#### Libraries

```
In [1]: | import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import nltk
        from nltk.corpus import stopwords
        import string
        import sklearn
        nltk.download()
        from nltk.corpus import brown
        brown.words()
        import re
        import tensorflow as tf
        from nltk import word tokenize
        from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize, word_tokenize
        from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
        from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
        from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
        from sklearn.model selection import train test split
        from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
        from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        from sklearn import metrics
        from sklearn import model selection, naive bayes, svm
        from sklearn import svm
        from sklearn import preprocessing
        from tensorflow.keras.layers import Embedding
        from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences
        from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
        from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import one hot
        from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM
        from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
        from tensorflow.keras.layers import Bidirectional
        from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dropout
```

showing info https://raw.githubusercontent.com/nltk/nltk\_data/gh-pages/index.xm
1 (https://raw.githubusercontent.com/nltk/nltk data/gh-pages/index.xml)

#### **Dataset**

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\Laptop inn\\Downloads\\fake-news\\train.csv')
    df.head()
```

#### Out[2]:

|   | id | title   | author             | text  | label |
|---|----|---|--------------------|---|-------|
| 0 | 0  | House Dem Aide: We Didn't Even<br>See Comey's Let | Darrell Lucus      | House Dem Aide: We Didn't<br>Even See Comey's Let | 1     |
| 1 | 1  | FLYNN: Hillary Clinton, Big Woman on Campus       | Daniel J. Flynn    | Ever get the feeling your life circles the rou    | 0     |
| 2 | 2  | Why the Truth Might Get You Fired                 | Consortiumnews.com | Why the Truth Might Get You Fired October 29,     | 1     |
| 3 | 3  | 15 Civilians Killed In Single US<br>Airstrike Hav | Jessica Purkiss    | Videos 15 Civilians Killed In<br>Single US Airstr | 1     |
| 4 | 4  | Iranian woman jailed for fictional<br>unpublished | Howard Portnoy     | Print \nAn Iranian woman has been sentenced to    | 1     |

```
In [3]: Bal = df = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\Laptop inn\\Downloads\\fake-news\\train.csv')
```

#### Convert the data into numerical

```
In [4]: le = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
Bal = Bal.apply(le.fit_transform)
```

In [5]: Bal.head()

#### Out[5]:

|   | id | title | author | text  | label |
|---|----|-------|--------|-------|-------|
| 0 | 0  | 7609  | 940    | 8021  | 1     |
| 1 | 1  | 5854  | 908    | 6297  | 0     |
| 2 | 2  | 18702 | 826    | 19125 | 1     |
| 3 | 3  | 145   | 1776   | 17464 | 1     |
| 4 | 4  | 8529  | 1498   | 13019 | 1     |

#### **Label Data**

```
In [6]:
    X = Bal.drop(['label'], axis=1)
    Y = Bal['label']
```

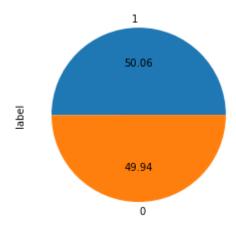
#### **Classes**

```
In [7]: Y.value_counts()
Out[7]: 1    10413
          0    10387
          Name: label, dtype: int64
```

#### Plot shows classes are Balanced

```
In [8]:
Y.value_counts().plot.pie(autopct='%.2f')
```

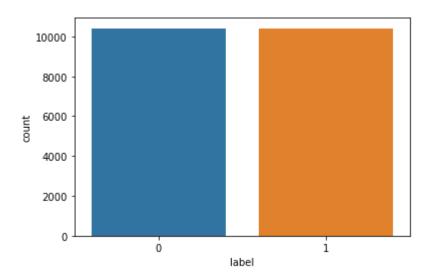
Out[8]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='label'>



## **Counter plot of classes**



Out[9]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='label', ylabel='count'>



## Pairplot of dataset

```
In [10]:
           sns.pairplot(Bal[['id','title','author','text','label']],hue='label')
Out[10]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x2413b933be0>
              20000
              15000
            □ 10000
               5000
              20000
              15000
            불 10000
               5000
                                                                                                       label
               4000
               3000
               2000
               1000
              20000
              15000
            ig 10000
               5000
                          10000
                                 20000
                                               10000
                                                      20000
                                                                          4000
                                                                                        10000
                                                                                               20000
                                                                    2000
                                                title
                                                                    author
                                                                                         text
In [11]: df.shape
Out[11]: (20800, 5)
In [12]: df.drop_duplicates(inplace= True)
           df.shape
Out[12]: (20800, 5)
```

#### droped empty strings

### **Combine import columns**

# Define the function to remove the punctuation

```
In [18]:
         def remove punctuations(text):
             for punctuation in string.punctuation:
                 text = text.replace(punctuation, '')
             return text
         df['Removed Puntuations'] = df['combined'].apply(remove punctuations)
In [19]: df['Removed_Puntuations']
Out[19]: 0
                  Darrell Lucus House Dem Aide We Didn't Even Se...
                  Daniel J Flynn FLYNN Hillary Clinton Big Woman...
         2
                  Consortiumnewscom Why the Truth Might Get You ...
                  Jessica Purkiss 15 Civilians Killed In Single ...
         3
                  Howard Portney Iranian woman jailed for fictio...
         20795
                  Jerome Hudson Rapper TI Trump a 'Poster Child ...
         20796
                  Benjamin Hoffman NFL Playoffs Schedule Matchup...
                  Michael J de la Merced and Rachel Abrams Macy'...
         20797
         20798
                  Alex Ansary NATO Russia To Hold Parallel Exerc...
         20799
                  David Swanson What Keeps the F35 Alive David ...
         Name: Removed Puntuations, Length: 18285, dtype: object
```

#### Tokenized dataset

```
In [20]: def custom tokenize(text):
             if not text:
                 print('The text to be tokenized is a None type. Defaulting to blank strir
                 text = ''
             return word_tokenize(text)
         df['data tokenize'] = df['Removed Puntuations'].str.lower().apply(word tokenize)
In [21]: df['data_tokenize']
Out[21]: 0
                   [darrell, lucus, house, dem, aide, we, didn, '...
                   [daniel, j, flynn, flynn, hillary, clinton, bi...
         2
                   [consortiumnewscom, why, the, truth, might, ge...
                   [jessica, purkiss, 15, civilians, killed, in, ...
         3
         4
                   [howard, portnoy, iranian, woman, jailed, for,...
         20795
                  [jerome, hudson, rapper, ti, trump, a, ', post...
         20796
                   [benjamin, hoffman, nfl, playoffs, schedule, m...
         20797
                   [michael, j, de, la, merced, and, rachel, abra...
         20798
                   [alex, ansary, nato, russia, to, hold, paralle...
         20799
                   [david, swanson, what, keeps, the, f35, alive,...
         Name: data_tokenize, Length: 18285, dtype: object
```

#### Removed stopword

```
In [22]: |import nltk
         stopwords = nltk.corpus.stopwords.words('english')
In [23]: def remove_stopwords(txt_tokenized):
             txt clean = [word for word in txt tokenized if word not in stopwords]
             return txt clean
         df['Removed stopwords'] = df['data tokenize'].apply(lambda x: remove stopwords(x)
In [24]: df['Removed stopwords']
                   [darrell, lucus, house, dem, aide, ', even, se...
Out[24]: 0
                   [daniel, j, flynn, flynn, hillary, clinton, bi...
         1
                   [consortiumnewscom, truth, might, get, firedwh...
         2
         3
                   [jessica, purkiss, 15, civilians, killed, sing...
                   [howard, portnoy, iranian, woman, jailed, fict...
         4
         20795
                  [jerome, hudson, rapper, ti, trump, ', poster,...
                  [benjamin, hoffman, nfl, playoffs, schedule, m...
         20796
         20797
                  [michael, j, de, la, merced, rachel, abrams, m...
         20798
                  [alex, ansary, nato, russia, hold, parallel, e...
                   [david, swanson, keeps, f35, alive, david, swa...
         20799
         Name: Removed stopwords, Length: 18285, dtype: object
```

```
In [25]: # visualize the frequent words
#all_words = " ".join([sentence for sentence in df['Removed_stopwords']])
from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
all_words = ','.join(str(v) for v in df['Removed_stopwords'])
wordcloud = WordCloud(width=800, height=500, random_state=42, max_font_size=100).
# plot the graph
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 9))
plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```

```
In the second of the separate public without use say american around the separate say and the
```

### Separating the data & label

```
In [26]: X = df.drop(columns='label', axis=1)
y = df['label']
```

# Stemm or lemmatization use for normalize text data

```
In [27]: port_stem = PorterStemmer()
```

```
In [28]: def stemming(content):
               stemmed_content = re.sub('[^a-zA-Z]',' ',content)
               stemmed content = stemmed content.lower()
               stemmed content = stemmed content.split()
               stemmed_content = [port_stem.stem(word) for word in stemmed_content if not wo
               stemmed_content = ' '.join(stemmed_content)
               return stemmed content
In [29]: df['after_stemming']=df['Removed_stopwords'].apply(str)
In [30]: |df['after_stemming']
                    ['darrell', 'lucus', 'house', 'dem', 'aide', '...
Out[30]: 0
                    ['daniel', 'j', 'flynn', 'flynn', 'hillary', '...
          1
                    ['consortiumnewscom', 'truth', 'might', 'get',...
['jessica', 'purkiss', '15', 'civilians', 'kil...
['howard', 'portnoy', 'iranian', 'woman', 'jai...
          2
          3
                    ['jerome', 'hudson', 'rapper', 'ti', 'trump', ...
          20795
                    ['benjamin', 'hoffman', 'nfl', 'playoffs', 'sc...
          20796
                    ['michael', 'j', 'de', 'la', 'merced', 'rachel...
          20797
          20798
                    ['alex', 'ansary', 'nato', 'russia', 'hold', '...
          20799
                    ['david', 'swanson', 'keeps', 'f35', 'alive', ...
          Name: after_stemming, Length: 18285, dtype: object
```

#### **Feature Extraction**

```
In [31]: X = df['after_stemming'].values
y = df['label'].values

In [32]: vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
vectorizer.fit(X)

X = vectorizer.transform(X)
```

```
In [33]: print(X)
```

```
(0, 174982)
              0.04702508794926275
(0, 174894)
              0.010737513593484611
(0, 172747)
              0.04237181555679773
(0, 172734)
              0.06839775508466542
(0, 172603)
              0.036069571145668534
(0, 172516)
              0.013181356141822318
(0, 171771)
              0.024812039575453446
(0, 170821)
              0.03785009769123916
(0, 170431)
              0.016255525143627488
(0, 170212)
              0.012228133224596408
(0, 170084)
              0.028588071514040057
(0, 169963)
              0.013596793945404946
(0, 169668)
              0.011700758835554213
(0, 168427)
              0.027186186894261576
(0, 168391)
              0.020950363670322228
(0, 168307)
              0.016953845057030847
(0, 166924)
              0.02069813604176485
(0, 165220)
              0.06282885905786612
(0, 164065)
              0.033476174039273165
(0, 163724)
              0.016701412932223082
(0, 162534)
              0.03880242992319804
(0, 161634)
              0.010538871702038745
(0, 161605)
              0.04132937808352647
(0, 161485)
              0.08168057470268444
(0, 161480)
              0.07893382388208524
(18284, 9730) 0.025892466745593597
(18284, 9723) 0.026146900611270056
(18284, 9715) 0.02715186392290396
(18284, 9628) 0.01543098088717602
(18284, 9547) 0.03809663217859168
(18284, 8205) 0.017880683068178402
(18284, 8005) 0.03897715071969432
(18284, 7961) 0.018776888089097
(18284, 7844) 0.036769834639660395
(18284, 7420) 0.022693548433666406
(18284, 7049) 0.013313690963402236
(18284, 7031) 0.016765281829091674
(18284, 6512) 0.04022706558171179
(18284, 6324) 0.03860911144175071
(18284, 6249) 0.044070590629630854
(18284, 4788) 0.03066148787179068
(18284, 3748) 0.019103375339364584
(18284, 3638) 0.014627274824988561
(18284, 2693) 0.020165326655588883
(18284, 2679) 0.026762354757698125
(18284, 2569) 0.021029650707242126
(18284, 1404) 0.03483085679682759
(18284, 1344) 0.044070590629630854
(18284, 1339) 0.03473991746001765
(18284, 689) 0.01518053315070621
```

### **Logistic Regression Model**

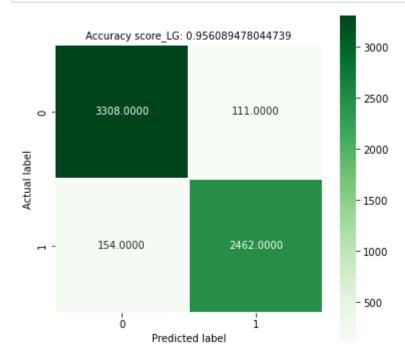
```
In [34]: plt.scatter(Bal.author, Bal.label ,marker='+',color='green')
         plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (30,19)
          1.0
          0.8
          0.6
          0.4
          0.2
          0.0
                        1000
                                 2000
                                           3000
                                                     4000
        from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.33, random)
In [36]: from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
In [37]: model = LogisticRegression()
In [38]: |model.fit(X_train, y_train)
Out[38]: LogisticRegression()
In [39]: model.predict(X_test)
Out[39]: array([1, 0, 0, ..., 0, 1, 1], dtype=int64)
In [40]: y_predict = model.predict(X_test)
In [41]: | lg_prediction = model.predict(X_test)
In [42]: lg_y_prediction = accuracy_score(lg_prediction, y_test)
In [43]: print(lg_prediction)
         [1 0 0 \dots 0 1 1]
```

```
In [44]: lg_train_prediction = model.predict(X_train)
lg_score_train = accuracy_score(lg_train_prediction, y_train)
```

### **Accuracy of Logistic Regression**

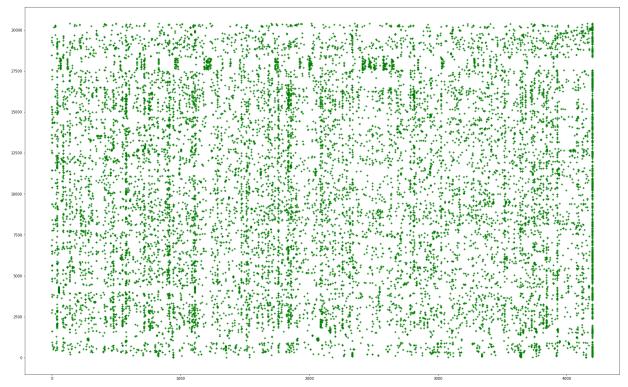
```
In [45]: print('Accuracy score of the test data : ',lg_y_prediction)
         Accuracy score of the test data: 0.956089478044739
In [46]: | from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
         print(classification_report(lg_prediction, y_test))
                                     recall f1-score
                                                        support
                        precision
                             0.97
                    0
                                       0.96
                                                 0.96
                                                           3462
                             0.94
                                       0.96
                                                 0.95
                                                           2573
                                                 0.96
                                                           6035
             accuracy
                             0.95
                                                 0.96
                                                           6035
            macro avg
                                       0.96
         weighted avg
                             0.96
                                       0.96
                                                 0.96
                                                           6035
In [47]: from sklearn.metrics import precision score, recall score, plot roc curve
In [48]: y predict = model.predict(X test)
         cm = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_predict)
         print(cm)
         [[3308 111]
          [ 154 2462]]
```

```
In [49]: plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
    sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt=".4f", linewidths=.3, square = True, cmap = 'Gree
    plt.ylabel('Actual label');
    plt.xlabel('Predicted label');
    all_sample_title ='Accuracy score_LG: {0}'.format(lg_y_prediction)
    plt.title(all_sample_title, size = 10);
```



