

<b>Sample Collection Date</b>	07-05-2021 09:55	<b>DDL Center</b>	Dr.Dangs Lab
<b>Lab Ref. No.</b>	210120132		
<b>Name</b>	MS. MEHER SONI	<b>Age / Sex</b>	30 Years / FEMALE

Test (Methodology)	Result	Biological Reference Interval
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### HAEMATOLOGY

#### COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT

HAEMOGLOBIN	12.4 g/dL	11 - 15
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	7120 Cells/cu.mm	4000 - 11000
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT	4.25 mill/cu.mm	4.2 - 5.5
PACKED CELL VOLUME	38.30 %	36 - 46
MCV (MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME)	90.12 fL	79 - 98
MCH (MEAN CORPUSCULAR HB)	29.18 pg	26 - 32
MCHC (MEAN CORPUSCULAR HB CONC)	32.38 g/dL	30 - 36
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	14.80 %	11.5 - 15.5
PLATELET COUNT	356000 /cu.mm	150000 - 450000

#### DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT

SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS	58 %	40 - 80
LYMPHOCYTES	36 %	20 - 40
MONOCYTES	4 %	2 - 10
EOSINOPHILS	1 %	1 - 6
BASOPHILS	1 %	0 - 2

#### ABSOLUTE LEUCOCYTE COUNT

NEUTROPHIL	4130 cells/mm3	1800-7700
LYMPHOCYTE	2563 cells/mm3	1000-4800
MONOCYTE	285 cells/mm3	0-800
EOSINOPHIL	71 cells/mm3	0-450
BASOPHIL	71 cells/mm3	0-200

#### BLOOD PICTURE

RBCs are predominantly normocytic normochromic. WBC series shows normal total and differential leucocyte count. Platelets are adequate on smear.

Sample Type: K2 EDTA Whole blood

Methodology: Automated cell counter, Sysmex XN-1000 based on Optical / Fluorescence / Flow Cytometry / SLS .

**\*\* End of HAEMATOLOGY Report \*\***

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DDL Center Dr.Dangs Lab  
Age / Sex 30 Years / FEMALE

## Test (Methodology)

## Result

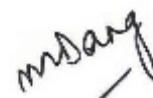
## Biological Reference Interval



DR. ARCHANA R. PAHWA  
M.D. (PATHOLOGY)  
(Authorised Signatory)



DR. ARJUN DANG  
M.D. (PATHOLOGY)  
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DR. MANAVI DANG  
M.D. (PATHOLOGY)  
(Associate Director)

Authentication : 07-05-2021 13:03  
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## HAEMATOLOGY

## ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE

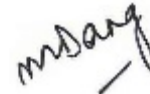
E.S.R.WESTERGREN [Automated]

7 mm 1st Hr

0 - 20

**\*\* End of HAEMATOLOGY Report \*\***

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Authentication : 07-05-2021 12:23  
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### BIOCHEMISTRY & IMMUNOTURBIDIMETRY

<b>HOMOCYSTEINE LEVEL, Serum [ CMIA ]</b>	7.68 µmol/L	4.44-13.56
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- An elevated homocysteine concentration is an independent risk factor for cardiovascular disease (CVD).
- It is considered informative in patients being evaluated for suspected nutritional deficiencies (Vitamin B6, B12 and folate) and inborn errors of metabolism like homocystinemia or homocystinuria.
- Factors that may influence and increase homocysteine levels are - Vitamin B6, B12 and folate deficiency, age, smoking, poor life style & diet, chronic kidney disease and hypothyroidism.
- It is especially useful in young CVD patients (< 40 years).
- In known cases of CVD, high levels should be used as a prognostic marker for CVD events and mortality.

