

Group Daily Report

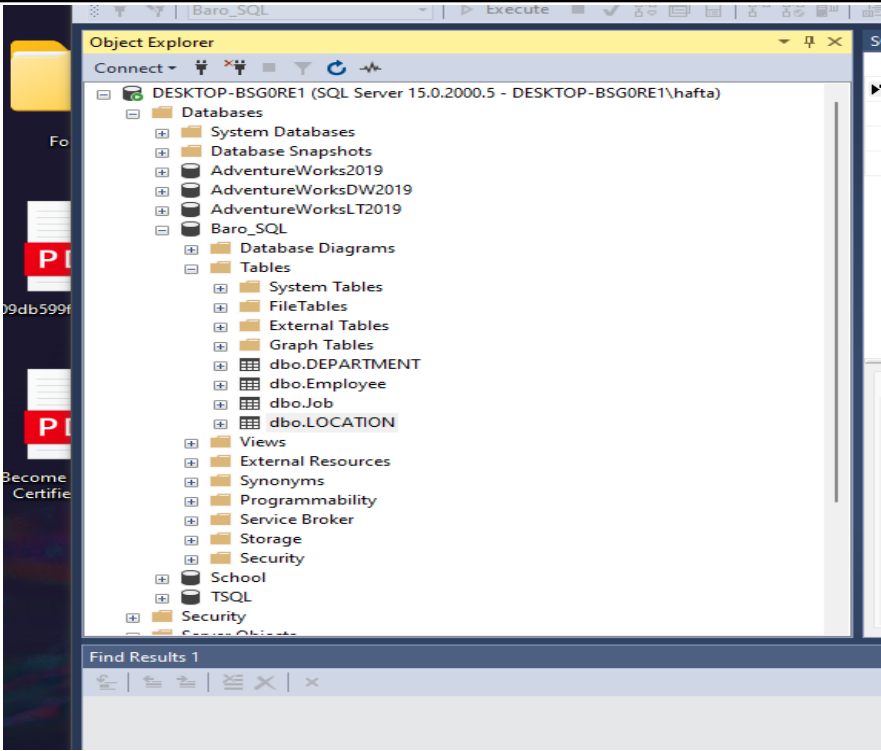
Group Members [Group Leader at the top]

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Agenda

#	Topic	Chapter
1.	Create a database called Baro_SQL and then the Following Tables and populate the table with the data accordingly.	
2.	Simple Queries	
3.	'where' condition	
4.	Order by clause	
5.	group by and having clause	
6.	Joins	
7	Set Operators	
8	Set Queries	

Detailed Breakdown

Topic #	Create a database called Baro_SQL and then the Following Tables and populate the table with the data accordingly.
1.	<div><p>The screenshot displays the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The left pane shows the 'Object Explorer' tree for the 'DESKTOP-BSG0RE1' instance. The 'Databases' folder is expanded, showing 'Baro_SQL' as a user database. The 'Tables' folder under 'Baro_SQL' is expanded, listing the following tables: 'System Tables', 'FileTables', 'External Tables', 'Graph Tables', 'dbo.DEPARTMENT', 'dbo.Employee', 'dbo.Job', and 'dbo.LOCATION'. The right pane shows the 'Find Results 1' window, which is currently empty.</p></div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none">•••••</div>
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/*Group-1 final T-SQL PROJECT

Group member name

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*/

create database Baro_SQL

USE Baro_SQL

GO

create table LOCATION

(Location_Id int primary key,

City varchar(30));

insert into LOCATION

values (122,'New York'),

(123, 'Dallas'),

(124, 'Chicago'),

(167, 'Boston')

create table DEPARTMENT

(Department_Id int primary key identity(10,10),

Name Varchar(50),

Location_Id int foreign key(Location_Id)references Location(Location_Id))

insert into DEPARTMENT

values ('Accounting',122),

('Sales',124),

('Research',123),

('Operations',167)

create table Job

(Job_Id int primary key identity(667,1) , Designation Varchar(50))

insert into Job

Values ('Clerk'),

('Staff'),

('Analyst'),

('SalesPerson'),

('Manager'),

('President')

```
Create table Employee
(Employee_Id int,
LastName varchar(50),
FirstName Varchar(50),
MiddleName varchar(50),
Job_Id int foreign key(Job_id) references Job (job_Id),
Manager_Id int,
HireDate date,
salary money,
Comm money null,
Department_Id int Foreign key
(Department_Id) references department(Department_Id)
```

```
)
Insert into Employee
values(7369,'Smith','John','Q',667,7902,'1984-12-17',800,NULL,20),
      (7499,'Allen','Kevin','J',670,7698,'1985-02-20',1600,300,30),
      (7505,'Doyle','Jean','K',671,7839,'1985-04-04',2850,NULL,30),
      (7506,'Dennis','lynn','S',671,7839,'1985-05-15',2750,NULL,30),
      (7507,'Baker','Leslie','D',671,7839,'1985-06-10',2200,NULL,40),
      (7521,'Wark','Cynthia','D',670,7698,'1985-02-22',1250,500,30)
```

