p1

December 7, 2023

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[37]: import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
     from sklearn import tree
     from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     import warnings
     # Suppress SettingWithCopyWarning
     warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=pd.errors.SettingWithCopyWarning)
[38]: data = pd.read_csv("drug.csv")
     # Check whether there are missing values
     missing_values = data.isnull().sum()
     print('Missing values:\n', missing_values)
     print('----')
     Missing values:
                    0
     Age
     Sex
                   0
     ΒP
     Cholesterol
     Na_to_K
     Drug
     dtype: int64
[39]: # Check the type of each feature (categorical or numerical)
     data_types = data.dtypes
     print('Data types:\n', data_types)
     print('----')
     print('First experiment:')
```

Data types:

```
int64
                Age
             Sex
                                                       object
             ΒP
                                                       object
             Cholesterol
                                                      object
                                                    float64
             Na to K
                                                       object
             Drug
             dtype: object
             First experiment:
[40]: # Records containing missing values are filled
               data.loc[:, ["Age", "Na_to_K"]] = data[["Age", "Na_to_K"]].fillna(data[["Age", under the content of the content

¬"Na_to_K"]].mean())
               # For categorical columns
               for column_name in data.columns:
                          if data[column_name].dtype == 'object':
                                    data[column_name].fillna(data[column_name].mode()[0], inplace=True)
[42]: # categorical features and targets are encoded
               label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
               for column name in data.columns:
                          if data[column_name].dtype == 'object':
                                    data.loc[:, column_name] = label_encoder.fit_transform(data.loc[:,__
                 x = data.drop(columns=['Drug'])
               y = data['Drug'] # Update to use a Series for the target
               y=label_encoder.fit_transform(y)
[43]: # Number of experiments
               num_experiments = 5
               # Initialize lists to store accuracy values and size of trees
               accuracy_values = []
               tree_sizes = []
[44]: #First experiment
               for i in range(num_experiments):
                          # Split the data into training and testing sets with different random states
                         x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.3)
                          # train the Decision Tree
                         model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion="gini")
                         model.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

```
# Get the size of the decision tree
         tree_size = model.tree_.node_count
         tree_sizes.append(tree_size)
         print(f"Experiment {i + 1} - Decision Tree Size: {tree_size}")
          # Make predictions
         y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
          # Calculate accuracy
         accuracy = model.score(x_test, y_test)
         accuracy_values.append(accuracy)
         print(f"Experiment {i + 1} - accuracy: {accuracy:.4f}")
     Experiment 1 - Decision Tree Size: 11
     Experiment 1 - accuracy: 0.9667
     Experiment 2 - Decision Tree Size: 15
     Experiment 2 - accuracy: 0.9833
     Experiment 3 - Decision Tree Size: 15
     Experiment 3 - accuracy: 0.9833
     Experiment 4 - Decision Tree Size: 15
     Experiment 4 - accuracy: 0.9167
     Experiment 5 - Decision Tree Size: 15
     Experiment 5 - accuracy: 0.9667
[45]: # Find the index of the experiment with the Max accuracy
      best_experiment_index = np.argmax(accuracy_values)
      best_accuracy = accuracy_values[best_experiment_index]
      best_tree_size = tree_sizes[best_experiment_index]
      # Print results
      print(f"\nBest Model (Experiment {best_experiment_index + 1}):")
      print(f"Max accuracy: {best_accuracy:.4f}")
      print(f"Decision Tree Size: {best_tree_size}")
      print('----')
     Best Model (Experiment 2):
     Max accuracy: 0.9833
     Decision Tree Size: 15
[46]: print('Second experiment:')
      mean accuracies = []
```

Second experiment:

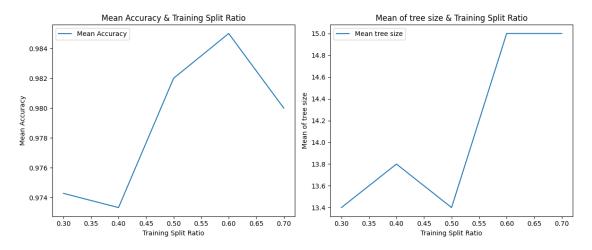
```
[47]: #Second experiment
      for split_ratio in split_ratios:
          # Initialize lists to store results for each ratio
          accuracy_values = []
          tree_sizes = []
          for i in range(num_experiments):
              # Split the data into training and testing sets
              x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=1 -__
       ⇔split_ratio)
              # train the Decision Tree
              model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion="gini")
              model.fit(x_train, y_train)
              # Get the size of the decision tree
              tree_size = model.tree_.node_count
              tree_sizes.append(tree_size)
              # Calculate accuracy
              accuracy = model.score(x_test, y_test)
              accuracy_values.append(accuracy)
          #Calculate the mean, maximum, and minimum accuracy at each training set_
       ⇔size.
          mean_accuracy=np.mean(accuracy_values)
          max_accuracy=max(accuracy_values)
          min_accuracy = min(accuracy_values)
          #Measure the mean, maximum, and minimum tree size.
          mean_tree_size = np.mean(tree_sizes)
          max_tree_size = max(tree_sizes)
          min_tree_size = min(tree_sizes)
          #Save mean accuracy and mean tree size
          mean_accuracies.append(mean_accuracy)
          mean_trees_size.append(mean_tree_size)
          #Add Data to report
```

```
record = pd.DataFrame({
    'split_ratio': [split_ratio],
    'mean_accuracy': [mean_accuracy],
    'max_accuracy': [max_accuracy],
    'min_accuracy': [min_accuracy],
    'mean_tree_size': [mean_tree_size],
    'max_tree_size': [max_tree_size],
    'min_tree_size': [min_tree_size]
})
if report_df.empty:
    report_df = record.copy()
else:
    report_df = pd.concat([report_df, record], ignore_index=True)
```

```
[48]: #print report
      print(report_df)
      # Create two plots
      plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
      # Plot accuracy against set size
      plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
      plt.plot(split_ratios, mean_accuracies, label='Mean Accuracy')
      plt.title('Mean Accuracy & Training Split Ratio')
      plt.xlabel('Training Split Ratio')
      plt.ylabel('Mean Accuracy')
      plt.legend()
      # Plot number of nodes in the final tree against set size
      plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
      plt.plot(split ratios, mean trees size, label='Mean tree size')
      plt.title('Mean of tree size & Training Split Ratio')
      plt.xlabel('Training Split Ratio')
      plt.ylabel('Mean of tree size')
      plt.legend()
      plt.tight_layout()
      plt.show()
```

```
split_ratio mean_accuracy max_accuracy min_accuracy mean_tree_size \
0
           0.3
                     0.974286
                                   0.992857
                                                  0.942857
                                                                      13.4
           0.4
1
                     0.973333
                                   0.983333
                                                  0.950000
                                                                      13.8
2
           0.5
                                                                      13.4
                     0.982000
                                   0.990000
                                                  0.960000
3
           0.6
                     0.985000
                                   0.987500
                                                  0.975000
                                                                      15.0
           0.7
                     0.980000
                                   1.000000
                                                  0.950000
                                                                      15.0
```

	max_tree_size	min_tree_size
0	15	11
1	17	11
2	15	11
3	15	15
4	15	15



[]: