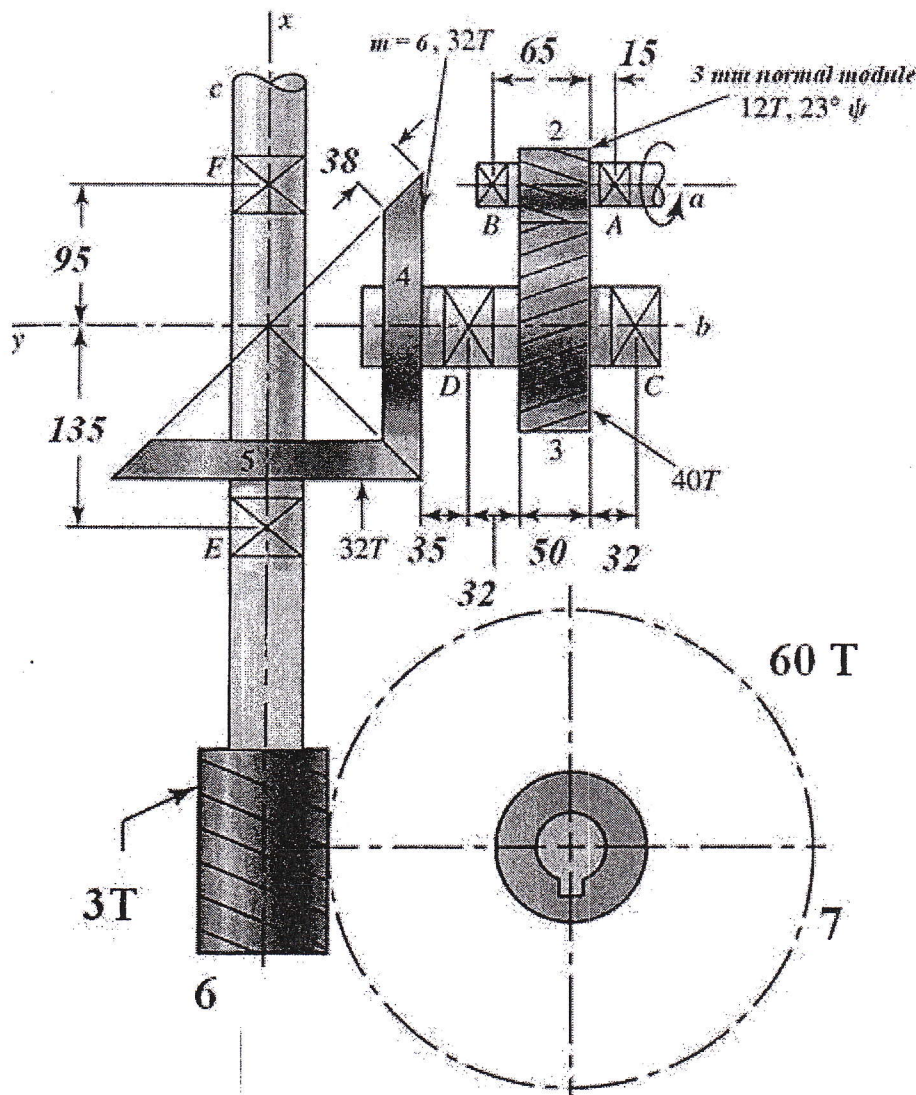


Question 1: (50 points)

The gear train shown below consists of three stages. The first stage is a helical gear set, the second stage is a bevel gear set and the third stage is a worm and worm wheel. The pressure angle (ϕ and/or ϕ_n) for all gears is 20° (other dimensions and data of the gears are shown on figure), **Determine:**

- The magnitudes and directions of the speeds (rpm) of gears 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 if the pinion 2 is rotating at 1750 rpm in the direction shown, (CCW).
- The pitch circle diameter of the worm wheel 7 if the lead of the worm 6 is 18 mm.
- The magnitudes and directions of the forces acting on gears 3 and 4 at the mesh points (the mid point along the face width) if the transmitted power is 5 kW.
- The reactions at bearings C and D.



$$a) \frac{n_2}{n_3} = \frac{N_3}{N_2} \Rightarrow n_3 = \frac{N_2}{N_3} \times n_2$$

$$\triangle 10 \therefore n_3 = \frac{12}{40} \times 1750 = 525 \text{ rpm (CW)} \quad (2)$$

$$n_4 = n_3 = 525 \text{ rpm (CW)} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{n_4}{n_5} = \frac{N_5}{N_4} = \frac{32}{32} = 1$$

$$n_5 = n_4 = 525 \text{ rpm (CCW)} \quad (2)$$

$$n_6 = n_5 = 525 \text{ rpm (CCW)} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{n_6}{n_7} = \frac{N_7}{N_6} = \frac{60}{3} = 20$$

$$N_7 = \frac{n_6}{20} = \frac{525}{20} = 26.25 \text{ rpm (CCW)} \quad (2)$$

$$b) L = p_x N_w$$

$$\triangle 5 \quad p_x = \frac{L}{N_w} = \frac{18}{3} = 6 \text{ mm} \quad (2)$$

$$\therefore p_t = p_x = 6 \text{ mm} \quad (1)$$

$$d_G = \frac{N_G \cdot p_t}{\pi} = \frac{60 \times 6}{\pi} = 114.59 \text{ mm} \quad (2)$$

c) $W_t = \frac{H}{v_t}$

25 $v_{t_2} = \omega_2 \cdot \frac{d_2}{2}$

$$\omega_2 = \frac{2\pi n_2}{60} = \frac{2\pi \times 1750}{60} = 183.259 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$d_2 = m N_2 = \frac{m_m}{\cos \psi} \cdot N_2 = \frac{3}{\cos 23^\circ} \cdot 12 = 39.109 \text{ mm}$$

$$\therefore v_{t_2} = 183.259 \times \frac{39.109}{2} = 3583.54 \text{ mm/s}$$

$$= 3.5835 \text{ m/s} \quad (2)$$

$$W_{t_{2,3}} = \frac{5 \times 10^3}{3.5835} = 1395.28 \text{ N} \quad (2)$$

$$W_{r_{2,3}} = W_{t_{2,3}} \tan \phi_t$$

$$\tan \phi_t = \frac{\tan \phi_m}{\cos \psi} = \frac{\tan 20^\circ}{\cos 23^\circ} = 0.3954$$

$$\therefore W_{r_{2,3}} = 1395.28 \times 0.3954 = 551.697 \text{ N} \quad (2)$$

$$W_{a_{2,3}} = W_t \tan \psi = 1395.28 \tan 23^\circ = 592.26 \text{ N} \quad (2)$$

bevel gears:

$$d_4 = m N_4 = 6 \times 32 = 192 \text{ mm}$$

$$r_{av} = \frac{d}{2} - \frac{F}{2} \sin \gamma$$

$$\tan \gamma_g = \frac{N_g}{N_p} = \frac{32}{32} = 1 = \tan \gamma_p, \gamma = 45^\circ$$

$$r_{av.} = \frac{192}{2} - \frac{38}{2} \sin 45^\circ = 96 - 13.435 = 82.565 \text{ mm} \quad (2)$$

$$v_{t_{av.}} = \omega_4 \cdot r_{av.} = \frac{2\pi \times 525}{60} \times 82.565 = 4539.25 \text{ mm/s}$$

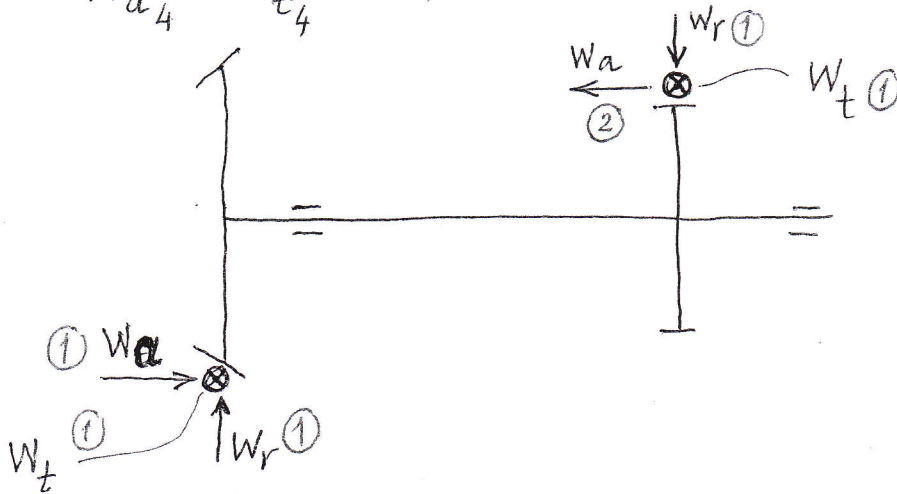
$$= 4.5392 \text{ m/s} \quad (2)$$

$$W_{t_{4,5}}^* = \frac{H}{v_{t_{av.}}} = \frac{5 \times 10^3}{4.5392} = 1101.52 \text{ N} \quad (2)$$

$$W_{r_4}^* = W_{t_4}^* \tan \phi \cos \gamma$$

$$= 1101.52 \times \tan 20^\circ \cos 45^\circ = 283.493 \text{ N} \quad (2)$$

$$W_{a_4}^* = W_{t_4}^* \tan \phi \sin \gamma = 283.493 \text{ N} \quad (2)$$



d) Bearings Reactions:

10 i) x-y plane

$$R_C^x = -147.66 \text{ N}$$

$$R_D^x = 415.87 \text{ N}$$

ii) y-z plane

$$R_C^z = 229.64 \text{ N}$$

$$R_D^z = 2267.16 \text{ N}$$

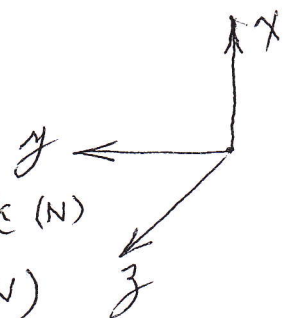
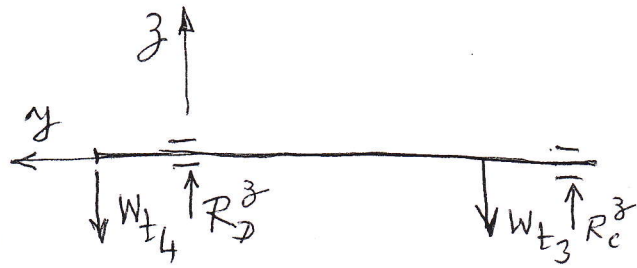
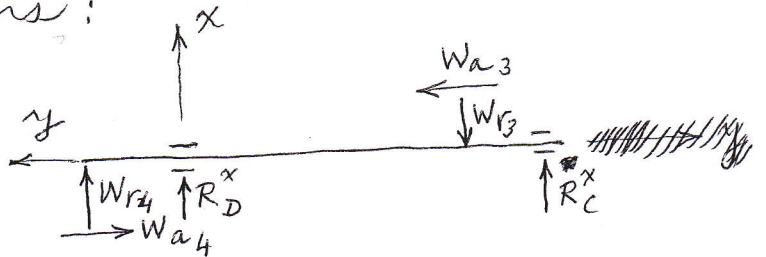
$$\text{iii) } R_C^y = W_{a_3} - W_{a_4}$$

$$= 592.26 - 283.493$$

$$= 308.77 \text{ N}$$

$$R_C = -147.66 \hat{i} + 308.77 \hat{j} + 229.64 \hat{k} \text{ (N)}$$

$$R_D = 415.87 \hat{i} + 2267.16 \hat{k} \text{ (N)}$$



Question 2: (50 points)

Determine, for a reliability of 90%, the safety factors guarding against bending and surface fatigue of the two helical gears described in question (1) if the pinion and gear are made of grade 1 steel through hardened to a hardness of 240 HB for the pinion and 200 HB for the gear. The gears are made according to a quality number $Q_v = 6$. The face width of the teeth is 45 mm and the gears are designed to work for infinite life ($Y_N = Z_N = 0.96$), accurate mounting ($K_H = 1.3$) and uniform driving and driven conditions ($K_o = 1$).

Note: See the attached data sheets, assume any missing factor or coefficient to be unity, take $C_p = 191 \text{ (MPa)}^{0.5}$

Bending stresses:

$$\left. \begin{aligned} W_t &= 1395.28 \text{ N} \\ v_t &= 3.5835 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned} \right\} *$$

$$\sigma_b = \frac{W_t}{b m J} \cdot K_v \cdot K_o \cdot K_s \cdot K_H \cdot K_B$$

$$K_v = \left(\frac{A + \sqrt{200 v}}{A} \right)^B$$

$$B = 0.25(12 - 6)^{2/3} = 0.825$$

$$A = 50 + 56(1 - B) = 59.8$$

$$K_v = \left(\frac{59.8 + \sqrt{200 \times 3.5835}}{59.8} \right)^{0.825} = 1.3569 \quad (4)$$

$$J_p = J_p' \cdot C_p = 0.47 \times 0.97 = 0.46 \quad (2)$$

$$J_g = 0.56 \times 0.92 = 0.5152 \quad (2)$$

$$\sigma_{bp} = \frac{1395.28}{45 \times 3.259 \times 0.46} \times 1.3569 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1.3 \times 1$$

$$= 36.48 \text{ MPa.} \quad (4)$$

$$\sigma_{bg} = 32.575 \text{ MPa.} \quad (4)$$

Bending Strength:

$$\sigma'_{FP} = 0.703 HB + 113$$

$$\sigma'_{FP_p} = 0.703 \times 240 + 113 = 281.72 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{FP_p} = \sigma'_{FP_p} \cdot \frac{Y_N}{Y_\theta Y_Z} = 281.72 \cdot \frac{0.96}{1 \times 0.85} = 318.18 \text{ MPa} \quad (3)$$

$$\sigma'_{FP_g} = 0.703 \times 200 + 113 = 253.6 \text{ MPa} \quad (3)$$

$$\sigma_{FP_g} = 253.6 \cdot \frac{0.96}{1 \times 0.85} = 286.42 \text{ MPa}$$

Bending Fatigue Safety factors:

$$n_p = \frac{\sigma_{FP_p}}{\sigma_{bp}} = \frac{318.18}{36.48} = 8.72 \quad (2)$$

$$n_g = \frac{286.42}{32.575} = 8.79 \quad (2)$$

Contact Stresses :-

$$\sigma_c = c_p \sqrt{\frac{W_t}{b \cdot d_p \cdot I}} \cdot K_v K_o K_s K_H C_f$$

$$d_p = \frac{m_m}{\cos \psi} \cdot N_p = \frac{3}{\cos 23^\circ} \cdot 12 = 39.109 \text{ mm}, d_g = 130.36 \text{ mm}$$

$$I = \frac{\cos \phi_t \sin \phi_t}{2 m_N} \cdot \frac{m_G}{m_G + 1}$$

$$\tan \phi_t = \frac{\tan \phi_n}{\cos \psi} = 0.3954 \rightarrow \phi_t = 21.574^\circ$$

$$m_G = i = \frac{N_g}{N_p} = \frac{40}{12} = 3.3333 = \frac{10}{3}$$

$$m_N = \frac{p_N}{0.95 Z}$$

$$p_N = p_m \cos \phi_m = 3 \times \pi \times \cos 20^\circ = 8.8564$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Z &= \sqrt{\left(\left(\frac{39.109}{2}\right) + 3\right)^2 - \left(\frac{39.109}{2} \cos 21.574\right)^2} \\
 &\quad + \sqrt{\left(\left(\frac{130.36}{2}\right) + 3\right)^2 - \left(\frac{130.36}{2} \cos 21.574\right)^2} \\
 &\quad - \left(\frac{39.109 + 130.36}{2}\right) \sin 21.574 \\
 &= 13.3426 + 31.2168 - 31.1571 = 13.402 \text{ mm} \quad (3)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore m_N = \frac{8.8564}{0.95 \times 13.402} = 0.6956 \quad (2)$$

$$I = \frac{\cos(21.574) \sin(21.574)}{2 \times 0.6956} \times \frac{\frac{10}{3}}{\frac{10}{3} + 1} = 0.18907 \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore \sigma_c &= 191 \sqrt{\frac{1395.28}{45 \times 39.109 \times 0.18907} \times 1.3569 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1.3} \\
 &= 519.46 \text{ MPa} \quad (5)
 \end{aligned}$$

strength:-

$$\sigma_{HPp} = 2.22 (240) + 200 = 732.8 \text{ MPa}.$$

$$\sigma_{HPp} = \sigma_{HPp} \cdot \frac{Z_n C_H}{Y_\theta Y_Z} = 732.8 \frac{0.96 \times 1}{1 \times 0.85} = 827.63 \text{ MPa} \quad (3)$$

$$\sigma_{HPg} = 2.22 (200) + 200 = 644 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{HPg} = 644 \frac{0.96 \times 1}{1 \times 0.85} = 727.34 \text{ MPa} \quad (3)$$

$$m_{cp} = \left(\frac{\sigma_{HPp}}{\sigma_c}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{827.63}{519.46}\right)^2 = (1.5932)^2 = 2.538 \quad (2)$$

$$m_{cg} = \left(\frac{727.34}{519.46}\right)^2 = (1.4)^2 = 1.96 \quad (2)$$