

# Databases for data analytics

## Home Assignments Description

### Course requirements

1. All assignments are mandatory.
2. Each of the assignments should be submitted within two weeks of the class in which it was given.
3. Assignments not submitted within the allowed submission timeframe will be graded 0.
4. Submission of at least 9 of the tasks is a prerequisite for taking the exam. Students who do not submit at least 9 assignments will not be allowed to take the exam and fail the course.
5. Each assignment accredits a prespecified number of points. These points get summed up towards the overall home assignment grade.
6. The overall assignment grade for students who submit more than 9 assignments will be calculated based on the assignments with the highest grades.
7. Overall, one can accrue up to 40 points in home assignments, i.e. home assignments comprise 40% of the final grade.
8. Submission of the final project is mandatory.
9. Up to 3 points will be given for participation in class.

### Assignments

#### 1 Introduction (zero points, no need to submit)

The assignment is to install a personal working environment. Coming with a laptop with such an environment to class will allow you to practice writing in class. Therefore, **please complete this task before the second lesson.**

1. Install [MySQL Workbench](#)
  - a. You might be asked to install Java too
  - b. Keep the username and password, you will need them when accessing the database with code.
2. Download the [IMDB schema](#), open it with an editor that can handle large files (e.g., [Notepad++](#))
3. Paste content into workbench and run
4. Run "select count(\*) from imdb\_1js.movies;" and see the you get 388,269

## 2 SQL(Select) (4 points)

Please write queries on the IMDB database for the following

1. All the movies from the eighties
2. All movies that have 'star', insensitive to case, in their name
3. All movies whose name is longer than 80 characters

## 3 DML (4 points)

Please write queries on the IMDB database for the following

1. All Hitchcock's movies with an 'Assassin' role (consider a movie with two of them as a corner case).
2. All movies with a 'detective', 'murderer' roles (case insensitive)
3. All actors that played with Marilyn Monroe
4. Copy directors to directors\_tmp and delete all those that did not direct any movie

## 4 Aggregations and Grouping (8 points)

Please write queries on the IMDB database for the following

1. Movies pairs with at least 10 common roles, and the roles (concatenated)
  - a. Use only the pair whose first id is lower than 1,000 to restrict size
2. Actors per movie distribution, with zero actors
3. The interesting question - find an interesting question about movies and answer it with SQL (bonus for the very interesting question)

## 5 Subqueries and SE (4 points)

This is a coding exercise.

You can implement it in either Python or R.

[In class](#) we built the table `actors_per_movie` using a sequence of queries.

1. Write code that runs automatically these queries (do use the SQL queries from the example, the emphasis is on implementing in code).
  - a. Add suffix “\_code” to all table names
2. Verify that `actors_per_movie` and `actors_per_movie_code` have similar content
  - a. Check that any key in one table also appears in the other.
  - b. Check that records of the same key in both tables are similar in the other columns too.

## 6 DDL (8 points)

### **Modeling (70% - 35% as customer, 35% as designer)**

1. The goal of the exercise is to model a sales database for a specific set of user requirements.
2. Each student should pair **twice** with others
3. One of the student should be a customer and the other is the designer
4. The **customer** should provide a **use case** for sales databases, **requirements**, and their **justification**. **Customer** grade will be based on:
  - a. Use case being realistic and important
  - b. Requirements fit to use case
  - c. Sensible justification
5. The **designer** should build a database and explain how it fits the requirements
  - a. Database fit to requirements. **Customer** and **designer** are **encouraged** to discuss the requirements and change them. Such a documented process will **increase** grades.
  - b. Explanation of fitting to requirements.
  - c. Normalization of database.
6. Each student should be with different people and in different role in each pair

### **Normalization (30%)**

1. A database system for basketball games presents per game
  - a. The teams

- b. The winning team and the score
  - c. The highest scorer per team
2. Build a normalized database the can present these results
3. Write a query on that database that present the results

## 7 Data integrity (8 points)

1. Find, using the information\_schema, all string columns and their number of records of length as the column length.
  - a. For example, column A in table Tab has 0 such records, column B has 10 records where the length of the column value in the record equal the column maximal length.
2. Open question:
  - a. Think of a reasonable logic to define directors\_genres.
  - b. implement it
  - c. See if your table matches the original one (hint: we checked similarity in the coding exercise. Use the same logic).

## 8 Performance (4 points)

1. Copy movies to a table without indices
2. Compare execution plan and time on both tables of
  - a. Select of a specific id
  - b. Select of all movie of odd id
  - c. Select of all movies where  $5000 < id < 10000$
3. Compare execution plan and time of select distinct year and select count(\*) from group by year

## 12 Final project - basic recommendation system (8 points)

The goal of this assignment is to build a basic movie-to-movie recommendation system.

Throughout the course we discussed many queries that identify relations between movies, that might suggest that people that like the first might like the second.

Examples are movies of the same director, movies with the same roles, etc.

You should use the **imdb\_movielens** schema.

The results should be evaluated with respect to the ratings.

The recommendations **must not use the ratings**.

1. Submit at least 20 pairs of movies, with recommendation level (1 - bad recommendation, 5 - neutral, 10 -great), and a justification. The recommendations of the class will serve as the ground truth.
2. Build 5 queries defining a relation of similarity between two movies.
3. All the recommendations into a single table.
4. Aggregate all basic recommendations into a single one.
5. Evaluate the precision and recall of your recommendations per model and for the aggregation.

Note that this is not a course on ML and recommendation systems, though it is a great opportunity to enter the domain.

Hint - taking care of data validity problems can allow you to keep the same logic yet boost the performance.

Extra credit will be given for creative ideas and well performing recommendation, yet is not a requirement.

You are not required to implement the system using code. However, that will allow you to do multiple quick iterations and therefore it is very recommended.

## Accepted pull requests ( 2 points, per PR)

Contributions to the [course repository](#) are welcomed.

They can contain links to [websites of interest](#), suggestions for [examples](#) and explanations.

Any accepted pull request will get 2 points with a grade of 100.

Extraordinary contributions might get more points.

