cases

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Denote $p^{\min} := p^{\min\{0, v_2 + v_{11}\}}$ Denote $\rho := (1 - p^{-1})$ Denote f(p, t) the p and t product $p^{7v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 7v_4 + \min\{v_1, v_4\}} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4}$

1 Case 1

$$\begin{array}{l} v_3>v_1\geq v_4>v_2\geq 0\\ \Rightarrow v_{11}\geq -v_2-v_1\\ \Rightarrow \alpha:=\min\{v_2,v_2+v_{11}+v_1\}=\begin{cases} v_2, & v_{11}\geq -v_1\\ v_2-1,v_2-2,\ldots, & v_{11}<-v_1\\ \Rightarrow f(p,t)=p^{7v_1+10v_2+11v_3+7v_4+v_4}t^{4v_1+6v_2+6v_3+4v_4}=p^{7v_1+10v_2+11v_3+8v_4}t^{4v_1+6v_2+6v_3+4v_4}\\ \text{For }v_{11}\geq -v_2, \text{ we have }p^{\min}(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11})=p^{v_2}(1+v_2\rho).\\ \text{For }-v_1\leq v_{11}\leq -v_2-1, \text{ we have }p^{\min}(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11})=\sum_{-v_1}^{-v_2-1}p^{v_2}\rho(1+v_2\rho)=p^{v_2}(v_1-v_2)\rho(1+v_2\rho)=p^{v_2}(v_1-v_2)\rho+p^{v_2}v_2(v_1-v_2)\rho^2.\\ \text{For }-v_2-v_1\leq v_{11}\leq -v_1-1, \text{ we have }p^{\min}(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11})=\sum_{-v_2-v_1}^{-v_1-1}p^{v_2}\rho(1+\alpha\rho)=\sum_{i=1}^{v_2}p^{v_2}\rho(1+(v_2-i)\rho)=p^{v_2}v_2\rho+p^{v_2}v_2^2\rho^2-p^{v_2}\binom{v_2+1}{2}\rho^2.\\ \text{So we have }\sum_{v_{11}\geq -v_2-v_1}=p^{v_2}(1+v_2\rho+(v_1-v_2)\rho+v_2(v_1-v_2)\rho^2+v_2\rho+v_2^2\rho^2-\frac{v_2^2}{2}\rho^2-\frac{v_2^2}{2}\rho^2)=p^{v_2}(1+v_1\rho+v_2v_1\rho^2+v_2\rho-\frac{v_2^2}{2}\rho^2-\frac{v_2}{2}\rho^2). \text{ We compute the differences between }v_1,v_2,v_3,v_4,\\ v_3>v_1\stackrel{c}{\geq} v_4>v_2\stackrel{d}{\geq} 0 \end{array}$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a+b+c$, $v_2 \to a$, $v_3 \to a+b+c+d$, $v_4 \to a+b$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, c \ge 0$ and $b, d \ge 1$.

2 Case 2

$$\begin{split} v_1 &\geq v_3 \geq 0 \\ v_1 &\geq v_4 > v_2 \geq 0 \\ &\Rightarrow v_{11} \geq -v_2 - v_3 \\ &\Rightarrow \alpha := \min\{v_2, v_2 + v_{11} + v_1\} = \begin{cases} v_2, & v_{11} \geq -v_1 \\ v_2 - 1, v_2 - 2, \dots, & v_{11} < -v_1 \\ &\Rightarrow f(p, t) = p^{7v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 7v_4 + v_4} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4} = p^{7v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 8v_4} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4} \\ &\text{We have two sub cases.} \end{split}$$

2.1Sub case 2.1

$$-v_2 - v_3 \ge -v_1 \Rightarrow v_1 \ge v_2 + v_3$$

Here there is no phase transition, because the phase transition occurs at $-v_1 - 1 < -v_2 - v_3 \le v_{11}$

For $v_{11} \ge -v_2$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_2\rho)$. For $-v_2 - v_3 \le v_{11} \le -v_2 - 1$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2 - v_3}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2}\rho(1 + v_2\rho)$ $v_2\rho) = p^{v_2}v_3\rho(1+v_2\rho) = p^{v_2}v_3\rho + p^{v_2}v_3v_2\rho^2.$

So we have $\sum_{v_{11} \ge -v_2 - v_3} = p^{v_2} (1 + v_2 \rho + v_3 \rho + v_2 v_3 \rho^2)$.

