

Bloom Academia - Comprehensive Architecture Overview

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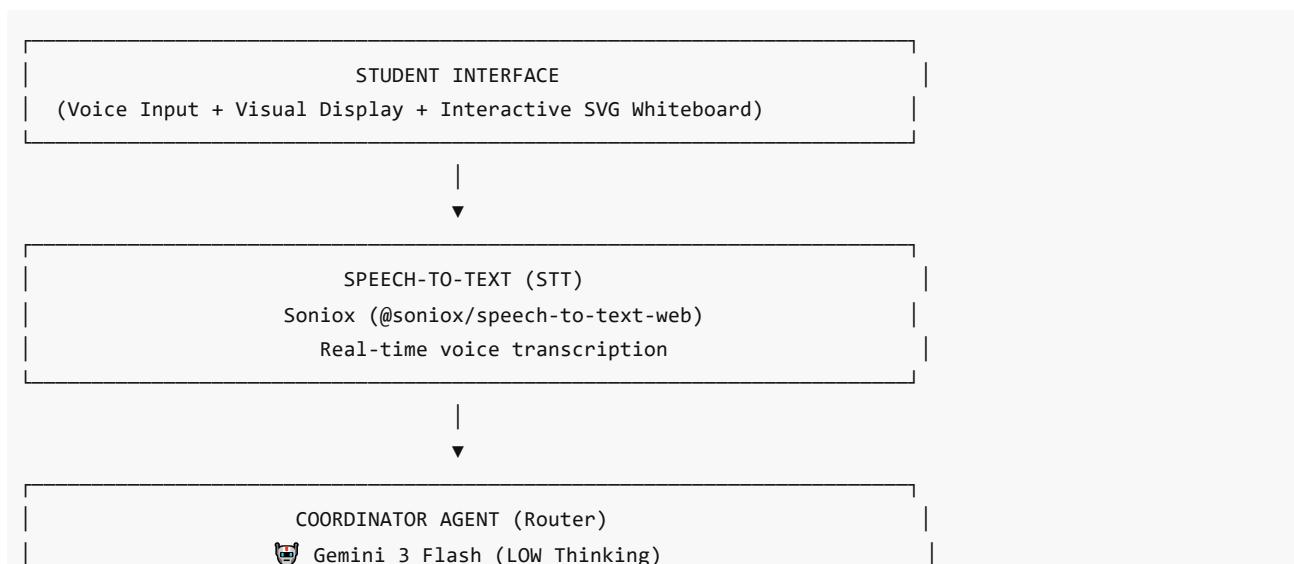
Executive Summary

Bloom Academia is a voice-first, AI-powered personalized learning platform that provides adaptive teaching across multiple subjects. The system uses a multi-agent AI architecture powered by Google's Gemini 3 models, with sophisticated quality assurance, mastery tracking, and real-time profile enrichment.

Key Capabilities

- **9 Specialized AI Agents:** Coordinator, 5 subject specialists, assessor, motivator, validator
- **Dual Gemini Models:** Gemini 3 Flash (8 agents), Gemini 3 Pro (validator only)
- **Voice-Native:** Full voice pipeline (Soniox STT → Gemini → Google TTS)
- **Real-Time Adaptation:** Learning profiles update mid-session when evidence thresholds met
- **Quality Assurance:** Validator agent with regeneration loop prevents hallucinations
- **Mastery Tracking:** Evidence-based, deterministic mastery detection with 100% confidence
- **Progressive Streaming:** 30-40% latency reduction (1,000-1,400ms response time)

High-Level System Architecture



Analyzes Intent → Routes to Specialist

- Emotional distress → Motivator
- Assessment request → Assessor
- Subject-specific → Match specialist (math/science/english/etc.)
- General question → Handle directly

SUBJECT	ASSESSOR	MOTIVATOR
SPECIALISTS (5)		
Gemini 3 Flash	Gemini 3 Flash	Gemini 3 Flash
(MEDIUM)	(MEDIUM)	(LOW)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Math (HIGH) • Science (MED) • English (HIGH) • History (HIGH) • Art (LOW) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Grades MCQs Records Evidence 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emotional Support
With Adaptive Directives + Google Search*		
(*History/Sci)		

★ VALIDATOR AGENT (Quality Gate) ★
 Gemini 3 Pro Preview (HIGH Thinking)

5 Validation Checks:

- ✓ Factual Consistency (definitions, calculations, facts)
- ✓ Curriculum Alignment (grade-appropriate, prerequisites)
- ✓ Internal Consistency (text/SVG alignment, no contradictions)
- ✓ Pedagogical Soundness (logical order, scaffolding)
- ✓ Visual-Text Alignment (SVG matches descriptions)

Confidence Threshold: ≥ 0.80 to approve

Regeneration Loop: Max 2 retries with feedback

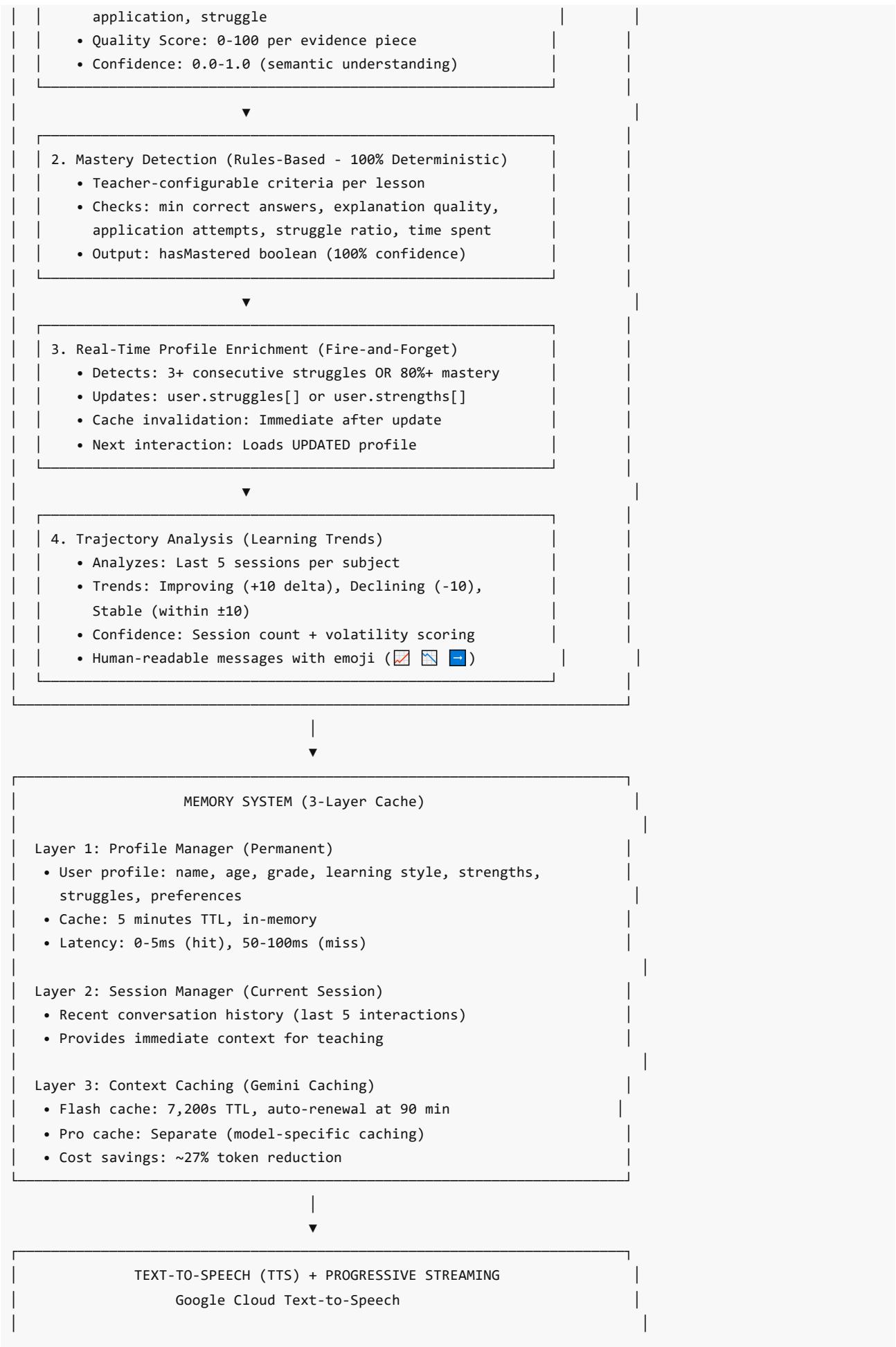
Fail-Safe: 10s timeout → auto-approve (never block student)