### **SVM** classifier

```
In [50]: plt.scatter(Bal['author'],Bal['text'],color='green',marker='+')
    plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (10,8)
```

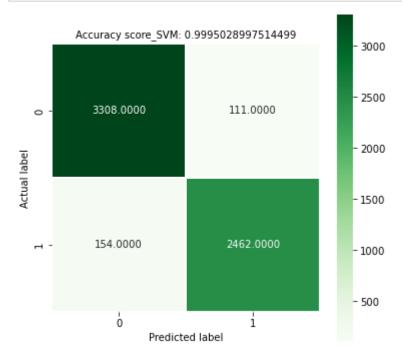


#### Accuracy score on the test data

```
In [54]: svm_prediction = classifier.predict(X_test)
In [55]: svm_y_predict = accuracy_score(svm_prediction, y_test)
```

```
In [56]: print(svm prediction)
         [1 0 0 ... 0 1 1]
In [57]:
         svm train prediction = classifier.predict(X train)
         svm score train = accuracy score(svm train prediction, y train)
In [58]: print('Accuracy score of the test data : ',svm y predict)
         Accuracy score of the test data: 0.9995028997514499
In [59]: from sklearn.metrics import classification report
         print(classification report(svm prediction, y test))
                        precision
                                     recall f1-score
                                                        support
                    0
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                 1.00
                                                           3418
                    1
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                 1.00
                                                           2617
                                                 1.00
                                                           6035
             accuracy
            macro avg
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                 1.00
                                                           6035
         weighted avg
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                 1.00
                                                           6035
In [60]:
         classifier = []
         classifier.append(('SVM', svm.SVC()))
In [61]: from sklearn.metrics import precision score, recall score, plot roc curve
In [62]: |y_predict = model.predict(X_test)
         cm = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_predict)
         print(cm)
         [[3308 111]
          [ 154 2462]]
```

```
In [63]: plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
    sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt=".4f", linewidths=.3, square = True, cmap = 'Gree
    plt.ylabel('Actual label');
    plt.xlabel('Predicted label');
    all_sample_title ='Accuracy score_SVM: {0}'.format(svm_y_predict)
    plt.title(all_sample_title, size = 10);
```



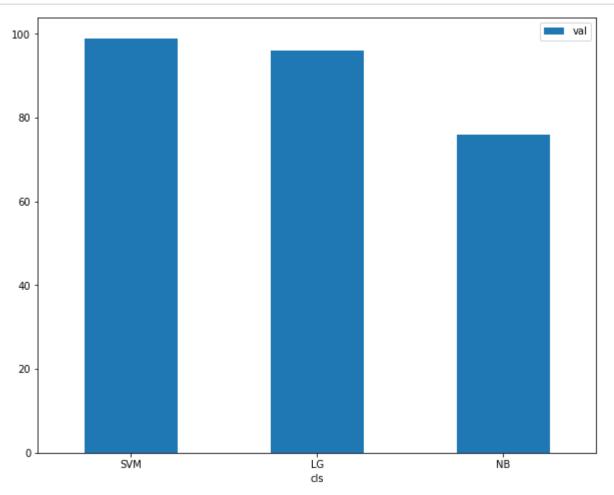
## **Naive Bayes Classifier**

```
In [66]: model.fit(X_train, y_train)
Out[66]: MultinomialNB()
In [67]: NB = model.predict(X_test)
In [68]: NB_y_predict = accuracy_score(NB, y_test)
In [69]: NB_train_prediction = model.predict(X_train)
NB_score_train = accuracy_score(NB_train_prediction, y_train)
```

### **Accuracy of Naive bayes**

```
In [70]: print('Accuracy score of the test data : ',NB_y_predict)
         Accuracy score of the test data: 0.762373530216024
In [71]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
         print(classification report(NB, y test))
                        precision
                                     recall f1-score
                                                        support
                    0
                             1.00
                                       0.71
                                                 0.83
                                                           2947
                    1
                             0.45
                                       1.00
                                                 0.62
                                                            710
                                                 0.76
             accuracy
                                                           3657
                                                 0.72
            macro avg
                             0.72
                                       0.85
                                                           3657
         weighted avg
                             0.89
                                       0.76
                                                 0.79
                                                           3657
```

```
In [72]: Bal = pd.DataFrame({'cls':['SVM','LG','NB'], 'val':[99,96,76]})
ax = Bal.plot.bar(x='cls', y='val', rot=0)
```



```
In [73]: X_new = X_test[670]
    print('original =' ,Y[0])
    prediction = model.predict(X_new)
    print(prediction)

if (prediction[0]==0):
    print('The news is Real')
else:
    print('The news is fake')

original = 1
[0]
The news is Real
```

#### **RNN MODEL**

#### **Important libraries**

```
In [74]: import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         import tensorflow as tf
         import re
         from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
         import tensorflow as tf
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, precision_score, re
         import seaborn as sns
         plt.style.use('ggplot')
In [75]:
         real_df = pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\Laptop inn\\Desktop\Fake.csv")
         fake df = pd.read csv("C:\\Users\\Laptop inn\\Desktop\True.csv")
         real df.head()
```

#### Out[75]:

|   | title  | text  | subject | date                 |
|---|--|---|---------|----------------------|
| 0 | Donald Trump Sends Out Embarrassing<br>New Year' | Donald Trump just couldn t wish all<br>Americans  | News    | December<br>31, 2017 |
| 1 | Drunk Bragging Trump Staffer Started<br>Russian  | House Intelligence Committee<br>Chairman Devin Nu | News    | December<br>31, 2017 |
| 2 | Sheriff David Clarke Becomes An Internet Joke    | On Friday, it was revealed that former Milwauk    | News    | December<br>30, 2017 |
| 3 | Trump Is So Obsessed He Even Has<br>Obama's Name | On Christmas day, Donald Trump announced that     | News    | December<br>29, 2017 |
| 4 | Pope Francis Just Called Out Donald<br>Trump Dur | Pope Francis used his annual<br>Christmas Day mes | News    | December<br>25, 2017 |

### Checking for unique values for subject

```
In [78]: fake_df.subject.unique()
Out[78]: array(['politicsNews', 'worldnews'], dtype=object)
In [79]: real_df.subject.unique()
Out[79]: array(['News', 'politics', 'Government News', 'left-news', 'US_News', 'Middle-east'], dtype=object)
```

Drop the date from the dataset, I don't think there is a strong correlation between date and validity of the news.

```
In [80]: fake_df.drop(['date', 'subject'], axis=1, inplace=True)
real_df.drop(['date', 'subject'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

#### 0 for fake news, and 1 for real news

```
In [81]: fake_df['class'] = 0
real_df['class'] = 1
```

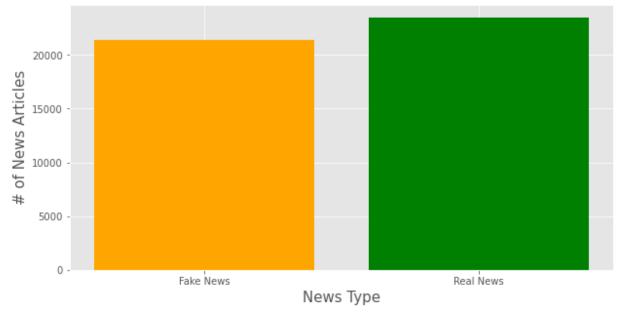
# Check out the distribution of fake news compare to real news

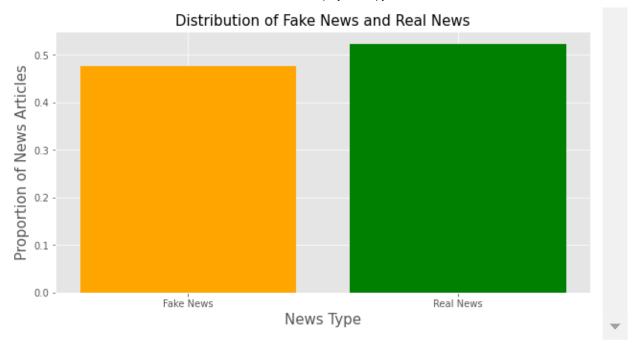
```
In [82]: 
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
    plt.bar('Fake News', len(fake_df), color='orange')
    plt.bar('Real News', len(real_df), color='green')
    plt.title('Distribution of Fake News and Real News', size=15)
    plt.xlabel('News Type', size=15)
    plt.ylabel('# of News Articles', size=15)

    total_len = len(fake_df) + len(real_df)
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
    plt.bar('Fake News', len(fake_df) / total_len, color='orange')
    plt.bar('Real News', len(real_df) / total_len, color='green')
    plt.title('Distribution of Fake News and Real News', size=15)
    plt.xlabel('News Type', size=15)
    plt.ylabel('Proportion of News Articles', size=15)
```

Out[82]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Proportion of News Articles')







In [83]: print('Difference in news articles:',len(fake\_df)-len(real\_df))

Difference in news articles: -2064

```
In [84]: news_df = pd.concat([fake_df, real_df], ignore_index=True, sort=False)
    news_df
```

#### Out[84]:

|       | title  | text   | class |
|-------|--|--|-------|
| 0     | As U.S. budget fight looms, Republicans flip t     | WASHINGTON (Reuters) - The head of a conservat | 0     |
| 1     | U.S. military to accept transgender recruits o     | WASHINGTON (Reuters) - Transgender people will | 0     |
| 2     | Senior U.S. Republican senator: 'Let Mr. Muell     | WASHINGTON (Reuters) - The special counsel inv | 0     |
| 3     | FBI Russia probe helped by Australian diplomat     | WASHINGTON (Reuters) - Trump campaign adviser  | 0     |
| 4     | Trump wants Postal Service to charge 'much mor     | SEATTLE/WASHINGTON (Reuters) - President Donal | 0     |
|       |  |  |       |
| 44893 | McPain: John McCain Furious That Iran<br>Treated   | 21st Century Wire says As 21WIRE reported earl | 1     |
| 44894 | JUSTICE? Yahoo Settles E-mail Privacy<br>Class-ac  | 21st Century Wire says It s a familiar theme   | 1     |
| 44895 | Sunnistan: US and Allied 'Safe Zone' Plan to $$T$  | Patrick Henningsen 21st Century WireRemember   | 1     |
| 44896 | How to Blow \$700 Million: Al Jazeera<br>America F | 21st Century Wire says Al Jazeera America will | 1     |
| 44897 | 10 U.S. Navy Sailors Held by Iranian Military      | 21st Century Wire says As 21WIRE predicted in  | 1     |

44898 rows × 3 columns

## Combining the title with the text, it is much easier to process this way.

