HIBERNATE & JPA COURSE

EXERCISE

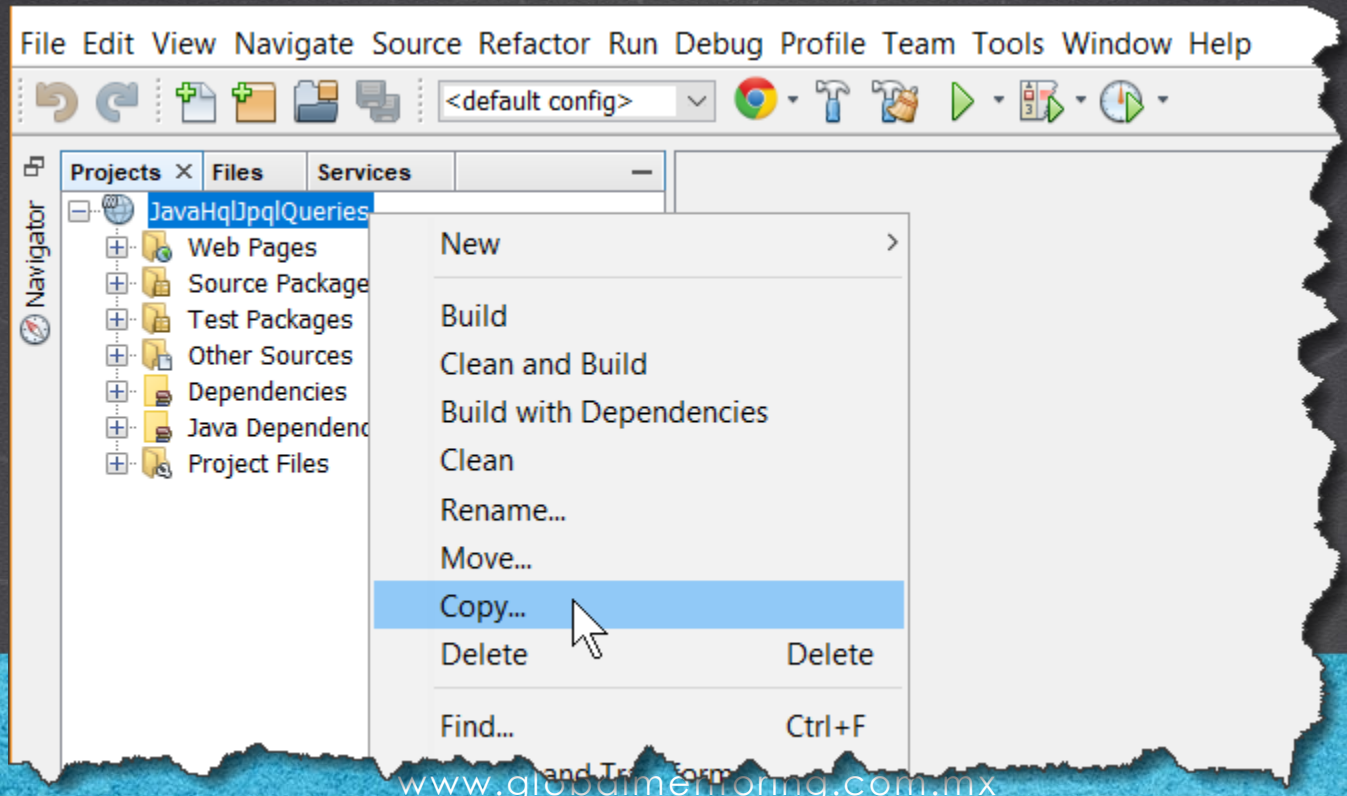
CRITERIA API WITH HIBERNATE/JPA

EXERCISE OBJECTIVE

Use the Criteria API to implement this API. At the end we should observe the following:

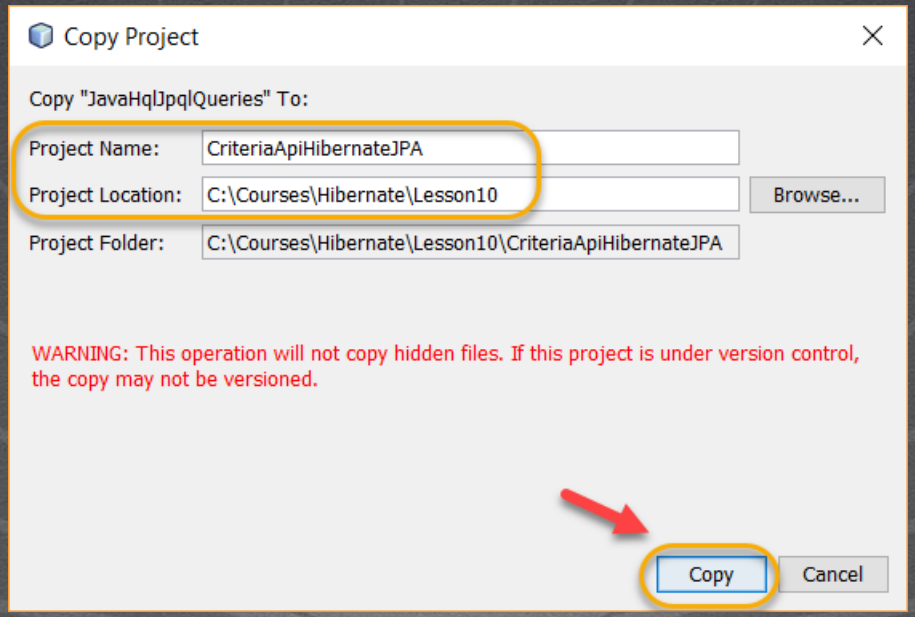
1. COPY THE PROJECT

We copy the project starting from JavaHqlJpqlQueries:



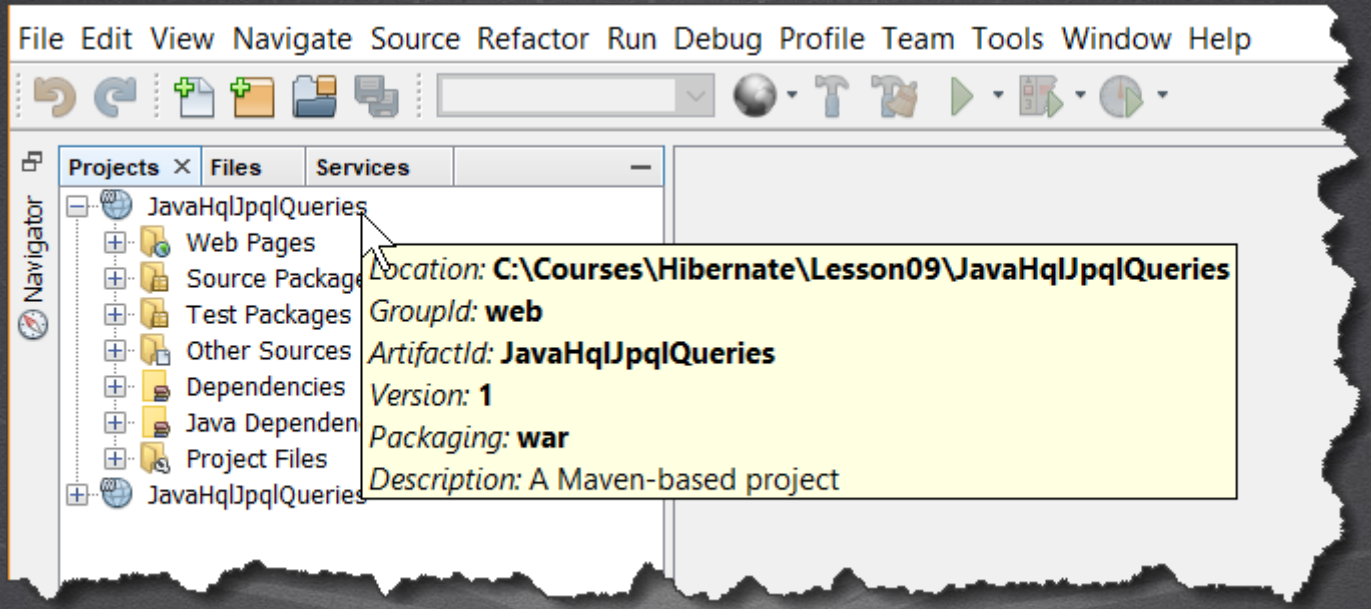
1. COPY THE PROJECT

Create the Project CriteriaApiHibernateJPA:



2. CLOSE THE PROJECT

We close the project that we no longer use:



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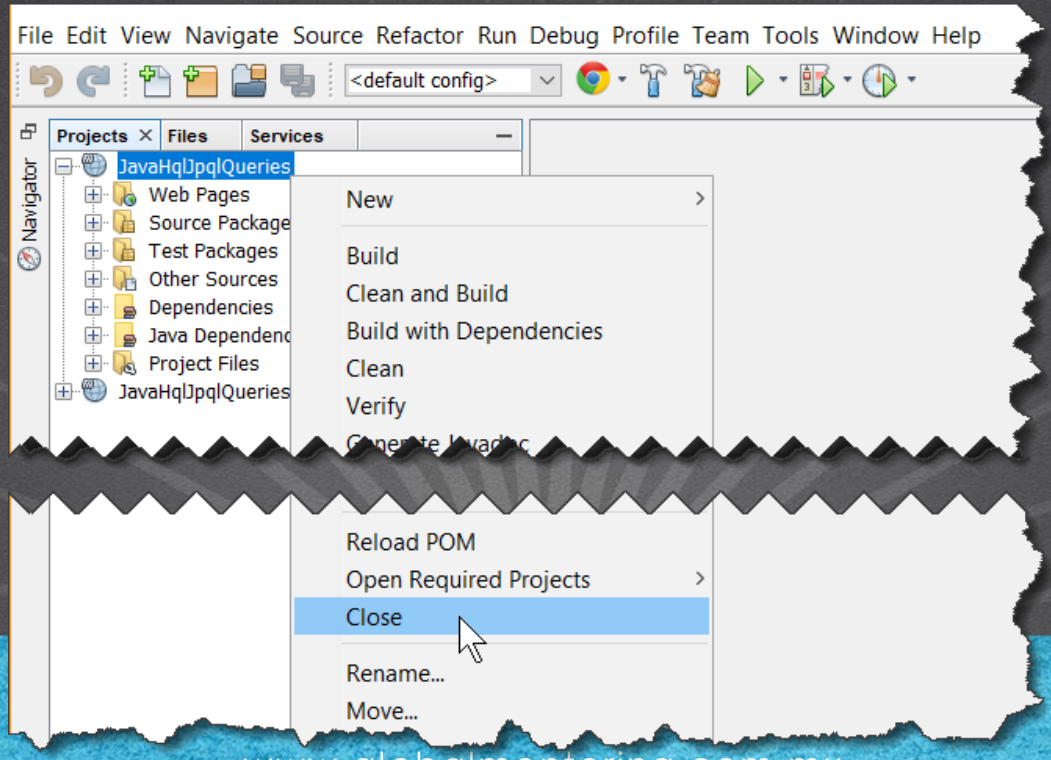
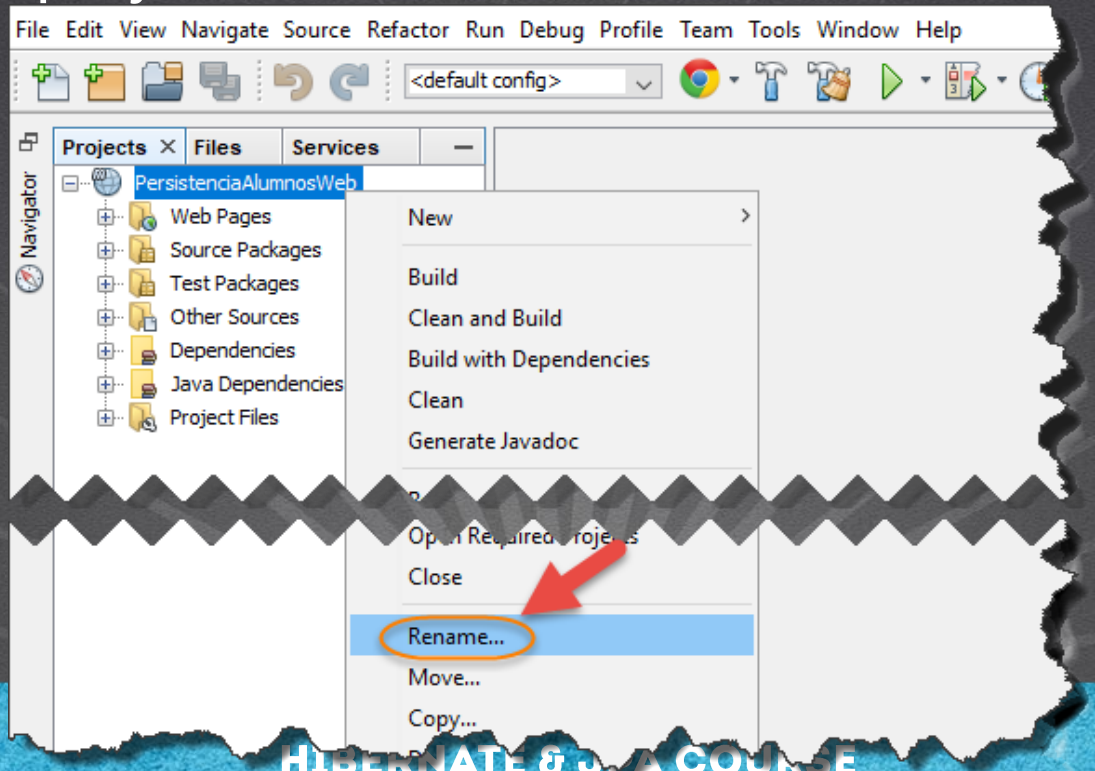


3. RENAME THE PROJECT

Rename the project:



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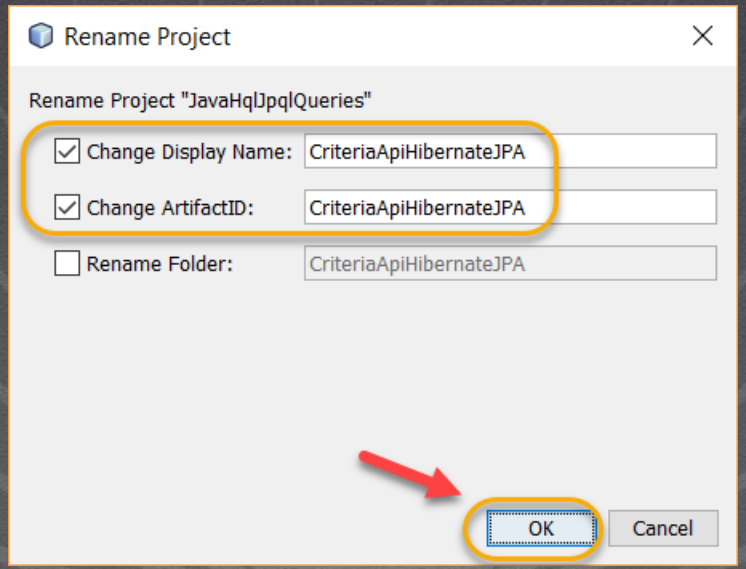
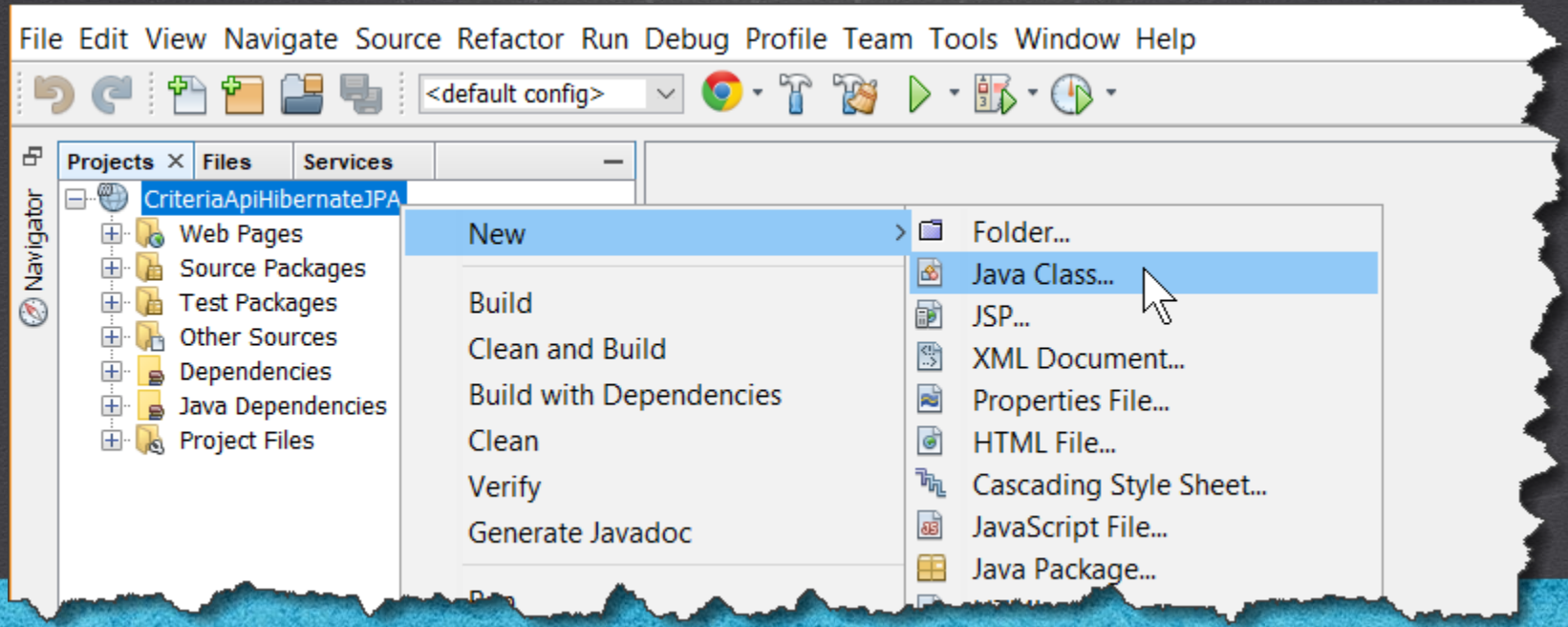
Rename the Project:



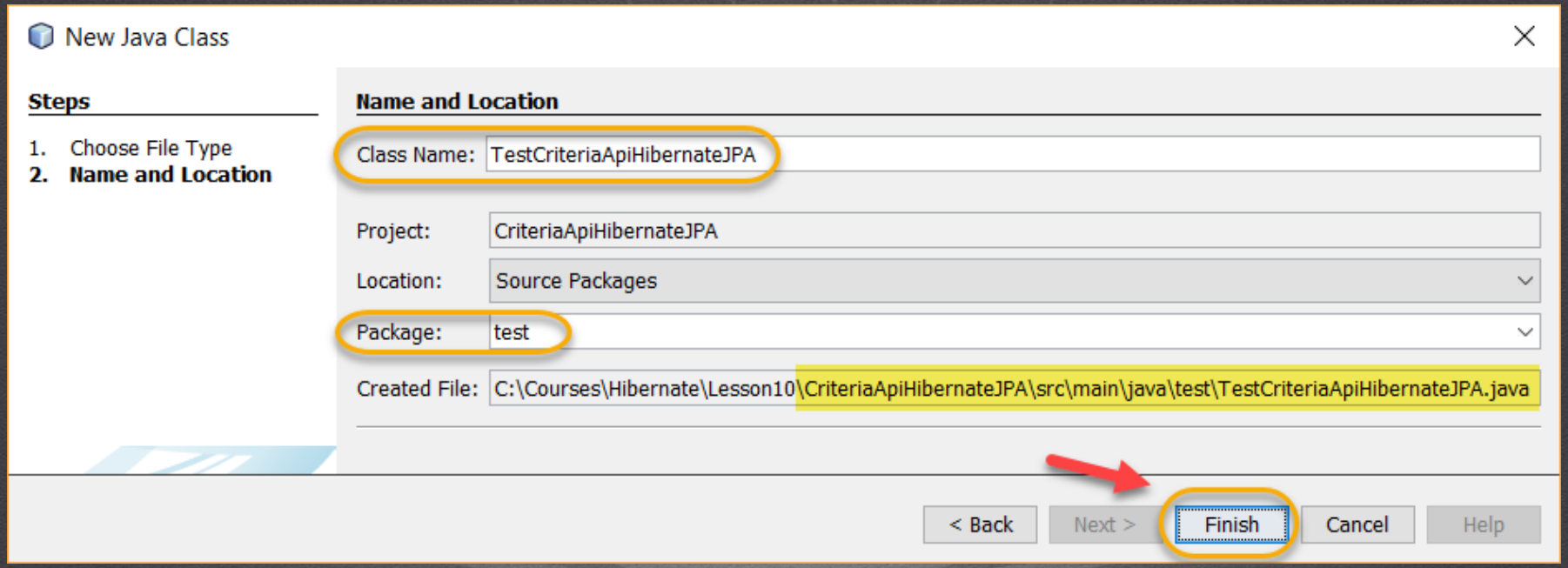
4. CREATE A CLASS

Create a class TestCriteriaApiHibernateJPA.java:



4. CREATE A CLASS

Create a class TestCriteriaApiHibernateJPA.java:



5. MODIFY THE CODE

TestCriteriaApiHibernateJPA.java:

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```
package test;

import java.util.*;
import javax.persistence.*;
import javax.persistence.criteria.*;
import model.*;

public class TestCriteriaApiHibernateJPA {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        EntityManagerFactory fabrica = Persistence.createEntityManagerFactory("HibernateJpaPU");
        EntityManager em = fabrica.createEntityManager();

        //Help variables
        CriteriaBuilder cb = em.getCriteriaBuilder();
        List<Student> students = null;
        Student student = null;
```

5. MODIFY THE CODE

TestCriteriaApiHibernateJPA.java:

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```
// Query 1
// Select all Students
//JPQL equivalent:SELECT a FROM Student a
System.out.println("\nQuery 1");
//The criteria query object is created
CriteriaQuery<Student> q1 = cb.createQuery(Student.class);
//Set the root of the query
q1.from(Student.class);
//The query is executed
students = em.createQuery(q1).getResultList();
//We print the students
printStudents(students);

// Query2
// Select the Student with id = 1
System.out.println("\nQuery 2");
CriteriaQuery<Student> q2 = cb.createQuery(Student.class);
Root<Student> c2 = q2.from(Student.class);
ParameterExpression<Integer> pId = cb.parameter(Integer.class);
q2.select(c2).where(cb.equal(c2.get("idStudent"), pId));
//execute the query
TypedQuery<Student> query = em.createQuery(q2);
//set the value of the parameter
query.setParameter(pId, 1);
student = query.getSingleResult();
System.out.println(student);
```

5. MODIFY THE CODE

TestCriteriaApiHibernateJPA.java:

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```
// Query 3
// Select the student with name
System.out.println("\nQuery 3");
CriteriaQuery<Student> q3 = cb.createQuery(Student.class);
Root<Student> c3 = q3.from(Student.class);
ParameterExpression<String> pNombre = cb.parameter(String.class);
q3.select(c3).where(cb.equal(c3.get("name"), pNombre));
//execute the query
TypedQuery<Student> query3 = em.createQuery(q3);
//set the value of the parameter
query3.setParameter(pNombre, "Charly");
students = query3.getResultList();
printStudents(students);

// Query 4
// Select students restricting by the idStudent
System.out.println("\nQuery 4");
CriteriaQuery<Student> qb4 = cb.createQuery(Student.class);
Root<Student> c4 = qb4.from(Student.class);
qb4.where(c4.get("idStudent").in(cb.parameter(Collection.class)));

TypedQuery<Student> q4 = em.createQuery(qb4);
Integer[] idStudents = {1,2};//place valid id's
for (ParameterExpression parameter : qb4.getParameters()) {
    q4.setParameter(parameter, Arrays.asList( idStudents ));
}
students = q4.getResultList();
printStudents(students);
```

5. MODIFY THE CODE

TestCriteriaApiHibernateJPA.java:

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```
// Query 5
// Get the students whose name is not null
System.out.println("\nQuery 5");
CriteriaQuery<Student> qb5 = cb.createQuery(Student.class);
Root<Student> c5 = qb5.from(Student.class);
qb5.select(c5).where(cb.isNotNull(c5.get("name")));
//Ejecutamos el query
TypedQuery<Student> q5 = em.createQuery(qb5);
students = q5.getResultList();
printStudents(students);

//Query 6
System.out.println("\nQuery 6");
//Get the students whose name starts with an "e"
CriteriaQuery<Student> qb6 = cb.createQuery(Student.class);
Root<Student> c6 = qb6.from(Student.class);
Expression<String> path = c6.get("name");
Expression<String> upperCase = cb.upper(path);
String stringToSearch = "" + "e".toUpperCase() +"%";
Predicate predicate = cb.like(upperCase, stringToSearch);
qb6.where(cb.and(predicate));
students = em.createQuery(qb6.select(c6)).getResultList();
printStudents(students);
```

5. MODIFY THE CODE

TestCriteriaApiHibernateJPA.java:

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```
//Query 7
//Get the students whose name contains "a" with ignoreCase
System.out.println("\nQuery 7");
CriteriaQuery<Student> qb7 = cb.createQuery(Student.class);
Root<Student> c7 = qb7.from(Student.class);
String stringToSearch2 = "%" + "a".toUpperCase() + "%";
qb7.where(cb.like(cb.upper(c7.get("name")), stringToSearch2));
students = em.createQuery(qb7).getResultList();
printStudents(students);

//Query 8
//Get the students by adding several restrictions
//they are added with 'and' by default
System.out.println("\nQuery 8");
CriteriaQuery<Student> qb8 = cb.createQuery(Student.class);
Root<Student> c8 = qb8.from(Student.class);
//We create the restrictions
Predicate[] restrictions = new Predicate[]{
    cb.equal(c8.get("name"), "Charly"),
    cb.isNotNull(c8.get("version"))
};
//We add the restrictions
qb8.where(cb.and(restrictions));
//We execute the query
students = em.createQuery(qb8).getResultList();
printStudents(students);
```

5. MODIFY THE CODE

TestCriteriaApiHibernateJPA.java:

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```
//Query 9
//Get the students by adding several restrictions
//they are added with 'or'
System.out.println("\nQuery 9");
CriteriaQuery<Student> qb9 = cb.createQuery(Student.class);
Root<Student> c9 = qb9.from(Student.class);
//We create the restrictions
Predicate[] restrictions2 = new Predicate[]{
    cb.equal(c9.get("name"), "Charly"),
    cb.isNotNull(c9.get("version"))
};
//We add the restrictions
qb9.where(cb.or(restrictions2));
//We execute the query
students = em.createQuery(qb9).getResultList();
printStudents(students);
```

5. MODIFY THE CODE

TestCriteriaApiHibernateJPA.java:

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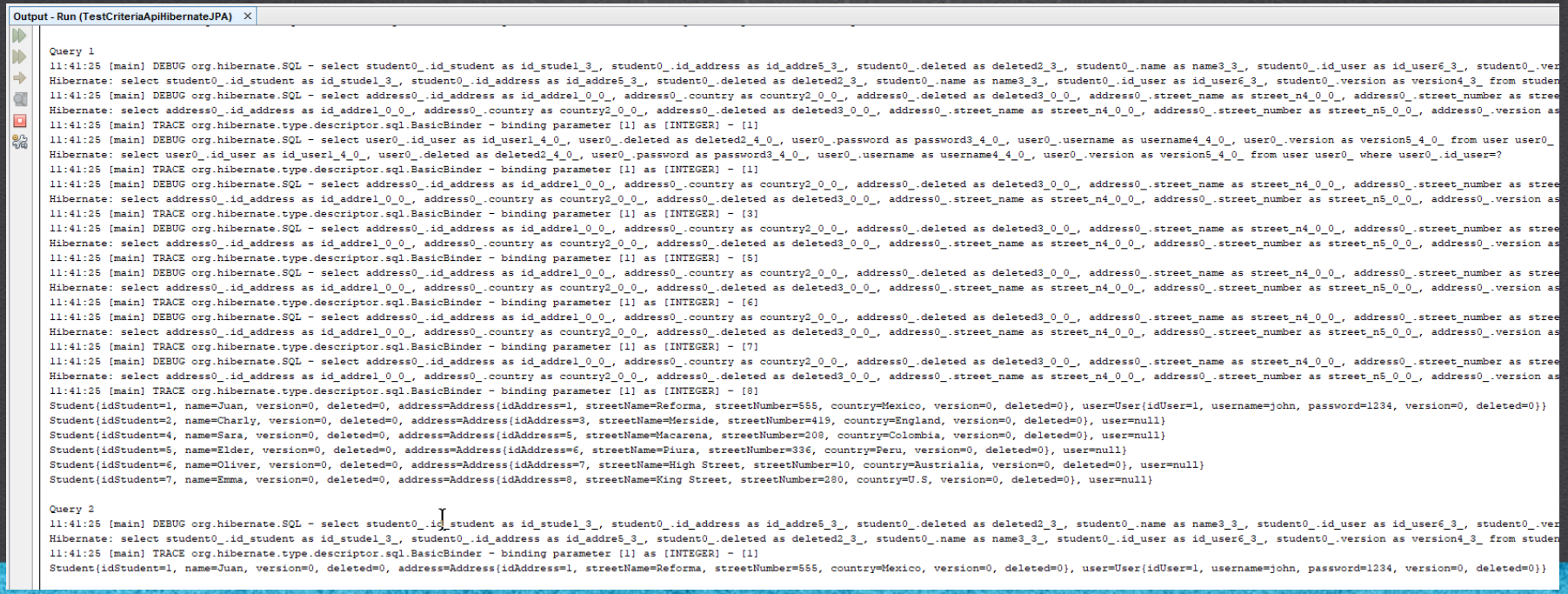
```
        //Query 10
        //Get the students whose name is not null
        //adding ordering by name asc and version desc
        System.out.println("\nQuery 10");
        CriteriaQuery<Student> qb10 = cb.createQuery(Student.class);
        Root<Student> c10 = qb10.from(Student.class);
        //We create the restrictions
        Predicate[] restrictions3 = new Predicate[]{
            cb.equal(c10.get("name"), "Charly"),
            cb.isNotNull(c10.get("version"))
        };
        //We add the restrictions
        qb10.where(cb.or(restrictions3));
        //We add order
        qb10.orderBy(cb.asc(c10.get("name")), cb.desc(c10.get("version")));
        //We execute the query
        students = em.createQuery(qb10).getResultList();
        printStudents(students);

    }

    private static void printStudents(List<Student> students) {
        for (Student s : students) {
            System.out.println(s);
        }
    }
}
```

5. EXECUTE THE PROJECT

We execute each of the queries of the project:



EXERCISE CONCLUSION

- With this exercise we have executed several of the queries with the Criteria API of Hibernate / JPA.
- With this we can already compare and decide if we use the HQL / JPQL language or the Criteria API.
- Each one has its advantages and disadvantages, but everything will depend on what we need in our application to know if we use another solution.
- In general we will use HQL / JPQL when the queries are more static and we will use the Criteria API when the queries tend to be more dynamic, in this way we will avoid less chain concatenation to create our queries.

ONLINE COURSE

HIBERNATE & JPA

By: Eng. Ubaldo Acosta