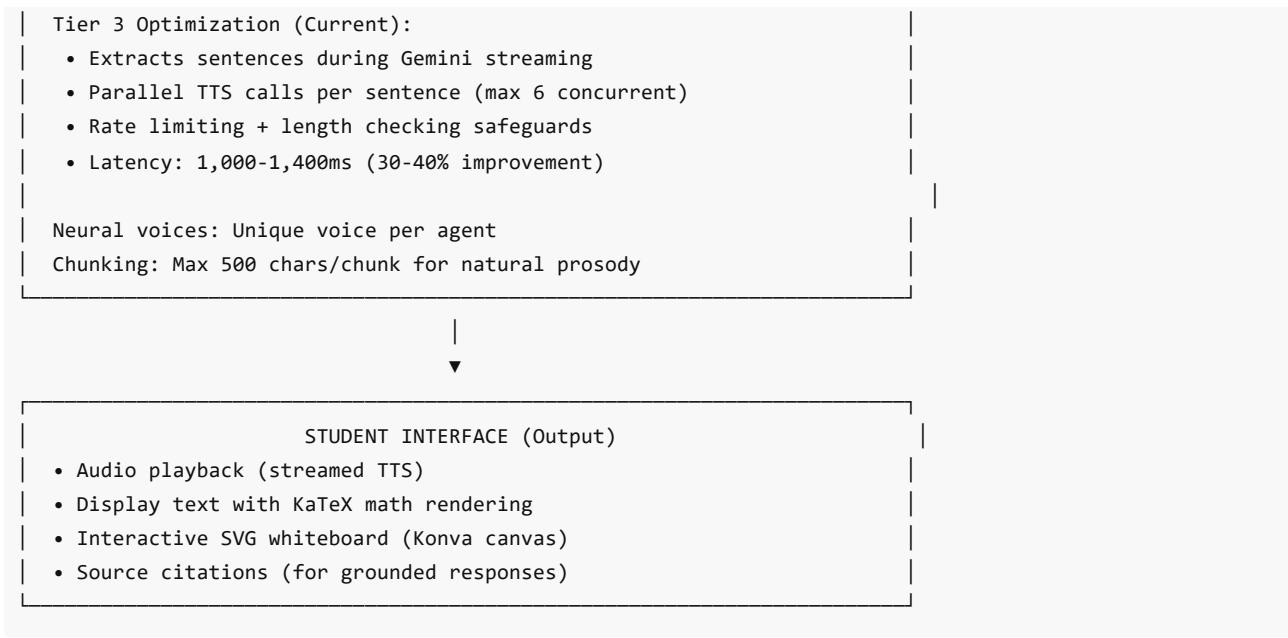
If Rejected After 2 Retries:

- Deliver with disclaimer: "Teacher will review this response"
- Log to validation_failures table for teacher dashboard

★ MASTERY ENGINE (Evidence Tracking) ★

1. Evidence Extraction (Gemini 3 Flash - Semantic Analysis)
 - Detects: correct_answer, incorrect_answer, explanation,



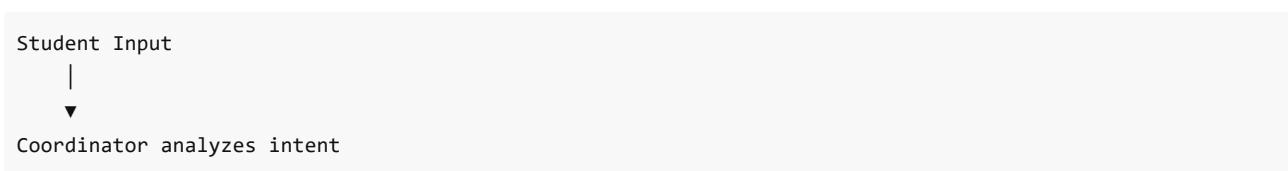


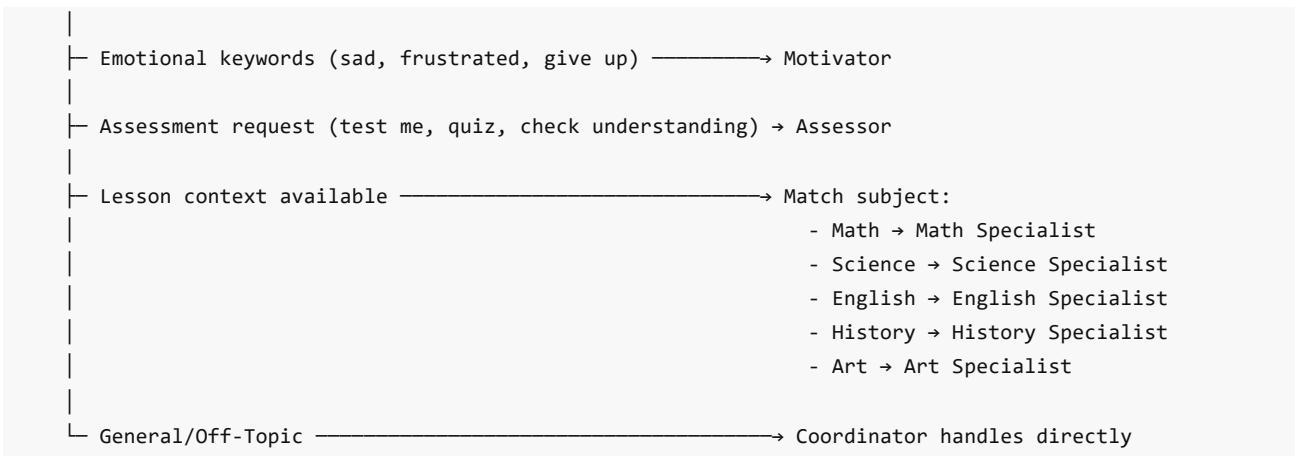
AI Agent Ecosystem

Agent Roster (9 Total)

Agent Name	Model	Thinking Level	Purpose	Subjects
Coordinator	Gemini 3 Flash	LOW	Routes student input to appropriate specialist	All
Math Specialist	Gemini 3 Flash	HIGH	Teaches mathematics with precise logical reasoning	Math
Science Specialist	Gemini 3 Flash	MEDIUM	Teaches science with inquiry-based approach	Science
English Specialist	Gemini 3 Flash	HIGH	Teaches language arts with nuanced analysis	English
History Specialist	Gemini 3 Flash	HIGH	Teaches history with complex context + Google Search	History
Art Specialist	Gemini 3 Flash	LOW	Creative encouragement and artistic exploration	Art
Assessor	Gemini 3 Flash	MEDIUM	Grades MCQ assessments, records mastery evidence	All
Motivator	Gemini 3 Flash	LOW	Emotional support and encouragement	All
Validator	Gemini 3 Pro Preview	HIGH	Quality assurance before student delivery	N/A

Routing Decision Tree





File: [lib/ai/agent-manager.ts](#) (1,789 lines)

Gemini Model Usage

Model Distribution

GEMINI 3 FLASH
(gemini-3-flash-preview)

Used by 8 agents:

- Coordinator (LOW thinking)
- Math Specialist (HIGH thinking)
- Science Specialist (MEDIUM thinking)
- English Specialist (HIGH thinking)
- History Specialist (HIGH thinking)
- Art Specialist (LOW thinking)
- Assessor (MEDIUM thinking)
- Motivator (LOW thinking)

Characteristics:

- ✓ Fast generation (cost-effective)
- ✓ Structured output (JSON schema with Zod)
- ✓ Context caching (7,200s TTL, 27% cost reduction)
- ✓ Google Search grounding (History/Science only)
- ✓ Thinking levels: MINIMAL, LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH
- ✓ Media support: audio, image, video input

GEMINI 3 PRO PREVIEW
(gemini-3-pro-preview)

Used by 1 agent:

- Validator (HIGH thinking)

Characteristics:

- ✓ Superior reasoning (best quality assurance)
- ✓ Structured output (ValidationResult schema)
- ✓ Separate context cache (model-specific)
- ✓ 10-second timeout (fail-safe)

| ✓ Confidence scoring (0.0-1.0 threshold ≥ 0.80) |

Thinking Levels Strategy

Level	Latency Impact	Use Case	Agents
LOW	Fastest (~instant)	Quick decisions, routing, intuitive responses	Coordinator, Art Specialist, Motivator
MEDIUM	Balanced	Inquiry-based reasoning, fair evaluation	Science Specialist, Assessor
HIGH	+2-3 seconds	Deep reasoning, complex analysis, validation	Math, English, History specialists, Validator

Reference: [Gemini Thinking Documentation](#)

Advanced Features

1. Structured Output (JSON Schema)

- All agents return validated JSON with Zod schemas
- Response structure: { audioText, displayText, svg, lessonComplete }
- Prevents parsing errors, ensures type safety

2. Context Caching

- **Flash cache:** 7,200s TTL, auto-renewal at 90 minutes
- **Pro cache:** Separate from Flash (model-specific rule)
- **Cost savings:** Cached tokens = 10% of normal input tokens (~27% reduction)
- **Cache manager:** [lib/ai/cache-manager.ts](#)

3. Google Search Grounding

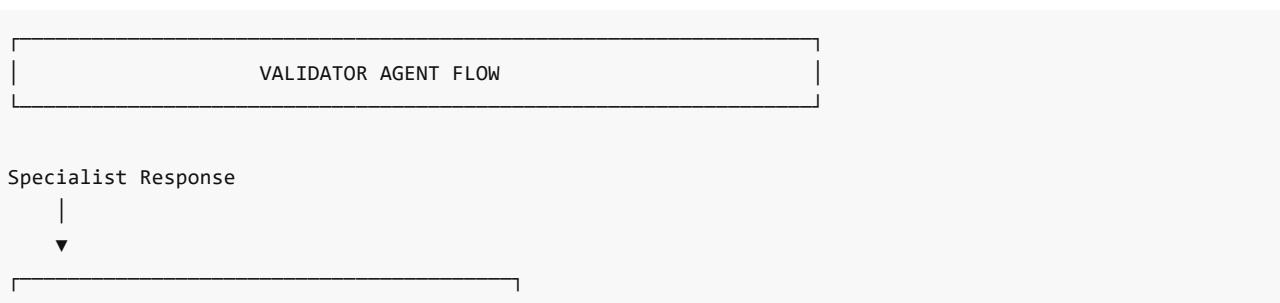
- **Enabled for:** History and Science specialists only
- **How it works:** Gemini searches web during generation, includes citations
- **Cost:** \$14 per 1,000 queries
- **Latency:** Adds ~1-3 seconds when triggered
- **Output:** Response includes source URLs and titles
- **Reference:** [Gemini Grounding Documentation](#)

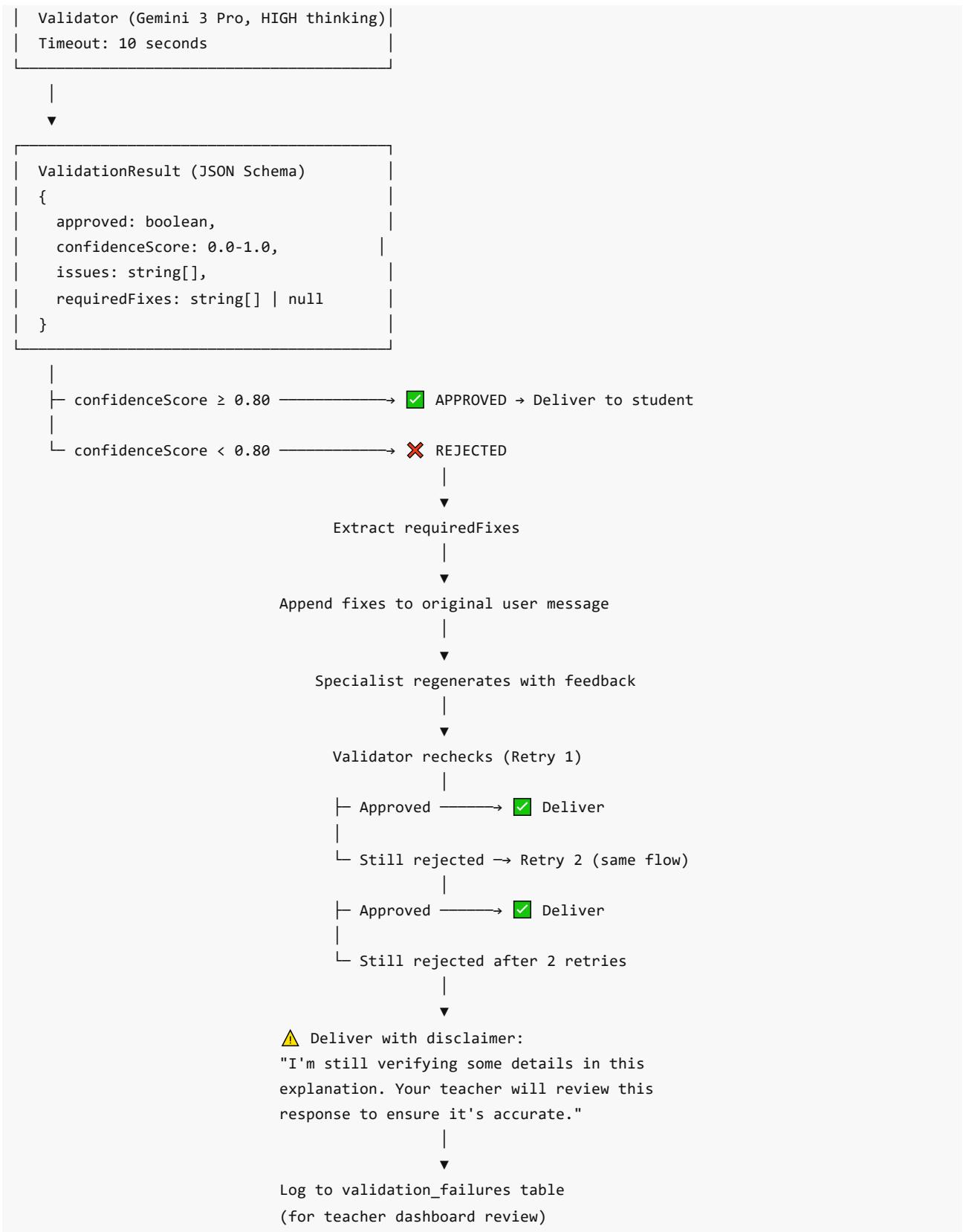
4. Media Support

- **Audio input:** Base64-encoded, MIME type validation
- **Image input:** JPEG, PNG, WebP with MEDIA_RESOLUTION_HIGH
- **Video input:** MP4, WebM support
- **Use case:** Visual problem solving, art critique, science experiments

Validator Agent (Quality Assurance)

Architecture





5 Validation Checks

Check	Description	Examples
Factual Consistency	Definitions match curriculum, calculations correct, no invented facts	"Photosynthesis produces oxygen" ✓ "Photosynthesis produces nitrogen" ✗

