

# Reasoning Models (LLM notes)

- reasoning models are AI models that are designed to go beyond pattern matching and perform logical step by step thinking like solving a math or coding problem
- these models aim to mimic human style thinking (AKA COT)

## Reasoning vs Regular LLM

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• perform logical steps</li> <li>• Good at solving multi step problems</li> <li>• can think through one step by step</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• predicts next word</li> <li>• Good at fluent text generation</li> <li>• often shallow (first instinct)</li> </ul> |
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## Ex of reasoning tasks

- Math word problems
- logic
- puzzles
- code gen / debug
- chain of thought explaining

- How do they reason: 1) chain of thought (COT) : encourages step by step output 2) tool use : API, calculators, web 3) Reinforcement learning : optimize reasoning with feedback 4) External memory : store intermediate steps

Ex prompt: Alice has 3 egg gives 2 to bob how many left

Regular LLM: 1 egg (wrong)

Reasoning Model: Alice starts with 3 egg gives 2 to bob so  $3-2=1$  egg left

## Agents

Component: Description of components

- a AI Agent can perceive, reason, decide and act in a env
- its not just a chat bot it can plan, use tools and interact with the world using api
- A agent is typically a LLM powered system
- in short Agents = LLM + tools + thinking + purpose

Brain : usually a LLM  
 perception : can see current state  
 Goal : has a objective  
 Planner : Decides next action  
 Tools : external tools (web, calculator etc)  
 Memory : can store context & prev steps  
 output : final output or task completion

Ex: find Best bph under 72 Soup

1) search web  
 2) scrap reviews  
 3) use LLM to summarize  
 4) return ranked list

LLM cannot do this Agent can