### CE 311K: Control flow - Branching and Iterations

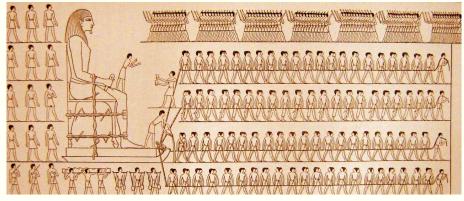
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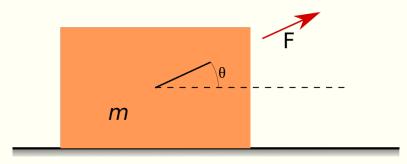
- Numerical solution of a sliding block
- 2 Bisection method

# What is the optimal angle to pull the statue?



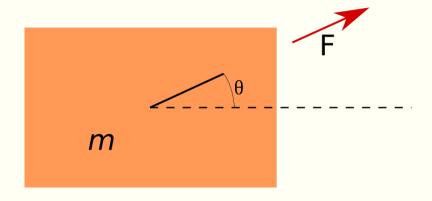
A wall painting from the tomb of Djehutihotep (credit: martinhumanities.com)

#### Numerical solution of a sliding block: Approximation

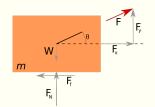


What is the optimal angle to pull the block applying the least amount of force?

#### Numerical solution of a sliding block: Forces



### Numerical solution of a sliding block: Forces



$$F = \frac{\mu \cdot mg}{(\cos \theta + \mu \sin \theta)}$$

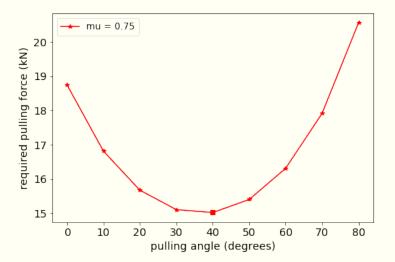
# Numerical solution of a sliding block: Compute force

• Given W = 25kN(2500 kg),  $\theta = 45^{\circ}$  and  $\mu = 0.75 (35^{\circ})$ :

• Given  $W=25kN(2500\,\mathrm{kg})$  and  $\mu=0.75$ , what's the optimum  $\theta$ ?

## QNumerical solution of a sliding block: Optimal theta?

Given  $W = 25 \,\mathrm{kN}(2500 \,\mathrm{kg})$  and  $\mu = 0.75$ , what's the optimum  $\theta$ ?



#### Lists

- A list is a sequence of data. (mutable)
- An 'array' in most other languages is a similar concept, but Python lists are more general than most arrays as they can hold a mixture of types.
- A list is constructed using square brackets:

```
>>> a = [0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80]
>>> print(a)
[0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80]
>>> type(a)
<class 'list'>
>>> len(a)
10
>>> a.append(90)
>>> print(a)
[0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90]
```

#### Iterating through a list: for loops

Looping over each item in a list (or more generally a sequence) is called 'iterating'. We iterate over the members of the lab group using the syntax:

```
for each item in list do
    print(item)
```

```
for item in list:
    print(item)
```

▲ Indentation matters in python!

### range()

The range() returns a sequence of numbers:

```
range(stop)
```

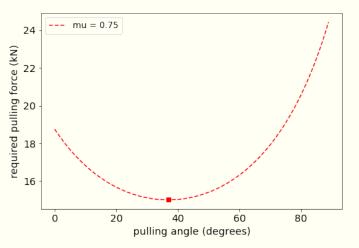
stop: Number of integers (whole numbers) to generate, starting from zero. eg. range(3) yields a sequence of [0, 1, 2].

```
range([start], stop[, step])
```

- start: Starting number of the sequence.
- stop: Generate numbers up to, but not including this number.
- step: Difference between each number in the sequence.

# Numerical solution of a sliding block: Optimal theta?

Given  $W = 25 \, \text{kN}(2500 \, \text{kg})$  and  $\mu = 0.75$ , what's the optimum  $\theta$ ?



Identifying optimum requires conditional statements

### Comparison on int, float and strings

 ${\tt i}$  and  ${\tt j}$  are variable names and comparisons below evaluate to a Boolean

#### Logic operators on bools

a and b are variable names with Boolean values

A	В	A and B	A or B
True	True	True	True
True	False	False	True
False	True	False	True
False	False	False	False

#### Designing a smart window: if condition



 An electric window opener, attached to a rain sensor and a temperature gauge, might be controlled by the following program:

# Designing a smart window: if condition

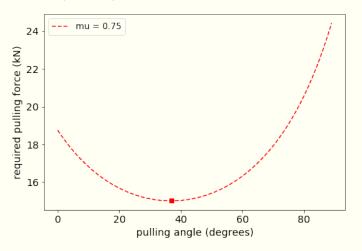
```
# If raining, close the window
if raining:
        close_window()
# If the temperature is over 80 F, open window
elif temperature > 80: # else if
        open_window()
# If the temperature is below 66 F, close window
elif temperature < 66:
        close_window()
# Otherwise, do nothing and leave window as it is
```

continue

else:

# Numerical solution of a sliding block: Optimal theta?

Given  $W = 25 \, \text{kN}(2500 \, \text{kg})$  and  $\mu = 0.75$ , what's the optimum  $\theta$ ?



Identify optimum with an if conditional statement

- Numerical solution of a sliding block
- 2 Bisection method

#### Calculate the optimum angle to pull for a given force

• Given  $F = 17.5 \, \text{kN} (1750 \, \text{kg})$ ,  $W = 25 \, \text{kN}$  and  $\mu = 0.75$ , what's  $\theta$ ?



### Numerical solution of a sliding block: Friction angles