Curriculum Alignment	Grade-appropriate, prerequisites met, terminology matches level	Grade 3: "multiplication is repeated addition" ✓ Grade 3: "multiplicative identity property" X
Internal Consistency	Text and SVG align, no contradictions within response	Text: "triangle has 3 sides" SVG: Shows triangle ✓ SVG: Shows square X
Pedagogical Soundness	Logical explanation order, examples before abstraction, proper scaffolding	1. Show example 2. Extract pattern 3. State rule ✓
Visual-Text Alignment	SVG diagrams accurately represent text descriptions	Text: "red circle" SVG: <circle fill="red"> ✓ SVG: <rect fill="blue"> X

Fail-Safe Mechanisms

VALIDATOR FAIL-SAFE STRATEGY

Design Philosophy: Never block students, always deliver

Scenario 1: Validation Timeout (10 seconds)

- Auto-approve (prevents indefinite blocking)
- Log timeout event

Scenario 2: Validation API Error

- Auto-approve (graceful degradation)
- Log error for debugging

Scenario 3: Invalid Validation JSON

- Auto-approve (fail-safe parsing)
- Log parsing error

Scenario 4: Rejected After 2 Retries

- Deliver with disclaimer (student still learns)
- Log to validation_failures table
- Teacher dashboard shows for review

Result: 100% student delivery rate, 0% blocking errors

Database Integration

Table: validation_failures

```
CREATE TABLE validation_failures (
    id UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    session_id UUID REFERENCES sessions(id),
    agent_id UUID REFERENCES ai_agents(id),
    original_response JSONB NOT NULL,
    validation_result JSONB NOT NULL,
    retry_count INTEGER DEFAULT 0,
    final_action TEXT, -- 'approved_after_retry' or 'delivered_with_disclaimer'
```

```
    created_at TIMESTAMPTZ DEFAULT NOW()
);
```

Purpose: Teacher dashboard can review failed validations and improve agent prompts

File: [lib/db/migration_004_validation_failures.sql](#)

Performance Impact

- **Validation latency:** ~2-3 seconds per response (Gemini 3 Pro with HIGH thinking)
- **Regeneration latency:** ~3-5 seconds per retry
- **Worst case:** ~13 seconds total (initial + 2 retries with validation)
- **Mitigation:** Only validates subject specialists (skips coordinator, motivator, assessor)

Implementation: [lib/ai/agent-manager.ts](#) - validateResponse() method

Mastery Engine

4-Stage Pipeline



```

Default Criteria:
• Minimum correct answers: 3
• Explanation quality threshold: 70/100
• Application attempts: 1+
• Overall quality average: ≥ 65/100
• Struggle ratio: < 40%
• Time spent: ≥ 5 minutes

Output:
{
  hasMastered: boolean,
  confidence: 1.0 (always 100% - deterministic)
}

Advantage: No AI opinions, 100% reproducible

```



Stage 3: Real-Time Profile Enrichment (Fire-and-Forget)

```

Triggered After: Every AI response
Analyzes: Recent evidence (window: last 5 interactions)

Detection Thresholds:
• Struggle: 3+ consecutive low scores (< 50)
• Strength: 80%+ evidence with high quality (≥ 80)

Action:
• Struggle detected → Add to user.struggles[]
• Strength detected → Add to user.strengths[]
• Deduplicate arrays (PostgreSQL array operations)
• Invalidate profile cache immediately

Result: Next interaction loads UPDATED profile
(same session adaptation)

```



Stage 4: Trajectory Analysis (Learning Trends)

```

Analysis Window: Last 5 sessions per subject

Trend Calculation:
• Improving: Delta > +10 (↗)
• Declining: Delta < -10 (↘)
• Stable: Within ±10 (➡)

Confidence Scoring:
• Based on: Session count + volatility
• 5 sessions, low volatility → High confidence
• 2 sessions, high volatility → Low confidence

Output:
"You're showing steady improvement in Math! ↗"
Average score increased from 65 to 82 over your
last 5 sessions. Keep up the great work!"

```

```
| Storage: trajectory_snapshots table |
```

Evidence Types

Type	Trigger	Quality Score Calculation	Example
correct_answer	Student answers correctly	80-100 (based on explanation depth)	"What is 2+2?" → "4"
incorrect_answer	Student answers incorrectly	20-40 (partial credit for reasoning)	"What is 2+2?" → "5"
explanation	Student explains concept	0-100 (semantic depth + accuracy)	"Addition means combining numbers"
application	Student applies knowledge	70-100 (creativity + correctness)	"I used fractions to split the pizza"
struggle	Student expresses confusion	10-30 (low score triggers intervention)	"I don't understand this at all"

Mastery Calculation Methods

Method 1: Evidence-Based (Default for most lessons)

```
// lib/kernel/mastery-detector.ts
const masteryResult = await detectMastery(userId, lessonId)
// Returns: { hasMastered: boolean, confidence: 1.0 }
```

Method 2: Quality Score Average (For skills-based assessment)

```
// lib/ai/mastery-tracker.ts
const masteryLevel = await getCurrentMasteryLevel(userId, lessonId)
// Returns: 0-100 (average of all quality scores)
```

Method 3: Progress Table (For linear curriculum paths)

```
// Direct database lookup
const progress = await supabase
  .from('progress')
  .select('mastery_level')
  .eq('user_id', userId)
  .eq('lesson_id', lessonId)
  .single()
// Returns: 0-100 from progress.mastery_level
```

Profile Enrichment Example

```
Initial Profile:
{
  struggles: ["fraction-division"],
  strengths: ["whole-number-addition"]
}
```

```
Evidence Detected (Consecutive):
- "I don't understand how to add fractions" (score: 25)
- "This is too hard" (score: 20)
- "Why do we need common denominators?" (score: 30)
```

Profile Enricher Triggers (3+ struggles detected):

```
→ Add "fraction-addition" to struggles[]
```

Updated Profile (Mid-Session):

```
{
  struggles: ["fraction-division", "fraction-addition"],
  strengths: ["whole-number-addition"]
}
```

Next AI Response:

```
→ Coordinator loads UPDATED profile
→ Adaptive directives add extra scaffolding for fractions
→ Visual learner → SVG fraction diagrams emphasized
```

Implementation Files:

- [lib/kernel/evidence-extractor.ts](#) - AI semantic analysis
- [lib/kernel/mastery-detector.ts](#) - Rules-based detection
- [lib/memory/profile-enricher.ts](#) - Real-time profile updates
- [lib/memory/trajectory-analyzer.ts](#) - Trend analysis

Memory System (3-Layer Architecture)

Layer 1: Profile Manager (Permanent Memory)

PROFILE MANAGER (Layer 1)
Permanent Memory

Storage: Supabase users table

Cache: In-memory Map with 5-minute TTL

Latency: 0-5ms (cache hit), 50-100ms (cache miss)

Profile Structure:

```
{
  id: UUID,
  name: string,
  age: number,
  grade_level: number,
  learning_style: "visual" | "auditory" | "kinesthetic" |
    "reading_writing" | "logical" | "social" | "solitary",
  strengths: string[], // Topics with 80%+ mastery
  struggles: string[], // Topics with 3+ consecutive low scores
  preferences: {
    voice_enabled: boolean,
    tts_speed: number,
    theme: "light" | "dark"
  }
}
```

Key Functions:

- `getUserProfile(userId): Promise<UserProfile>`
- `invalidateProfileCache(userId): void`
- `updateProfile(userId, updates): Promise<void>`

Cache Strategy:

- Warm cache on session start (non-blocking)
- Invalidate immediately after enrichment
- Auto-expire after 5 minutes (prevents stale data)

File: [lib/memory/profile-manager.ts](#)

Layer 2: Session Manager (Short-Term Memory)

SESSION MANAGER (Layer 2)
Current Session Only

Storage: Supabase agent_interactions table
Retention: Last 5 interactions (sliding window)
Latency: 50-100ms (no cache, always fresh)

Interaction Structure:

```
{
  id: UUID,
  session_id: UUID,
  agent_id: UUID,
  user_message: string,
  agent_response: { audioText, displayText, svg },
  routing_reason: string,
  response_time_ms: number,
  timestamp: timestamptz
}
```

