# Employee Performance Rating

```
!pip install --upgrade scikit-learn
     Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (1.2.2)
     Collecting scikit-learn
       Downloading scikit_learn-1.4.1.post1-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (12.1 MB)
                                                      12.1/12.1 MB 36.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy<2.0,>=1.19.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (1.25.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.6.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (1.11.4)
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (1.3.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (3.4.0)
     Installing collected packages: scikit-learn
       Attempting uninstall: scikit-learn
         Found existing installation: scikit-learn 1.2.2
         Uninstalling scikit-learn-1.2.2:
     Successfully uninstalled scikit-learn-1.2.2
Successfully installed scikit-learn-1.4.1.post1
import sklearn
print(sklearn.__version__)
     1.4.1.post1
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
#Load the data
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
     Choose Files No file chosen
                                        Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the current browser session. Please rerun this cell to
```

df=pd.read\_excel('INX\_Future\_Inc\_Employee\_Performance\_CDS\_Project2\_Data\_V1.8.xls')

df

	EmpNumber	Age	Gender	EducationBackground	MaritalStatus	EmpDepartment	EmpJobRole	BusinessTravelFrequency	DistanceFromHo
0	E1001000	32	Male	Marketing	Single	Sales	Sales Executive	Travel_Rarely	
1	E1001006	47	Male	Marketing	Single	Sales	Sales Executive	Travel_Rarely	
2	E1001007	40	Male	Life Sciences	Married	Sales	Sales Executive	Travel_Frequently	
3	E1001009	41	Male	Human Resources	Divorced	Human Resources	Manager	Travel_Rarely	
4	E1001010	60	Male	Marketing	Single	Sales	Sales Executive	Travel_Rarely	
							•••		
1195	E100992	27	Female	Medical	Divorced	Sales	Sales Executive	Travel_Frequently	
1196	E100993	37	Male	Life Sciences	Single	Development	Senior Developer	Travel_Rarely	
1197	E100994	50	Male	Medical	Married	Development	Senior Developer	Travel_Rarely	
1198	E100995	34	Female	Medical	Single	Data Science	Data Scientist	Travel_Rarely	
1199	E100998	24	Female	Life Sciences	Single	Sales	Sales Executive	Travel_Rarely	
1200 rd	owe v 28 colu	mno							

1200 rows × 28 columns

df.head()

	EmpNumber	Age	Gender	EducationBackground	MaritalStatus	EmpDepartment	EmpJobR
0	E1001000	32	Male	Marketing	Single	Sales	Sa Execu
1	E1001006	47	Male	Marketing	Single	Sales	Sa Execu
2	E1001007	40	Male	Life Sciences	Married	Sales	Sa Execu
3	E1001009	41	Male	Human Resources	Divorced	Human Resources	Mana
4	E1001010	60	Male	Marketing	Single	Sales	Sa Execu

5 rows × 28 columns

df.tail()

EmpJ	EmpDepartment	MaritalStatus	EducationBackground	Gender	Age	EmpNumber	
Ex	Sales	Divorced	Medical	Female	27	E100992	1195
De	Development	Single	Life Sciences	Male	37	E100993	1196
De	Development	Married	Medical	Male	50	E100994	1197
S	Data Science	Single	Medical	Female	34	E100995	1198
Fx	Sales	Single	Life Sciences	Female	24	E100998	1199

5 rows × 28 columns

df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1200 entries, 0 to 1199
Data columns (total 28 columns):

Data #	a columns (total 28 columns): Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	EmpNumber	1200 non-null	object
1	Age	1200 non-null	int64
2	Gender	1200 non-null	object
3	EducationBackground	1200 non-null	object
4	MaritalStatus	1200 non-null	object
5	EmpDepartment	1200 non-null	object
6	EmpJobRole	1200 non-null	object
7	BusinessTravelFrequency	1200 non-null	object
8	DistanceFromHome	1200 non-null	int64
9	EmpEducationLevel	1200 non-null	int64
10	EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction	1200 non-null	int64
11	EmpHourlyRate	1200 non-null	int64
12	EmpJobInvolvement	1200 non-null	int64
13	EmpJobLevel	1200 non-null	int64
14	EmpJobSatisfaction	1200 non-null	int64
15	NumCompaniesWorked	1200 non-null	int64
16	OverTime	1200 non-null	object
17	EmpLastSalaryHikePercent	1200 non-null	int64
18	EmpRelationshipSatisfaction	1200 non-null	int64
19	TotalWorkExperienceInYears	1200 non-null	int64
20	TrainingTimesLastYear	1200 non-null	int64
21	EmpWorkLifeBalance	1200 non-null	int64
22	ExperienceYearsAtThisCompany	1200 non-null	int64
23	ExperienceYearsInCurrentRole	1200 non-null	int64
24	YearsSinceLastPromotion	1200 non-null	int64
25	YearsWithCurrManager	1200 non-null	int64
26	Attrition	1200 non-null	object
27	PerformanceRating	1200 non-null	int64
dtyp	oes: int64(19), object(9)		
memo	ory usage: 262.6+ KB		

We have 1200 Rows and 28 columns in which 19 columns have int datatype and 9 have object datatype and memory usages by this data is 262.6+ KB with no null values present