--simple queries:

--1,

Select*

From Employee

--2

Select*

From DEPARTMENT

--3

Select*

From job

--4

Select*

From LOCATION

--5

Select FirstName,LastName,Salary,comm

From Employee

--6

Select Employee_id as 'id of employee',LastName as name,

```
Department_Id as 'dep_id'  
From Employee  
--7  
Select FirstName,LastName,sum(12*Salary)  
as 'Annual salary'  
From employee  
Group by FirstName,LastName
```

--'Where' condition:

```
--1,  
Select*  
From Employee  
Where lastName='Smith'  
--2,  
Select*  
From Employee  
Where department_id=20  
--3,  
Select*  
From employee  
Where salary between 3000 and 4500  
--4,  
select*  
From employee  
Where department_id IN(10,20)  
--5,  
Select*  
From Employee  
Where department_id not in(10,30)  
--6,  
Select*  
From employee  
Where LastName like 'S%'  
--7,  
select*  
From Employee  
Where LastName like 'S%h'  
--8,  
Select*  
From Employee  
Where LastName like 'S____'  
--9,  
Select *  
From employee
```

Where department_Id=10 and salary>3500

--10,

Select*

From Employee

Where comm is null

--order by clause:

--1,

select employee_id,LastName

From employee

order by employee_id

--2,

Select employee_id,FirstName,LastName

From Employee

Order by salary desc

--3,

select*

From Employee

order by lastName asc,salary desc

--4,

select*

From Employee

order by lastName asc,Department_Id desc

--group by & having clause

--1,

select Department_id, count(department_id)

as 'TotalInDepartment'

From employee

Group by Department_Id

--2,

select Department_id,max(salary) as MaximumSalary,

Min(Salary) as MinimumSalary,avg(Salary)

as avrageSalary

from employee

Group by Department_Id

--3,

select Job_Id,max(salary) as MaximumSalary,

Min(Salary) as MinimumSalary,avg(Salary) as avrageSalary

from employee

Group by Job_Id

--4,

Select DATENAME(Month,HireDate) as month,

count(Datename(month,hireDate)) AS month_wise

```
from Employee
group by DATENAME(month,HireDate)
```

```
--5,
select concat(Datename(month,HireDate) ,
datepart(year,HireDate))as year_month,
count(Datename(month,hireDate)) AS month_year_wise
from Employee
Group by DATENAME(month,HireDate),
datepart(year,HireDate)
```

```
--6,
select Department_Id,
count(*) as department_count
from employee
group by Department_Id
having count(*)>=4
```

```
--7,
select count(employee_id) as JanuaryHired
from Employee
where DATENAME(month,Hiredate)='January'
Group by hiredate,employee_id
```

```
--8,
select count(employee_id) as JanuaryAndSept
from Employee
where DATENAME(month,Hiredate)
in('January','September')
Group by hiredate,employee_id
```

```
--9,
--9. how many employees were joined in 1985.
select count(employee_id) as year1985
from Employee
where DATENAME(YEAR,Hiredate)='1985'
Group by DATENAME(YEAR,Hiredate)
```

```
--10,
select concat(Datename(month,HireDate) ,
datepart(year,HireDate))as year1985,
count(Datename(month,hireDate))
AS Hired_year1985_wise
from Employee
where DATEPART(year,HireDate)=1985
```

```
Group by DATENAME(month,HireDate),
datepart(year,HireDate)
```

```
--11,
select concat(Datename(month,HireDate) ,
datepart(year,HireDate))as year1985,
count(Datename(month,hireDate))
AS month_year1985_wise
from Employee
where Datename(MONTH,HireDate)='march'
and datepart(year,HireDate)=1985
Group by DATENAME(month,HireDate),
datepart(year,HireDate)
--12,
```

```
select Department_Id
from employee
where Datename(month,hiredate)='april'
and DATEPART(year,hiredate)=1985
and Department_Id>=3
```

```
--joins
```

```
Select*
From Employee
Select*
From DEPARTMENT
Select*
From job
Select*
From LOCATION
```

```
where Designation='manager'
```

```
--1,
select firstName,LastName,d.name
from employee E
INNER JOIN department d
ON d.department_id=E.Department_Id
--2,
select firstName,LastName,Designation
from employee E
INNER JOIN JOB J ON J.job_id=e.Job_Id
--3
```



```
select firstName,LastName,d.name as  
departmentName,City  
from employee E  
INNER JOIN department d ON  
d.department_id=E.Department_Id  
INNER JOIN location l on  
l.location_id=d.Location_Id  
--4
```

```
select count(e.department_id)  
as numberOfemployee,name  
from DEPARTMENT d  
INNER JOIN Employee e  
on e.department_id=d.Department_Id  
group by e.Department_Id,name  
--5,
```

```
select count(e.department_id) as  
salesEmployee,d.name  
from employee e  
INNER JOIN Department d  
on e.department_id=d.Department_Id  
group by d.name  
having d.name='sales'
```

```
--6,  
select count(E.Department_Id)  
as employeeCount,d.name  
from employee e  
INNER JOIN DEPARTMENT D  
ON D.Department_Id=E.Department_Id  
group by d.Name  
Having count(*)>=5  
order by d.Name
```

```
--7,  
select count(e.job_id) as jobsInOrganazation,  
j.Designation  
from Employee E  
INNER JOIN JOB J ON E.job_id=j.Job_Id  
Group by j.designation
```

```
--8,  
Select count(d.location_id) as Newyorkers
```

```
from department d
INNER JOIN location l ON
d.Location_Id=l.Location_Id
group by City
Having city='New york'
```

```
--9,
SELECT FirstName,LastName,salary,
RANK() OVER(ORDER BY SALARY DESC) AS Grade
from Employee
```

```
--10,
select count(employee_id) salaryGradeCount
from Employee
group by salary
```

```
--11
SELECT FirstName,LastName,
RANK() OVER(ORDER BY SALARY DESC) AS Grade,
count(employee_id) AS NoOfEmployee
from Employee
Group by salary,FirstName,LastName
having salary between 2000 and 5000
```

```
--12,
select e.firstname,e.lastname,q.employee_id,
q.manager_id
from Employee e,Employee q
SELF JOIN on e.employee_id=e.manager_id
where
```

```
select e.firstname as employeeName,
m.firstname as managerName
from Employee e
left outer join Employee m
on e.Manager_Id=m.Employee_Id
```

```
--There supposed be one more table that shows manager
--and employee relation
```

```
--13
```

```
--14
```

```
--15
```

```
--16
```

```
select firstName,LastName,d.name
from employee e
```

```
INNER JOIN DEPARTMENT D
ON E.DEPARTMENT_ID=D.DEPARTMENT_ID
group by FirstName,LastName,D.Name,e.Department_Id
HAVING e.department_id in(20,40)
```

--set operators

```
--1,
select distinct job_id
from employee
Where department_id in(10,20)
--2,
select job_id,FirstName,LastName
from employee
Where department_id in(10,20)
```

```
--3,
select job_id
from employee
where Department_Id in (30,10)
intersect
select job_id
from job
```

```
select*from job
select*from DEPARTMENT
select*from Employee
```

--sub queries

```
--1,
select *
from employee
Where salary =(select max(salary) from Employee )
```

--2,

```
select*from employee
where department_id
in(select department_id
from DEPARTMENT where name='sales')
```

--3

```
select*from Employee
where job_id in(select job_id from employee
where job_id=667)
select*from DEPARTMENT
select*from location
select*from Employee
```

--4

```
select firstname,lastname,city,d.department_id,
l.location_id from Employee e
inner join department d on
d.department_id=e.department_id
inner join location l on
l.location_id=d.Location_Id
where exists (select city from location where
l.Location_Id=122)
```

--5

```
select count(department_id)
as salesemployee from Employee
where Department_Id
in( select department_id
from employee
where department_id=20)
```

--6,

```
UPDATE Employee
SET salary=(select salary+(select salary*.1))
where Job_Id=667
```

--7,

```
delete Employee
where department_id=10
```

--8,

```
select max(salary)as secondHighest from Employee
where salary<(select max(salary) from Employee)
```

--9

```
select top 1 *from(select firstname,
lastname,salary,
DENSE_RANK()over(order by salary DESC)AS
NthHighestSalary from Employee)employee
```

--10

```
select top 1 *from(select firstname,  
lastname,salary,  
DENSE_RANK()over(order by salary DESC)AS  
NthHighestSalary from Employee  
where department_id=30)employee
```

--11,

```
select top 1 *from(select firstname,  
lastname,salary,  
DENSE_RANK()over(order by salary asc)AS  
NthHighestSalary from Employee where  
department_id=30)employee
```

--12,

```
select name from department  
where name not in  
(select d.name from department d  
inner join employee e on  
d.Department_Id=e.Department_Id)
```

--13,

```
select name from department  
where name not in  
(select d.name from department d  
inner join employee e  
on d.Department_Id=e.Department_Id)
```

--14,

```
select firstname,department_id,salary from  
employee where salary>(select avg(salary)  
as avrageSalary  
from Employee )  
group by firstname,  
Department_Id,salary
```

----completed-----