SERVLETS AND JSP COURSE

SHOPPING CART WITH HTTP SESSION



By the expert: Ubaldo Acosta

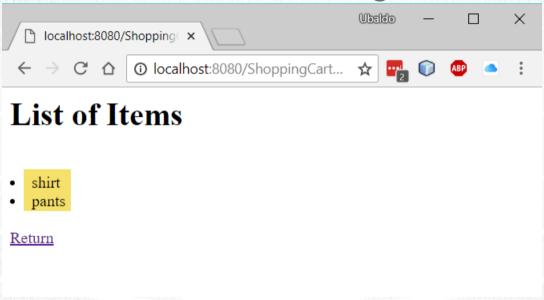




SERVLETS AND JSP COURSE

EXERCISE OBJECTIVE

Create a project to put into practice the shopping cart concept. At the end we will observe the following:



SERVLETS AND JSP COURSE

1. CREATE A NEW PROJECT

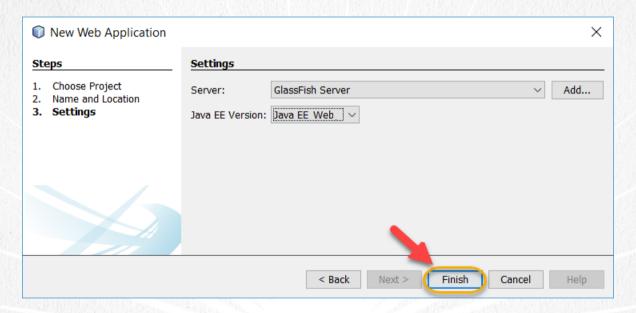
Create a new web Project using Maven:

New Web Application				
Steps		Name and Location		
1. 2. 3.	Choose Project Name and Location Settings	Project Name:	ShoppingCart	
		Project Location:	C:\Courses\Servlets\Lesson10	Browse
		Project Folder:	C:\Courses\Servlets\Lesson10\ShoppingCart	
		Artifact Id:	ShoppingCart	
		Group Id:	web	
		Version:	1	
		Package:		(Optional)
			< Back Next > Finish Cancel	Help

SERVLETS AND JSP COURSE

1. CREATE A NEW PROJECT (CONT)

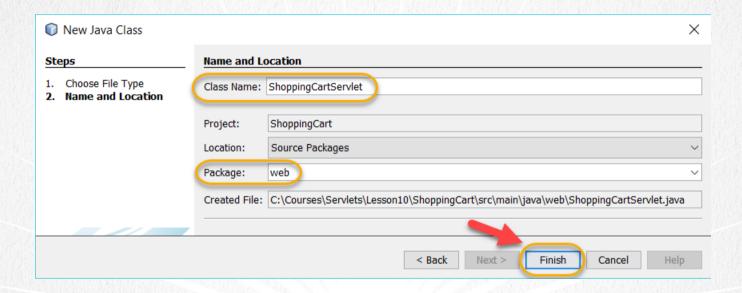
Create a new project:



SERVLETS AND JSP COURSE

2. CREATE A NEW CLASS

Create a new class that will be a servlet:



SERVLETS AND JSP COURSE

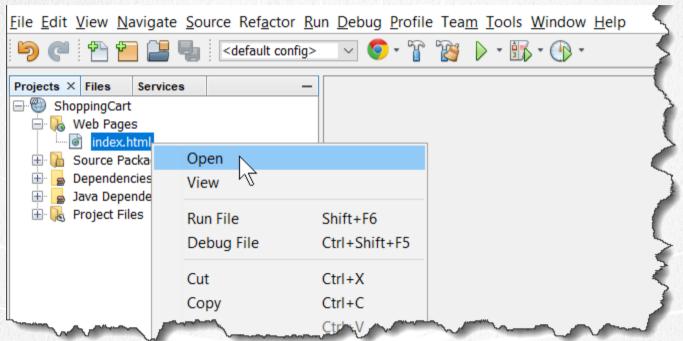
ShoppingCartServlet.java:

```
package web;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
@WebServlet("/ShoppingCartServlet")
public class ShoppingCartServlet extends HttpServlet {
    Moverride
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
            throws ServletException, IOException {
        response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
        //We process the new article
        String newItem = request.getParameter("item");
        //We create or recover the http session
        HttpSession session = request.getSession();
        //We retrieve the list of previous articles
        //if they exist in the session
        List<String> items = (List<String>) session.getAttribute("items");
```

