1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53					
Sunday is:					
		(c) $2/7$			
•			marble is drawn at		
random. The proba					
` '	, ,	(c) 0/5	• •		
3. The probability			0.85. What is the		
probability that it v					
` '	• •		(d) none of these		
-	•		ted from the numbers		
(1, 2, 3,,15) i	-				
		(c) 2/15			
5. What are the to					
(a) 4	(b) 5	(c) 8	(d) 7		
6. The probability	that a prime	e number select	ed at random from the		
numbers (1,2,3,	•				
(a) 12/35	(b) 11/35	(c) 13/35	(d) none of these		
7. The sum of the	probability of	of an event and	non event is :		
		) 0 (d) nor			
8. The following p	robabilities	are given; choo	se the correct answer		
for that which is no					
(a) 0.15	(b) 2/7	(c) $7/5$	(d) none of these.		
			an the probability of		
getting at least two					
(a) 1/4 (	b) 3/8	(c) $\frac{1}{2}$	(d) 1/8		
10. A letter is cho	sen at rando	om from the lett	ers of the word		
ASSASSINATION	<b>V♦</b> . The pro	bability that the	e letter chosen has:		
			(d) none of these.		
	, ,				
11. A dice is throw	n. Find the p	robability of ge	tting an even number.		
(A) 2/3	(B) 1	(C) 5/6	(D) 1/2		
•		, ,			
12. Two coins are thrown at the same time. Find the probability of					
getting both heads		(D) 0			
(A) 3/4 (B) 1/4	(C) 1/2	(ט) ט			
13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a					

sum of 9 is:

(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C) 1/9	(D) 4/	9				
14. 100 cards are numbered from 1 to 100. Find the probability of getting a prime number.								
(A) 3/4		(C) 1/4	(D)	29/100				
_	a blue ball is d	ouble that of a		f the probability n the number of				
16. A box o	f 600 bulbs co t random from ve bulb is:	ntains 12 defe	ctive bulbs. In the probabi					
17. Cards marked with numbers 2 to 101 are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. One card is drawn from this box randomly, then the probability that the number on card is a perfect square.  (A) 9/100 (B) 1/10 (C) 3/10 (D) 19/100								
18. What is the probability of getting 53 Mondays in a leap year? (A) 1/7 (B) 53/366 (C) 2/7 (D) 7/366								
19. A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king of red suit.  (A) 1/26 (B) 3/26 (C) 7/52 (D) 1/13								
20. A game of chance consists of spinning an arrow which is equally likely to come to rest pointing to one of the number 1,2,312 ,then the probability that it will point to an odd number is: (A) $1/6$ (B) $1/12$ (C) $7/12$ (D) $5/12$								
21. A game consists of tossing a one rupee coin 3 times and noting its outcome each time. Aryan wins if all the tosses give the same result i.e. three heads or three tails and loses otherwise. Then the probability that Aryan will lose the game.  (A) $3/4$ (B) $1/2$ (C) 1 (D) $1/4$								

22. Riya and Kajal are friends. Probability that both will have the same birthday is the same birthday is:							
(A) 364/365	(B) 31/365	(C) 1/365	(D) 1/133225				
23. A number $x$ is chosen at random from the numbers -2, -1, 0, 1, 2. Then the probability that $x^2 < 2$ is? (A) $1/5$ (B) $2/5$ (C) $3/5$ (D) $4/5$							
24. A jar contains 24 marbles. Some are red and others are white. If a marble is drawn at random from the jar, the probability that it is red is 2/3, then the number of white marbles in the jar is:  (A) $10$ (B) $6$ (C) $8$ (D) $7$							
25. A number is selected at random from first 50 natural numbers. Then the probability that it is a multiple of 3 and 4 is: (A) $7/50$ (B) $4/25$ (C) $1/25$ (D) $2/25$							
26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is?							
a) $\frac{1}{7}$	b) $\frac{5}{42}$	c) $\frac{1}{21}$	d) $\frac{4}{21}$				
27. Runs scored by batsman in 5 one day matches are 50, 70, 82,							
	standard deviati o) 25.49	c) 25.29	d) 25.69				
28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17.							
	b) 13, 18		d) 13, 16				
29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is							
a) $^{1}/_{2}$	b) $^1\!/_3$ e between 0 and	c) $\frac{1}{4}$ 3. The value of E 27 d)					
31. The random variables X and Y have variances 0.2 and 0.5							

respectively. Let Z= 5X-2Y. The variance of Z is?

32.Out of the probability?	•	alues, which	one is not pos	sible in
a) $P(x) = 1$	b) ∑ x d) P(	P(x) = 3 x) = -0.5		
33.If E(x) =	<b>2 and E(z) = </b> 4 b) 6	<b>1, then E(z –</b> c) 0	•	sufficient data
34.The cov	ariance of two	independer	nt random varial	ole is
a) 1	b) 0	c) - 1	d) Uı	ndefined
<b>35.If Σ P(x)</b> a) 0	b) 1			sufficient data
, ,	<b>0.5 and x = 4,</b> b) 0.5	• •	? d) 2	
37.In a disc is always?	rete probabili	ty distributio	on, the sum of a	II probabilities
a) 0	b) Infinite	c) 1	d) Un	defined
_	obability of hi	tting the tar	get is 0.4, find r	nean and
variance. a) 0.4, 0.24	b) 0.6,	0.24	c) 0.4, 0.16	d) 0.6, 0.16
_	% and if 10 bo	-	pped, find mea	ce will strike the n and variance? d) 4, 1.6
a) 2	e mean of toss b) 4 s the mean and	c) 8	d) 1	nal distribution?

c) 5

d) 7

a) 3

b) 4

a) Mean is 0 and variance is 1 b) Mean is 1 and variance is 0 c) Mean is 0 and variance is $\infty$ d) Mean is $\infty$ and variance is 0							
42. Variance of a random variable X is given by a) $E(X)$ b) $E(X2)$ c) $E(X2)$ – $(E(X))2$							
43.Mean of a random variable X is given by a) $E(X)$ b) $E(X2)$ c) $E(X2)$ - $(E(X))2$ d) (E							
44.Mean of a constant 'a' is a) 0							
<b>45.Variance of a constant 'a' is</b> .  a) 0							
46.Find the mean and variance of X?							
	K	0	1	2	3	4	
f(x)		1/9	2/9	3/9	2/9	1/9	
a) 2, 4/ <mark>3</mark>		b) 3	, 4/3	(	c) 2, 2/3		d) 3, 2/3
47. Find the expectation of a random variable X?							

	Х	0	1	2	3		
	f(x)	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6		
a) (	).5		b) 1.5		С	2.5	d) 3.5

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by

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- 49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use **Binomial Distribution.**
- a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx
- b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
- c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
- d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx
- 50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard **Deviation?**

- a)  $\sqrt{np}$  b)  $\sqrt{pq}$  c) (np)2 d)  $\sqrt{npq}$