Key Functions:

- `getSessionHistory(sessionId, limit = 5): Promise<Interaction[]>`
- `recordInteraction(sessionId, agentId, data): Promise<void>`

Purpose:

- Provides immediate context for current teaching
- Prevents AI from repeating itself
- Enables coherent multi-turn conversations

File: [lib/memory/session-manager.ts](#) (implied, not in scan but referenced)

Layer 3: Context Caching (Gemini Caching)

CONTEXT CACHING (Layer 3)
Gemini API Caching

Flash Cache (Gemini 3 Flash):
 - TTL: 7,200 seconds (2 hours)

- Auto-renewal: Every 90 minutes (warm cache)
- Cost: Cached tokens = 10% of normal input tokens
- Savings: ~27% token cost reduction

Pro Cache (Gemini 3 Pro):

- TTL: 7,200 seconds (2 hours)
- Separate from Flash (model-specific caching rule)
- Used by: Validator agent only

Cache Contents:

- Agent system prompt (largest component)
- User profile (Layer 1 data)
- Lesson curriculum (static per lesson)
- Recent session history (Layer 2 data)

Cache Strategy:

- Create on first request per session
- Renewal at 90-minute mark (before expiry)
- TTL extender runs in background (non-blocking)

Cost Calculation:

Without caching: 10,000 input tokens × \$0.075/1M = \$0.75/1K requests

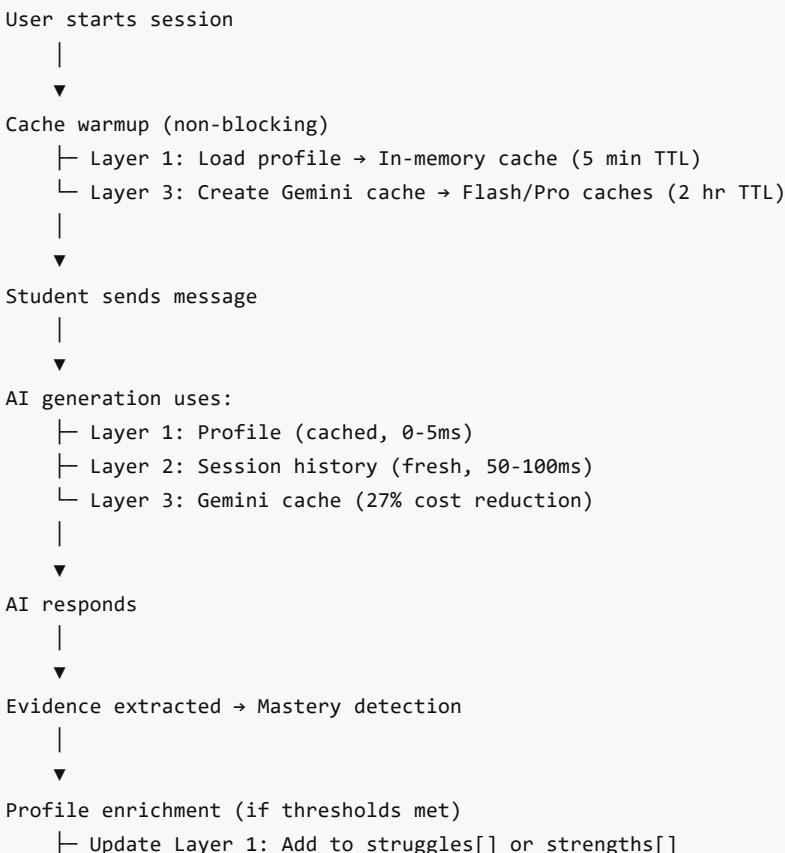
With caching: 9,000 cached (10%) + 1,000 normal = \$0.55/1K requests

Savings: 27% reduction

File: [lib/ai/cache-manager.ts](#)

Reference: [Gemini Context Caching](#).

Memory Flow Diagram



```

    └─ Invalidate Layer 1 cache (immediate)
    |
    ▼
  Next message
  ├─ Layer 1: Cache miss → Load UPDATED profile
  └─ Adaptive directives reflect new struggles/strengths

```

Adaptive Teaching System

Adaptive Directives Generation

ADAPTIVE DIRECTIVES ARCHITECTURE

Input:

- Student profile (Layer 1 memory)
- Current mastery level (0-100)
- Learning style preference

Processing:

1. Difficulty Adjustment (based on mastery)
2. Learning Style Adaptation
3. Scaffolding Level Selection
4. SVG Generation Triggers

Output: Explicit teaching modifications

Mastery-Based Difficulty Levels

Mastery Range	Difficulty	Scaffolding	Example Adaptations
0-30 (Struggling)	Highly Simplified	Maximum	Break into micro-steps, Use analogies, Generate SVG for EVERY concept, Avoid technical jargon
30-50 (Developing)	Simplified	High	Step-by-step guidance, Frequent examples, SVG for complex concepts, Simple terminology
50-70 (Proficient)	Standard	Standard	Balanced explanation, Moderate examples, SVG for key visuals, Grade-level vocabulary
70-85 (Advanced)	Challenging	Minimal	Ask guiding questions, Encourage independent reasoning, SVG for enrichment, Introduce extensions
85-100 (Mastered)	Accelerated	Minimal	Deep reasoning problems, Explore edge cases, SVG for advanced visualizations, Connect to higher concepts

Learning Style Adaptations

```

// lib/ai/adaptive-directives.ts

const learningStyleDirectives = {
  visual: [
    "Generate an SVG diagram for EVERY concept explained",
    "Use spatial descriptions (left/right, above/below)",
  ]
}

```

```

    "Describe colors and visual patterns explicitly",
    "Use visual metaphors and imagery"
],


auditory: [
    "Use rhythmic and repetitive language for key concepts",
    "Include verbal cues like 'Listen to this...'", 
    "Describe sounds and patterns in explanations",
    "Use alliteration and rhyme when appropriate"
],


kinesthetic: [
    "Include physical actions and movement metaphors",
    "Use tactile descriptions (rough, smooth, heavy)",
    "Suggest hands-on activities and manipulatives",
    "Describe how things feel and move"
],


reading_writing: [
    "Provide detailed written explanations with lists",
    "Use bullet points and structured text",
    "Encourage note-taking with specific prompts",
    "Include written summaries and key takeaways"
],


logical: [
    "Use numbered steps and systematic approaches",
    "Include formulas and logical progressions",
    "Present if-then reasoning chains",
    "Show patterns and mathematical relationships"
],


social: [
    "Use group scenarios and collaborative examples",
    "Include dialogue and conversational tones",
    "Reference teamwork and shared learning",
    "Use 'we' language (we're learning together)"
],


solitary: [
    "Encourage personal reflection and discovery",
    "Use independent problem-solving prompts",
    "Frame as individual journey and growth",
    "Allow time for self-paced thinking"
]
}

```

Adaptive Directives Example

Student Profile:

- Name: Emma
- Age: 9
- Grade: 3
- Learning Style: Visual
- Strengths: ["whole-number-addition", "skip-counting"]

```
- Struggles: ["fraction-addition", "word-problems"]
```

Current Lesson: Introduction to Fractions

Current Mastery: 35/100 (struggling)

Generated Adaptive Directives:

1. DIFFICULTY ADJUSTMENT:

- Use highly simplified language (avoid "denominator", say "bottom number")
- Break fraction concepts into micro-steps
- Start with concrete examples (pizza slices, chocolate bars)

2. LEARNING STYLE (Visual):

- Generate SVG for EVERY fraction explained (show circles divided into parts)
- Use color coding (numerator = red, denominator = blue)
- Show visual patterns (1/2, 2/4, 3/6 stacked vertically)

3. SCAFFOLDING (Maximum):

- Begin with whole objects, then divide them
- Use Emma's strengths: "You're great at addition! Fractions are like splitting numbers."
- Provide step-by-step walkthrough with visuals

4. STRUGGLE MITIGATION:

- Since Emma struggles with fraction-addition, DO NOT rush to adding fractions
- Focus on understanding "what is a fraction" first
- Use non-word-problem format (Emma also struggles with word problems)

5. SVG GENERATION:

- Mandatory for this lesson (mastery < 50)
- Show fraction circles, fraction bars, visual number lines

Result: Specialist receives these directives prepended to system prompt

Adaptation Logging

```
-- Table: adaptation_logs
CREATE TABLE adaptation_logs (
    id UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    user_id UUID REFERENCES users(id),
    lesson_id UUID REFERENCES lessons(id),
    session_id UUID REFERENCES sessions(id),
    mastery_level INTEGER, -- 0-100
    learning_style TEXT,
    difficulty_level TEXT, -- 'simplified', 'standard', 'challenging'
    scaffolding_level TEXT, -- 'minimal', 'standard', 'high', 'maximum'
    has_svg BOOLEAN, -- Was SVG generated?
    directive_count INTEGER, -- Number of directives applied
    created_at TIMESTAMPTZ DEFAULT NOW()
);
```

Purpose: Analytics verification to prove AI adapts teaching to individual students

File: [lib/ai/adaptation-logger.ts](#)

Database Schema

Core Tables Overview

```

users (Student Profiles)
├── sessions (Learning Sessions)
│   ├── agent_interactions (Conversation History)
│   └── validation_failures (Quality Issues)
│
├── progress (Lesson Completion & Mastery)
│   └── mastery_evidence (Learning Evidence)
│
├── assessment_attempts (Quiz Results)
│
├── adaptation_logs (Teaching Adaptations)
│
└── trajectory_snapshots (Learning Trends)

lessons (Curriculum)
├── assessments (Quizzes/Tests)
└── lesson_content (Media & Resources)

ai_agents (Agent Definitions)
└── agent_interactions (Response History)

```

Key Table Schemas

users

```

CREATE TABLE users (
    id UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    name TEXT NOT NULL,
    age INTEGER,
    grade_level INTEGER,
    learning_style TEXT, -- visual, auditory, kinesthetic, etc.
    strengths TEXT[] DEFAULT '{}', -- Array of mastered topics
    struggles TEXT[] DEFAULT '{}', -- Array of struggling topics
    preferences JSONB DEFAULT '{}',
    created_at TIMESTAMPTZ DEFAULT NOW()
);

```

sessions

```

CREATE TABLE sessions (
    id UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    user_id UUID REFERENCES users(id),
    lesson_id UUID REFERENCES lessons(id),
    started_at TIMESTAMPTZ DEFAULT NOW(),
    ended_at TIMESTAMPTZ,
    effectiveness_score INTEGER, -- 0-100, calculated at end
    CONSTRAINT valid_effectiveness CHECK (effectiveness_score BETWEEN 0 AND 100)
);

```

mastery_evidence

```

CREATE TABLE mastery_evidence (
    id UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    user_id UUID REFERENCES users(id),
    lesson_id UUID REFERENCES lessons(id),
    session_id UUID REFERENCES sessions(id),
    evidence_type TEXT NOT NULL, -- correct_answer, incorrect_answer, explanation, application, struggle
    topic TEXT NOT NULL, -- e.g., "fraction-addition"
    mastery_score INTEGER, -- 0-100 quality score
    metadata JSONB, -- { reasoning, confidence, etc. }
    created_at TIMESTAMPTZ DEFAULT NOW()
);

CREATE INDEX idx_mastery_evidence_user_lesson ON mastery_evidence(user_id, lesson_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_mastery_evidence_session ON mastery_evidence(session_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_mastery_evidence_type ON mastery_evidence(evidence_type);

```

trajectory_snapshots

```

CREATE TABLE trajectory_snapshots (
    id UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    user_id UUID REFERENCES users(id),
    subject TEXT NOT NULL, -- Math, Science, etc.
    trend TEXT NOT NULL, -- improving, declining, stable
    recent_average NUMERIC, -- Average effectiveness score
    volatility NUMERIC, -- Standard deviation
    confidence_score NUMERIC, -- 0.0-1.0
    created_at TIMESTAMPTZ DEFAULT NOW()
);

CREATE INDEX idx_trajectory_user_subject ON trajectory_snapshots(user_id, subject);
CREATE INDEX idx_trajectory_trend ON trajectory_snapshots(trend);
CREATE INDEX idx_trajectory_created ON trajectory_snapshots(created_at DESC);

```

ai_agents

```

CREATE TABLE ai_agents (
    id UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    name TEXT UNIQUE NOT NULL,
    role TEXT NOT NULL, -- coordinator, specialist, assessor, motivator, validator
    model TEXT NOT NULL, -- gemini-3-flash-preview, gemini-3-pro-preview
    system_prompt TEXT NOT NULL,
    subjects TEXT[] DEFAULT '{}', -- Subjects this agent handles
    capabilities JSONB, -- Special features (google_search, svg_generation)
    performance_metrics JSONB, -- Average response time, success rate
    status TEXT DEFAULT 'active', -- active, disabled
    created_at TIMESTAMPTZ DEFAULT NOW()
);

```

Indexes for Performance

```
-- Session lookups
CREATE INDEX idx_sessions_user ON sessions(user_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_sessions_lesson ON sessions(lesson_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_sessions_started ON sessions(started_at DESC);

-- Agent interactions (conversation history)
CREATE INDEX idx_interactions_session ON agent_interactions(session_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_interactions_agent ON agent_interactions(agent_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_interactions_timestamp ON agent_interactions(timestamp DESC);

-- Progress tracking
CREATE INDEX idx_progress_user ON progress(user_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_progress_lesson ON progress(lesson_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_progress_status ON progress(status);

-- Adaptation logs (analytics)
CREATE INDEX idx_adaptation_user ON adaptation_logs(user_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_adaptation_lesson ON adaptation_logs(lesson_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_adaptation_created ON adaptation_logs(created_at DESC);
```

Migration Files: [lib/db/](#) directory contains 7 migration files

API Routes

Teaching Endpoints

POST /api/teach/multi-ai-stream

Primary teaching endpoint with progressive streaming

```
// Request
{
  userId: string,
  sessionId: string,
  lessonId: string,
  userMessage?: string, // Text input
  audioBase64?: string, // Voice input (alternative to userMessage)
  mediaBase64?: string // Image/video for visual learning
}

// Response (streaming)
{
  audioText: string,      // TTS-optimized text
  displayText: string,    // UI-rendered text (with math)
  svg?: string,          // Interactive whiteboard SVG
  lessonComplete: boolean,
  sources?: GroundingSource[] // If Google Search used
}
```

Features:

- Smart routing (Coordinator → Specialist)
- Validation + regeneration loop (max 2 retries)
- Adaptive directives (Criterion 2)
- Evidence extraction + mastery detection

- Real-time profile enrichment (Criterion 4)
- Progressive TTS streaming (Tier 3 optimization)

Latency: 1,000-1,400ms (30-40% improvement vs standard streaming)

File: [app/api/teach/multi-ai-stream/route.ts](#) (1,200+ lines)

Session Management

POST /api/sessions/start

```
// Request
{
  userId: string,
  lessonId: string
}

// Response
{
  sessionId: string,
  startedAt: string
}
```

Side Effects:

- Creates session record in database
- Triggers cache warmup (non-blocking)
 - Layer 1: Profile cache
 - Layer 3: Gemini context cache

File: [app/api/sessions/start/route.ts](#)

POST /api/sessions/end

```
// Request
{
  sessionId: string
}

// Response
{
  effectivenessScore: number, // 0-100
  masteryAchieved: boolean
}
```

Calculation:

- Aggregates mastery evidence from session
- Calculates effectiveness score (average quality scores)
- Updates session.ended_at and effectiveness_score

File: [app/api/sessions/end/route.ts](#) (implied)

Assessment Endpoints

GET /api/assessment/questions

```
// Request (query params)
{
  lessonId: string
}

// Response
{
  assessmentId: string,
  title: string,
  questions: Array<{
    id: string,
    question: string,
    options: string[],
    // SECURITY: correctAnswer NOT included
  }>,
  passingScore: number,
  maxAttempts: number
}
```

Security: Correct answers never sent to client (prevents cheating)

File: [app/api/assessment/questions/route.ts](#)

POST /api/assessment/grade

```
// Request
{
  userId: string,
  assessmentId: string,
  answers: Record<string, string> // questionId → answer
}

// Response
{
  score: number,           // 0-100
  passed: boolean,
  feedback: string,       // Encouraging message
  correctAnswers: number,
  totalQuestions: number
}
```

Processing:

1. Fetch assessment with correct answers (server-side)
2. Grade each answer (case-insensitive string matching)
3. Calculate score
4. Record mastery evidence for each answer
5. Update progress table if passed
6. Generate varied positive feedback

File: [app/api/assessment/grade/route.ts](#)

Speech-to-Text

POST /api/stt/temp-key

```
// Response
{
  apiKey: string,
  expiresAt: string // ISO timestamp
}
```

Purpose: Provides temporary Sonox API credentials for client-side STT

Security: Keys expire after 1 hour

File: [app/api/stt/temp-key/route.ts](#)

Streaming & Performance Optimization

Three Tiers of Streaming

STREAMING TIER COMPARISON

Tier 1: Standard Streaming (Baseline)

Gemini streams → Buffer complete response → Single TTS
Latency: 1,400-2,000ms
Use case: Fallback when TTS fails

Tier 2: Progressive Streaming (Current Default)

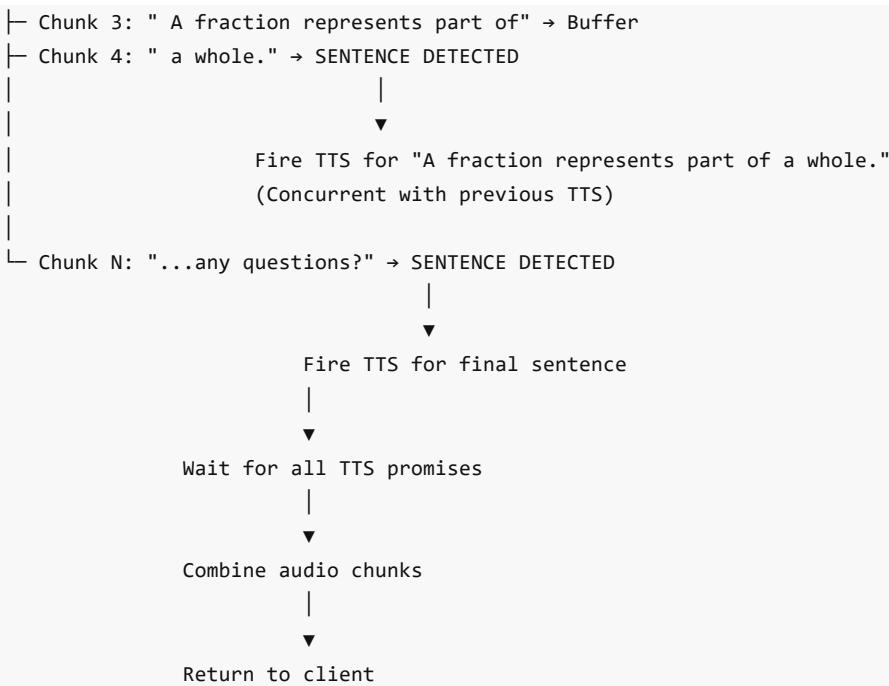
Gemini streams → Extract 1st sentence → Start TTS → Continue streaming rest
Latency: 1,000-1,400ms (30-40% improvement)
Use case: When first audio needed quickly

Tier 3: True Progressive Streaming (Experimental)

Gemini streams → Extract ALL sentences → Parallel TTS
Rate limiting: Max 6 concurrent TTS requests
Safeguards: Length checking, failure thresholds
Latency: Similar to Tier 2 but smoother playback
Use case: When full response needed before delivery

Progressive Streaming Flow

```
Gemini Streaming
|
|--- Chunk 1: "Hello! Today we're learning about" → Buffer
|--- Chunk 2: " fractions." → SENTENCE DETECTED
|
|--- ↓
|
|--- Fire TTS for "Hello! Today we're learning about fractions."
|     (Non-blocking, 200-400ms)
|
```



Total latency: 1,000-1,400ms (vs 1,400-2,000ms for Tier 1)
Improvement: 30-40% faster perceived responsiveness

TTS Implementation Details

```

// lib/tts/google-tts.ts

// Progressive Tier 2 (Extract first sentence)
async function generateSpeechProgressively(text: string) {
  const sentences = splitIntoSentences(text)

  // Start TTS for first sentence immediately
  const firstAudioPromise = textToSpeech(sentences[0])

  // Stream remaining text while TTS processes
  const remainingAudio = await textToSpeech(sentences.slice(1).join(' '))

  // Combine
  const firstAudio = await firstAudioPromise
  return combineAudioChunks([firstAudio, remainingAudio])
}

// Progressive Tier 3 (All sentences parallel)
async function generateSpeechTrueProgressive(text: string) {
  const sentences = splitIntoSentences(text)

  // Rate limiting: Max 6 concurrent
  const semaphore = new Semaphore(6)

  const audioPromises = sentences.map(sentence =>
    semaphore.acquire().then(() =>
      textToSpeech(sentence).finally(() => semaphore.release())
    )
  )
}
  
```

```

const audioChunks = await Promise.all(audioPromises)
return combineAudioChunks(audioChunks)
}

// Sentence splitting (period, question mark, exclamation)
function splitIntoSentences(text: string): string[] {
  return text
    .split(/(?:[.?!])\s+/)
    .filter(s => s.trim().length > 0)
}

// Chunking for natural prosody (max 500 chars)
function chunkText(text: string, maxLength = 500): string[] {
  // Split at sentence boundaries, respect maxLength
  // Prevents awkward pauses mid-sentence
}

```

Voice Configuration:

```

const agentVoices = {
  math_specialist: 'en-US-Neural2-J',
  science_specialist: 'en-US-Neural2-A',
  english_specialist: 'en-US-Neural2-F',
  history_specialist: 'en-US-Neural2-D',
  art_specialist: 'en-US-Neural2-G',
  assessor: 'en-US-Neural2-C',
  motivator: 'en-US-Neural2-E'
}

```

Error Handling:

- TTS failure → Graceful fallback to non-streaming
- Partial audio failure → Deliver successful chunks
- Timeout (10s) → Return text-only response

Technology Stack**Frontend**

Category	Technology	Version	Purpose
Framework	Next.js	15 (App Router)	React meta-framework, serverless API routes
Language	TypeScript	5.7.2	Type safety and developer experience
Styling	Tailwind CSS	4.x	Utility-first CSS framework
UI Components	Radix UI	Latest	Accessible primitives (dialog, select, etc.)
Math Rendering	KaTeX	Latest	Fast LaTeX math rendering
Canvas Drawing	Konva + React-Konva	Latest	Interactive SVG whiteboard
Animation	Framer Motion	Latest	Smooth UI transitions
Markdown	React-Markdown	Latest	Rich text rendering with rehype-katex

State Management	Zustand	5.0.10	Lightweight client-side state
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Backend

Category	Technology	Version	Purpose
Runtime	Node.js	Latest	Next.js API routes (serverless on Vercel)
Database	Supabase	PostgreSQL 15+	Managed PostgreSQL with real-time subscriptions
DB Client	@supabase/supabase-js	2.90.1	Official Supabase JavaScript client
Validation	Zod	4.3.5	Runtime type validation and parsing
Testing	Vitest	4.0.18	Fast unit testing framework

AI Services

Service	Package	Version	Purpose
LLM	@google/genai	1.35.0	Gemini 3 Flash/Pro (multi-agent teaching)
TTS	@google-cloud/text-to-speech	6.4.0	Google Cloud Text-to-Speech (neural voices)
STT	@soniox/speech-to-text-web	1.3.0	Soniox real-time speech recognition

Deployment

Service	Purpose
Hosting	Vercel (serverless Next.js deployment)
Database	Supabase (managed PostgreSQL)
Storage	Supabase Storage (media files)
Monitoring	Vercel Analytics + Logs

Development Tools

```
# Package Manager
npm (Node.js 18+)

# Type Checking
tsc --noEmit (TypeScript compiler)

# Testing
npm test (Vitest)

# Linting
eslint + prettier (code quality)
```

Performance Metrics

Latency Benchmarks

Operation	Latency	Notes
Profile cache hit	0-5ms	In-memory Map lookup
Profile cache miss	50-100ms	Supabase query + cache store
Session history fetch	50-100ms	Supabase query (no cache)
Gemini 3 Flash response	800-1,200ms	Standard generation without streaming
Gemini 3 Pro validation	2-3 seconds	HIGH thinking level
TTS generation	200-400ms per sentence	Google Cloud TTS
Progressive streaming (Tier 2)	1,000-1,400ms	30-40% improvement vs Tier 1
Standard streaming (Tier 1)	1,400-2,000ms	Baseline
Evidence extraction	1-2 seconds	Gemini 3 Flash semantic analysis
Mastery detection	< 100ms	Rules-based (deterministic)

Cost Optimization

Context Caching Savings

Without caching:

- 10,000 input tokens per request
- \$0.075 per 1M tokens
- Cost per 1K requests: \$0.75

With caching (27% reduction):

- 9,000 cached tokens (10% cost) = \$0.067
- 1,000 normal tokens = \$0.075
- Total: \$0.142 per 1K requests
- Savings: \$0.608 per 1K requests (81% reduction on cached portion)

Google Search Grounding

- Cost: \$14 per 1,000 queries
- Estimated usage: 10-30% of history/science responses
- Average cost per grounded response: \$0.014-\$0.042

TTS Costs

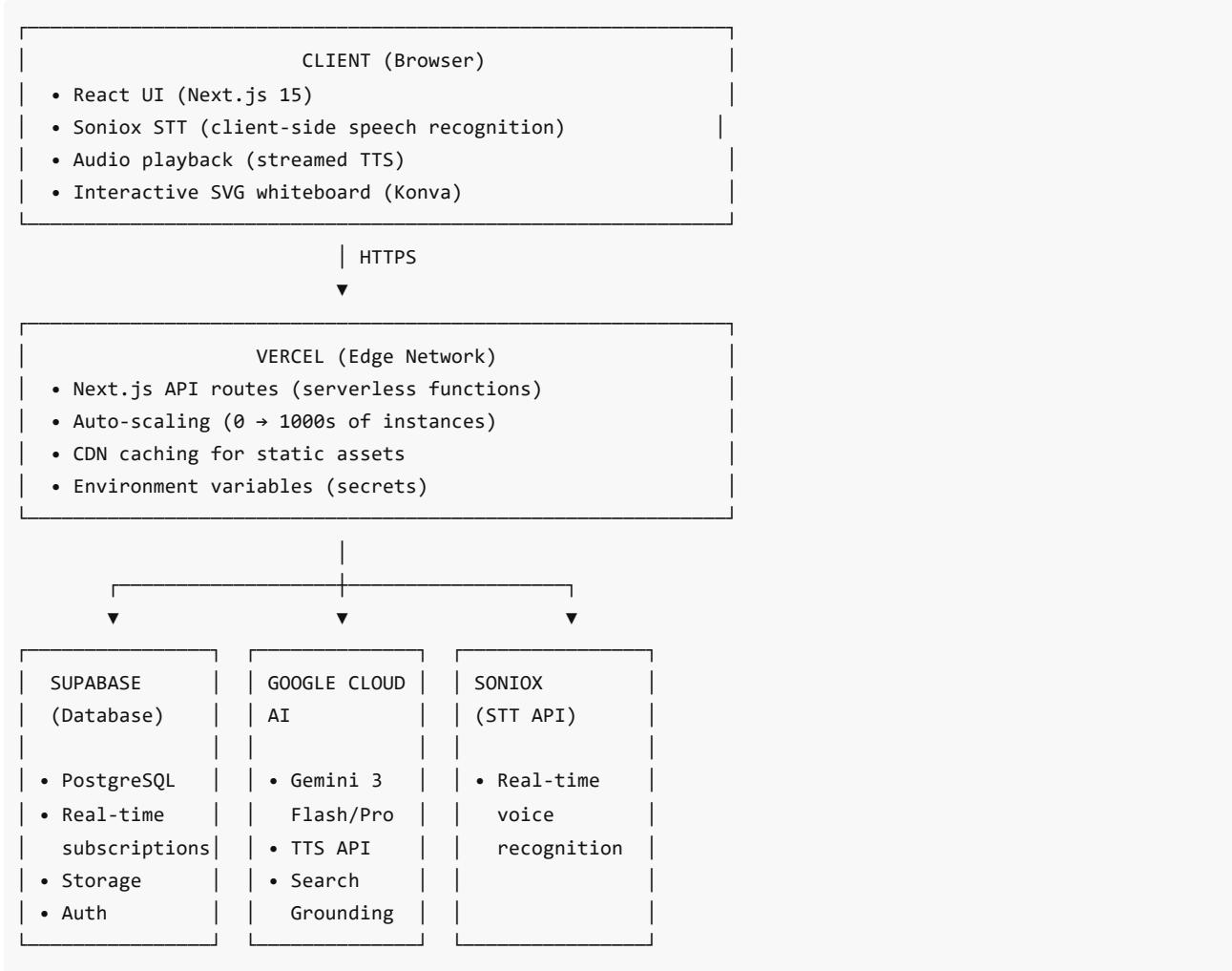
- Google Cloud TTS: \$16 per 1M characters (Neural2 voices)
- Average response: 200 characters
- Cost per response: \$0.0032

Scalability

Metric	Current	Target	Strategy
Concurrent users	10-50	1,000+	Serverless auto-scaling on Vercel
Database connections	Pooled	Unlimited	Supabase connection pooling
TTS rate limit	6 concurrent	100+	Rate limiter + queue system

Cache hit rate	~80%	90%+	Optimize TTL and warming strategy
Average response time	1.2s	< 1s	Further streaming optimization

Deployment Architecture



Environment Variables

```

# Supabase
NEXT_PUBLIC_SUPABASE_URL=https://xxx.supabase.co
NEXT_PUBLIC_SUPABASE_ANON_KEY=eyJxxx...
SUPABASE_SERVICE_ROLE_KEY=eyJxxx... (server-side only)

# Google Cloud AI
GOOGLE_GENERATIVE_AI_API_KEY=AIzaSyxxxx...
GOOGLE_APPLICATION_CREDENTIALS=/path/to/service-account.json

# Soniox STT
NEXT_PUBLIC SONIOX_API_KEY=xxx... (temp key generation)

# Application
NEXT_PUBLIC_APP_URL=https://bloom-academia.vercel.app
NODE_ENV=production
  
```

Conclusion

Bloom Academia represents a sophisticated multi-agent AI teaching platform with:

9 specialized agents (Coordinator, 5 subject specialists, Assessor, Motivator, Validator) **Dual Gemini models** (Flash for teaching, Pro for validation) **Quality assurance layer** (Validator with regeneration loop) **Evidence-based mastery tracking** (100% deterministic, teacher-configurable) **Real-time profile enrichment** (mid-session adaptation) **3-layer memory system** (Profile, Session, Context caching) **Adaptive teaching** (Learning style + mastery-based directives) **Progressive streaming** (30-40% latency reduction) **Production-ready** (Deployed on Vercel with Supabase)

Key Innovation: The Validator Agent + Mastery Engine architecture ensures students receive accurate, personalized teaching with measurable learning outcomes and zero hallucinations.

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Comprehensive Study Completed: