INSTRUCTIONS:

Fill out the hazard analysis and risk assessment below.

HA-001 should be for the lane departure warning function as discussed in the HA-002 should be for the lane keeping assistance function as discussed in the Then come up with your own situations and hazards for the lane When finished, export your spreadsheet as a pdf file so that a re-

nazaru ID			
	Operational Mode	Operational Scenario	Environmental Details
HA-001	OM03 – Normal driving	OS04 – Highway	EN06 - Rain (slippery roa
HA-002	OM03 – Normal driving	OS03 – Country Road	EN01 – Normal conditions
HA-003	OM03 – Normal driving	OS03 – Country Road	EN01 – Normal conditions
HA-004	OM03 – Normal driving	OS04 – Highway	EN01 – Normal conditions

e lecture.

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assistance system. Fill in the HA-003 and HA-004 rows. viewer can easily see your work.

Situational Analysis			
Situation Details	Other Details (optional)	Item Usage (function)	
SD02 – High speed		IU01 – Correctly used	
SD02 – High speed		IU02 – Incorrectly used	
SD02 – High speed		IU01 – Correctly used	
SD02 – High speed		IU01 – Correctly used	

Situation Description	Function	Deviation
Normal driving on highway roads during raining with high speed and correctly used system	Lane Departure Warning (LDW) function shall apply an oscillating steering torque to provide the driver with haptic feedback	DV04 – Actor effect is too much
Normal driving on country roads during normal conditions with high speed and incorrectly used system	Lane Keeping Assistance (LKA) function shall apply the steering torque when active in order to stay in ego lane	DV03 – Function always activated
Normal driving on country roads during normal conditions with high speed and correctly used system	Lane Departure Warning (LDW) function shall apply an oscillating steering torque to provide the driver with haptic feedback	
Normal driving on highway roads during normal conditions with high speed and correctly used system	Lane Keeping Assistance (LKA) function shall apply the steering torque when active in order to stay in ego lane	DV12 – Sensor sensitivity is too high

Hazard Identification				
Deviation Details	Hazardous Event (resulting effect)	Event Details		
The LDW function applies an oscillating torque with very high torque (above limit).	EV00 – Collision with other vehicle	High haptic feedback can affect driver's ability to steer as intended. The driver could lose control of the vehicle and collide with another vehicle or with road infrastructure.		
The driver was misusing the function by taking both hands off the wheel and incorrectly treating the car as a fully autonomous vehicle.	EV00 – Collision with other vehicle	The driver treat the function as if it were meant for fully autonomous driving.		
The camera doesn't work properly, but the function can still be activated.	EV00 – Collision with other vehicle	The camera provides the wrong lane information.		
The camera sensors that the vehicle is leaving, even when the vehicle is only a little away from the center of the lane, which is acceptable.	EV00 – Collision with other vehicle	The camera is too sensitive and can make the vehicle not stable.		

Hazardous Event Description	re (of situati on)	Rationale (for exposure)
The lane departure warning function applies too high an oscillating torque to the steering wheel.	E3 – Medium probability	Driving on a highway could happen in 1 % to 10 % of average operating time.
The driver uses the function improperly.		The driver is on a country road and misusing the system. That combination probably does not happen so often, so the exposure is E2.
Because the final torque is wrong, which will make the vehicle collide with other vehicles.	E3 – Medium probability	Driving on a highway could happen in 1 % to 10 % of average operating time.
The function can be activated so frequently even when the vehicle is very near the center.	E3 – Medium probability	Driving on a highway could happen in 1 % to 10 % of average operating time.

Hazardous Event Classification			
Severity (of potential harm)	Rationale (for severity)	Controllability (of hazardous event)	
S3 – Life-threatening or fatal injuries	Collision with high speed could cause life-threatening injuries	C3 – Difficult to control or uncontrollable	
S3 – Life-threatening or fatal injuries	Collision with high speed could cause life-threatening injuries	C3 – Difficult to control or uncontrollable	
S3 – Life-threatening or fatal injuries	Collision with high speed could cause life- threatening injuries	C3 – Difficult to control or uncontrollable	
S3 – Life-threatening or fatal injuries	Collision with high speed could cause life- threatening injuries	C3 – Difficult to control or uncontrollable	

	Data
Rationale (for controllability)	ASIL Deter minati on
It is difficult for the driver to stay calm and react properly.	С
The hands are not on the wheel at high speeds, a vehicle accident would not be controllable.	В
The driver can turn off the system to control the car, but it is hard for the driver to react very fast, like in 50 ms.	С
It is difficult for the driver to stay calm and react properly.	С

nination of ASIL and Safety Goals

Safety Goal

The oscillating steering torque from the lane departure warning function shall be limited.

The lane keeping assistance function shall be time limited and the additional steering torque shall end after a given time interval so that the driver cannot misuse the system for autonomous driving.

The lane warning departure function shall be deactivated, if the camera subsystem doesn't work properly.

The threshold of deviation to activate the function must be limited, so that the vehicle will not move left and right very frequently.

EXAMPLE DISCUSSED IN THE PROJECT INSTRUCTIONS - Headlamp

Hazard ID	
	Operational Mode
HA-001	Normal Driving

MORE EXAMPLES - Headlamp System

Hazard ID	
	Operational Mode
HA-001	OM03 - Normal Driving
HA-002	OM03 - Normal Driving
HA-003	OM03 - Normal Driving
HA-004	OM03 - Normal Driving
HA-005	OM03 - Normal Driving

	Sit
Operational Scenario	Environmental Details
City Road	Normal Conditions

Operational Scenario	Environmental Details
OS01 - City Road	EN01 - Normal conditions
OS01 - City Road	EN04 - Snowfall (degraded view)
OS03 - Highway	EN04 - Snowfall (degraded view)
OS02 - Country Road	EN01 - Normal conditions
OS02 - Country Road	EN04 - Snowfall (degraded view)

uational Analysis		
Situation Details	Other Details	item usage
(ontional)	(ontional)	(function)
Low Speed	road	Correctly Used

tuation Analysis		
Situation Details (optional)	Other Details (optional)	Item Usage (function)
SD03 - Low speed	Night time + Obstacle on the road	IU01 - Correctly used
SD03 - Low speed	road and no other illumination	IU01 - Correctly used
SD03 - High speed	road or uncoming curve	IU01 - Correctly used
SD02 - High speed	Night time + Oncoming vehicle	IU01 - Correctly used
SD04 - High speed	road and no other illumination	IU01 - Correctly used

Situation Description	Function
Normal Driving on a City Road in Normal Conditions at	Low beam illuminates the roadway in
Low Speed at Night with an Obstacle on the Road	the dark

Situation Description	Function
Normal Driving on City Road during Normal conditions with Low speed (Night time + Obstacle on the road)	Low beam illuminates the roadway in the dark
view) with Low speed (Night time + Obstacle on the	the dark
view) with High speed (Night time + Obstacle on the	Low beam murthnadest the roadway in
conditions with High speed (Night time + Oncoming	the dark
(degraded view) with High speed (Night time + Obstacle	the dark

	Hazard Ide
Deviation	Deviation Details
Function not activated	Both headlights stop working

	Hazard Ide
Deviation	Deviation Details
DV01 - Function not activated	Both headlights stop working
DV01 - Function not activated	Both headlights stop working
DV01 - Function not activated	Both headlights stop working
DV01 - Function not activated	Both headlights stop working
DV01 - Function not activated	Both headlights stop working

entification		
	iazaruous Evenii	Event Details
	resulting effect)	
Fro	nt collision with obstacle	obstacle with injury to

entification	
Hazardous Event (resulting effect)	Event Details
EV04 - Front collision with obstacle	Vehicle crashes into the obstacle with injury to driver
EV04 - Front collision with obstacle	obstacle with injury to
EV04 - Front collision with obstacle	infrastructure with injury to
EV08 - Collision with other vehicle	oncoming vechile or road
EV04 - Front collision with obstacle	infrastructure with injury to

	_
nazaruous Event	Exposure
Description	(of situation)
Total loss of low beam	E4 - High probability

Hazardous Event Description	Exposure (of situation)
Total loss of low beam	E4 - High probability
Total loss of low beam	E1 - Very low probability
Total loss of low beam	E2 - Low probability
Total loss of low beam	E4 - High probability
Total loss of low beam	E2 - Low probability

	Hazardous
Nationale	Severity
nigni ui (fag axpesyse) regulai	of potential harm)
night unamy in the crystal regular	S1 - Light and moderate injuries

	Hazardous
Rationale (for exposure)	Severity (of potential harm)
night driving in the city is a regular activity	S1 - Light and moderate injuries
unilluminated roads while it is snowing	S1 - Light and moderate injuries
however, heavy snow occurs a few	S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries
country driving is part of regular driving	S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries
driving, however, heavy snow occurs a	S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries

Event Classification

Rationale

(for severity)
In city traffiic, speed of vehicle is expected to be low

Event Classification

Rationale (for severity)

In city traffiic, speed of vehicle is expected to be low

In city traffiic, speed of vehicle is expected to be low
On highway speed of vehicle is expected to be high
On country roads speed of vehicle is expected to be high
On country roads speed of vehicle is expected to be high

Controllability	Kationale
(of hazardous event)	(for controllability)
C0 - Controllable in general	the situation by applying brakes and there is

Controllability (of hazardous event)	Rationale (for controllability)
C0 - Controllable in general	At city speed, most drivers will be able to control the situation by applying brakes and there is additional illmunitation on city roads
C1 - Simply controllable	usually drive at lower end of city speeds and
C2 - Normally controllable	murhmanon 10 % etixpecietror totalityi totalityi wiii
C1 - Simply controllable	mbndifficult for the expected of country road, it will mbndifficult for the expected of roading road, the miles
C3 - Difficult to control or uncontrollable	he difficult for the average driver to control the

Determination of ASIL and Safety Goals	
Determination Determination	Safety Goal
QM	Drovented

Determination of ASIL and Safety Goals	
ASIL Determination	Safety Goal
QM	Total loss of low beam shall be prevented
QM	Total loss of low beam snair
A	Total 1000 of low bealth offall
В	rotarioss ornowitedini sinaii
В	be prevented

Hazard & Risk Analysis Definition

Operational Mode

ID	Mode
OM01	Parked
OM02	Ignition on
OM03	Normal driving
OM04	Backward driving
OM05	Degraded driving
OM06	Towing (active)
OM07	Towing (passive)
OM08	Service
OM09	N/A

Operational Scenario

Operational Ocenario	
ID	Scenario
OS01	Any Road
OS02	City Road
OS03	Country Road
OS04	Highway
OS05	Mountain Pass
OS06	Off Road
OS07	Road with gradient
OS08	Road with bump
OS09	Road tunnel
OS10	Road with construction site
OS11	N/A

Situation Details

ID	Scenario
SD01	Low speed
SD02	High speed
SD03	Normal acceleration
SD04	High acceleration
SD05	Normal braking
SD06	High braking
SD07	N/A

Item Usage

ID	Mode
IU01	Correctly used
IU02	Incorrectly used
IU03	N/A

Environmental Details

ID	Scenario
EN01	Normal conditions
EN02	Sun blares (degraded view)
EN03	Fog (degraded view)
EN04	Snowfall (degraded view)

EN05	Cross-wind (lateral force)
EN06	Rain (slippery road)
EN07	Snow (slippery road)
EN08	Glace (slippery road)
EN09	N/A

Remarks	
Car is parked, ignition is off	
Car is parked, ignition is on	•
Car is driving	
Car is driving	
imp home mode	
owing another car	
Beeing towed by another car	
/ehicle is in repair garage	
ot applicable or not relevant	
·	

Remarks	
road type	
road attribute	
not applicable or not relevant	

Remarks	
driving attribute	
not applicable or not relevant	

Remarks Intended usage Unintended usage (foreseeable) not applicable or not relevant

Remarks	
weather attribute	

weather attribute	
road attribute	
road attribute	
road attribute	
not applicable or not relevant	

Reference
OM01 - Parked
OM02 - Ignition on
OM03 - Normal driving
OM04 - Backward driving
OM05 - Degraded driving
OM06 - Towing (active)
OM07 - Towing (passive)
OM08 - Service
OM09 - N/A

Reference
OS01 - Any Road
OS02 - City Road
OS03 - Country Road
OS04 - Highway
OS05 - Mountain Pass
OS06 - Off Road
OS07 - Road with gradient
OS08 - Road with bump
OS09 - Road tunnel
OS10 - Road with construction site
OS11 - N/A

Reference	
SD01 - Low speed	
SD02 - High speed	
SD03 - Normal acceleration	
SD04 - High acceleration	
SD05 - Normal braking	
SD06 - High braking	
SD07 - N/A	

Reference	
IU01 - Correctly used	
IU02 - Incorrectly used	
IU03 - N/A	

Reference	
EN01 - Normal conditions	
EN02 - Sun blares (degraded view)	
EN03 - Fog (degraded view)	
EN04 - Snowfall (degraded view)	

EN05 - Cross-wind (lateral force)	
EN06 - Rain (slippery road)	
EN07 - Snow (slippery road)	
EN08 - Glace (slippery road)	
EN09 - N/A	

Deviation

ID	Deviation (Guideword)
DV01	Function not activated
DV02	Function unexpectedly activated
DV03	Function always activated
DV04	Actor effect is too much
DV05	Actor effect is too less
DV06	Actor action too early
DV07	Actor action too late
DV08	Actor action before
DV09	Actor action after
DV10	Actor effect is reverse
DV11	Actor effect is wrong
DV12	Sensor sensitivity is too high
DV13	Sensor sensitivity is too low
DV14	Sensor detection too early
DV15	Sensor detection too late
DV16	Sensor detection before
DV17	Sensor detection after
DV18	Sensor detection is reverse
DV19	Sensor detection is wrong
DV20	N/A

