

# Real-time operating systems project

## Implementing EDF scheduler based on FREE RTOS

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## Analytical calculations:

Task	Task period	Task maximum execution time
Button 1	50ms	18us
Button 2	50ms	18us
Periodic Transmitter	100ms	20us
UART	20ms	63us
Load 1	10ms	5ms
Load 2	100ms	12ms

1. System hyper period = 100 ms

$$\begin{aligned} 2. \text{ CPU Load} &= \frac{\sum \text{Task Execution Time}}{\sum \text{Task Period}} \\ &= \frac{18}{50000} + \frac{18}{50000} + \frac{20}{100000} + \frac{63}{20000} + \frac{5}{10} + \frac{12}{100} \\ &= 62.4\% \end{aligned}$$

3. System schedulability

- URM analysis:

$$\begin{aligned} URM &= n \left[ 2^{\frac{1}{n}} - 1 \right] = 0.735 \\ U &= 0.624 \end{aligned}$$

Since  $U < URM$

Then system is guaranteed schedulable using URM method

- Time demand analysis

Task	Task priority in case of RM scheduling	Periodicity	Task maximum execution time (ms)
Load 1	4	10	5
UART	3	20	0.063
Button 1	2	50	0.018
Button 2	2	50	0.018
Load 2	1	100	12
Periodic transmitter	1	100	0.02

Time demand analysis equation:  $W_i(t) = e_i + \sum_{k=1}^{i-1} \lceil \frac{t}{P_k} \rceil e_k$

For Load 1:  $W(10) = 5$ ,  $P = 10$

Then  $W < P$ , Load 1 task is schedulable

For UART:  $W(20) = 0.063 + \frac{20}{10} \times 5 = 10.063$ ,  $P = 20$

Then  $W < P$ , UART task is schedulable

For Button 1:  $W(50) = 0.018 + \lceil \frac{50}{20} \rceil \times 0.063 + \frac{50}{10} \times 5 = 25.207$ ,  $P = 50$

Then  $W < P$ , Button 1 task is schedulable

For Button 2:  $W(50) = 0.018 + 0.018 + \lceil \frac{50}{20} \rceil \times 0.063 + \frac{50}{10} \times 5 = 25.225$ ,  $P = 50$

Then  $W < P$ , Button 2 task is schedulable

For Load 2:  $W(100) = 12 + \frac{100}{50} \times 0.018 + \frac{100}{50} \times 0.018 + \frac{100}{20} \times 0.063 + \frac{100}{10} \times 5 = 62.387, P = 100$

Then  $W < P$ , Load 2 task is schedulable

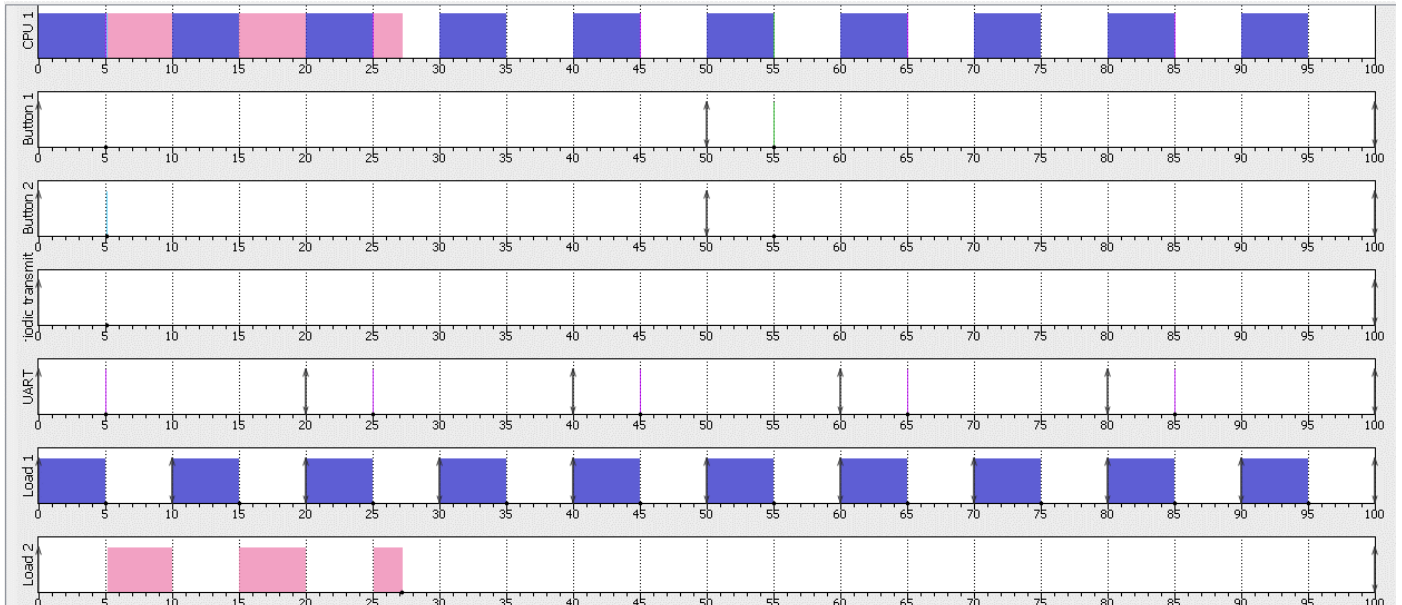
For Periodic transmitter:  $W(100) = 0.02 + 12 + \frac{100}{50} \times 0.018 + \frac{100}{50} \times 0.018 + \frac{100}{20} \times 0.063 + \frac{100}{10} \times 5 = 62.407, P = 100$

Then  $W < P$ , Periodic transmitter task is schedulable

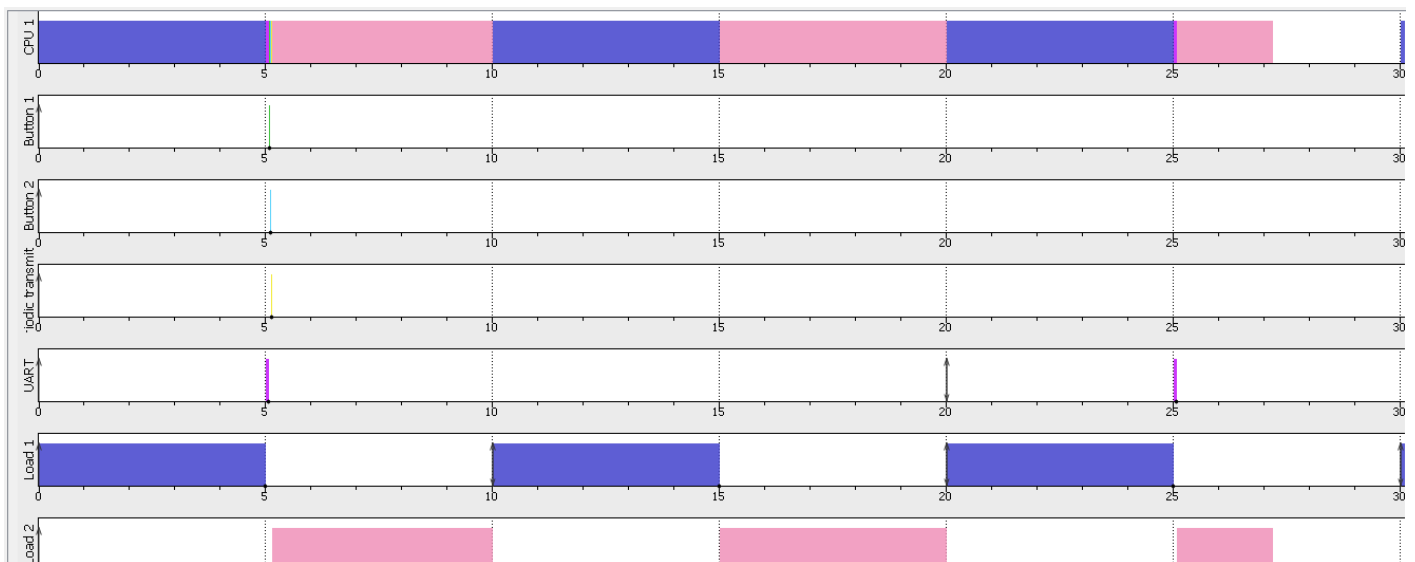
Then using time demand analysis all tasks are schedulable

## Simso offline simulator:

- Fixed priority rate monotonic scheduling



- Another zoomed view so button 1, button 2 and periodic transmitter tasks can be seen



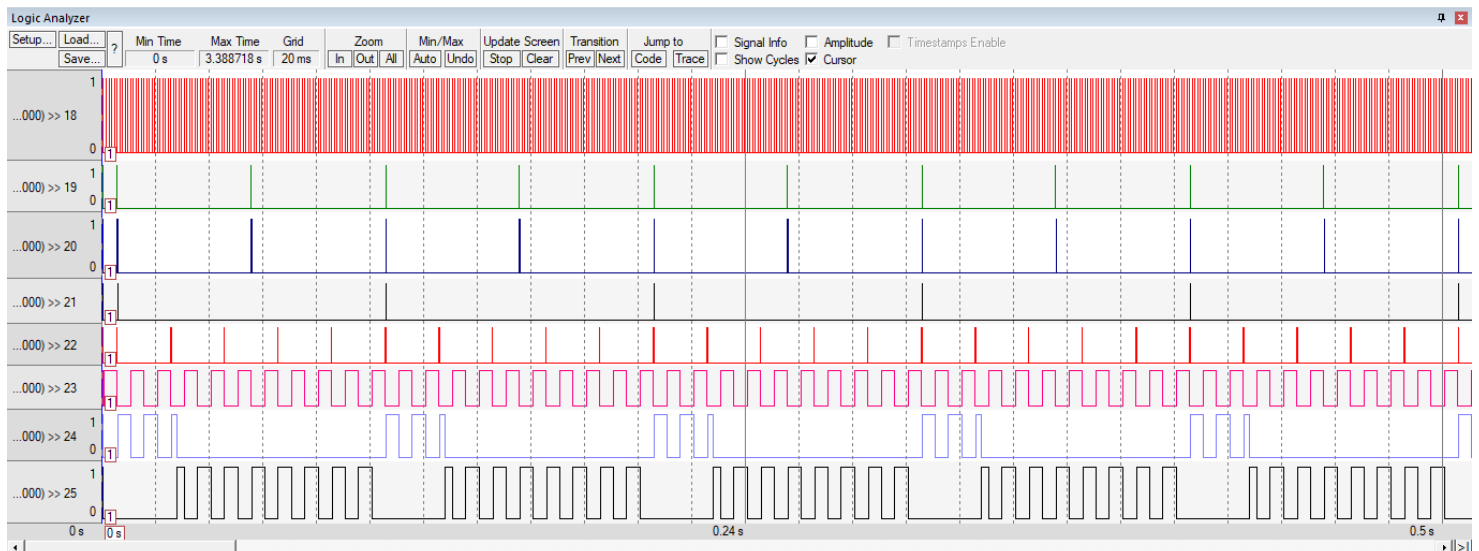
## Keil simulation:

### 1. CPU time and load, and all tasks time

Watch 1		
Name	Value	Type
system_time	3385416	int
cpu_load	62	int
Button_1_total_time	0x00000378	int
Button_2_total_time	0x00000395	int
Periodic_total_time	0x00000274	int
UART_total_time	0x00000FC2	int
Load_1_total_time	0x0019EC58	int
Load_2_total_time	0x00064537	int
<Enter expression>		

Timer is prescaled so that each tick corresponds to 1 microsecond, so all the shown times are in microseconds

### 2. Tasks, tick hook and idle task plotted on logic analyzer



- Signal 1: Tick hook
- Signal 2: Button 1 task
- Signal 3: Button 2 task
- Signal 4: Periodic transmitter task

- Signal 5: UART task
- Signal 6: Load 1 task
- Signal 7: Load 2 task
- Signal 8: Idle task

Results of all analysis is as expected and matches the manual analytical calculations