GLUCOSE Fasting ,Plasma [ Hexokinase ]	77.00 mg/dL	60 - 100
C.P.K. ,Serum [ U.V.Assay ]	146.00 U/L	26 - 192
MAGNESIUM, Serum [ Chlorophosphonazo III ]	2.10 mg/dL	1.6-2.6

### LIPID PROFILE

CHOLESTEROL, Serum [ Enzymatic Assay ]	132.00 mg/dL	130 - 220
TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum [ Enzymatic Colorimetric ]	51.00 mg/dL	50 - 150
H.D.L. CHOLESTEROL, Serum [ Homogeneous Enzymatic ]	74.00 mg/dL	30 - 75
L.D.L. CHOLESTEROL, Serum [ Homogeneous Enzymatic Assay ]	48.00 mg/dL	30 - 100
VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum [ Calculated ]	10.20 mg/dL	10 - 30
NON H.D.L. CHOLESTEROL, Serum [ Calculated ]	58.00 mg/ dL	
CHOLESTEROL-HDL RATIO, Serum [ Calculated ]	1.78 : 1	
CHOLESTEROL-TRIGLYCERIDE RATIO, Serum [ Calculated ]	2.59 : 1	

### KIDNEY FUNCTION TEST

UREA, Serum [ Kinetic Method ]	23.60 mg/dL	10 - 50
BUN (BLOOD UREA NITROGEN), Serum	11.02 mg/dL	4.7 - 23.4
CREATININE, Serum [ Kinetic Jaffe's method ]	0.80 mg/dL	0.5-1.3
URIC ACID, Serum [ Enzymatic Assay ]	6.60 mg/dL	2 - 7
IONIZED CALCIUM, Serum [ BAPTA Method ]	1.15 mmol/L	1.1-1.25
TOTAL CALCIUM, Serum [ BAPTA Method ]	9.20 mg/dL	8.6-10
PHOSPHORUS, Serum [ Molybdate UV ]	3.90 mg/dL	2.5-4.5
SODIUM, Serum [ Ion selective electrode ]	140.00 mmol/L	132 - 150
POTASSIUM, Serum [ Ion selective electrode ]	4.80 mmol/L	3.5 - 5

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CHLORIDE,Serum [ Ion selective electrode ]	104.00 mmol/L	98 - 107
<b>LIVER FUNCTION TEST</b>		
BILIRUBIN (Total),Serum [ Diazo Method ]	0.60 mg/dL	0.2 - 1.00
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT),Serum [ Diazo Method ]	0.25 mg/dL	0-0.30
BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT),Serum [ Calculated ]	0.35 mg/dL	0.1 - 0.8
S.G.O.T. Serum [ Kinetic Method ]	25.00 U/L	5 - 32
S.G.P.T. Serum [ Kinetic Method ]	31.00 U/L	5 - 33
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE,Serum [ Kinetic (PNP) ]	76.00 U/L	35 - 104
G.G.T.P. Serum [ Enzymatic Assay ]	10.00 U/L	6 - 42
TOTAL PROTEINS,Serum [ Buret method ]	7.30 g/dL	6 - 8.5
ALBUMIN,Serum [ Colorimetric BCG ]	4.70 g/dL	3.5 - 5
GLOBULIN,Serum [ Calculated ]	2.60 g/dL	
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO,Serum [ Calculated ]	1.81	1.1 - 2.2

**\*\* End of BIOCHEMISTRY & IMMUNOTURBIDIMETRY Report \*\***

*Mukta Sehgal*  
DR. MUKTA SEHGAL  
H.O.D. (BIOCHEMISTRY)  
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*Manavi Dang*  
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Authentication : 07-05-2021 11:42  
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Test (Methodology)	Result	Biological Reference Interval
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### IMMUNO ASSAYS

® <b>PROLACTIN LEVEL, Serum [ECLIA]</b>	<b>32.00 ng/mL</b>	4.8 - 23.3
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**Advice:** Mid-morning pooled sample for prolactin estimation.

This assay is a useful in the evaluation of amenorrhea, galactorrhea, abnormal nipple discharge, Infertility, Pituitary tumours and monitoring therapy in prolactin producing tumours. It also helps in differential diagnosis of male & female hypogonadism.

NOTE: PROLACTIN IS SECRETED IN A PULSATILE MANNER AND IS ALSO INFLUENCED BY A VARIETY OF PHYSIOLOGIC STIMULI. IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED TO DO TEST IN MID-MORNING POOLED SAMPLES (3 SAMPLES AT 20-30-MINUTE INTERVALS).

