CSCI 460: Operating Systems—Assignment 2 (8 marks)

This assignment is on process/thread synchronization. You will implement a variation of the Producer/Consumer problem. Assume the following:

- **a.** The buffer is a doubly linked list (for this assignment, let us assume that it contains at most 30 nodes). Each node has a random integer value (which should be less than 50). Initially the linked list contains 3 nodes.
- **b.** Producer #1 will generate a node and add it at the end of the linked list, the value of the new node is a random odd integer less than 50. Producer #2 will generate a node and add it at the end of the linked list, the value of the new node is a random even integer less than 50. When the buffer is full, both should generate a message and wait.
- c. Consumer #1 will delete, from the head of the list, the first node whose value is odd (if the first node has an even value, then wait). Consumer #2 will delete, from the head of the list, the first node whose value is even (if the first node has an odd value, then wait). When the buffer is empty, both should generate a message and wait.

Each of the 4 processes/threads prints the contents of the linked list before and after it gets access to the linked list. Your output should contain the running result from every process/thread. You must call <pthread.h> to use pthread_create to create a thread, etc, and you must implement your own protected linked list. Using an existing library/language which supports protected linked list operations, e.g. JAVA or C#, is forbidden. (You might need to read the Pthread Programming Handout to learn more about pthread, like how to use mutex in pthread. Due to the concurrency, if your program got stuck, analyze the reason from the output you have got.)

Date Due: 8:30pm on Thursday, October 20, 2022 (on or before 8:30pm, Oct 20, 2022). Load your source code and output as two separate files on D2L in the folder Assignment 2, preferably in the form of family_name - 2.c and family_name - 2.output (assuming that you are using C).