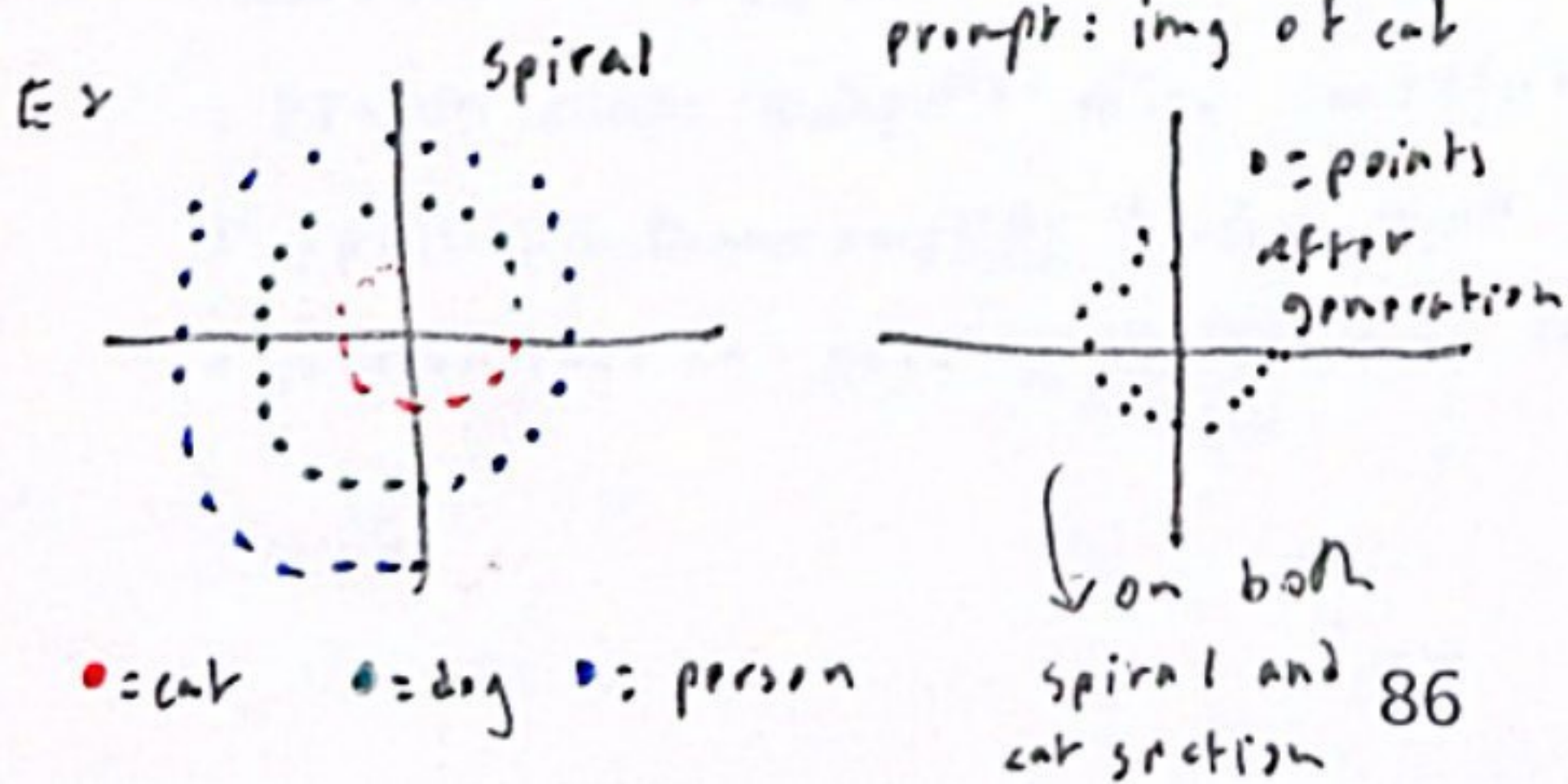


# Guidance (gen ai notes)

- Continuing from conditioning, the task of generally matching our overall spiral has overpowered our model's ability to move our point in the direction of a specific class
- it turns out we can solve this. The trick is to use the difference between the unconditional model that is not trained on a specific class and a conditional model that is. We could train 2 models but it's better to leave class info for a subset of the training data
- Now we have 2 vector fields one pointing towards the spiral's general direction and one pointing towards that specific class. Now for training data is points far from our spiral i.e. large  $t$ . The two vector fields point in the same direction (towards the spiral) but as time  $t$  becomes smaller and the training data is closer to the spiral the 2 vector fields diverge with the conditionals ... pointing towards the outer portion of that class on the spiral. Now we can use the vectors difference to push a point in the direction of the class we want specifically:  $f(x_t, \text{class}) - f(x_t, \text{uncond}) = \text{new direction}$   
we can now amplify this direction using  $\alpha$ :  $\alpha(f(x_t, \text{class}) - f(x_t, \text{uncond})) = \text{new vector}$
- now the points fall on the spiral and the portion of the spiral associated with that class



- so with both guidance and conditioning we get closer to a img that matches our prompt
- $\alpha$ : increasing  $\alpha$  (guidance scale) adds more and more detail to the generated img making it better and more accurate to the prompt.