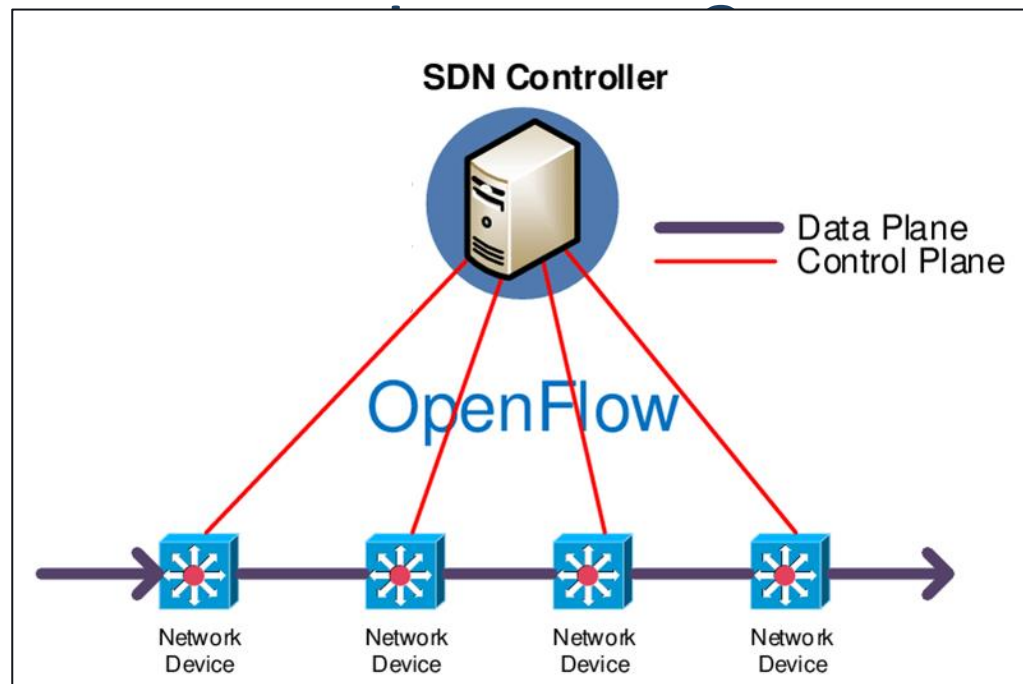


# Software Defined Networking



SoftUni Team

Technical Trainers



SoftUni



Software University

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# Have a Question?

sli.do

**#CNA**



# Traditional Networking

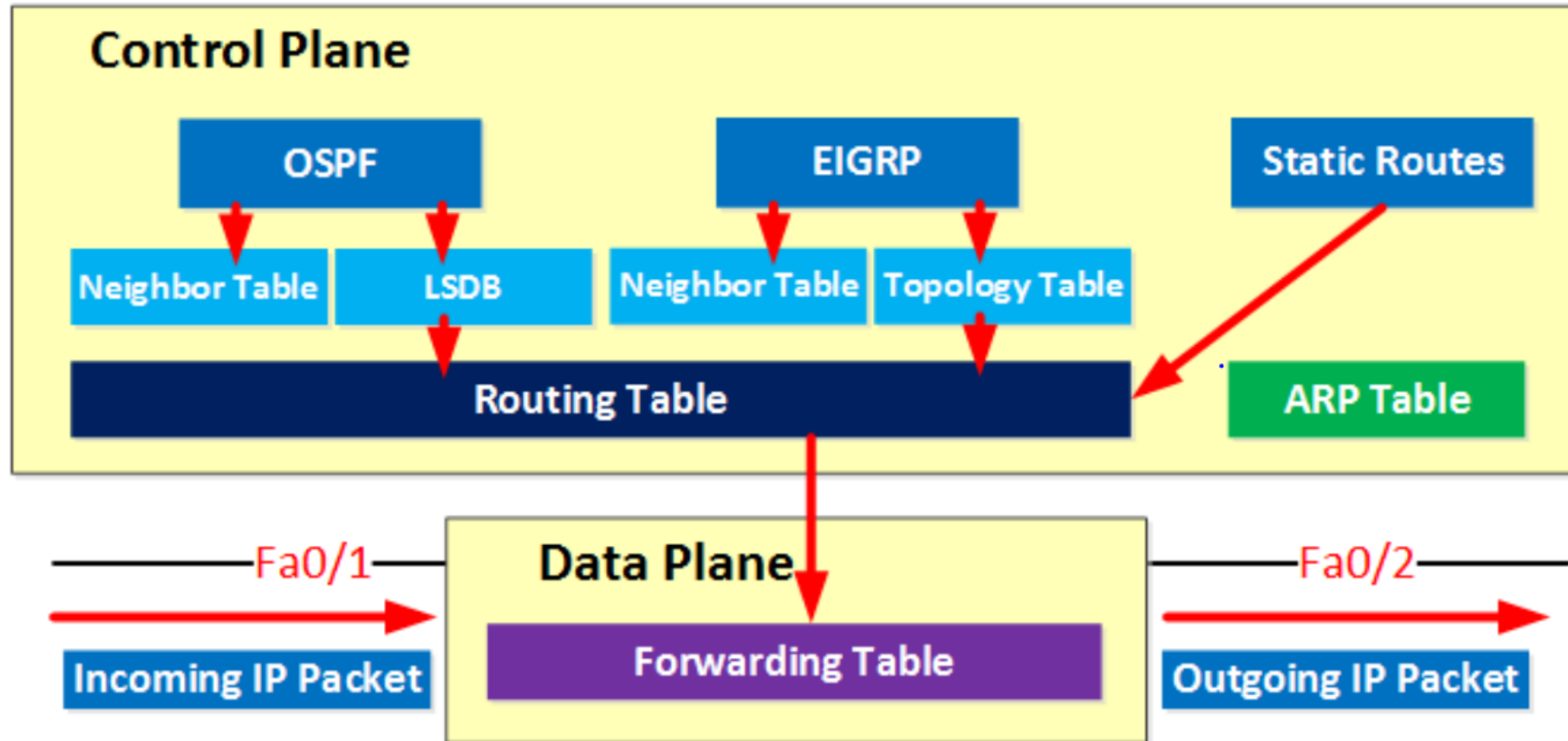
# The Old (Current) Way of Doing Networking