```
In [85]: news_df['text'] = news_df['title'] + news_df['text']
news_df.drop('title', axis=1, inplace=True)
```

### Split into training and testing

```
In [86]: features = news_df['text']
    targets = news_df['class']

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(features, targets, test_size=
```

## Normalizing our data

```
In [87]: def normalize(data):
    normalized = []
    for i in data:
        i = i.lower()
        # get rid of urls
        i = re.sub('https?://S+|www\.\S+', '', i)
        # get rid of non words and extra spaces
        i = re.sub('\\\", '', i)
        i = re.sub('\\", '', i)
        i = re.sub('\\", '', i)
        i = re.sub('\", '', i)
        rormalized.append(i)
        return normalized

X_train = normalize(X_train)
X_test = normalize(X_test)

In [88]: max_vocab = 10000
    tokenizer = Tokenizer(num_words=max_vocab)
    tokenizer.fit_on_texts(X_train)
```

# Convert text to vectors, our classifier only takes numerical data.

```
In [89]: # tokenize the text into vectors
X_train = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(X_train)
X_test = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(X_test)
```

# Apply padding so we have the same length for each article

```
In [90]: X_train = tf.keras.preprocessing.sequence.pad_sequences(X_train, padding='post',
    X_test = tf.keras.preprocessing.sequence.pad_sequences(X_test, padding='post', materials)
```

#### **Building the RNN.**

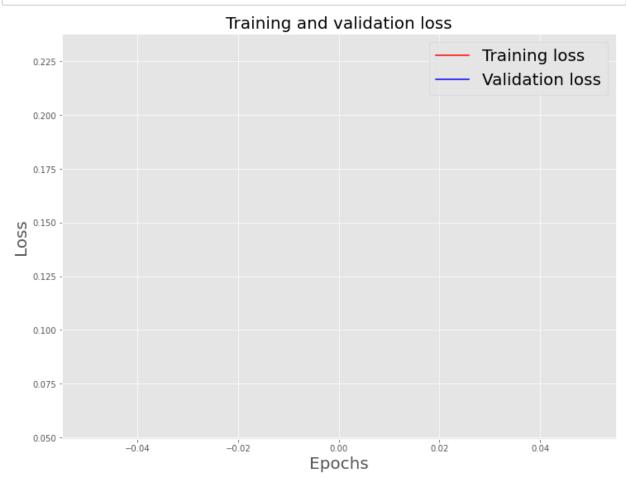
Model: "sequential"

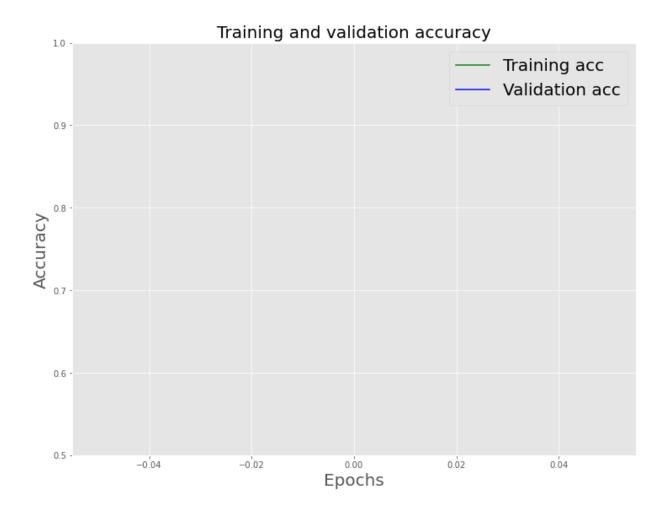
| Layer (type)                                | Output Shape      | Param # |
|---|-------------------|---------|
| embedding (Embedding)                       | (None, None, 128) | 1280000 |
| <pre>bidirectional (Bidirectiona 1)</pre>   | (None, None, 128) | 98816   |
| <pre>bidirectional_1 (Bidirectio nal)</pre> | (None, 32)        | 18560   |
| dense (Dense)                               | (None, 64)        | 2112    |
| dropout (Dropout)                           | (None, 64)        | 0       |
| dense_1 (Dense)                             | (None, 1)         | 65      |
| ======================================      |                   |         |

Non-trainable params: 0

#### Visualize our training over time

```
In [93]: history dict = history.history
         acc = history_dict['accuracy']
         val acc = history dict['val accuracy']
         loss = history_dict['loss']
         val_loss = history_dict['val_loss']
         epochs = history.epoch
         plt.figure(figsize=(12,9))
         plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'r', label='Training loss')
         plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'b', label='Validation loss')
         plt.title('Training and validation loss', size=20)
         plt.xlabel('Epochs', size=20)
         plt.ylabel('Loss', size=20)
         plt.legend(prop={'size': 20})
         plt.show()
         plt.figure(figsize=(12,9))
         plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'g', label='Training acc')
         plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'b', label='Validation acc')
         plt.title('Training and validation accuracy', size=20)
         plt.xlabel('Epochs', size=20)
         plt.ylabel('Accuracy', size=20)
         plt.legend(prop={'size': 20})
         plt.ylim((0.5,1))
         plt.show()
```





## **Evaluate the testing set**

