Case Study I - Ramen

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Load the data in the following way:

 $\label{load} load("/Users/hadleydixon/Desktop/HADLEY/USF_BSDS100/BSDS100_CaseStudies$

1) (5 pts) How many different brands are reviewed in the data set? Do you recognize any of them?

There are 355 different brands. No, we don't recognize any of them.

```
length(unique(ramen$Brand))

## [1] 355
```

2) (5 pts) What years do we have "top ten" data from? (Hint: This will require turning the Top Ten column into a string column)

We have "top ten" data from 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, and 2016.

```
Top.Ten <- ramen$Top.Ten
Top.Ten.String <- as.character(Top.Ten)
no.blank <- Top.Ten.String[Top.Ten.String != ""]</pre>
```

3) (5 pts) Which ramen brands are from the United States (hint: beware of abbreviations!)?

The ramen brands from the United States are as follows:

```
Country <- ramen$Country
ramen$Brand[Country == "USA" | Country == "United States"]</pre>
```

##	[1] Nissin	Yamachan
##	[3] Yamachan	Jackpot Teriyaki
##	[5] Yamachan	Lipton
##	[7] Nissin	Nissin
##	[9] Nissin	Pringles
## [[11] Myojo	Daifuku
## [[13] Dream Kitchen	Dr. McDougall's
## [[15] Shirakiku	Mama Pat's
## [[17] Mama Pat's	Mama Pat's
## [[19] Mama Pat's	Goku-Uma
## [[21] Gefen	Nissin
## [[23] Nissin	Nissin
## [[25] Goku-Uma	Nissin
## [[27] Goku-Uma	Nissin
## [[29] Shirakiku	Dream Kitchen
## [[31] Farmer's Heart	Goku-Uma
## [[33] Nongshim	Dream Kitchen
## [[35] Nissin	Maruchan
## [[37] Roland	Maruchan
## [[39] Nongshim	Maruchan
## [[41] Maruchan	Dream Kitchen
## [[43] Maruchan	Maruchan
## [[45] Maruchan	Roland
## [[47] Nongshim	Maruchan
## [[49] Nongshim	Коуо
## [[51] Maruchan	Nongshim
## [[53] Nongshim	Nissin
_	[55] IbuRamen	Nissin
_	[57] Nissin	Fortune
1	[59] Nissin	Nissin
	[61] IbuRamen	Thai Smile
	[63] Nissin	Nissin
1	[65] Sapporo Ichiban	Nissin
-	[67] IbuRamen	Myojo
	[69] Nissin	Nissin
1	[71] Nongshim	Myojo
	73] Nissin	Crystal Noodle
1	[75] Thai Smile	Nissin
	77] Nissin	Authentically Asian
1	79] Thai Smile	Myojo
-	[81] Maruchan	Nongshim
_	[83] One Dish Asia	Nongshim
1	[85] Nissin	Nongshim
	[87] Thai Pavilion [89] Nissin	Nongshim
1	[91] Nissin	Nongshim Maruchan
1	93] Maruchan	Nongshim
	95] Maruchan 95] Nissin	Osaka Ramen
1	[97] Nissin	Annie Chun's
1	99] Snapdragon	Miracle Noodle
	[99] Shapuragon [01] Nongshim	Lotus Foods
_	103] Lotus Foods	Lotus Foods
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	##	[105]	Sakura Noodle	Shirakiku
	##	[107]	Sakura Noodle	Sakura Noodle
	##	[109]	Sakura Noodle	Sakura Noodle
	##	[111]	Thai Kitchen	Thai Kitchen
			Nissin	Annie Chun's
	##	[115]	Thai Pavilion	Nissin
	##	[117]	Nissin	Nongshim
	##	[119]	Коуо	Nissin
	##	[121]	Komforte Chockolates	Nissin
	##	[123]	Myojo	Thai Pavilion
	##	[125]	Nissin	Tasty Bite
	##	[127]	Tasty Bite	Tasty Bite
	##	[129]	Tasty Bite	Tasty Bite
	##	[131]	Tasty Bite	Star Anise Foods
	##	[133]	Myojo	Nissin
	##	[135]	Maruchan	Nissin
	##	[137]	Tradition	Maruchan
	##	[139]	Nissin	Maruchan
	##	[141]	Maruchan	Nissin
	##	[143]	Sun Noodle	Sun Noodle
	##	[145]	Sun Noodle	S&S
	##	[147]	Sun Noodle	Sun Noodle
	##	[149]	Sun Noodle	Sun Noodle
	##	[151]	Annie Chun's	Annie Chun's
	##	[153]	Annie Chun's	Annie Chun's
	##	[155]	Annie Chun's	Annie Chun's
	##	[157]	Annie Chun's	Annie Chun's
	##	[159]	Nongshim	Nissin
	##	[161]	Maruchan	Right Foods
	##	[163]	Maruchan	Yamachan
			Maruchan	Nongshim
			Maruchan	Maruchan
			Shirakiku	Maruchan
			Maruchan	Nissin
			Sapporo Ichiban	Tradition
			Maruchan	Yamachan
			Yamachan	Yamachan
			Yamachan	Yamachan
			Yamachan	Yamachan
			Nissin	Nongshim
			Nongshim	Nissin
			Tradition	Nissin
			Nissin	Nissin
			Nissin	Nongshim
			Nongshim	Nissin
			Nongshim	Nongshim
			Nissin	Thai Kitchen
			Nissin	Nongshim
			Nongshim	Nongshim
			Nongshim Hosoonyi	Sapporo Ichiban Nissin
			Maruchan	Nongshim
	π #	[20/]	Maruonan	MOHABIITIII

,	,
## [209] Nissin	Nissin
## [211] Nissin	Nissin
## [213] Nissin	Nissin
## [215] Nissin	Nissin
## [217] Nissin	Nissin
## [219] Nissin	Maruchan
## [221] Nissin	Thai Kitchen
## [223] Nissin	Nissin
## [225] Maruchan	Maruchan
## [227] Thai Kitchen	Thai Kitchen
## [229] Koyo	Koyo
## [231] Maruchan	Nissin
## [233] Sapporo Ichiban	Annie Chun's
## [235] Thai Kitchen	Tradition
## [237] Mexi-Ramen	Maruchan
## [239] Thai Kitchen	Thai Kitchen
## [241] Annie Chun's	Gefen
## [243] Thai Kitchen	Koyo
## [245] Maruchan	Gefen
## [247] Nissin	Nissin
## [249] Gefen	Koyo
## [251] Nongshim	Maruchan
## [253] Chikara	Sapporo Ichiban
## [255] Sapporo Ichiban	Maruchan
## [257] Maruchan	Nissin
## [259] US Canning	Nissin
## [261] Nissin	Nissin
## [263] Tayho	Nissin
## [265] Nissin	Maruchan
## [267] Maruchan	Nissin
## [269] Maruchan	Nissin
## [271] Nissin	Nissin
## [273] Maruchan	Nissin
## [275] Nissin	Maruchan
## [277] Maruchan	Maruchan
## [279] Tradition	Fortune
## [281] Nissin	Nissin
## [283] Nissin	Nissin
## [285] Nissin	Nissin
## [287] Nongshim	Fortune
## [289] Fortune	Fu Chang Chinese Noodle Company
## [291] Nissin	Nissin
## [293] Nissin	Maruchan
## [295] Maruchan	Maruchan
## [297] Maruchan	Nongshim
## [299] Maruchan	Nissin
## [301] Sapporo Ichiban	Sapporo Ichiban
## [303] Nongshim	Nongshim
## [305] Nongshim	Nongshim
## [307] Nongshim	Nissin
## [309] Koyo	Maruchan
## [311] Nissin	Sapporo Ichiban

4) (5 pts) Has any brand of ramen won the #1 slot in the Top Ten Ramens list more than once? Which brand(s)?

Yes, there are 2 brands of ramen that have won the #1 slot in the Top Ten Ramen List more than once. These brands are Prima Taste and MyKuali.

5) (8 pts) Which brand has the highest average star rating? If there is a tie, report multiple brands.

The brand with the highest average star rating is ChoripDong, with a 5 stars average rating.

```
averages <- aggregate(ramen$Stars, by = list(ramen$Brand), FUN = mean)
averages$Group.1[which.max(averages$x)]

## [1] ChoripDong
## 355 Levels: 1 To 3 Noodles 7 Select 7 Select/Nissin A-One ... Zow Zow

max(averages$x, na.rm = TRUE)

## [1] 5</pre>
```

6) (8 pts) Is the way a ramen is packaged related to which country it is from?

The highest packaging in a pack is from South Korea. The highest packaging in a tray, cup, can. The highest packaging in a box is from Japan and Malaysia. The Highest packaging in a bowl is from Japan. Only US makes ramen in a Bar packaging. Only the US makes ramen in a can packaging, so if we see that packaging in the data set we can conclude that the brand is from the US.

```
table(ramen$Country, ramen$Style)
```

##									
##				Bowl	Box	Can			Tray
##	Australia	0	0	0	0	0	17	5	0
##	Bangladesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0
##	Brazil	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0
##	Cambodia	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
##	Canada	0	0	8	0	0	17	16	0
##	China	1	0	45	0	0	16	98	9
##	Colombia	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0
##	Dubai	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
##	Estonia	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
##	Fiji	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
##	Finland	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
##	Germany	0	0	0	0	0	11	16	0
##	Ghana	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
##	Holland	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
##	Hong Kong	0	0	30	0	0	38	67	2
##	Hungary	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0
##	India	0	0	0	0	0	3	28	0
##	Indonesia	0	0	0	1	0	21	104	0
##	Japan	0	0	126	2	0	49	155	20
##	Malaysia	0	0	8	2	0	21	125	0
##	Mexico	0	0	0	0	0	15	10	0
##	Myanmar	0	0	0	0	0	3	11	0
##	Nepal	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	0
##	Netherlands	0	0	0	0	0	3	12	0
##	Nigeria	0	0	0			0	1	0
##	Pakistan	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0
##	Philippines	0	0	10				33	0
##	Poland	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
##	Sarawak	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
##	Singapore	0	0	13	0	0	27	69	0
##	South Korea	0	0	68			40	183	18
##	Sweden	0	0	0	0		0	3	0
##	Taiwan	1	0	37			2	181	3
##	Thailand	0	0	44			48	97	2
##	UK	0	0	2			32	35	0
## ##	United States	0	0	0			0	1	0
##	USA	0	1	70				128	52
## ##	Vietnam	0	0	20				78	2
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7) (8 pts) What is the average, maximum, and minimum rating for ramens from the US? What about for ramens from Singapore? Based on your findings, which country do you expect to land in the Top Ten more often? Check your prediction.

For the United States ratings, the average is 3.457043, the maximum is 5, and the minimum is 0. For Singapore ratings, the mean is 4.126147, the maximum is 5, and the minimum is 2. From this, I expect Singapore to land in the Top Ten more often. Our prediction is correct.

```
mean(ramen$Stars[ramen$Country == "USA" | ramen$Country == "UnitedStates"]) # 3.457043
```

```
## [1] 3.457043
max(ramen$Stars[ramen$Country == "USA" | ramen$Country == "UnitedStates"]) # 5
## [1] 5
min(ramen$Stars[ramen$Country == "USA" | ramen$Country == "UnitedStates"]) # 0
## [1] 0
mean(ramen$Stars[ramen$Country == "Singapore"]) # 4.126147
## [1] 4.126147
max(ramen$Stars[ramen$Country == "Singapore"]) # 5
## [1] 5
min(ramen$Stars[ramen$Country == "Singapore"]) # 2
## [1] 2
# Check my prediction
Top.Ten[ramen$Country == "Singapore"]
##
   [1]
##
   [9]
## [17]
## [25]
##
   [33]
## [41] 2016 #1 2016 #8 2016 #5
## [49]
## [57]
## [65]
## [73]
## [81]
                                           2013 #1 2013 #2 2012 #10
## [89]
               2014 #8
## [97]
## [105]
## 38 Levels: 2012 #1 2012 #10 2012 #2 2012 #3 2012 #4 2012 #5 ... 2016 #9
Top.Ten[ramen$Country == "USA" | ramen$Country == "UnitedStates"]
```

```
##
     [1]
## [10]
## [19]
## [28]
## [37]
## [46]
##
   [55]
## [64]
## [73]
## [82]
## [91]
## [100]
## [109]
## [118]
## [127]
## [136]
## [145]
## [154]
## [163]
                          2013 #4
## [172]
## [181]
## [190]
## [199]
## [208]
## [217]
## [226]
## [235]
## [244]
## [253]
## [262]
## [271]
## [280]
## [289]
## [298]
## [307]
## [316]
## 38 Levels: 2012 #1 2012 #10 2012 #2 2012 #3 2012 #4 2012 #5 ... 2016 #9
```

8) (8 pts) Which country makes the most ramen? Which country makes the best ramen? How did you define "best"? Why? Was the country that makes the best ramen also the country that makes the most ramen?

Japan makes the most ramen.

```
table.country.brand <- table(ramen$Country, ramen$Brand)
rowSums(table.country.brand, na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
```

##	Australia	Bangladesh	Brazil	Cambodia	Canada
##	22	7	5	5	41
##	China	Colombia	Dubai	Estonia	Fiji
##	169	6	3	2	4
##	Finland	Germany	Ghana	Holland	Hong Kong
##	3	27	2	4	137
##	Hungary	India	Indonesia	Japan	Malaysia
##	9	31	126	352	156
##	Mexico	Myanmar	Nepal	Netherlands	Nigeria
##	25	14	14	15	1
##	Pakistan	Philippines	Poland	Sarawak	Singapore
##	9	47	4	3	109
##	South Korea	Sweden	Taiwan	Thailand	UK
##	309	3	224	191	69
##	United States	USA	Vietnam		
##	1	323	108		

We defined "best" as the countries whose brands have appeared in the Top Ten more than once. The countries which make the "best" ramen are Singapore, Malaysia, and Japan.

```
Topten.twice <- ramen$Brand[(substr(ramen$Top.Ten, 7,8)) == "1"]
Topten.twice</pre>
```

```
## [1] Prima Taste MyKuali MyKuali Prima Taste Indomie
## 355 Levels: 1 To 3 Noodles 7 Select 7 Select/Nissin A-One ... Zow Zow
```

```
ramen$Country[which(ramen$Brand == "Prima Taste" | ramen$Brand == "MyKuali")]
```

```
## [1] Malaysia Malaysia Japan Malaysia Japan Singapore Malaysia
## [8] Malaysia Malaysia Malaysia Malaysia Malaysia Singapore Malaysia
## [15] Malaysia Singapore Singapore Singapore Malaysia Malaysia Malaysia
## [22] Malaysia Malaysia Malaysia Malaysia Malaysia Singapore
## [29] Malaysia Singapore Singapore
## 38 Levels: Australia Bangladesh Brazil Cambodia Canada China Colombia ... Vietnam
```

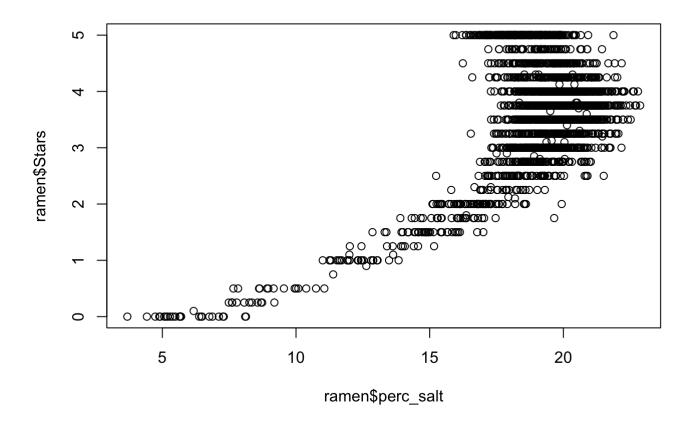
9) (8 pts) How many ramens are considered spicy as part of their variety (hint, don't forget that "spicy" and "Spicy" are both spicy)? Are spicy ramens typically rated higher than non-spicy ramens?

SKIPPED

10) (10 pts) Based on this data set, what effect does saltiness have on ramen ratings?

Based on this data set, the higher salt percentage, the better rating of ramen.

```
plot(ramen$perc_salt, ramen$Stars)
```

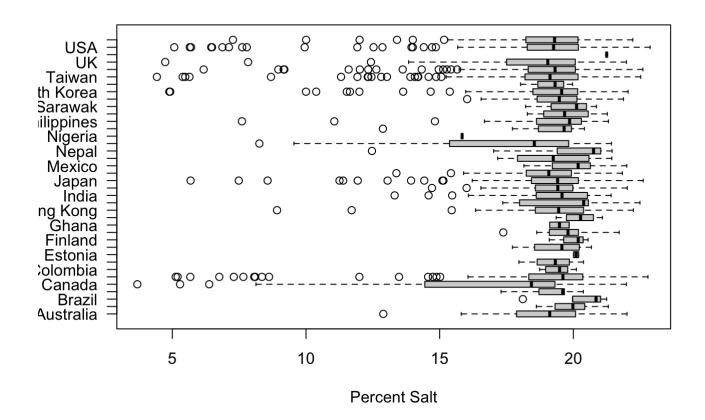


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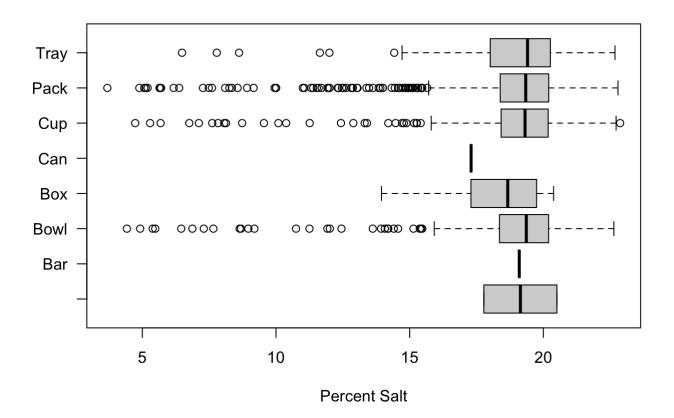
11) (10 pts) Are there certain styles, countries, brands, or flavors of ramen that tend to use more or less salt?

Brazil uses the most salt, while Canada and the Netherlands use the most salt. There is relatively no difference in salt content between styles. However the can style seems to sit at the bottom of the range.

```
boxplot(ramen$perc_salt ~ ramen$Country, horizontal = TRUE, las = 1, ylab = "", xlab =
"Percent Salt")
```



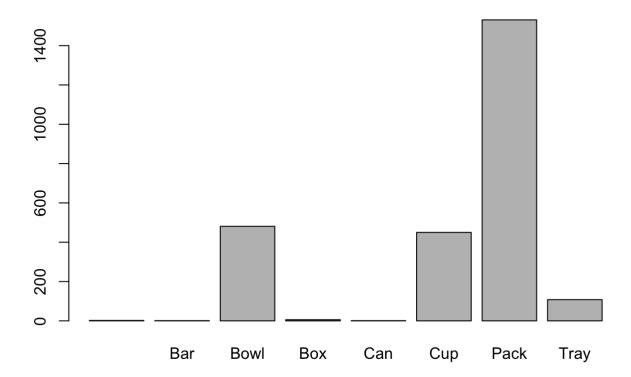
boxplot(ramen\$perc_salt ~ ramen\$Style, horizontal = TRUE, las = 1, ylab = "", xlab = "Pe
rcent Salt")



12) [Open Ended] (10 pts) You have been hired by a new ramen start up, Roamin' Ramen. They want to better understand the ramen market and ask you to break down ramen into 5 collections of "similar" ramens. How do you go about it? Discuss what you find.

The most efficient way to break down the ramen data is to split it into 5 collections of styles. These collections are based in frequencies. Precisely, the 5 styles are (1) Bowl, (2) Cup, (3) Pack, (4) Tray, and (5) Miscellaneous (which includes Bar, Box, and Can).

plot(ramen\$Style)

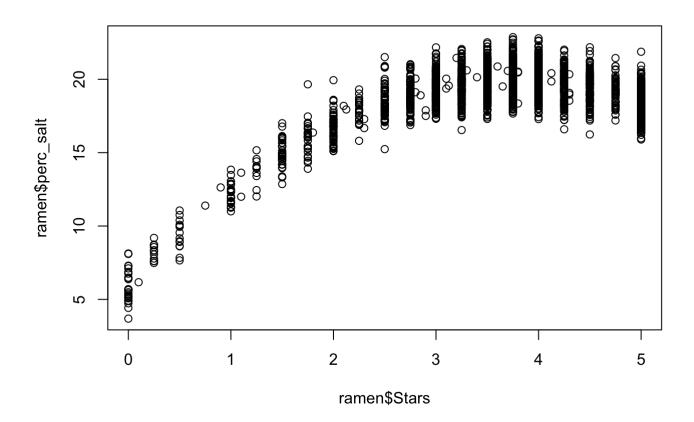


13) [Open Ended] (10 pts) Roamin' Ramen wants to make the next Top Ten Ramen winner. What recommendations do you have for them based on this data set? Be sure to use the columns provided, and generate your own ideas by examining the Variety column. Support your assertions with statistics (like mean, min, max or others you prefer) and at least one plot.

Note: Variety anhalysis is no longer necessary

Our recommendations for Roamin' Ramen is to create a ramen which has a salt content of between 15.90 and 21.87 percent of the total ramen contents. We see by looking at the graph that the vast majority of 5 star ratings are given to ramens whose salt contents sit between this range, with an average of 18.43 percent salt. This evidence, along with the conclusion from question (10), that the higher salt percentage, the better rating of ramen, supports our suggestion.

plot(ramen\$Stars, ramen\$perc_salt)



```
summary(ramen$perc_salt[which(ramen$Stars == 5)])
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 15.90 17.76 18.43 18.43 19.14 21.87
```