- Networking vendors sell proprietary hardware
- Hardware can be different, but devices talk to each other using protocols
- These protocols are built in the OS/image in each device
- We need to separately configure the logic for each "box" by using:
  - Command Line Interface (CLI)
  - Some kind of Network Management System (NMS)

- Switches and routers should decide where to send a particular packet so each device may need to consider, build or change:
  - MAC address tables
  - Routing tables
  - Use ARP to find the destination MAC
  - Decrease the TTL of each packet
- Different **planes** on each device are responsible for the different tasks: **control** plane, **data** plane and **management** plane

- **Control plane** (the brain). Responsible for:
  - Building ARP tables
  - Building routing tables
  - Running STP to avoid loops
- **Data plane** (the muscles). Responsible for:
  - Encapsulation/decapsulation
  - Adding or removing headers (802.1Q for example)
  - Replace source/destination address (if there is NAT)
- **Management plane** - used for accessing and managing the devices. Examples - Telnet, SSH

# The Control and the Data Planes





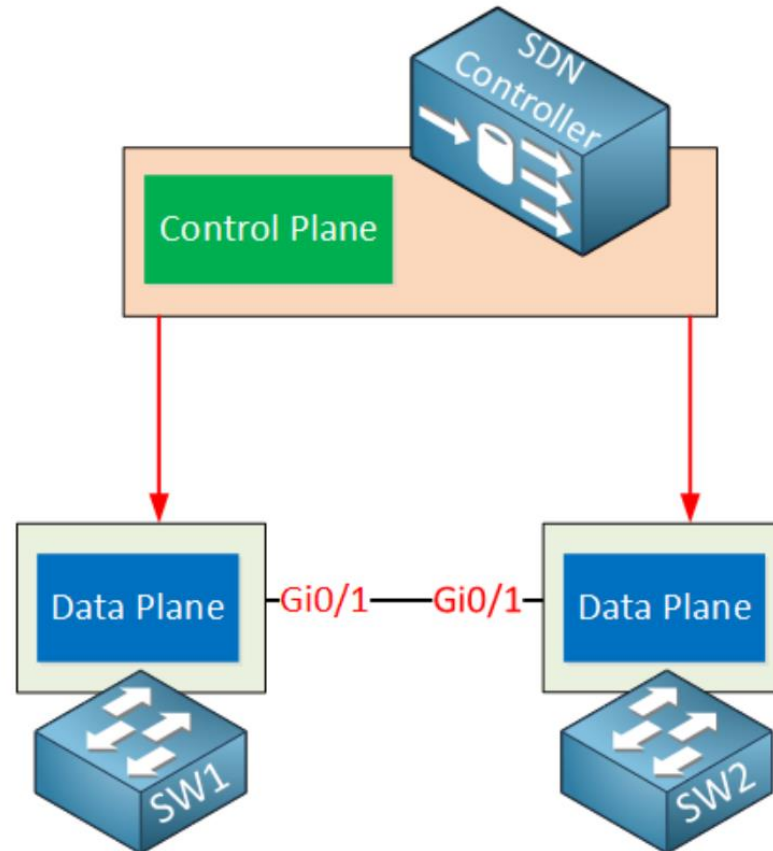
- When adding a new service/server in the network, this may lead to creating and configuring:
  - VLAN
  - STP
  - Subnet
  - Routing
  - Firewall rules (ACL)
  - Etc...
- The whole process is slow, manual and may lead to configuration errors



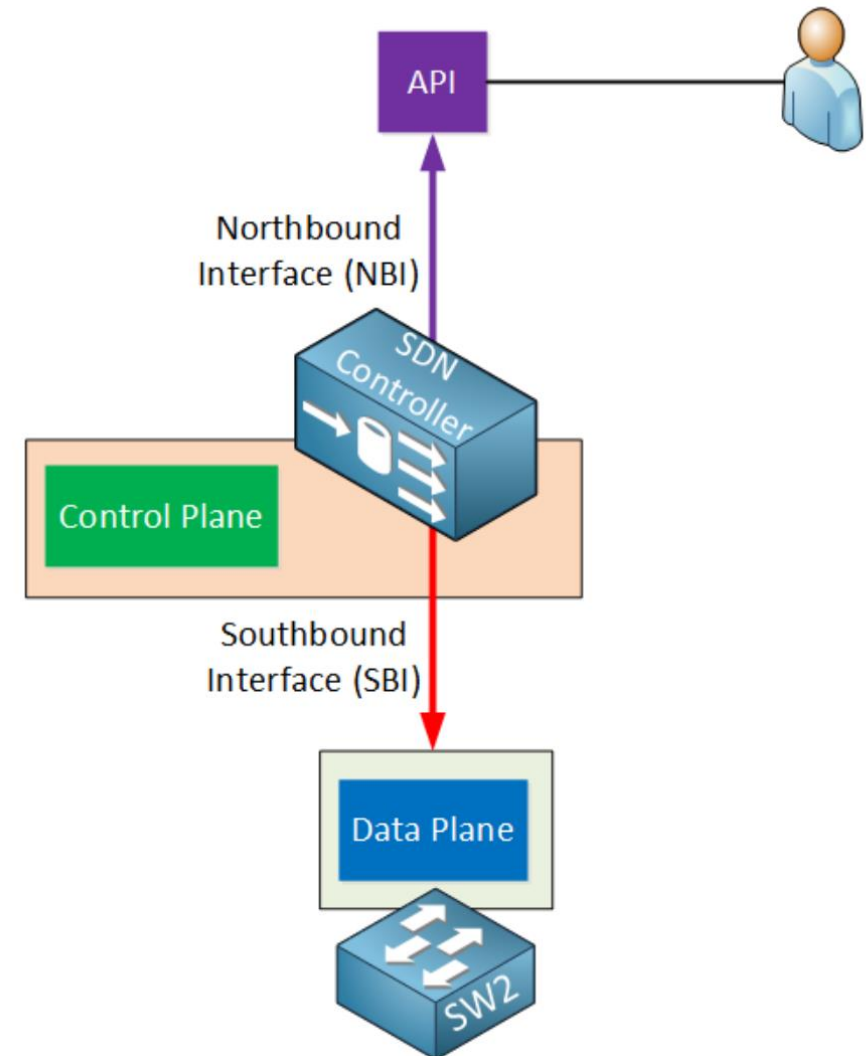
# Software Defined Networking (SDN)

# What is SDN?

- SDN - Software Defined Networking
- SDN uses a centralized control plane - SDN controller

