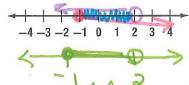
## **5-4 Notes** Solving Compound Inequalities

**Inequalities Containing** and A compound inequality containing and is true only if both inequalities are true. It is the **intersection** of the graphs of the two inequalities. Every solution of the compound inequality must be a solution of both inequalities.

Example 1: Graph the solution set of x < 2 and  $x \ge -1$ . Then graph the solution set.



Exercises

-14x+2 and



Example 2: Solve -1 < x + 2 < 3.

Graph the solution set of each compound inequality.

1. 
$$b > -1$$
 and  $b \le 3$ 

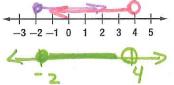
 $3.-2 \le p < 4$   $p < y \text{ and } p \ge 2$ 

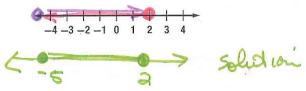
2. -3 < d and d < 2



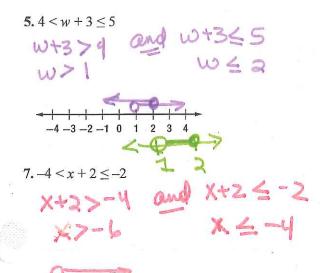
4.  $2 \ge q \ge -5$ 

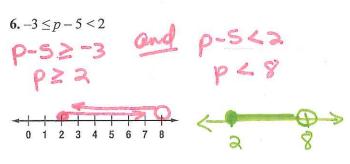
942 and 92-5

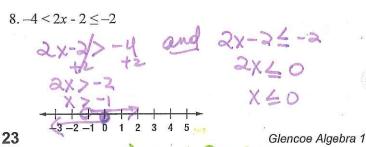




Solve each compound inequality. Then graph the solution set.



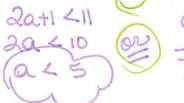




## Solving Compound Inequalities

Inequalities Containing or A compound inequality containing or is true if one or both of the inequalities are true. It is the union of the graphs of the two inequalities. The union can be found by graphing both inequalities on the same number line.

Example: Solve 2a + 1 < 11 or a > 3a + 2. Then graph the solution set.



a>30/t2 -3a-3a -2a>2

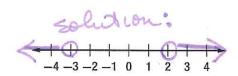


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Exercises

Graph the solution set of each compound inequality.

1. b > 2 or  $b \le -3$ 



2.  $3 \ge q$  or  $q \le 1$  Solution %

Solve each compound inequality. Then graph the solution set.

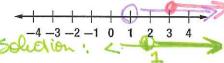
7. 3 < 3w or  $3w \ge 9$ 

3w>3 or 3w≥9

8.  $-3p + 1 \le -11$  or p < 2

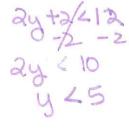
-3p≤-12 P≥4

Solution

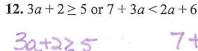




**10.** 2y + 2 < 12 or  $y - 3 \ge 2y$ 



y-3≥2y -y-3≥2y -y≤-3



3a+225 3a23 a21