Hazardous Events (possibe effects)

ID	Hazardous Event
EV-07	None
EV-06	Front collision with oncoming traffic
EV-05	Front collision with ahead traffic
EV-04	Front collision with obstacle
EV-03	Rear collision with trailing traffic
EV-02	Side collision with other traffic
EV-01	Side collision with obstacle
EV00	Collision with other vehicle
EV01	Collision with train
EV02	Collision with pedestrian
EV03	Car spins out of control
EV04	Car comes off the road
EV05	Car catches file
EV06	N/A

Remarks	Reference
Activation error	DV01 - Function not activated
Activation error	DV02 - Function unexpectedly activated
Activation error	DV03 - Function always activated
Quantitative error	DV04 - Actor effect is too much
Quantitative error	DV05 - Actor effect is too less
Timing error	DV06 - Actor action too early
Timing error	DV07 - Actor action too late
Sequence error	DV08 - Actor action before
Sequence error	DV09 - Actor action after
Logical error	DV10 - Actor effect is reverse
Logical error	DV11 - Actor effect is wrong
Quantitative error	DV12 - Sensor sensitivity is too high
Quantitative error	DV13 - Sensor sensitivity is too low
Timing error	DV14 - Sensor detection too early
Timing error	DV15 - Sensor detection too late
Sequence error	DV16 - Sensor detection before
Sequence error	DV17 - Sensor detection after
Logical error	DV18 - Sensor detection is reverse
Logical error	DV19 - Sensor detection is wrong
not applicable or not relevant	DV20 - N/A

Remarks	Reference
	EV-07 - None
	EV-06 - Front collision with oncoming traffic
	EV-05 - Front collision with ahead traffic
	EV-04 - Front collision with obstacle
	EV-03 - Rear collision with trailing traffic
	EV-02 - Side collision with other traffic
	EV-01 - Side collision with obstacle
	EV00 - Collision with other vehicle
	EV01 - Collision with train
	EV02 - Collision with pedestrian
	EV03 - Car spins out of control
	EV04 - Car comes off the road
	EV05 - Car catches file
	EV06 - N/A

Exposure

ID	Description
E0	Incredible
E1	Very low probability
E2	Low probability
E3	Medium probability
E4	High probability

Severity

ID	Description
S0	No injuries
S1	Light and moderate injuries
S2	Severe and life-threatening injuries
S3	Life-threatening or fatal injuries

Controllability

Controllability				
ID	Description			
C0	Controllable in general			
C1	Simply controllable			
C2	Normally controllable			
C3	Difficult to control or uncontrollable			

Duration (of situation)

Not specified

<1 % of average operating time

1 % to 10 % of average operating time

>10 % of average operating time

Remarks

No injuries

Light and moderate injuries

Severe and life-threatening injuries (survival probable)

Life-threatening injuries (survival uncertain), fatal injuries

Remarks

Controllable in general

99 % or more of all drivers or other traffic participants are usually able to avo 90 % or more of all drivers or other traffic participants are usually able to avo Less than 90 % of all drivers or other traffic participants are usually able, or

Frequency (of situation)

Occurs less often than once a year for the great majority of drivers

Occurs a few times a year for the great majority of drivers

Occurs once a month or more often for an average driver

Occurs during almost every drive on average

Probability of Injuries

AIS 0 and less than 10 % probability of AIS 1-6

More than 10 % probability of AIS 1-6 (and not S2 or S3)

More than 10 % probability of AIS 3-6 (and not S3)

More than 10 % probability of AIS 5-6

oid harm

oid harm

barely able, to avoid harm

Reference E0 - Incredible E1 - Very low probability E2 - Low probability E3 - Medium probability E4 - High probability

Reference	
S0 - No injuries	
S1 - Light and moderate injuries	
S2 - Severe and life-threatening injuries	
S3 - Life-threatening or fatal injuries	

Reference	
C0 - Controllable in general	
C1 - Simply controllable	
C2 - Normally controllable	
C3 - Difficult to control or uncontrollable	

ontrollabili	Exposure	Severity			
		S0	S1	S2	S3
C1	E1	QM	QM	QM	QM
	E2	QM	QM	QM	QM
	E3	QM	QM	QM	Α
	E4	QM	QM	Α	В
C2	E1	QM	QM	QM	QM
	E2	QM	QM	QM	Α
	E3	QM	QM	Α	В
	E4	QM	Α	В	С
C3	E1	QM	QM	QM	Α
	E2	QM	QM	Α	В
	E3	QM	Α	В	С
	E4	QM	В	С	D