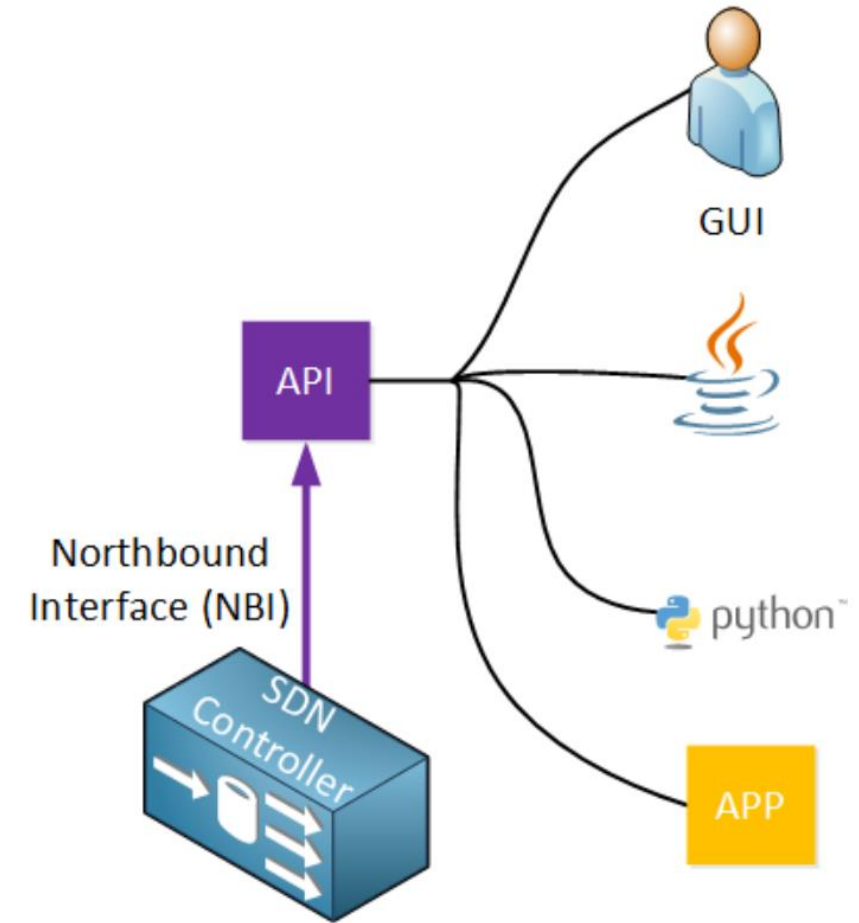


- Northbound Interface (NBI)
  - Used to access and program the controller
  - Can have GUI, CLI and API
  - You can write scripts for automation
- Southbound Interface (SBI)
  - The controller's communication with the "dumb" devices
  - It is a software interface, often API



# SDN Northbound Interface

- The interface allows multiple applications to access the controller:
  - GUI
  - Java/Python or other scripts
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> party apps
- REST API (next slide) is typically used



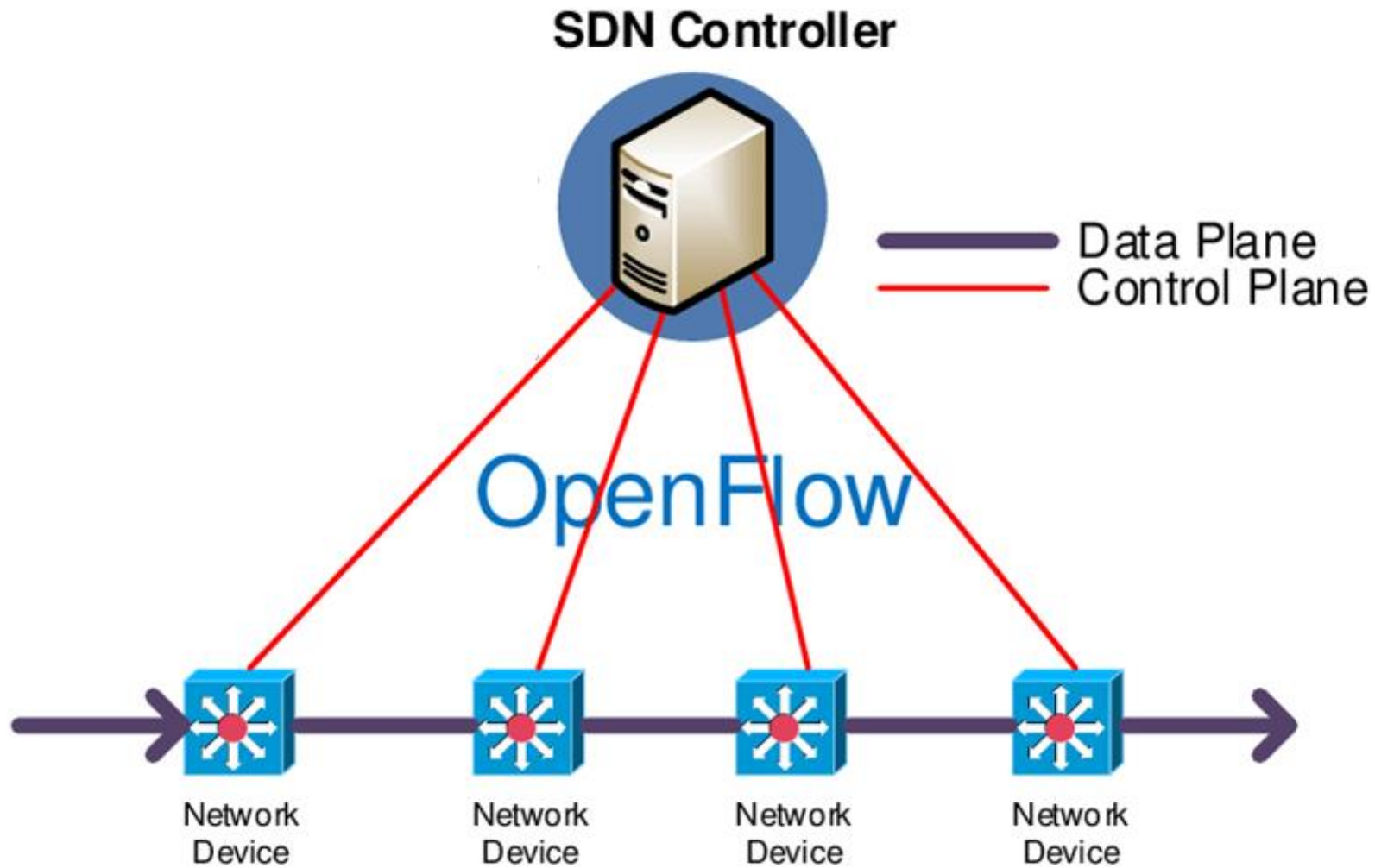
- REST - Representational State Transfer
- REST API uses HTTP messages to send and receive information between SDN controller and another application
- Examples for such messages:
  - HTTP GET: used when we want to retrieve information
  - HTTP POST/PUT: used when we want to upload or update information
- The two most used data formats are:
  - JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)
  - XML (eXtensible Markup Language)

- JSON = JavaScript Object Notation
- Why?
  - User vs machine languages and **information formatting**
  - Easy to read collection of key-value pairs
  - Uses **declarative** ("what") rather than imperative ("how") syntax

```
3  "contentVersion": "1.0.0.0",
4  "parameters": {
5    "location": {
6      "value": "westeurope"
7    },
8    "networkInterfaceName": {
9      "value": "vm1903"
10   },
11   "enableAcceleratedNetworking": {
12     "value": true
13   },
14   "networkSecurityGroupName": {
15     "value": "VM1-nsg"
16   },
17   "networkSecurityGroupRules": {
18     "value": [
19       {
20         "name": "RDP",
21         "properties": {
22           "priority": 300,
23           "protocol": "TCP",
24           "access": "Allow",
25           "direction": "Inbound",
26           "sourceAddressPrefix": "*",
27           "sourcePortRange": "*",
28           "destinationAddressPrefix": "*",
29           "destinationPortRange": "3389"
30         }
31       }
32     ]
33   },
```

- This is the controller's communication with the "dumb" hardware
- It specifies a software (not a physical) interface
- Some popular southbound interfaces:
  - OpenFlow
  - Cisco OpFlex
  - The good old CLI - SNMP/Telnet/SSH



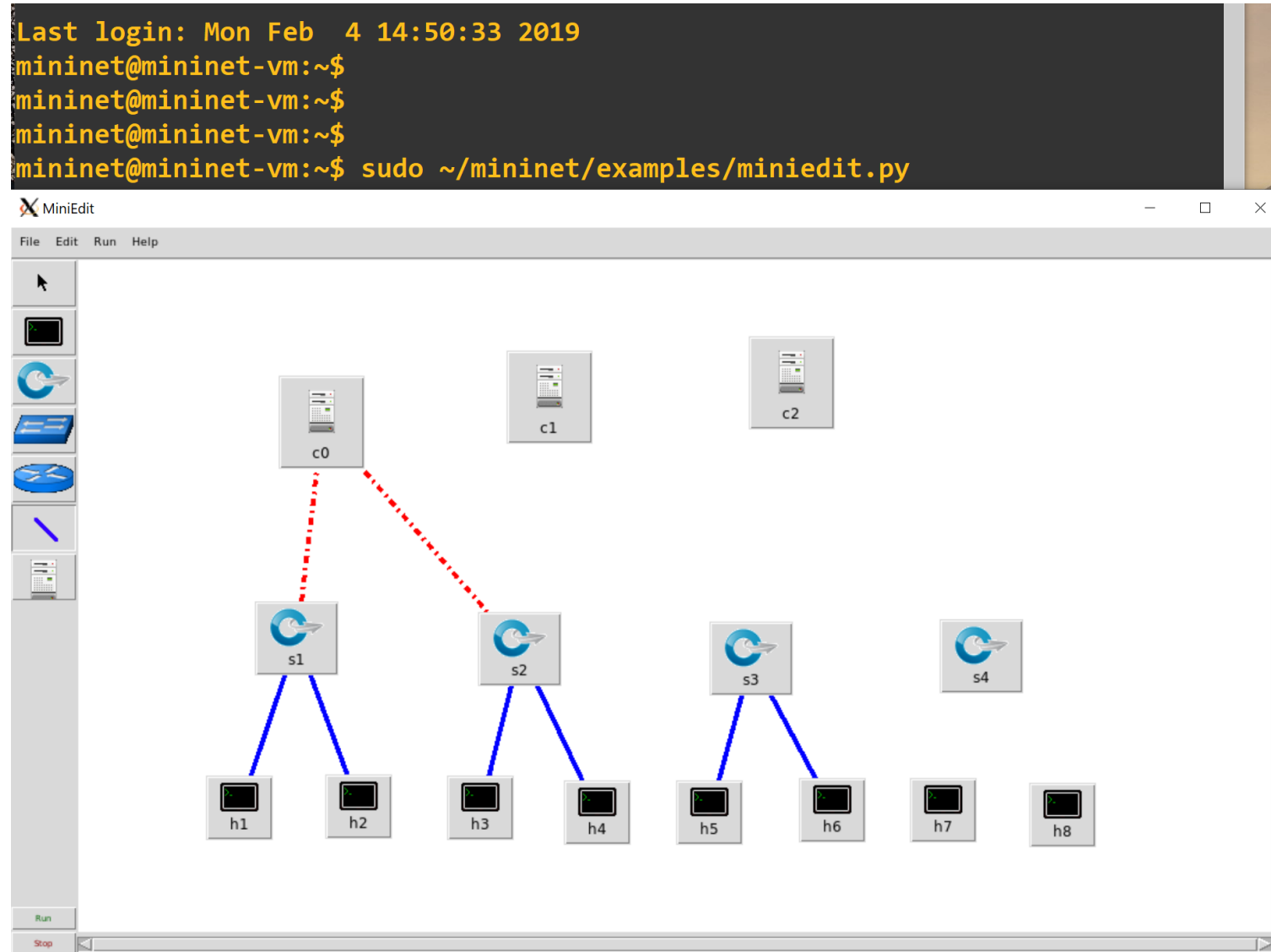




# **Simulators and Labs for SDN**

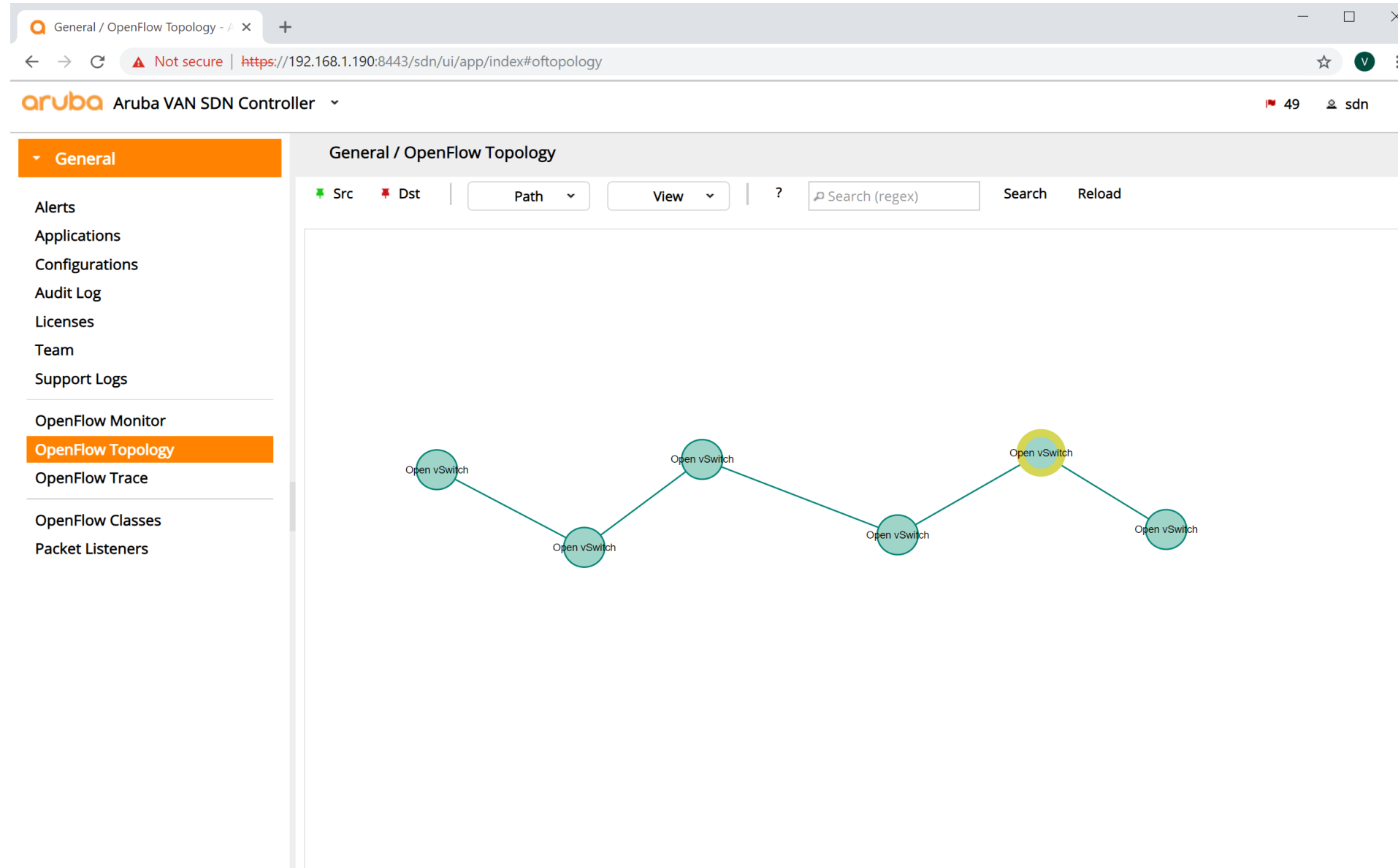
- What you need:
  - Mininet image
  - Virtualization software, for example VirtualBox
  - Terminal emulator software, for example PuTTY
  - X11 display server, for example Xming
  - `sudo ~/mininet/examples/miniedit.py`
  - Patience...

# Mininet and Miniedit (2)



- What you need:
  - HPE VAN SDN controller appliance
  - Mininet image
  - Connectivity between both VMs and the host
  - Browse to the controller: [https://ip\\_address:8443/sdn/ui](https://ip_address:8443/sdn/ui)  
(user: sdn, password: skyline)
  - Login to Mininet and type:  
**sudo mn --controller=remote,ip= --topo=linear,4 --mac**

# HPE VAN SDN Controller and Mininet (2)



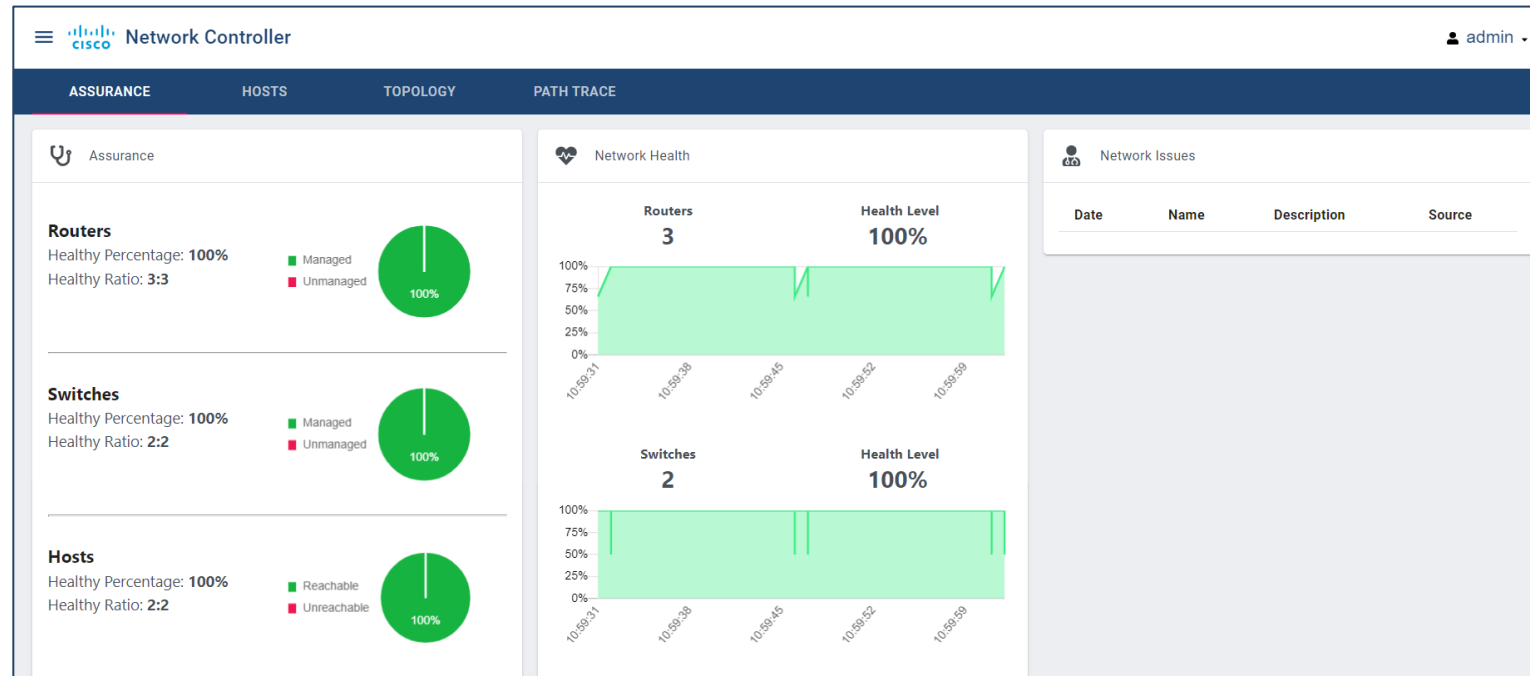
- APIC-EM: Application Policy Infrastructure Controller - Enterprise Module
- Created to be used with existing hardware
- Uses REST API for the northbound interface
- Uses common protocols, like SNMP, Telnet, SSH, for the southbound interface
- Can be installed from an iso image
- There are labs which does not require local installations

- NSX is network virtualization platform, which provides:
  - Logical switching
  - Logical routing
  - Logical firewall and NSX gateway
  - Logical load-balancer
  - Logical VPN
  - NSX API
- You can try the [VMware NSX Data Center](#) for free (enable browser pop-ups)



- DNA = Digital Network Architecture
- "Always on" lab vs reserving a lab
- For a quick start, access here with user: **devnetuser** and password: **Cisco123!**
- Inside, you can review the API capabilities and create some API calls either directly or with the help of Postman

- Current versions of Packet Tracer support simulating of the SDN approach with controller
- REST API access can be simulated for the northbound interface (not covered in the course) and SSH can be simulated for the southbound interface



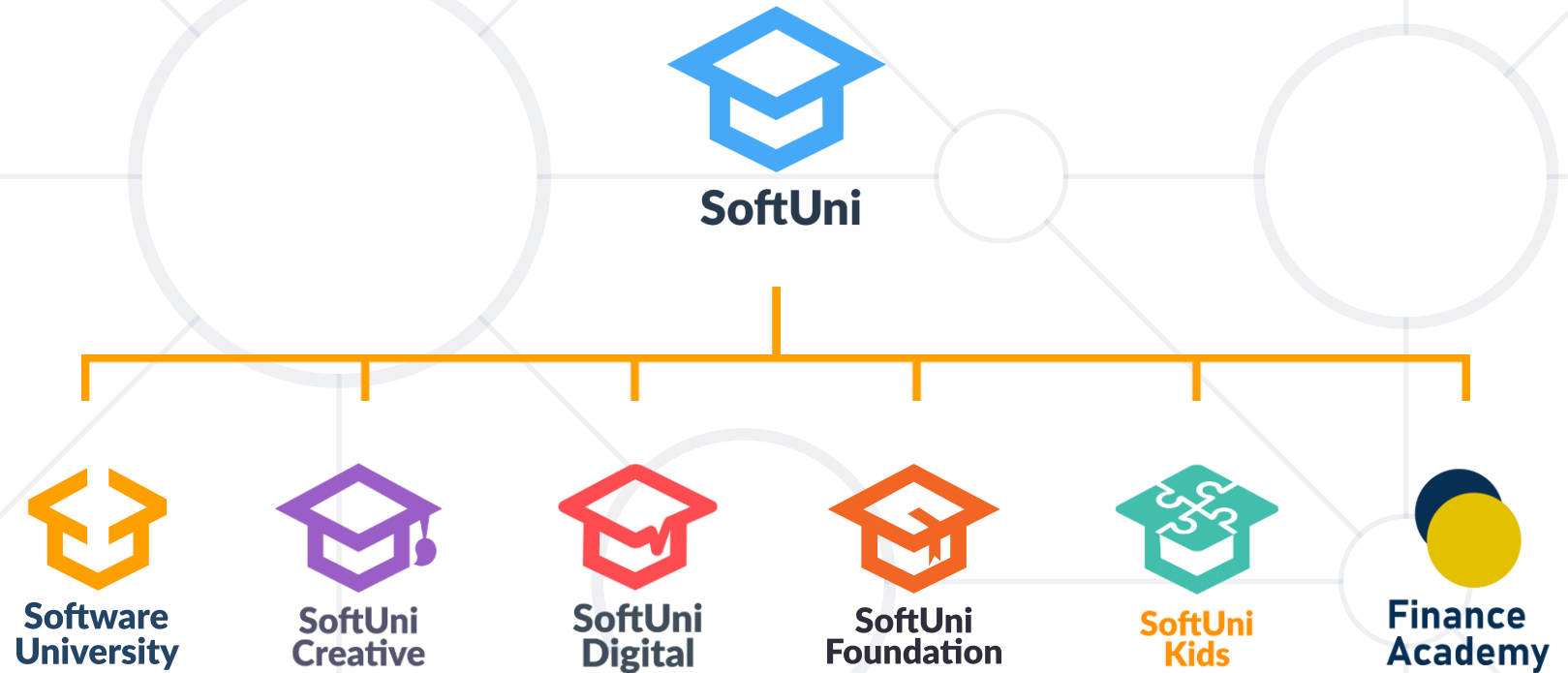


**Demonstration**

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# Questions?



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