## Request

```
GET / HTTP/1.1  
Referer: http://10.22.169.205/  
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8  
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,br  
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/125.0.0.0 Safari/537.36  
Host: 10.22.169.205  
Connection: Keep-alive
```

## Recommendation

It's recommended to implement Content Security Policy (CSP) into your web application. Configuring Content Security Policy involves adding the **Content-Security-Policy** HTTP header to a web page and giving it values to control resources the user agent is allowed to load for that page.

## References

### [Content Security Policy \(CSP\)](#)

<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/CSP>

### [Implementing Content Security Policy](#)

<https://hacks.mozilla.org/2016/02/implementing-content-security-policy/>

## Permissions-Policy header not implemented

The Permissions-Policy header allows developers to selectively enable and disable use of various browser features and APIs.

### CWE

CWE-1021

### CVSS2

AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N

Access Vector	Network
Access Complexity	Low
Authentication	None
Confidentiality	None
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:N

Base Score	0.0
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Required
Scope	Changed
Confidentiality	None
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS4

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:N/UI:A/VC:N/VI:N/VA:N/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

Base Score	0.0
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Attack Requirements	None
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Active
Confidentiality Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Integrity Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Availability Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Integrity Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Availability Impact to the Subsequent System	None

## Impact

### <http://10.22.169.205/>

Locations without Permissions-Policy header:

- <http://10.22.169.205/>
- <http://10.22.169.205/icons/>
- <http://10.22.169.205/manual>
- <http://10.22.169.205/index.html>

## Request

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Referer: http://10.22.169.205/
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,br
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/125.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
Host: 10.22.169.205
Connection: Keep-alive
```

## References

### [Permissions-Policy / Feature-Policy \(MDN\)](#)

<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/Feature-Policy>

## A05 Security Misconfiguration

Security misconfiguration is commonly a result of insecure default configurations, incomplete or ad hoc configurations, open cloud storage, misconfigured HTTP headers, and verbose error messages containing sensitive information. Not only must all operating systems, frameworks, libraries, and applications be securely configured, but they must be patched and upgraded in a timely fashion.

### Content Security Policy (CSP) Not Implemented

Content Security Policy (CSP) is an added layer of security that helps to detect and mitigate certain types of attacks, including Cross Site Scripting (XSS) and data injection attacks.

Content Security Policy (CSP) can be implemented by adding a **Content-Security-Policy** header. The value of this header is a string containing the policy directives describing your Content Security Policy. To implement CSP, you should define lists of allowed origins for all of the types of resources that your site utilizes. For example, if you have a simple site that needs to load scripts, stylesheets, and images hosted locally, as well as from the jQuery library from their CDN, the CSP header could look like the following:

**Content-Security-Policy:**

```
default-src 'self';
script-src 'self' https://code.jquery.com;
```

It was detected that your web application doesn't implement Content Security Policy (CSP) as the CSP header is missing from the response. It's recommended to implement Content Security Policy (CSP) into your web application.

#### CWE

CWE-1021

#### CVSS2

AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N

Access Vector	Network
Access Complexity	Low
Authentication	None
Confidentiality	None
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

#### CVSS3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:N

Base Score	0.0
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Required
Scope	Changed
Confidentiality	None
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

#### CVSS4

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:N/UI:A/VC:N/VI:N/VA:N/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

Base Score	0.0
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Attack Requirements	None
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Active
Confidentiality Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Integrity Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Availability Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Integrity Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Availability Impact to the Subsequent System	None

## Impact

CSP can be used to prevent and/or mitigate attacks that involve content/code injection, such as cross-site scripting/XSS attacks, attacks that require embedding a malicious resource, attacks that involve malicious use of iframes, such as clickjacking attacks, and others.

### <http://10.22.169.205/>

Paths without CSP header:

- <http://10.22.169.205/>
- <http://10.22.169.205/manual>
- <http://10.22.169.205/index.html>

## Request

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Referer: http://10.22.169.205/
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,br
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/125.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
Host: 10.22.169.205
Connection: Keep-alive
```

## Recommendation

It's recommended to implement Content Security Policy (CSP) into your web application. Configuring Content Security Policy involves adding the **Content-Security-Policy** HTTP header to a web page and giving it values to control resources the user agent is allowed to load for that page.

## References

### [Content Security Policy \(CSP\)](#)

<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/CSP>

### [Implementing Content Security Policy](#)

<https://hacks.mozilla.org/2016/02/implementing-content-security-policy/>

## Error page web server version disclosure

Application errors or warning messages may disclose sensitive information about an application's internal workings to an attacker.

Acunetix found the web server version number and a list of modules enabled on the target server. Consult the 'Attack details' section for more information about the affected page.

### CWE

CWE-200

### CVSS2

AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N

Access Vector	Network
Access Complexity	Low
Authentication	None
Confidentiality	Partial
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS3

CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N

Base Score	5.3
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	None
Scope	Unchanged
Confidentiality	Low
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS4

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:N/UI:N/VC:L/VI:N/VA:N/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

Base Score	6.9
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Attack Requirements	None
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Vulnerable System	Low
Integrity Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Availability Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Integrity Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Availability Impact to the Subsequent System	None

## Impact

Error messages information about an application's internal workings may be used to escalate attacks.

## <http://10.22.169.205/>

## Request

```
GET /D2AJEOPiS8 HTTP/1.1
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,br
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/125.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
Host: 10.22.169.205
```

## Recommendation

Properly configure the web server not to disclose information about an application's internal workings to the user. Consult the 'Web references' section for more information.

## References

### [Custom Error Responses \(Apache HTTP Server\)](#)

<https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/custom-error.html>

### [server\\_tokens \(Nginx\)](#)

[http://nginx.org/en/docs/http/ngx\\_http\\_core\\_module.html#server\\_tokens](http://nginx.org/en/docs/http/ngx_http_core_module.html#server_tokens)

### [Remove Unwanted HTTP Response Headers \(Microsoft IIS\)](#)

<https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/varunm/2013/04/23/remove-unwanted-http-response-headers/>

## Permissions-Policy header not implemented

The Permissions-Policy header allows developers to selectively enable and disable use of various browser features and APIs.

### CWE

CWE-1021

### CVSS2

AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N

Access Vector	Network
Access Complexity	Low
Authentication	None
Confidentiality	None
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:N

Base Score	0.0
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Required
Scope	Changed
Confidentiality	None
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS4

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:N/UI:A/VC:N/VI:N/VA:N/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

Base Score	0.0
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Attack Requirements	None
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Active
Confidentiality Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Integrity Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Availability Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Integrity Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Availability Impact to the Subsequent System	None

## Impact

### <http://10.22.169.205/>

Locations without Permissions-Policy header:

- <http://10.22.169.205/>
- <http://10.22.169.205/icons/>
- <http://10.22.169.205/manual>
- <http://10.22.169.205/index.html>

## Request

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Referer: http://10.22.169.205/
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,br
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/125.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
Host: 10.22.169.205
Connection: Keep-alive
```

## References

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### [Permissions-Policy / Feature-Policy \(MDN\)](#)

<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/Feature-Policy>

### [Permissions Policy \(W3C\)](#)

<https://www.w3.org/TR/permissions-policy-1/>

## Insecure HTTP Usage

---

It was detected that your web application uses HTTP protocol, but doesn't automatically redirect users to HTTPS.

### CWE

CWE-16

### CVSS2

AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N

Access Vector	Network
Access Complexity	Low
Authentication	None
Confidentiality	None
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:N

Base Score	0.0
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Required
Scope	Changed
Confidentiality	None
Integrity Impact	None
Availability Impact	None

### CVSS4

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:N/UI:A/VC:N/VI:N/VA:N/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

Base Score	0.0
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Attack Requirements	None
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Active
Confidentiality Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Integrity Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Availability Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Integrity Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Availability Impact to the Subsequent System	None

## Impact

In some circumstances, it could be used for a man-in-the-middle (MitM) attack

### <http://10.22.169.205/>

#### Request

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,br
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/125.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
Host: 10.22.169.205
Connection: Keep-alive
```

