Computer Vision (CV)

- CV is The feild of AI forcesed on enabling machines to understand and interprit Vishal data Lite: (imagri, vidros, 30 scens) with the goal to mimic or surpass human ability to do things Li We: (recognize objects, understand scenes, track movement)

- Why: Self driving cars, facial recognition, ing recognition, etc

- Kry fasks in CV

1

11

- 1) image Mussification: input imp soutput class, Models: RONAL, NN
- 2) Object Ortection: Find and locate objs Like faces im imps, Models: CNN
- 3) Segmentation: Semantic Segmentation: color each pixel based on its Closs instance segmentation: Seperate individual objs, Models: R-CNN
- 4) img generation: Create new ing from scrach with conditions (Gon. At) .

 +techniques: Diffusion, CAN . Models: DALLE, Wan 2,50

O(LPD) img to img translation, 30 vision, Video understanding, img enhancement

- Concepts

- · Pixels: smallest unit of ing in RGB or Ungscale (Blw)
- · Fratures: Ratterns like edges, textures, shapes extracted from img
- . Convolution: Process of sliding filters over imps to detrot Fratures
- . Feature Maips: Dutpurs after convolution layers in NN
- . Pooling: Downsampling to focus on important into lefficiency. Ex Maxlarg pouling
- · Normalization: Scaling pixel values to stubolize learning. Ex piv 255 to get [0-1]