ShoppingCartServlet.java:

```
//verify if the list of articles exists
if (items == null) {
   //If they do not exist, we initialize the list
   //and we add it to the session
   items = new ArrayList<>();
    session.setAttribute("items", items);
//We already have the list of items ready to work
//We add the new item
//and we add it by reference to the list of items
if (newItem != null && !newItem.trim().equals(""))
    items.add(newItem);
try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
   //We show the total items to the customer
   out.println("<h1>List of Items</h1>");
    out.println("<br>");
    //We iterate all the articles, including the new
    for (String item : items) {
        out.print("<LI>" + item + "</LI>");
    //We add a link to return to the beginning
   out.println("<br>");
    out.println("<a href='/ShoppingCart'>Return</a>");
    out.close();
```

Modify the index.html file:

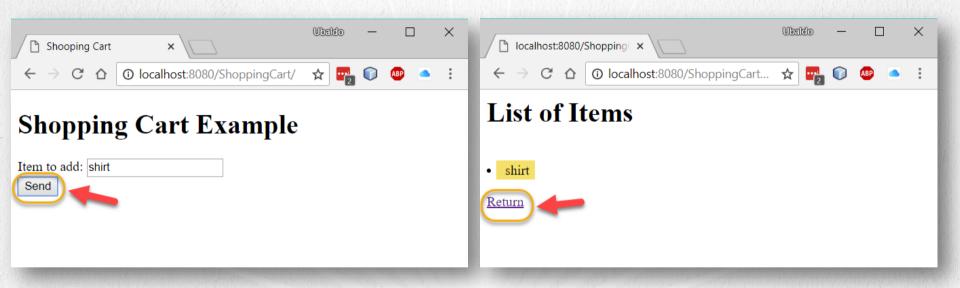


SERVLETS AND JSP COURSE

index.html:

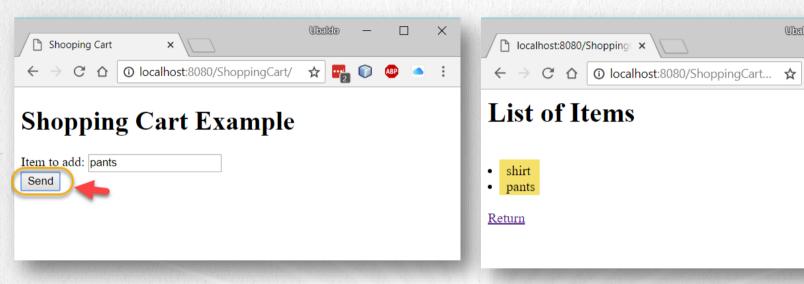
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
< html>
    <head>
        <meta charset="UTF-8">
        <title>Shooping Cart</title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <h1>Shopping Cart Example</h1>
        <form action="/ShoppingCart/ShoppingCartServlet" method="post" name="form1">
               Item to add:
               <input type="text" name="item">
               \langle hr \rangle
               <input type="submit" value="Send">
        </form>
    </body>
</html>
```

5. EXECUTE THE APPLICATION



SERVLETS AND JSP COURSE

5. EXECUTE THE APPLICATION



SERVLETS AND JSP COURSE

EXERCISE CONCLUSION

With this exercise we have simulated an online shopping cart, in which several objects have been added to a session and are associated with the user who is adding elements to the session.

Later we will improve this example when we discuss the JSP topic.



SERVLETS AND JSP COURSE

ONLINE COURSE

SERVLETS & JSP'S

By: Eng. Ubaldo Acosta





SERVLETS AND JSP COURSE