	Age	DistanceFromHome	EmpEducationLevel	EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction
count	1200.000000	1200.000000	1200.00000	1200.000000
mean	36.918333	9.165833	2.89250	2.715833
std	9.087289	8.176636	1.04412	1.090599
min	18.000000	1.000000	1.00000	1.000000
25%	30.000000	2.000000	2.00000	2.000000
50%	36.000000	7.000000	3.00000	3.000000
75%	43.000000	14.000000	4.00000	4.000000
max	60.000000	29.000000	5.00000	4.000000

```
df.columns
     'DistanceFromHome', 'EmpEducationLevel', 'EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction', 'EmpHourlyRate', 'EmpJobInvolvement', 'EmpJobLevel',
             'EmpJobSatisfaction', 'NumCompaniesWorked', 'OverTime'
             'EmpLastSalaryHikePercent', 'EmpRelationshipSatisfaction', 'TotalWorkExperienceInYears', 'TrainingTimesLastYear',
             'EmpWorkLifeBalance', 'ExperienceYearsAtThisCompany'
             'ExperienceYearsInCurrentRole', 'YearsSinceLastPromotion',
             'YearsWithCurrManager', 'Attrition', 'PerformanceRating'],
           dtype='object')
for i in df:
    print(i)
    print(df[i].unique())
     EmpNumber
     ['E1001000' 'E1001006' 'E1001007' ... 'E100994' 'E100995' 'E100998']
     [32\ 47\ 40\ 41\ 60\ 27\ 50\ 28\ 36\ 38\ 44\ 30\ 29\ 42\ 34\ 39\ 56\ 53\ 35\ 52\ 33\ 25\ 45\ 23
      26 54 37 24 49 55 43 51 22 31 58 20 21 48 19 18 59 46 57]
     Gender
     ['Male' 'Female']
     EducationBackground
     ['Marketing' 'Life Sciences' 'Human Resources' 'Medical' 'Other'
      'Technical Degree']
     MaritalStatus
     ['Single' 'Married' 'Divorced']
     EmpDepartment
     ['Sales' 'Human Resources' 'Development' 'Data Science'
      'Research & Development' 'Finance']
     EmpJobRole
     ['Sales Executive' 'Manager' 'Developer' 'Sales Representative' 'Human Resources' 'Senior Developer' 'Data Scientist'
      'Senior Manager R&D' 'Laboratory Technician' 'Manufacturing Director'
      'Research Scientist' 'Healthcare Representative' 'Research Director'
'Manager R&D' 'Finance Manager' 'Technical Architect' 'Business Analyst'
      'Technical Lead' 'Delivery Manager']
     BusinessTravelFrequency
     ['Travel_Rarely' 'Travel_Frequently' 'Non-Travel']
     DistanceFromHome
     [10\ 14\ 5\ 16\ 8\ 1\ 24\ 3\ 27\ 19\ 9\ 2\ 7\ 6\ 26\ 11\ 23\ 13\ 29\ 12\ 4\ 25\ 21\ 18
      20 17 22 28 15]
     EmpEducationLevel
     [3 4 2 5 1]
     EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction
     [4 2 1 3]
     EmpHourlyRate
     [ 55 42 48 73 84 32 54 67 63 81 49 99
                                                           57
                                                               96 44
                                                                       86
                                                                            83
                                                                                 61
       80 31 46 79 77 60 76 41 71
                                              66 38 72 95 82 75
                                                                       93 64
                                                                                 36
       69
           33 35 40 43 51 52 98 45 37 94 59 88 50 65 53
                                                                            56 78
       74 91 62 87 68 34 70 100 92 39 97 47 90 85 30
                                                                       58
                                                                            891
     EmpJobInvolvement
     [3 2 1 4]
     EmpJobLevel
     [2 3 5 1 4]
     EmpJobSatisfaction
     [4 1 2 3]
     NumCompaniesWorked
     [1 2 5 3 8 7 9 4 6 0]
     OverTime
     ['No' 'Yes']
     {\tt EmpLastSalaryHikePercent}
     [12 21 15 14 13 23 11 20 19 17 18 22 16 24 25]
```

EmpRelationshipSatisfaction

```
[4 3 2 1]

TotalWorkExperienceInYears

[10 20 23 9 4 28 1 7 12 30 5 2 19 16 34 6 8 11 17 3 14 26 13 22 0 29 18 35 33 31 24 15 32 21 27 25 36 37 38 40]

TrainingTimesLastYear

[2 1 4 5 6 3 0]

EmpWorkLifeBalance

[2 3 4 1]
```

## Check the null values present or not

```
df.isnull().sum()/len(df)*100
     Age
     Gender
                                       0.0
     EducationBackground
                                      0.0
     MaritalStatus
     EmpDepartment
                                      0.0
     EmpJobRole
                                      0.0
     BusinessTravelFrequency
                                      0.0
     DistanceFromHome
                                      0.0
     {\tt EmpEducationLevel}
                                      0.0
     {\tt EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction}
                                      0.0
     EmpHourlyRate
     EmpJobInvolvement
     EmpJobLevel
     EmpJobSatisfaction
                                      0.0
     .
NumCompaniesWorked
                                      0.0
     OverTime
                                      0.0
     EmpLastSalaryHikePercent
                                      0.0
     EmpRelationshipSatisfaction
                                      0.0
     TotalWorkExperienceInYears
                                      0.0
     {\tt Training Times Last Year}
                                      0.0
     EmpWorkLifeBalance
                                      0.0
     {\tt Experience Years At This Company}
                                      0.0
     ExperienceYearsInCurrentRole
     YearsSinceLastPromotion
     YearsWithCurrManager
                                      0.0
     Attrition
                                      0.0
     PerformanceRating
                                      0.0
     dtype: float64
```

df.drop('EmpNumber',axis=1,inplace=True)

## separating cat and num columns

cat\_col=df.select\_dtypes(object)
cat\_col

	Gender	EducationBackground	MaritalStatus	EmpDepartment	EmpJobRole	Business
0	Male	Marketing	Single	Sales	Sales Executive	
1	Male	Marketing	Single	Sales	Sales Executive	
2	Male	Life Sciences	Married	Sales	Sales Executive	
3	Male	Human Resources	Divorced	Human Resources	Manager	
4	Male	Marketing	Single	Sales	Sales Executive	
					•••	
1195	Female	Medical	Divorced	Sales	Sales Executive	
1196	Male	Life Sciences	Single	Development	Senior Developer	
4						•

num\_col=df.select\_dtypes([int,float])
num\_col

	Age	DistanceFromHome	EmpEducationLevel	EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction	EmpHourly
0	32	10	3	4	
1	47	14	4	4	
2	40	5	4	4	
3	41	10	4	2	
4	60	16	4	1	
1195	27	3	1	4	
1196	37	10	2	4	
1197	50	28	1	4	
1198	34	9	3	4	
1199	24	3	2	1	
1200 rd	ows ×	19 columns			

```
for i in cat_col:
    print(i)
    print(cat_col[i].unique())
     Gender
      ['Male' 'Female']
     EducationBackground
     ['Marketing' 'Life Sciences' 'Human Resources' 'Medical' 'Other'
       'Technical Degree']
     MaritalStatus
      ['Single' 'Married' 'Divorced']
     EmpDepartment
     ['Sales' 'Human Resources' 'Development' 'Data Science'
'Research & Development' 'Finance']
      EmpJobRole
      ['Sales Executive' 'Manager' 'Developer' 'Sales Representative' 'Human Resources' 'Senior Developer' 'Data Scientist'
       'Senior Manager R&D' 'Laboratory Technician' 'Manufacturing Director' 'Research Scientist' 'Healthcare Representative' 'Research Director' 'Manager R&D' 'Finance Manager' 'Technical Architect' 'Business Analyst'
       'Technical Lead' 'Delivery Manager']
      BusinessTravelFrequency
      ['Travel Rarely' 'Travel Frequently' 'Non-Travel']
     OverTime
      ['No' 'Yes']
      Attrition
      ['No' 'Yes']
for i in num_col:
    print(i)
    print(num_col[i].unique())
     [32 47 40 41 60 27 50 28 36 38 44 30 29 42 34 39 56 53 35 52 33 25 45 23
       26 54 37 24 49 55 43 51 22 31 58 20 21 48 19 18 59 46 57]
     DistanceFromHome
      [10 14 5 16 8 1 24 3 27 19 9 2 7 6 26 11 23 13 29 12 4 25 21 18
      20 17 22 28 15]
      EmpEducationLevel
     [3 4 2 5 1]
      {\tt EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction}
      [4 2 1 3]
      EmpHourlyRate
      [ 55 42 48 73 84 32 54 67 63 81 49 99 57
                                                                    96
        80 31 46 79 77 60 76 41 71 66 38 72 95 82 75
            33 35 40 43 51 52 98 45 37 94
                                                               88
                                                          59
        74 91 62 87 68 34 70 100 92 39 97
      EmpJobInvolvement
      [3 2 1 4]
      EmpJobLevel
      [2 3 5 1 4]
      EmpJobSatisfaction
      [4 1 2 3]
      NumCompaniesWorked
      [1 2 5 3 8 7 9 4 6 0]
      EmpLastSalaryHikePercent
      [12 21 15 14 13 23 11 20 19 17 18 22 16 24 25]
      EmpRelationshipSatisfaction
      [4 3 2 1]
      TotalWorkExperienceInYears
     [10 20 23 9 4 28 1 7 12 30 5 2 19 16 34 6 8 11 17 3 14 26 13 22 0 29 18 35 33 31 24 15 32 21 27 25 36 37 38 40]
```

```
TrainingTimesLastYear
[2 1 4 5 6 3 0]

EmpWorkLifeBalance
[2 3 4 1]

ExperienceYearsAtThisCompany
[10 7 18 21 2 9 8 1 5 22 4 0 34 6 15 3 13 26 20 12 31 16 11 14 17 19 32 24 33 29 25 36 30 23 27 37 40]

ExperienceYearsInCurrentRole
[7 13 6 2 0 1 3 8 9 5 4 14 12 10 16 11 15 17 18]

YearsSinceLastPromotion
[0 1 12 2 3 11 7 4 5 14 8 15 6 10 13 9]

YearsWithCurrManager
[8 7 12 6 2 5 0 4 13 3 1 16 9 17 11 10 14 15]

PerformanceRating
[3 4 2]
```

### Encoding

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le=LabelEncoder()
for i in cat_col:
     \verb|cat_col[i]=le.fit_transform(cat_col[i])|\\
     print(cat_col[i].unique())
    print(le.classes )
      [1 0]
      ['Female' 'Male']
       [2 1 0 3 4 5]
      ['Human Resources' 'Life Sciences' 'Marketing' 'Medical' 'Other'
        'Technical Degree']
       [2 1 0]
       ['Divorced' 'Married' 'Single']
      [5 3 1 0 4 2]
       ['Data Science' 'Development' 'Finance' 'Human Resources'
        'Research & Development' 'Sales']
      [13 8 3 14 6 15 1 16 7 10 12 5 11 9 4 17 0 18 2]
['Business Analyst' 'Data Scientist' 'Delivery Manager' 'Developer'
'Finance Manager' 'Healthcare Representative' 'Human Resources'
        'Laboratory Technician' 'Manager' 'Manager R&D' 'Manufacturing Director'
       'Research Director' 'Research Scientist' 'Sales Executive' 'Sales Representative' 'Senior Developer' 'Senior Manager R&D' 'Technical Architect' 'Technical Lead']
       [2 1 0]
       ['Non-Travel' 'Travel Frequently' 'Travel Rarely']
      [0 1]
['No' 'Yes']
      [0 1]
['No' 'Yes']
```

new\_df=pd.concat([cat\_col,num\_col],axis=1)

new\_df

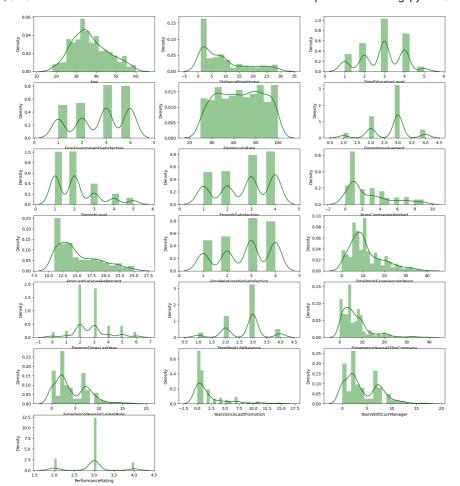
	Gender	EducationBackground	MaritalStatus	EmpDepartment	EmpJobRole	Business
0	1	2	2	5	13	
1	1	2	2	5	13	
2	1	1	1	5	13	
3	1	0	0	3	8	
4	1	2	2	5	13	
1195	0	3	0	5	13	
1196	1	1	2	1	15	
1197	1	3	1	1	15	
1198	0	3	2	0	1	
1199	0	1	2	5	13	
1200 rd	ows × 27 o	columns				

new\_df.columns

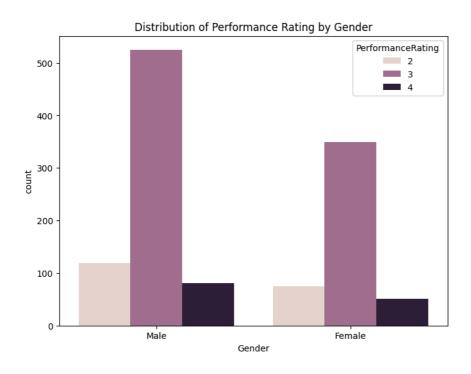
### **EDA**

### Numerical columns distribution

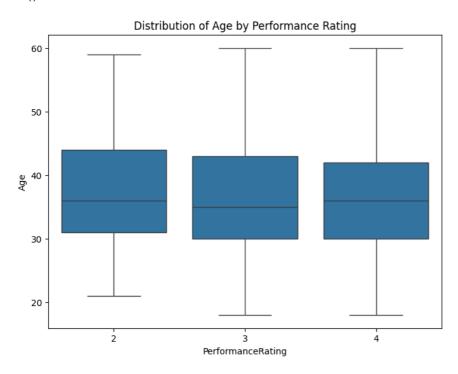
```
plt.figure(figsize= (18,20))
count=1
for i in num_col:
    plt.subplot(7,3,count)
    sns.distplot(num_col[i],color='green')
    count+=1
plt.show()
```



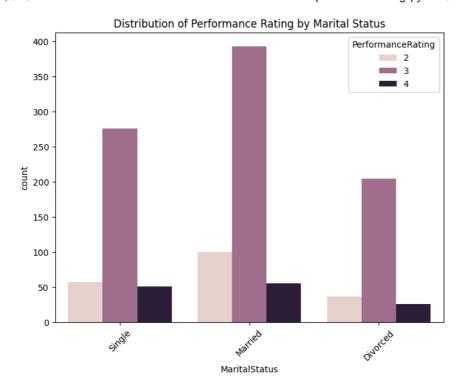
```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.countplot(data=df, x='Gender', hue='PerformanceRating')
plt.title('Distribution of Performance Rating by Gender')
plt.show()
```



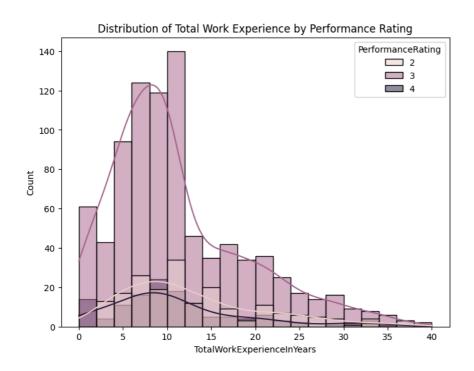
```
# Example for 'Age' by Performance Rating
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='PerformanceRating', y='Age')
plt.title('Distribution of Age by Performance Rating')
plt.show()
```



```
# Example for 'MaritalStatus' by Performance Rating
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.countplot(data=df, x='MaritalStatus', hue='PerformanceRating')
plt.title('Distribution of Performance Rating by Marital Status')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```

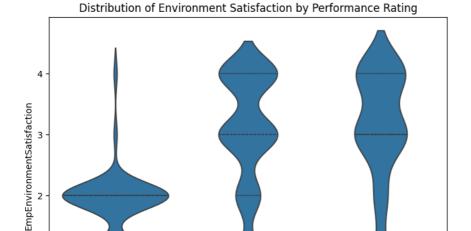


# Example for 'TotalWorkExperienceInYears'
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.histplot(data=df, x='TotalWorkExperienceInYears', hue='PerformanceRating', bins=20, kde=True)
plt.title('Distribution of Total Work Experience by Performance Rating')
plt.show()



```
# Example for 'EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction'
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.violinplot(data=df, x='PerformanceRating', y='EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction', inner='quart')
plt.title('Distribution of Environment Satisfaction by Performance Rating')
plt.show()
```

1



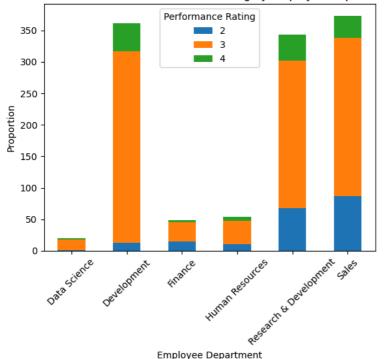
3 PerformanceRating

```
# Example for 'EmpDepartment' stacked bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
cross_tab = pd.crosstab(df['EmpDepartment'], df['PerformanceRating'])
cross_tab.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True)
plt.title('Stacked Bar Chart of Performance Rating by Employee Department')
plt.xlabel('Employee Department')
plt.ylabel('Proportion')
plt.legend(title='Performance Rating')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```

<Figure size 1000x600 with 0 Axes>

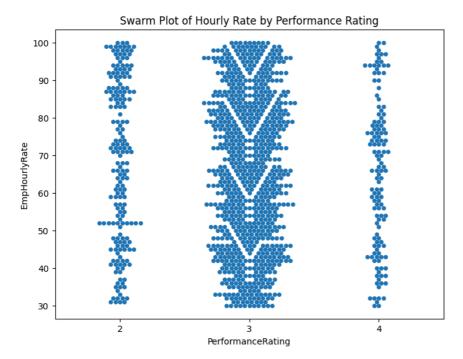
2



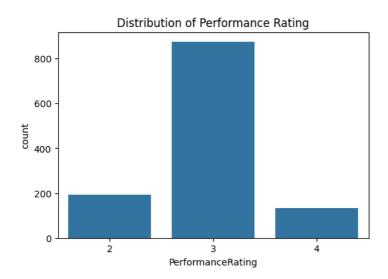


```
# Example for 'EmpHourlyRate'
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
\verb|sns.swarmplot(data=df, x='PerformanceRating', y='EmpHourlyRate')| \\
plt.title('Swarm Plot of Hourly Rate by Performance Rating')
plt.show()
```

**Employee Department** 

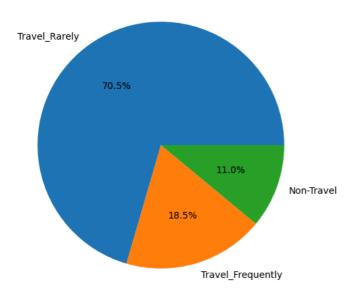


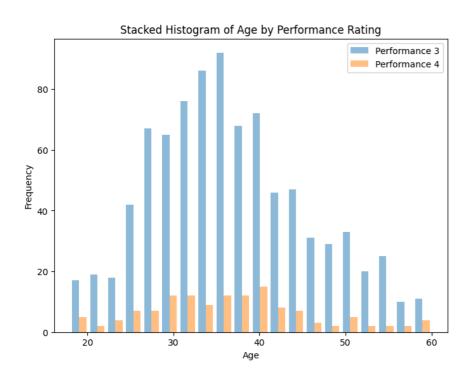
```
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
sns.countplot(data=df, x='PerformanceRating')
plt.title('Distribution of Performance Rating')
plt.show()
```



```
# Example for 'BusinessTravelFrequency'
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
df['BusinessTravelFrequency'].value_counts().plot(kind='pie', autopct='%1.1f%%')
plt.title('Business Travel Frequency Distribution')
plt.ylabel('')
plt.show()
```

#### **Business Travel Frequency Distribution**





```
from wordcloud import WordCloud

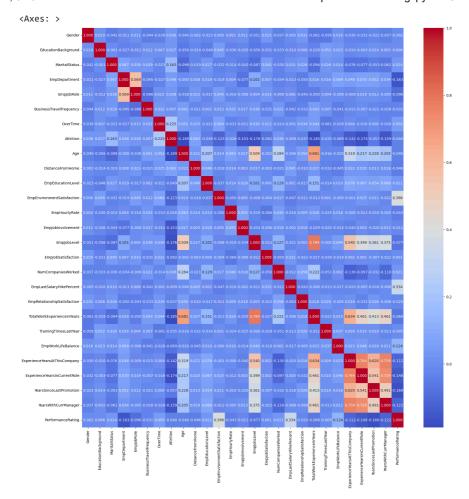
text = " ".join(df['EmpJobRole'])
wordcloud = WordCloud(width=800, height=400, background_color='White').generate(text)

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis("off")
plt.axis("off")
plt.title('Word Cloud of Job Roles')
plt.show()
```



### Feature Selection

plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
sns.heatmap(new\_df.corr(),annot=True,cmap='coolwarm',fmt=".3f")

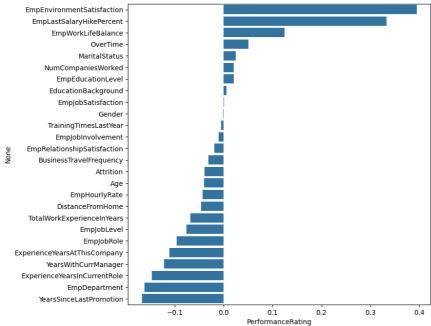


corr=new\_df.corr()['PerformanceRating'].reset\_index()
corr.sort\_values('PerformanceRating',ascending=False)

	index	PerformanceRating
26	PerformanceRating	1.000000
11	EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction	0.395561
17	EmpLastSalaryHikePercent	0.333722
21	EmpWorkLifeBalance	0.124429
6	OverTime	0.050206
2	MaritalStatus	0.024172
16	NumCompaniesWorked	0.020980
10	EmpEducationLevel	0.020529
1	EducationBackground	0.005607
15	EmpJobSatisfaction	0.000606
0	Gender	-0.001780
20	TrainingTimesLastYear	-0.005443
13	EmpJobInvolvement	-0.010539
18	EmpRelationshipSatisfaction	-0.019502
5	BusinessTravelFrequency	-0.031025
7	Attrition	-0.039796
8	Age	-0.040164
12	EmpHourlyRate	-0.043116
9	DistanceFromHome	-0.046142
19	TotalWorkExperienceInYears	-0.068141
14	EmpJobLevel	-0.076632
4	EmpJobRole	-0.096209
22	ExperienceYearsAtThisCompany	-0.111645
25	YearsWithCurrManager	-0.122313
23	ExperienceYearsInCurrentRole	-0.147638
3	EmpDepartment	-0.162615
24	YearsSinceLastPromotion	-0.167629

```
corelation = pd.DataFrame(new_df.corr())
corelation = pd.DataFrame(corelation['PerformanceRating'])
corelation=corelation.sort_values('PerformanceRating',ascending=False)
indices_to_remove = ['PerformanceRating']
corelation = corelation.drop(indices_to_remove)
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
sns.barplot(x=corelation['PerformanceRating'],y=corelation.index)
```





#### new\_df.columns

 $pr=new\_df[['EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction', 'EmpLastSalaryHikePercent', 'YearsSinceLastPromotion', 'EmpDepartment', 'ExperienceYearsInCurrentRown and the property of the prope$ 

pr

		,	YearsSinceLastPromotion
0	4	12	0
1	4	12	1
2	4	21	1
3	2	15	12
4	1	14	2
1195	4	20	0
1196	4	17	0
1197	4	11	3
1198	4	14	7
1199	1	14	2
1200 row	vs × 9 columns		

pr.columns

```
Index(['EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction', 'EmpLastSalaryHikePercent',
    'YearsSinceLastPromotion', 'EmpDepartment',
    'ExperienceYearsInCurrentRole', 'EmpHourlyRate', 'EmpJobRole',
    'TotalWorkExperienceInYears', 'PerformanceRating'],
    dtype='object')
```

- 1. **EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction**: This column likely represents the level of employee satisfaction with their work environment. It may contain values indicating how satisfied employees are with factors like office conditions, workspace, or workplace culture.
- 2. **EmpLastSalaryHikePercent**: This column probably represents the percentage increase in an employee's salary during their most recent salary hike or raise. It measures the extent to which an employee's salary has increased.
- 3. **YearsSinceLastPromotion**: This column likely indicates the number of years that have passed since an employee's last promotion within the organization. It measures the time interval between promotions.
- 4. **EmpDepartment**: This column may represent the department or division within the organization where the employee works. It could include values such as "Sales," "Marketing," "Human Resources," etc.
- 5. **ExperienceYearsInCurrentRole**: This column probably represents the number of years an employee has spent in their current role or position within the company. It measures the duration of time an employee has held their current job title.
- 6. **EmpHourlyRate**: This column may indicate the hourly wage or pay rate of employees. It represents the amount an employee earns per hour of work.
- 7. **EmpJobRole**: This column likely represents the job role or title of employees within the organization. It could include values such as "Manager," "Engineer," "Analyst," etc.
- 8. **TotalWorkExperienceInYears**: This column may represent the total number of years of work experience an employee has, possibly including work experience both within and outside the current organization.
- 9. **PerformanceRating**: This column is likely the target variable or label for your predictive model. It represents the performance rating assigned to employees. It could be a categorical variable with values such as "2," "3," and "4," indicating different levels of performance.

```
for i in pr:
   print(i)
   print(pr[i].unique())
    EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction
    [4 2 1 3]
    EmpLastSalaryHikePercent
    [12 21 15 14 13 23 11 20 19 17 18 22 16 24 25]
    YearsSinceLastPromotion
    [ 0 1 12 2 3 11 7 4 5 14 8 15 6 10 13 9]
    EmpDepartment
    [5 3 1 0 4 2]
    ExperienceYearsInCurrentRole
    [ 7 13 6 2 0 1 3 8 9 5 4 14 12 10 16 11 15 17 18]
    EmpHourlyRate
    [ 55 42 48 73 84 32 54 67 63 81 49 99 57 96 44 86 83 61
      80 31 46 79 77
                         60 76 41 71
                                         66 38
                                                72
                                                    95 82 75
                                                               93 64 36
          33 35 40 43
                         51 52 98 45
                                         37
                                             94
                                                59
                                                    88
                                                        50
                                                            65
                                                               53
          91 62 87 68 34 70 100 92 39 97 47
    EmpJobRole
    [13 8 3 14 6 15 1 16 7 10 12 5 11 9 4 17 0 18 2]
    TotalWorkExperienceInYears
    [10 20 23 9 4 28 1 7 12 30 5 2 19 16 34 6 8 11 17 3 14 26 13 22
      0 29 18 35 33 31 24 15 32 21 27 25 36 37 38 40]
    PerformanceRating
    [3 4 2]
pr.info()
    <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
    RangeIndex: 1200 entries, 0 to 1199
    Data columns (total 9 columns):
                                      Non-Null Count Dtype
     # Column
         EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction 1200 non-null
     0
                                                     int64
         EmpLastSalaryHikePercent 1200 non-null YearsSinceLastPromotion 1200 non-null
                                                     int64
                                                     int64
                                     1200 non-null
         EmpDepartment
                                                     int64
         ExperienceYearsInCurrentRole 1200 non-null
                                                     int64
         EmpHourlyRate
                                     1200 non-null
                                                     int64
         EmpJobRole
                                     1200 non-null
                                                     int64
         TotalWorkExperienceInYears 1200 non-null
                                                     int64
                                     1200 non-null
        PerformanceRating
                                                     int64
    dtypes: int64(9)
    memory usage: 84.5 KB
```

## split training and testing data

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X=pr.drop(['PerformanceRating'],axis=1)
X
```

	EmpEnvironmentSatisfaction	EmpLastSalaryHikePercent	YearsSinceLastPromotion
0	4	12	0
1	4	12	1
2	4	21	1
3	2	15	12
4	1	14	2
1195	4	20	0
1196	4	17	0
1197	4	11	3
1198	4	14	7
1199	1	14	2
1200 rc	ows × 8 columns		<b>&gt;</b>

## Scaling

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
se=StandardScaler()

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
se=StandardScaler()
Xtrain=se.fit_transform(Xtrain)
Xtest=se.fit_transform(Xtest)
```

## Training models

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import BaggingClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score,classification_report
from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score,roc_curve
knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)
lr=LogisticRegression()
dt=DecisionTreeClassifier()
ra=RandomForestClassifier()
ad=AdaBoostClassifier()
svm=SVC(probability=True)
gau=GaussianNB()
bag=BaggingClassifier()
Gr=GradientBoostingClassifier()
Training_score= []
Testing_score= []
def model building(model):
   model.fit(Xtrain, ytrain)
   ytrain_pred= model.predict(Xtrain)
   ytest_pred= model.predict(Xtest)
   a= accuracy_score(ytrain, ytrain_pred)
   b= accuracy_score(ytest, ytest_pred)
   Training_score.append(a)
   Testing_score.append(b)
   print(model)
   print("Train Data\n", accuracy_score(ytrain,ytrain_pred))
   print("Test Data\n", accuracy_score(ytest,ytest_pred))
model building(knn)
     KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)
     Train Data
     0.88125
     Test Data
      0.8708333333333333
model_building(lr)
     LogisticRegression()
     Train Data
      0.8197916666666667
     Test Data
      0.8291666666666667
model_building(dt)
     DecisionTreeClassifier()
     Train Data
     1.0
     Test Data
      0.8833333333333333
model_building(ra)
     RandomForestClassifier()
     Train Data
     1.0
     Test Data
     0.9375
model_building(ad)
     AdaBoostClassifier()
     Train Data
      0.8864583333333333
     Test Data
     0.8833333333333333
```

```
model_building(svm)
      SVC(probability=True)
      Train Data
       0.896875
      Test Data
       0.8791666666666667
model_building(gau)
      GaussianNB()
      Train Data
       0.8229166666666666
      Test Data
       0.8083333333333333
model_building(bag)
      BaggingClassifier()
      Train Data
      0.9885416666666667
      Test Data
       0.9166666666666666
model_building(Gr)
      GradientBoostingClassifier()
      Train Data
      0.971875
      Test Data
       0.9291666666666667
Models= ["k-Nearest Neighbors","Logistic Regression" ,"Decision Tree Classifier", "Random forest Classifier" ,
"Ada-Boosting Classifier","svm","GaussianNB","Bagging Classifier", "Gradiant- Bossting Classifier"]
new_df1 = pd.DataFrame({"Algorithms":Models,
                       "Training Score":Training_score,
                       "Testing Score":Testing_score,})
new_df1
```

	Algorithms	Training Score	Testing Score
0	k-Nearest Neighbors	0.881250	0.870833
1	Logistic Regression	0.819792	0.829167
2	Decision Tree Classifier	1.000000	0.883333
3	Random forest Classifier	1.000000	0.937500
4	Ada-Boosting Classifier	0.886458	0.883333
5	svm	0.896875	0.879167
6	GaussianNB	0.822917	0.808333
7	Bagging Classifier	0.988542	0.916667
8	Gradiant- Bossting Classifier	0.971875	0.929167

## Hypertunning

## Random forest

```
from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
ra=RandomForestClassifier()
```

```
4/24/24, 5:25 PM
                                                                           performance rating.ipynb - Colab
    random_forest_params = {
        'n_estimators': [25,50,75,100],
        'max_depth': [2, 3, 5, 10, 20],
        'min_samples_leaf': [5, 10, 20, 50, 100],
        'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],
        'criterion': ["gini", "entropy"],
        'max_features': ['auto', 'sqrt'],
        'bootstrap': [True, False],
        'class_weight' : ["balanced", "balanced_subsample"]
   }
    ra\_reg=RandomizedSearchCV(ra,param\_distributions=random\_forest\_params,random\_state=42,scoring='accuracy',cv=5,n\_jobs=-1)
   model_building(ra_reg)
         \label{lem:continuous} Randomized Search CV (\verb|cv=5|, estimator=RandomForestClassifier(), n\_jobs=-1,
                               param_distributions={'bootstrap': [True, False],
                                                       'class_weight': ['balanced'
                                                                          'balanced_subsample'],
                                                      'criterion': ['gini', 'entropy'],
                                                      'max_depth': [2, 3, 5, 10, 20],

'max_features': ['auto', 'sqrt'],

'min_samples_leaf': [5, 10, 20, 50,
                                                                             100],
                                                      'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],
                              'n_estimators': [25, 50, 75, 100]}, random_state=42, scoring='accuracy')
         Train Data
          0.9052083333333333
         Test Data
          0.9083333333333333
    ra_reg.best_params_
         {'n estimators': 25,
           'min_samples_split': 2,
           'min_samples_leaf': 20,
           'max_features': 'sqrt',
           'max_depth': 10,
           'criterion': 'entropy',
           'class_weight': 'balanced',
           'bootstrap': False}
   gaussianNB
    from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
    from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
   gau=GaussianNB()
```

```
param grid = {
    'var_smoothing': [1e-9, 1e-8, 1e-7, 1e-6, 1e-5],
    'priors': [None, [0.2, 0.8], [0.5, 0.5], [0.8, 0.2]]
gau_reg=GridSearchCV(gau,param_grid=param_grid,cv=5,n_jobs=-1,scoring='accuracy')
gau_reg.fit(Xtrain,ytrain)
          GridSearchCV (1) (?)
      ▶ estimator: GaussianNB
model_building(gau_reg)
    \label{lem:continuous} {\tt GridSearchCV(cv=5,\ estimator=GaussianNB(),\ n\_jobs=-1,}
                scoring='accuracy')
    Train Data
```

### SVM

```
svm=SVC(probability=True)
param_grid = {
   'C': [0.1, 1, 10],
   'kernel': ['linear', 'poly', 'rbf', 'sigmoid'],
   'gamma': ['scale', 'auto', 0.1, 1],
   'degree': [2, 3, 4],
   'class_weight' : ["balanced", "balanced_subsample"]
\verb|sym_reg| = RandomizedSearchCV(sym, param_distributions=param_grid, n_iter=10, cv=5, n_jobs=-1)|
model_building(svm_reg)
    RandomizedSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=SVC(probability=True), n_jobs=-1,
                    'balanced_subsample'],
                                       Train Data
    0.8416666666666667
    Test Data
     0.8166666666666667
```

## Gradient Boosting

```
param_grid_classification = {
    'n_estimators': [100, 200, 300],
    'learning_rate': [0.01, 0.1, 0.2],
    'max_depth': [3, 4, 5],
    'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],
    'min_samples_leaf': [1, 5, 10],
    'subsample': [0.8, 0.9, 1.0],
    'max_features': ['auto', 'sqrt', 'log2', None],
    'loss': ['deviance', 'exponential']
}
```