<b>FERRITIN LEVEL, Serum [ECLIA]</b>	<b>164.40 ng/mL</b>
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- Ferritin test is used to assess body's current store of iron and to evaluate the severity of anemia or iron overload.
- Ferritin is also an acute phase reactant.
- The concentration of serum ferritin corresponds with that of tissue ferritin and correlates with body iron stores in the absence of inflammation.
- This assay is clinically useful in distinguishing between Iron deficiency anemia (low level) and anemia of chronic disease (normal or high level).
- It is elevated in inflammation and infections, in iron overload states and also in some malignancies.
- A low serum ferritin reflects depleted iron stores but not necessarily the severity of depletion, as it progresses.
- Serum ferritin is of limited usefulness in diagnosing iron deficiency during pregnancy, as concentration falls during late pregnancy, even when bone marrow iron is present.
- Reference ranges updated. Please correlate results clinically.

### Biological reference Interval:

#### Adults:

Males:	20 - 250 ng/mL
Females:	10 - 120 ng/mL

#### Children:

Newborn:	25 - 200 ng/mL
1 Month:	200 - 600 ng/mL
2 - 5 Months:	50 - 200 ng/mL
6 Months - 15 yr:	07 - 140 ng/mL

<b>IRON, Serum [Direct Colorimetric Assay]</b>	<b>90.00 µg/dL</b>	60 - 170
<b>T.I.B.C., [Calculated]</b>	<b>254.00 µg/dL</b>	250 - 450
<b>U.I.B.C. Serum [Direct Determination with FerroZine]</b>	<b>164.00 µg/dL</b>	135-392
<b>TRANSFERRIN SATURATION [Calculated]</b>	<b>35.43 %</b>	20-50
® <b>CORTISOL LEVEL (Morning), Serum [ECLIA]</b>	<b>5.25 ug/dL</b>	6.02 - 18.4

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**Test (Methodology)**  
**THYROID PROFILE**

**Result** **Biological Reference Interval**

<b>FREE TRIIODOTHYRONINE [FT3], Serum[ECLIA]</b>	2.03 pg/mL	2.00-4.40
<b>FREE THYROXINE [FT4], Serum[ECLIA]</b>	1.26 ng/dL	0.93-1.70
<b>T.S.H.[ULTRA SENSITIVE], Serum[ECLIA]</b>	1.74 $\mu$ U/mL	0.27-4.20

• Thyroid profile is done to evaluate thyroid gland function and help diagnose thyroid disorders causing hypothyroidism (decreased thyroid activity) and hyperthyroidism (increased thyroid activity).

• The most common causes of thyroid dysfunction are autoimmune diseases. Graves-disease causes hyperthyroidism and Hashimoto thyroiditis causes hypothyroidism. Both hyperthyroidism and hypothyroidism can also be caused by thyroiditis, thyroid cancer.

• Assays detecting unbound or free form of thyroid hormones are highly sensitive to detect thyroid dysfunction. They reflect the active form of the hormone, unaffected by non-thyroidal factors.

• The FT3 and FT4 levels fluctuate significantly during birth and can remain much higher than adult values during the first month after birth. Proper clinical interpretation and correlation of the reports in neonates is mandatory and preterm thyroid profiles should be interpreted with caution.

**Biological reference Interval:**

Age Group	FT3 in pg/mL	FT4 in ng/dL	TSH in $\mu$ U/ml
<12 months	2.9 - 6.8	1.1 - 2.0	1.36 - 8.8
1 - 6 Years	2.5 - 5.3	0.9 - 1.7	0.85 - 6.5
7 - 12 Years	2.5 - 5.6	1.1 - 1.7	0.28 - 4.3
13 - 17 Years	2.4 - 5.0	1.1 - 1.8	0.28 - 4.3
Adults	2.0 - 4.4	0.93 - 1.7	0.27 - 4.2
Cord Blood >37 Weeks	Not available	1.1 - 2.0	2.3 - 13.2

Pregnancy	FT3 in pg/mL	FT4 in ng/dL	TSH in $\mu$ U/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	2.5 - 3.9	0.9 - 1.5	0.100 - 2.500
2nd Trimester	2.1 - 3.6	0.8 - 1.3	0.200 - 3.000
3rd Trimester	2.0 - 3.3	0.7 - 1.2	0.300 - 3.000

**NOTE: TSH LEVELS ARE SUBJECT TO CIRCADIAN VARIATION, REACHING PEAK LEVELS BETWEEN 2-4 A.M. AND AT A MINIMUM BETWEEN 6-10 P.M. THE VARIATION IS OF THE ORDER OF 50 TO 206%, HENCE TIME OF THE DAY HAS INFLUENCE ON THE MEASURED SERUM TSH CONCENTRATIONS. (REF: TETZ TEXTBOOK OF CLINICAL CHEMISTRY AND MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS-5TH EDITION Page 123). FLUCTUATING TSH VALUES SHOULD BE CLINICALLY CORRELATED.**

**GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN [HBA1C]**

DR DANGS LAB LLP

C-2/1, SDA, Aurobindo Marg, New Delhi - 110016 | 011-45004200 | Hours : 7:30 AM - 7 PM

G.F. Building No. 25, Central Market, West Punjabi Bagh, New Delhi - 110026 | 98-1067-8165 | Hours : 8 AM - 6 PM\*

G.F. Palm Springs Plaza, Golf Course Road, Sector 53, Gurugram - 122001 | 98-1888-1065, 0124-4653750 | Hours : 8 AM - 6 PM\*

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(Sundays Closed)





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Test (Methodology)	Result	Biological Reference Interval
GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN [HBA1C], Whole Blood [HPLC]	4.70 %	4.4-6.5
*Mean Plasma Glucose	90 mg/dL	

**ANALYZER:** Tosoh Automated Glycohemoglobin Analyzer HLC-723G8 (G8)  
**METHODOLOGY:** HPLC

- This assay is useful for diagnosing Diabetes and evaluating long term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients. It reflects the mean glucose concentration over the previous period of 8 - 12 weeks and is a better indicator of long-term glycemic control as compared with blood and urine glucose levels due to lesser day to day variation.
- Specifically, the A1C test measures what percentage of hemoglobin is coated with sugar (glycated). Higher the A1C level, the poorer is blood sugar control and higher is the risk of diabetes complications.
- Disorders associated with a decreased erythrocyte life-span, as well as individuals with recent and significant blood loss and chronic renal failure, exhibit low glycated Hb values.
- The test is performed by Gold standard technique of HPLC.
- Effectiveness of A1C may be limited in conditions that affect RBC turnover, such as hemolytic anemia, glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency, recent blood transfusions, drugs that stimulate erythropoiesis, end-stage kidney disease, and pregnancy.
- Hemoglobin variants may interfere with A1c results. Fructosamine level estimation is recommended in such cases.

As per American Diabetes Association (ADA)	
Reference Group	HbA1c in %
Nondiabetic adults >=18 years	<5.7
At risk (Prediabetes)	5.7 -6.4
Diagnosing Diabetes	>=6.5

**Comment:** The final report has been generated after reviewing the HPLC Chromatogram.

**IgE LEVEL, Serum [ECLIA]** 36.09 IU/mL 5 - 100

- This assay is useful for evaluation of patients suspected with allergic disease, primary immunodeficiency, infections, malignancies, other inflammatory diseases and allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis.
- IgE is the most important trigger molecule for allergic information. The level of IgE is low during the first year of life, gradually increases with age and reaches adult levels after 10 years.
- IgE is a mediator of allergic response. Quantitative measurement can provide useful information for differential diagnosis of atopic and non-atopic disease. Patients with atopic diseases like allergic asthma, allergic rhinitis & atopic dermatitis have moderately elevated IgE levels.
- An elevated/normal concentration does not indicate presence or absence of an allergic disease and must be interpreted in the clinical context of the patient, including age, gender, travel history, potential allergen exposure and family history.
- The total IgE test measures the overall quantity of immunoglobulin E in the blood, not the amount of a specific type. It can be used to detect an allergic response in the body rather than a specific allergy. This test may compliment the information provided by allergy tests that detect allergen-specific IgE

**COMMENT:** For testing options to specific allergies (food/respiratory), kindly contact front office for details.

**VITAMIN B-12 LEVEL, Serum [ECLIA]** 658.90 pg/mL 197 - 771



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- Vitamin B12 (cobalamin) is a water-soluble vitamin and is normally found in animal products including meats, eggs and milk & milk products. It cannot be produced in the body and must be supplied by the diet.
- It is necessary for hematopoiesis and normal neuronal function. As it is obtained mainly from animal proteins, in humans, it requires intrinsic factor (IF) for absorption.
- Vitamin B12 deficiency may be due to lack of IF secretion by the gastric mucosa (pernicious anaemia) or intestinal malabsorption. It is also seen in vegetarians with inadequate B12 intake.
- Its deficiency frequently causes macrocytic anaemia, glossitis, peripheral neuropathy, weakness, ataxia, poor coordination and affective behavioural changes.
- An increase in the levels of Vitamin B 12 is mostly due to excessive ingestion of multivitamin capsules with B12. Conditions such as liver diseases and myeloproliferative disorders occasionally exhibit increased levels.
- Serum homocysteine levels are also elevated in B12 deficiency.

**VITAMIN D-3 LEVEL, Serum [ECLIA]**

25.20 ng/mL

25-100

**Interpretation:**

Less than 12 ng/ml: Definitely deficient  
 12-25 ng/ml: Insufficient  
 25 - 100 ng/ml: Adequate  
 More than 100 ng/ml: Toxic

THE TEST IS BEING PERFORMED ON FDA APPROVED FULLY AUTOMATED REFERENCE IVD PLATFORM .

The two most important forms of Vitamin D are Vitamin D3 and Vitamin D2. In contrast to Vitamin D3, Vitamin D2 has to be taken up with food. In the human body Vitamin D3 and D2 are bound to Vitamin D- binding protein in plasma and transported to liver where both are hydroxylated in position 25 forming 25-OH Vitamin D. 25-OH Vitamin D is the metabolite that should be measured in blood to determine the overall Vitamin D status because it is the major storage form of Vitamin D in the human body. More than 95% of 25-OH Vitamin D, measurable in serum, is 25-OH Vitamin D3 whereas 25-OH Vitamin D2 reaches measurable levels only in patients taking Vitamin D2 supplements. Vitamin D is a common cause of secondary hyperparathyroidism. Elevations of PTH levels, especially in elderly Vitamin D deficient adults can result in osteomalacia, increased bone turnover, reduced bone mass and risk of bone fractures.

Reference - Position paper of the International Osteoporosis Foundation.

**\*\* End of IMMUNO ASSAYS Report \*\***

® MARKED RESULT IS RECHECKED AND VERIFIED

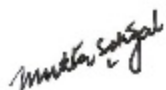
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## Test (Methodology)

## Result

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Authentication : 07-05-2021 11:42  
Printed on : 07-05-2021 13:57

## CONDITIONS OF REPORTING

- ▶ In case of alarming or unexpected test results you are advised to contact the laboratory immediately for further discussions and action. Laboratory results are meant to be correlated with the patient's clinical history.
- ▶ The report will carry the name and age provided at the time of registration.
- ▶ Reporting of tests will be as per defined laboratory turn around time for each test. The same will be informed to the patient during first point of contact i.e. registration or phlebotomy as the case may be.
- ▶ Test results & reference ranges vary depending on the technology and methodology used.
- ▶ Rarely a second sample may be requested for an indeterminate result or any other pre-analytical / analytical reason.
- ▶ Reports can be received either as a hard copy or an email on your personal ID. Reports can also be delivered via courier. Payments can be made online on our website. Only reports with no pending payments are mailed, uploaded or dispatched.
- ▶ Reports can also be accessed via Dr. Dangs lab website or through the Dr. Dangs mobile application on IOS and android using the unique ID and password provided to you during registration or received by you via SMS.
- ▶ Home collection sample facility is provided with prior appointment. Request for same to be given on 999-999-2020, booked online on [www.drdangslab.com](http://www.drdangslab.com) or through the Dr. Dangs mobile application on IOS and android.
- ▶ A digital invoice for tests performed is available on our website and can be accessed by using the unique I.D. and password provided.
- ▶ To maintain confidentiality, certain reports may not be mailed at the discretion of the management.
- ▶ In case of any queries pertaining to your test results or to provide feedback/suggestions please call us on 01145004200 or mail us at [info@drdangslab.com](mailto:info@drdangslab.com).
- ▶ 48 hour notice is required for the issuing of slides and blocks.
- ▶ Test results are not valid for medico legal purposes.
- ▶ The courts (forums) at Delhi shall have exclusive jurisdiction in all disputes/claims concerning the tests and/or results of the tests.
- ▶ \* For any change in timings, please visit our website.



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