## Recommendation

It's recommended to implement best practices of HTTP Redirection into your web application. Consult web references for more information

## References

---

### [HTTP Redirections](#)

[https://infosec.mozilla.org/guidelines/web\\_security#http-redirections](https://infosec.mozilla.org/guidelines/web_security#http-redirections)

## A06 Vulnerable and Outdated Components

---

Components, such as libraries, frameworks, and other software modules, almost always run with full privileges. If a vulnerable component is exploited, such an attack can facilitate serious data loss or server takeover. Applications using components with known vulnerabilities may undermine application defenses and enable a range of possible attacks and impacts.

No alerts in this category

## A07 Identification and Authentication Failures

Application functions related to authentication and session management are often implemented incorrectly, allowing attackers to compromise passwords, keys, or session tokens, or to exploit other implementation flaws to assume other users' identities.

### SSL/TLS Not Implemented

This scan target was connected to over an unencrypted connection. A potential attacker can intercept and modify data sent and received from this site.

#### CWE

CWE-319

#### CVSS2

AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N

Access Vector	Network
Access Complexity	Medium
Authentication	None
Confidentiality	Partial
Integrity Impact	Partial
Availability Impact	None

#### CVSS3

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N

Base Score	5.4
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Required
Scope	Unchanged
Confidentiality	Low
Integrity Impact	Low
Availability Impact	None

#### CVSS4

CVSS:4.0/AV:N/AC:L/AT:N/PR:N/UI:A/VC:L/VI:L/VA:N/SC:N/SI:N/SA:N

Base Score	5.1
Attack Vector	Network
Attack Complexity	Low
Attack Requirements	None
Privileges Required	None
User Interaction	Active
Confidentiality Impact to the Vulnerable System	Low
Integrity Impact to the Vulnerable System	Low
Availability Impact to the Vulnerable System	None
Confidentiality Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Integrity Impact to the Subsequent System	None
Availability Impact to the Subsequent System	None

### Impact

Possible information disclosure.

<http://10.22.169.205/>

Verified

### Request

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Referer: http://10.22.169.205/
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate,br
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/125.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
Host: 10.22.169.205
Connection: Keep-alive
```

### Recommendation

The site should send and receive data over a secure (HTTPS) connection.

## A08 Software and Data Integrity Failures

Software and data integrity failures relate to code and infrastructure that does not protect against integrity violations. An example of this is where an application relies upon plugins, libraries, or modules from untrusted sources, repositories, and content delivery networks (CDNs). An insecure CI/CD pipeline can introduce the potential for unauthorized access, malicious code, or system compromise. Lastly, many applications now include auto-update functionality, where updates are downloaded without sufficient integrity verification and applied to the previously trusted application. Attackers could potentially upload their own updates to be distributed and run on all installations. Another example is where objects or data are encoded or serialized into a structure that an attacker can see and modify is vulnerable to insecure deserialization.

No alerts in this category

## A09 Security Logging and Monitoring Failures

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Insufficient logging and monitoring, coupled with missing or ineffective integration with incident response, allows attackers to further attack systems, maintain persistence, pivot to more systems, and tamper, extract, or destroy data. Most breach studies show time to detect a breach is over 200 days, typically detected by external parties rather than internal processes or monitoring.

No alerts in this category

## A10 Server-Side Request Forgery

---

SSRF flaws occur whenever a web application is fetching a remote resource without validating the user-supplied URL. It allows an attacker to coerce the application to send a crafted request to an unexpected destination, even when protected by a firewall, VPN, or another type of network access control list (ACL).

No alerts in this category

## Coverage

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 <http://10.22.169.205>

 [icons](#)

 [index.html](#)

 [manual](#)

 [robots.txt](#)