```
In [95]: pred = model.predict(X_test)

binary_predictions = []

for i in pred:
    if i >= 0.5:
        binary_predictions.append(1)
    else:
        binary_predictions.append(0)
```

```
In [96]: print('Accuracy on testing set:', accuracy_score(binary_predictions, y_test))
    print('Precision on testing set:', precision_score(binary_predictions, y_test))
    print('Recall on testing set:', recall_score(binary_predictions, y_test))
```

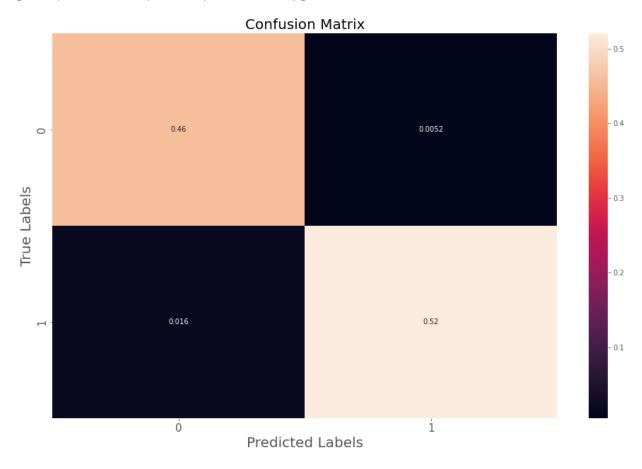
Accuracy on testing set: 0.9791759465478842 Precision on testing set: 0.9900465904277849 Recall on testing set: 0.9709241952232607

#### **Confusion matrix**

```
In [97]: matrix = confusion_matrix(binary_predictions, y_test, normalize='all')
    plt.figure(figsize=(16, 10))
    ax= plt.subplot()
    sns.heatmap(matrix, annot=True, ax = ax)

# Labels, title and ticks
    ax.set_xlabel('Predicted Labels', size=20)
    ax.set_ylabel('True Labels', size=20)
    ax.set_title('Confusion Matrix', size=20)
    ax.xaxis.set_ticklabels([0,1], size=15)
    ax.yaxis.set_ticklabels([0,1], size=15)
```

Out[97]: [Text(0, 0.5, '0'), Text(0, 1.5, '1')]



#### **LSTM Model**

```
In [98]: import pandas as pd
```

```
In [99]: df = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\Laptop inn\\Downloads\\fake-news\\train.csv')
    df.head()
```

#### Out[99]:

|   | id | title   | author             | text  | label |
|---|----|---|--------------------|---|-------|
| 0 | 0  | House Dem Aide: We Didn't Even<br>See Comey's Let | Darrell Lucus      | House Dem Aide: We Didn't<br>Even See Comey's Let | 1     |
| 1 | 1  | FLYNN: Hillary Clinton, Big Woman on Campus       | Daniel J. Flynn    | Ever get the feeling your life circles the rou    | 0     |
| 2 | 2  | Why the Truth Might Get You Fired                 | Consortiumnews.com | Why the Truth Might Get You Fired October 29,     | 1     |
| 3 | 3  | 15 Civilians Killed In Single US<br>Airstrike Hav | Jessica Purkiss    | Videos 15 Civilians Killed In<br>Single US Airstr | 1     |
| 4 | 4  | Iranian woman jailed for fictional unpublished    | Howard Portnoy     | Print \nAn Iranian woman has been sentenced to    | 1     |

```
In [100]: ###Drop Nan Values
          df=df.dropna()
In [101]: ## Get the Independent Features
          X=df.drop('label',axis=1)
In [102]: ## Get the Dependent features
          y=df['label']
In [103]: X.shape
Out[103]: (18285, 4)
In [104]: y.shape
Out[104]: (18285,)
In [105]: import tensorflow as tf
In [106]: from tensorflow.keras.layers import Embedding
          from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
          from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
          from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import one hot
          from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM
          from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
```

```
In [107]: ### Vocabulary size
voc_size=5000
```

## **Onehot Representation**

```
In [113]: ### Dataset Preprocessing
          from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
          ps = PorterStemmer()
          corpus = []
          for i in range(0, len(messages)):
              print(i)
              review = re.sub('[^a-zA-Z]', ' ', messages['title'][i])
              review = review.lower()
              review = review.split()
              review = [ps.stem(word) for word in review if not word in stopwords.words('er
              review = ' '.join(review)
              corpus.append(review)
          0
          1
          2
          3
          4
          5
          7
          8
          9
          10
          11
          12
          13
          14
          15
          16
          17
          18
In [114]: corpus
Out[114]: ['hous dem aid even see comey letter jason chaffetz tweet',
            'flynn hillari clinton big woman campu breitbart',
            'truth might get fire',
            'civilian kill singl us airstrik identifi',
            'iranian woman jail fiction unpublish stori woman stone death adulteri',
            'jacki mason hollywood would love trump bomb north korea lack tran bathroom
          exclus video breitbart',
            'beno hamon win french socialist parti presidenti nomin new york time',
            'back channel plan ukrain russia courtesi trump associ new york time',
            'obama organ action partner soro link indivis disrupt trump agenda',
            'bbc comedi sketch real housew isi caus outrag',
            'russian research discov secret nazi militari base treasur hunter arctic ph
          oto',
            'us offici see link trump russia',
            'ye paid govern troll social media blog forum websit',
            'major leagu soccer argentin find home success new york time',
            'well fargo chief abruptli step new york time',
            'anonym donor pay million releas everyon arrest dakota access pipelin',
            'fbi close hillari',
```

```
In [115]: onehot repr=[one hot(words,voc size)for words in corpus]
          # onehot repr
```

#### **Embedding Representation**

```
sent length=20
In [116]:
          embedded docs=pad sequences(onehot repr,padding='pre',maxlen=sent length)
          print(embedded docs)
          [[
                         0 ... 1337 4962 4801]
               0
                         0 ... 3439 2894 4005]
           0 ... 4590 4727 4641]
                         0 ... 2569 3720 3661]
                         0 ... 2137 2722 2906]
                         0 ... 162 4650 4136]]
In [117]: embedded_docs[0]
Out[117]: array([
                                                                            0,
                                                                                 33,
                                             0,
                   123, 4816, 2527, 1617, 3954, 2109, 1337, 4962, 4801])
```

## **Creating model**

```
In [118]:
          embedding_vector_features=40
          model=Sequential()
          model.add(Embedding(voc_size,embedding_vector_features,input_length=sent_length))
          model.add(LSTM(100))
          model.add(Dense(1,activation='sigmoid'))
          model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',optimizer='adam',metrics=['accuracy'])
          print(model.summary())
```

Model: "sequential 1"

| Layer (type)            | Output Shape   | Param # |  |
|-------------------------|----------------|---------|--|
| embedding_1 (Embedding) | (None, 20, 40) | 200000  |  |
| lstm_2 (LSTM)           | (None, 100)    | 56400   |  |
| dense_2 (Dense)         | (None, 1)      | 101     |  |
|                         |                |         |  |

Total params: 256,501 Trainable params: 256,501 Non-trainable params: 0

None

```
In [119]: len(embedded_docs),y.shape
Out[119]: (18285, (18285,))
In [120]: import numpy as np
    X_final=np.array(embedded_docs)
    y_final=np.array(y)

In [121]: X_final.shape,y_final.shape
Out[121]: ((18285, 20), (18285,))
In [122]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_final, y_final, test_size=0)
```

### **Model Training**

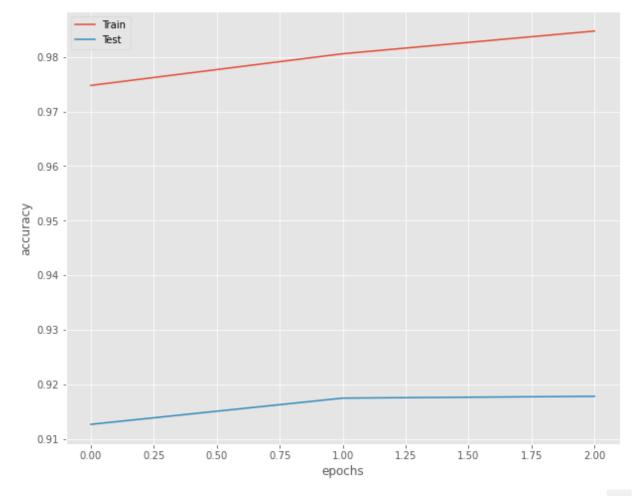
### **Performance Metrics And Accuracy**

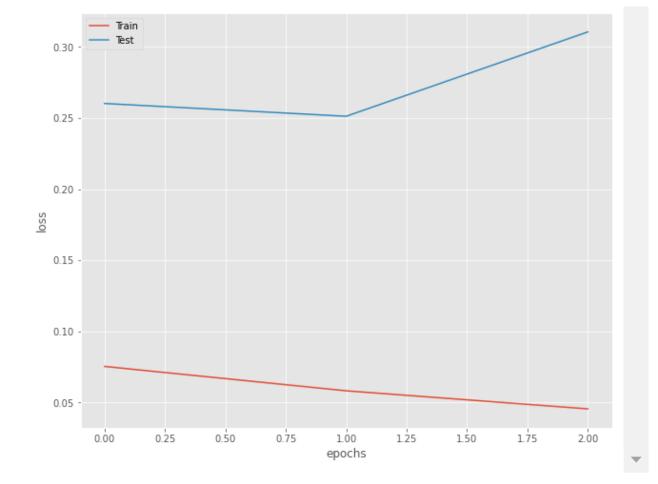
In [136]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy\_score
accuracy\_score(y\_test,y\_pred)

Out[136]: 0.91980115990058

```
In [138]: # visualize the results
    plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
    plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
    plt.xlabel('epochs')
    plt.ylabel('accuracy')
    plt.legend(['Train', 'Test'])
    plt.show()

    plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
    plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
    plt.xlabel('epochs')
    plt.ylabel('loss')
    plt.legend(['Train', 'Test'])
    plt.show()
```





In [ ]: