

CC: 3.3.1: Introduction to kNN Classification

Introduction to kNN Classification: Question 1

1/1 point (graded)

How does the k Nearest Neighbors classifier classify observations?

According to the most common class among the nearest k neighbors
correct

According to the mean class among the nearest k neighbors

CC: 3.3.2: Finding the Distance Between Two Points

Comprehension Check due May 17, 2021 08:28 +03 Completed

Finding Distance: Question 1

1/1 point (graded)

How is the distance measure we use (as in Video 3.3.2) defined between points (a_1, b_1) and (a_2, b_2) ?

☐ $|a_1 - a_2| + |b_1 - b_2|$

☐ $(a_1 - a_2)^2 + (b_1 - b_2)^2$

☒ $\sqrt{(a_1 - a_2)^2 + (b_1 - b_2)^2}$ ✓

☐ $\sqrt{(a_1 - a_2)^2 - (b_1 - b_2)^2}$

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CC 3.3.3: Majority Vote

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Majority Vote: Question 1

1/1 point (graded)

What does the `items` method for dictionaries return?

☐ A `dict_items` object with elements consisting of keys

☐ A `dict_items` object with elements consisting of values

☒ A `dict_items` object with elements consisting of tuples of key, value pairs

☐ This method does not exist in Python 3.



Majority Vote: Question 2

1/1 point (graded)

What will `random.choice()` return for a list containing only one object? (Assume that the `random` module has already been imported.)

- ☐ This code returns nothing.
- ☒ This code returns the single element every time.
- ☐ The code will only sometimes select the single element.
- ☐ This code contains an error.



CC: 3.3.4: Finding Nearest Neighbors

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Comprehension Check due May 17, 2021 08:28 +03 Completed

Finding Nearest Neighbors: Question 1

1/1 point (graded)

For an `np.array` of dimension 2, what does the `shape` method return?

- ☐ The number of rows
- ☐ The number of columns
- ☒ A tuple containing the number of rows and columns
- ☐ A list containing the number of rows and columns



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Finding Nearest Neighbors: Question 2

1/1 point (graded)

What does `np.argsort` do?

- ☐ It sorts an array, provided its elements are arguments.
- ☐ It sorts an array according to a single argument and returns a sorted list
- ☒ It sorts an array according to a single argument and returns the sorted indices.
- ☐ It will try to sort a list, and if it can't, it will argue with you.



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CC: 3.3.5: Generating Synthetic Data

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Comprehension Check due May 17, 2021 03:26 +03 Completed

Generating Synthetic Data: Question 1

1/1 point (graded)

What does `np.concatenate` do?

- ☒ Takes in a tuple of `np.arrays` and joins them lengthwise along the specified axis
- ☐ Takes in a single `np.array` and concatenates itself to itself along the specified axis
- ☐ Takes in a tuple of `np.arrays` and sums them along the specified axis



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Generating Synthetic Data: Question 2

1/1 point (graded)

What is the main benefit of generating synthetic data?

- ☐ You don't have to find and download data.
- ☐ The data will always be exactly the same.
- ☒ You know exactly how the data were generated so you know what to expect when testing code.



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CC: 3.3.6: Making a Prediction Grid

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Comprehension Check due May 17, 2021 08:28 +03 Completed

Making a Prediction Grid: Question 1

1/1 point (graded)

What does `np.arange` do?

- ☐ Takes a tuple of `np.arrays` as the first argument and arranges them according to the second argument
- ☒ Creates regularly spaced values between the first and second argument, with spacing given in the third argument
- ☐ Takes a `range` object and returns an `np.array` range object



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Making a Prediction Grid: Question 2

1/1 point (graded)

What does `enumerate` do?

- ☐ Takes an iterable and returns a range object:
- ☒ Takes an iterable and returns a new iterable with tuples as elements, where the first index of each tuple is the index of the tuple in the iterable
- ☐ Takes iterables as arguments and returns an array of the total number of elements in each iterable
- ☐ Takes iterables as arguments and returns an integer of the total number of elements in all iterables



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CC: 3.3.8: Applying the kNN Method

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Comprehension Check due May 17, 2021 08:28 +03 Completed

Applying the kNN Method: Question 1

1/1 point (graded)

What are the four variables in the `iris` dataset described in Video 3.3.8?

- ☐ Sepal length, sepal width, iris length, iris width
- ☒ Sepal length, sepal width, petal length, petal width
- ☐ Stamen length, stamen width, iris length, iris width
- ☐ Stamen length, stamen width, petal length, petal width



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Applying the kNN Method: Question 2

1/1 point (graded)

How many different species are contained in the `iris` dataset described in Video 3.3.8?

- ☒ 3
- ☐ 4
- ☐ 5
- ☐ 6



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Applying the kNN Method: Question 3

1/1 point (graded)

How often do the predictions from the homemade and **scikit Learn** kNN classifiers accurately predict the class of the data in the **Iris** dataset, described in Video 3.3.3?

☐ Approximately 65% of the time

☐ Approximately 75% of the time

☒ Approximately 85% of the time

☐ Approximately 95% of the time



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