We compute the differences between v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4 , we have several arrangements,

1.
$$v_1 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{b}{>} v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow 2a + b + c + d$, $v_2 \rightarrow a$, $v_3 \rightarrow a + b + c$, $v_4 \rightarrow a$ a+b, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where a,c,d>0 and b > 1.

2.
$$v_1 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{b}{>} v_3 \stackrel{a}{>} v_2 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$v_2 + v_3 - c - b = v_3 \Rightarrow v_2 = v_2 + v_3 - v_3 = b + c$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a + 2b + 2c + d$, $v_2 \rightarrow b + c$, $v_3 \rightarrow a + b + c$, $v_4 \rightarrow a + 2b + c$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $c, d \ge 0$ and $a, b \ge 1$.

3.
$$v_1 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{b}{>} v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$v_2 + v_3 - c - b = v_2 \Rightarrow v_3 = v_2 + v_3 - v_2 = b + c$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a + 2b + 2c + d$, $v_2 \rightarrow a + b + c$, $v_3 \rightarrow b + c$, $v_4 \rightarrow a + 2b + c$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, c, d \ge 0$ and $b \ge 1$.

4.
$$v_1 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{c}{>} v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow 2a+b+c+d$, $v_2 \rightarrow a+b$, $v_3 \rightarrow a$, $v_4 \rightarrow a$ 2a + b + c, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, b, d \ge 0$ and $c \ge 1$.

5.
$$v_1 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{c}{>} v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{b}{>} v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow 2a + b + c + d$, $v_2 \rightarrow a$, $v_3 \rightarrow a + b$, $v_4 \rightarrow a$ 2a + b + c, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, d \geq 0$ and $b, c \geq 1$.

2.2Sub case 2.2

$$-v_2 - v_3 < -v_1 \Rightarrow v_1 < v_2 + v_3$$

For $v_{11} > -v_2$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_2\rho)$.

For $-v_1 \leq v_{11} \leq -v_2 - 1$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_1}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + v_2 \rho) = p^{v_2}(v_1 - v_2)\rho(1 + v_2 \rho) = p^{v_2}(v_1 - v_2)\rho + p^{v_2}(v_1 - v_2)v_2 \rho^2$. For $-v_2 - v_3 \leq v_{11} \leq -v_1 - 1$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2 - v_3}^{-v_1 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho) = \sum_{i=1}^{v_2 + v_3 - v_1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + (v_2 - i)\rho) = p^{v_2}(v_2 + v_3 - v_1)\rho + p^{v_2}(v_2 + v_3 - v_1)v_2 \rho^2 - p^{v_2} \binom{v_2 + v_3 - v_1 + 1}{2} \rho^2$. So we have $\sum_{v_{11} \geq -v_2 - v_3} = p^{v_2}(1 + v_2 \rho + (v_1 - v_2)\rho + (v_1 - v_2)v_2 \rho^2 + (v_2 + v_3 - v_1)\rho + (v_2 + v_3 - v_1)v_2 \rho^2 - \frac{(v_2 + v_3 - v_1 + 1)(v_2 + v_3 - v_1)}{2} \rho^2) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_2 \rho + v_3 \rho - \frac{v_2^2}{2} \rho^2 + \frac{v_2 v_1}{2} \rho^2 - \frac{v_3^2}{2} \rho^2 + \frac{v_1 v_3}{2} \rho^2 + \frac{v_1 v_3}{2} \rho^2 - \frac{v_1^2}{2} \rho^2 - \frac{v_2}{2} \rho^2 - \frac{v_3}{2} \rho^2 + \frac{v_1 v_2}{2} \rho^2) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_2 \rho + v_3 \rho - \frac{v_2^2}{2} \rho^2 + v_2 v_1 \rho^2 - \frac{v_3^2}{2} \rho^2 + v_3 v_1 \rho^2 - \frac{v_1^2}{2} \rho^2 - \frac{v_2}{2} \rho^2 - \frac{v_3}{2} \rho^2 + \frac{v_1 v_1}{2} \rho^2)$. We compute the differences between v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4 , we have several arrangements,

1.
$$v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{d}{>} v_1 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{a}{>} v_2 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But $v_2 + v_3 - d - c = v_3 \Rightarrow v_2 = c + d$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a+b+2c+d$, $v_2 \to c+d$, $v_3 \to a+b+c+d$, $v_4 \to a+c+d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $b,c \geq 0$ and $a,d \geq 1$.

2.
$$v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{d}{>} v_1 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{b}{>} v_3 \stackrel{a}{>} v_2 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But $v_2 + v_3 - d - c - b = v_3 \Rightarrow v_2 = v_2 + v_3 - v_3 = b + c + d$
Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a + 2b + 2c + d$, $v_2 \rightarrow b + c + d$, $v_3 \rightarrow a + b + c + d$, $v_4 \rightarrow a + 2b + c + d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $c > 0$ and $a, b, d > 1$.

3.
$$v_2+v_3 \stackrel{d}{>} v_1 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{b}{>} v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But $v_2+v_3-d-c-b=v_2 \Rightarrow v_3=v_2+v_3-v_2=b+c+d$
Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a+2b+2c+d, \ v_2 \rightarrow a+b+c+d, \ v_3 \rightarrow b+c+d, \ v_4 \rightarrow a+2b+c+d, \ \text{and compute series with the new variables}$ as indices, where $a,c \geq 0$ and $b,d \geq 1$.

3 Case 3

$$\begin{array}{l} v_3>v_1\geq 0\\ v_4>v_1\geq 0\\ v_4>v_2\geq 0\\ \Rightarrow v_{11}\geq -v_2-v_1\\ \Rightarrow \alpha:=\min\{v_2,v_2+v_{11}+v_4\}= \begin{cases} v_2, & v_{11}\geq -v_4\\ v_2-1,v_2-2,\ldots, & v_{11}<-v_4\\ \Rightarrow f(p,t)=p^{7v_1+10v_2+11v_3+7v_4+v_1}t^{4v_1+6v_2+6v_3+4v_4}=p^{8v_1+10v_2+11v_3+7v_4}t^{4v_1+6v_2+6v_3+4v_4}\\ \text{We have two sub cases} \end{array}$$

3.1 Sub case 3.1

$$-v_2 - v_1 \ge -v_4 \Rightarrow v_2 + v_1 \le v_4$$

There is no phase transition here, since $v_{11} \ge -v_2 - v_1 \ge -v_4$

For $v_{11} \ge -v_2$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_2\rho)$.

For $-v_2-v_1 \le v_{11} \le -v_2-1$, we have $p^{\min}(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2-v_1}^{-v_2-1} p^{v_2}\rho(1+v_2\rho) = p^{v_2}v_1\rho + p^{v_2}v_1v_2\rho^2$.

So we have $\sum_{v_{11} \geq -v_2 - v_1}^{} p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho) \mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_2 \rho + v_1 \rho + v_1 v_2 \rho^2)$. We have several arrangements,

1.
$$v_4 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{b}{>} v_2 \stackrel{a}{>} v_1 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But $v_1 + v_2 - c - b = v_2 \Rightarrow v_1 = v_1 + v_2 - v_2 = b + c$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to b+c$, $v_2 \to a+b+c$, $v_3 \to a+2b+c$, $v_4 \to a+2b+2c+d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $c, d \ge 0$ and $a, b \ge 1$.

2.
$$v_4 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{b}{>} v_1 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

We substitute $v_1 \to a$, $v_2 \to a+b+c$, $v_3 \to a+b$, $v_4 \to 2a+b+c+d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, c, d \ge 0$ and $b \ge 1$.

3.
$$v_4 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{b}{>} v_1 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But $v_1 + v_2 - c - b = v_1 \Rightarrow v_2 = v_1 + v_2 - v_1 = b + c$

We substitute $v_1 \to a+b+c$, $v_2 \to b+c$, $v_3 \to a+2b+c$, $v_4 \to a+2b+2c+d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, c, d \ge 0$ and b > 1.

4.
$$v_4 \stackrel{d}{>} v_3 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_1 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

We substitute $v_1 \to a+b$, $v_2 \to a$, $v_3 \to 2a+b+c$, $v_4 \to 2a+b+c+d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, b, c \ge 0$ and $d \ge 1$.

5.
$$v_4 \stackrel{d}{>} v_3 \stackrel{c}{>} v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{b}{>} v_1 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

We substitute $v_1 \to a$, $v_2 \to a+b$, $v_3 \to 2a+b+c$, $v_4 \to 2a+b+c+d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a \ge 0$ and $b, c, d \ge 1$.

6.
$$v_3 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{c}{>} v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{b}{>} v_1 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

We substitute $v_1 \to a$, $v_2 \to a+b$, $v_3 \to 2a+b+c+d$, $v_4 \to 2a+b+c$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, d \ge 0$ and $b, c \ge 1$.

7.
$$v_3 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{c}{>} v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_1 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

We substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a + b$, $v_2 \rightarrow a$, $v_3 \rightarrow 2a + b + c + d$, $v_4 \rightarrow 2a + b + c$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, b, d \geq 0$ and $c \geq 1$.

3.2 Sub case 3.2

$$-v_2 - v_1 < -v_4 \Rightarrow v_2 + v_1 > v_4$$

For $v_{11} \ge -v_2$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_2\rho)$.

For $-v_4 \le v_{11} \le -v_2 - 1$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4} p^{v_4} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}$ $v_2\rho$) = $p^{v_2}(v_4 - v_2)\rho + p^{v_2}(v_4 - v_2)v_2\rho^2$.

For $-v_2-v_1 \le v_{11} \le -v_4-1$, we have $p^{\min}(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2-v_1}^{-v_4-1} p^{v_2}\rho(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11})$ $\begin{aligned} v_2\rho) &= \sum_{i=1}^{v_1+v_2-v_4} p^{v_2} \rho(1+(v_2-i)\rho) = p^{v_2} (v_1+v_2-v_4)\rho + p^{v_2} (v_1+v_2-v_4)v_2\rho^2 - \\ p^{v_2} \binom{v_1+v_2-v_4+1}{2} \rho^2. \\ &\text{So we have } \sum_{v_{11} \geq -v_2-v_1} p^{\min}(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1+v_2\rho + (v_4-v_2)\rho + (v_4-v_2)v_2\rho^2 + (v_1+v_2-v_4)\rho + (v_1+v_2-v_4)v_2\rho^2 - \frac{(v_1+v_2-v_4+1)(v_1+v_2-v_4)}{2} \rho^2) = \\ \end{aligned}$

 $p^{v_2}(1+v_1\rho+v_2\rho+v_1v_2\rho^2-\frac{v_1^2}{2}\rho^2-v_2v_1\rho^2+v_4v_1\rho^2-\frac{v_2^2}{2}\rho^2+v_4v_2\rho^2-\frac{v_4^2}{2}\rho^2-v_4v_1\rho^2-\frac{v_2^2}{2}\rho^2+v_4v_2\rho^2-\frac{v_4^2}{2}\rho^2-v_4v_1\rho^2-\frac{v_2^2}{2}\rho^2+v_4v_2\rho^2-\frac{v_4^2}{2}\rho^2-v_4v_1\rho^2-\frac{v_4^2}{2}\rho^2-v_4v_1\rho^2-\frac{v_4^2}{2}\rho^2-v_4v_1\rho^2-\frac{v_4^2}{2}\rho^2-\frac{v_4^2}{$ $\frac{v_1}{2}\rho^2 - \frac{v_2}{2}\rho^2 + \frac{v_4}{2}\rho^2$

We have several arrangements,

1.
$$v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{d}{>} v_4 \stackrel{c}{>} v_3 \stackrel{b}{>} v_2 \stackrel{a}{>} v_1 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But $v_1 + v_2 - d - c - b = v_2 \Rightarrow v_1 = v_1 + v_2 - v_2 = b + c + d$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow b + c + d$, $v_2 \rightarrow a + b + c + d$, $v_3 \rightarrow a + 2b + c + d$, $v_4 \rightarrow a + 2b + 2c + d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, b, c, d \ge 1$

2.
$$v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{d}{>} v_4 \stackrel{c}{>} v_2 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{a}{>} v_1 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But $v_1 + v_2 - d - c = v_2 \Rightarrow v_1 = v_1 + v_2 - v_2 = c + d$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow c+d$, $v_2 \rightarrow a+b+c+d$, $v_3 \rightarrow a+c+d$, $v_4 \rightarrow a + b + 2c + d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $b \geq 0$ and $a, c, d \geq 1$

3.
$$v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{d}{>} v_4 \stackrel{c}{>} v_3 \stackrel{b}{>} v_1 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$v_1 + v_2 - d - c - b = v_1 \Rightarrow v_2 = v_1 + v_2 - v_1 = b + c + d$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a + b + c + d$, $v_2 \rightarrow b + c + d$, $v_3 \rightarrow a + 2b + c + d$, $v_4 \rightarrow a + 2b + 2c + d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a \ge 0$ and $b, c, d \ge 1$

4.
$$v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{d}{>} v_3 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{b}{>} v_2 \stackrel{a}{>} v_1 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$v_1 + v_2 - d - c - b = v_2 \Rightarrow v_1 = v_1 + v_2 - v_2 = b + c + d$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow b + c + d$, $v_2 \rightarrow a + b + c + d$, $v_3 \rightarrow a + 2b + 2c + d$, $v_4 \rightarrow a + 2b + c + d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where c > 0 and a, b, d > 1

5.
$$v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{d}{>} v_3 \stackrel{c}{>} v_4 \stackrel{b}{>} v_1 \stackrel{a}{>} v_2 \stackrel{e}{>} 0$$

But
$$v_1 + v_2 - d - c - b = v_1 \Rightarrow v_2 = v_1 + v_2 - v_1 = b + c + d$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a+b+c+d$, $v_2 \rightarrow b+c+d$, $v_3 \rightarrow a+2b+2c+d$, $v_4 \rightarrow a + 2b + c + d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, c \geq 0$ and $b, d \geq 1$

6.
$$v_3 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{c}{>} v_4 \stackrel{b}{>} v_2 \stackrel{a}{>} v_1 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$v_1 + v_2 - c - b = v_2 \Rightarrow v_1 = v_1 + v_2 - v_2 = b + c$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow b + c$, $v_2 \rightarrow a + b + c$, $v_3 \rightarrow a + 2b + 2c + d$, $v_4 \rightarrow a + 2b + c$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $d \geq 0$ and $a, b, c \geq 1$

7.
$$v_3 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_1 + v_2 \stackrel{c}{>} v_4 \stackrel{b}{>} v_1 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$v_1 + v_2 - c - b = v_1 \Rightarrow v_2 = v_1 + v_2 - v_1 = b + c$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a+b+c$, $v_2 \rightarrow b+c$, $v_3 \rightarrow a+2b+2c+d$, $v_4 \rightarrow a + 2b + c$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, d \ge 0$ and $b, c \ge 1$

Case 4 4

$$v_4 > v_1 \ge v_3 \ge 0$$

$$v_4 > v_2 \ge 0$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{11} \geq -v_2 - v_3$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha := \min\{v_2, v_2 + v_{11} + v_4\} = \begin{cases} v_2, & v_{11} \ge -v_4 \\ v_2 - 1, v_2 - 2, \dots, & v_{11} < -v_4 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(p, t) = p^{7v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 7v_4 + v_1} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4} = p^{8v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 7v_4} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(p,t) = p^{7v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 7v_4 + v_1} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4} = p^{8v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 7v_4} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4}$$
 We have two sub cases

4.1Sub case 4.1

$$-v_2 - v_3 \ge -v_4 \Rightarrow v_2 + v_3 \le v_4$$

There is no phase transition here, since $v_{11} \ge -v_2 - v_3 \ge -v_4$

For
$$v_{11} \ge -v_2$$
, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_2\rho)$.

For
$$v_{11} \ge -v_2$$
, we have $p = (1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{-1}(1 + v_2\rho)$.
For $-v_2 - v_3 \le v_{11} \le -v_2 - 1$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2 - v_3}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + v_2\rho)$

$$(v_2\rho) = p^{v_2}v_3\rho(1+v_2\rho) = p^{v_2}v_3\rho + p^{v_2}v_2v_3\rho^2$$

$$v_2\rho) = p^{v_2}v_3\rho(1+v_2\rho) = p^{v_2}v_3\rho + p^{v_2}v_2v_3\rho^2.$$
So we have
$$\sum_{v_{11} \ge -v_2 - v_3} p^{\min}(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1+v_2\rho + v_3\rho + v_2v_3\rho^2).$$

We have several arrangements,

1.
$$v_4 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_1 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{a}{>} v_2 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$v_2 + v_3 - c - b = v_3 \Rightarrow v_2 = v_2 + v_3 - v_3 = b + c$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a + 2b + c$, $v_2 \rightarrow b + c$, $v_3 \rightarrow a + b + c$, $v_4 \rightarrow c$ a + 2b + 2c + d, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $b, c, d \ge 0$ and $a \ge 1$

2.
$$v_4 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_1 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$v_2 + v_3 - c - b = v_2 \Rightarrow v_3 = v_2 + v_3 - v_2 = b + c$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a + 2b + c$, $v_2 \rightarrow a + b + c$, $v_3 \rightarrow b + c$, $v_4 \rightarrow c$ a+2b+2c+d, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, b, c, d \geq 0$.

3.
$$v_4 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{c}{>} v_1 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a+b$, $v_2 \rightarrow a+b+c$, $v_3 \rightarrow a$, $v_4 \rightarrow 2a+b+c+d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, b, d \geq 0$ and c > 1.

4.
$$v_4 \stackrel{d}{>} v_1 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow 2a + b + c$, $v_2 \rightarrow a + b$, $v_3 \rightarrow a$, $v_4 \rightarrow 2a + b + c + d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, b, c \geq 0$ and d > 1.

5.
$$v_4 \stackrel{d}{>} v_1 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{b}{>} v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow 2a + b + c$, $v_2 \rightarrow a$, $v_3 \rightarrow a + b$, $v_4 \rightarrow 2a + b + c + d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, c \geq 0$ and $b, d \ge 1$.

4.2 Sub case 4.2

 $-v_2 - v_3 < -v_4 \Rightarrow v_2 + v_3 > v_4$

For
$$v_{11} \ge -v_2$$
, we have $p^{\min}(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1+v_2\rho)$.

For $-v_4 \le v_{11} \le -v_2 - 1$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_4}^{-v_4} p^{v_4} \rho(1$

 $v_2\rho) = p^{v_2}(v_4 - v_2)\rho(1 + v_2\rho) = p^{v_2}(v_4 - v_2)\rho + p^{v_2}v_2(v_4 - v_2)\rho^2.$ For $-v_2 - v_3 \le v_{11} \le -v_4 - 1$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2 - v_3}^{-v_4 - 1} p^{v_2}\rho(1 + v_2\rho)$ $\alpha\rho) = \sum_{v_2+v_3-v_4}^{v_2+v_3-v_4} p^{v_2} \rho(1+(v_2-i)\rho) = p^{v_2}(v_2+v_3-v_4)\rho + (v_2+v_3-v_4)v_2\rho^2 - (v_2+v_3-v_4+1)\rho^2.$

So we have $\sum_{v_{11} \ge -v_2 - v_3} p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho) \mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_2 \rho + (v_4 - v_2)) \rho + v_2(v_4 - v_2) \rho^2 + (v_2 + v_3 - v_4) \rho + (v_2 + v_3 - v_4) v_2 \rho^2 - \frac{(v_2 + v_3 - v_4 + 1)(v_2 + v_3 - v_4)}{2} \rho^2) = 0$ $p^{v_2}(1 + v_2v_4\rho^2 + v_2\rho + v_3\rho + v_3v_2\rho^2 - v_4v_2\rho^2 - \frac{v_2^2}{2}\rho^2 - v_2v_3\rho^2 + v_2v_4\rho^2 - \frac{v_3^2}{2}\rho^2 + \frac{v$ $v_3v_4\rho^2 - \frac{v_4^2}{2}\rho^2 - \frac{v_2}{2}\rho^2 - \frac{v_3}{2}\rho^2 + \frac{v_4}{2}\rho^2$).

We have several arrangements,

1.
$$v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{d}{>} v_4 \stackrel{c}{>} v_1 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$v_2 + v_3 - d - c - b = v_2 \Rightarrow v_3 = v_2 + v_3 - v_2 = b + c + d$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a + 2b + c + d$, $v_2 \rightarrow a + b + c + d$, $v_3 \rightarrow b + c + d$, $v_4 \rightarrow a + 2b + 2c + d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, b \ge 0$ and $c, d \ge 1$

2.
$$v_2 + v_3 > v_4 > v_1 \geq v_3 > v_2 \geq 0$$

But
$$v_2 + v_3 - d - c - b = v_3 \Rightarrow v_2 = v_2 + v_3 - v_3 = b + c + d$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a + 2b + c + d$, $v_2 \rightarrow b + c + d$, $v_3 \rightarrow a + b + c + d$, $v_4 \rightarrow a + 2b + 2c + d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $b \ge 0$ and $a, c, d \ge 1$

3.
$$v_2 + v_3 \stackrel{d}{>} v_4 \stackrel{c}{>} v_2 \stackrel{b}{>} v_1 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$v_2 + v_3 - d - c = v_2 \Rightarrow v_3 = v_2 + v_3 - v_2 = c + d$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a+c+d$, $v_2 \rightarrow a+b+c+d$, $v_3 \rightarrow c+d$, $v_4 \rightarrow a + b + 2c + d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a \geq 0$ and $b, c, d \geq 1$

Case 5 5

$$v_2 \ge v_4 > v_1 > v_3 \ge 0$$

 $\Rightarrow v_{11} \ge -v_2 - v_3$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha := \min\{v_4, v_2 + v_{11} + v_4\} = \begin{cases} v_4, & v_{11} \ge -v_2 \\ v_4 - 1, v_4 - 2, \dots, & v_{11} < -v_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(p, t) = p^{7v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 7v_4 + v_1} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4} = p^{8v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 7v_4} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4}$$

For $v_{11} \geq -v_2$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_4 \rho)$.

For $-v_2-v_3 \le v_{11} \le -v_2-1$, we have $p^{\min}(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2-v_3}^{-v_2-1} p^{v_2}\rho(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2-v_3}^{-v_2-1} p^{v_2-1}\rho(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2-v_3}^{-v_2-1} p^{v_2-1}\rho(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2-v_3}^{-v_2-1}\rho(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2-v_3}^{-v_3-1}\rho(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2-v_3}^{-v_3-1}\rho(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2-v_3}^{-v_3-1}\rho(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2-v_3}^{-v_3-1}\rho(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_3-v_3}^{-v_3-1}\rho(1+\alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_3$

 $\alpha\rho) = \sum_{i=1}^{v_3} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + (v_4 - i)\rho) = p^{v_2} (v_3 \rho + v_3 v_4 \rho^2 - {v_3 + 1 \choose 2} \rho^2).$ So we have $\sum_{v_{11} \ge -v_2 - v_3} p^{\min}(1 + \alpha\rho) \mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2} (1 + v_4 \rho + v_3 \rho + v_3 v_4 \rho^2 - v_3 \rho^2)$

$$\frac{(v_3+1)v_3}{2}\rho^2) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_4\rho + v_3\rho + v_3v_4\rho^2 - \frac{v_3^2}{2}\rho^2 - \frac{v_3}{2}\rho^2).$$

$$v_2 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{c}{>} v_1 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a+b, v_2 \rightarrow a+b+c+d, v_3 \rightarrow a, v_4 \rightarrow a+b+c,$ and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, b, d \geq 0$ and $c \geq 1$

6 Case 6

$$v_2 \ge v_4 > v_1 \ge 0$$

 $v_3 > v_1 \ge 0$
 $\Rightarrow v_{11} \ge -v_2 - v_1$

$$\begin{split} &\Rightarrow \alpha := \min\{v_4, v_2 + v_{11} + v_4\} = \begin{cases} v_4, & v_{11} \geq -v_2 \\ v_4 - 1, v_4 - 2, \dots, & v_{11} < -v_2 \end{cases} \\ &\Rightarrow f(p,t) = p^{7v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 7v_4 + v_1} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4} = p^{8v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 7v_4} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4} \\ &\text{For } v_{11} \geq -v_2, \text{ we have } p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho) \mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_4 \rho). \\ &\text{For } -v_2 - v_1 \leq v_{11} \leq -v_2 - 1, \text{ we have } p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho) \mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2 - v_1}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho) = \sum_{i=1}^{v_1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + (v_4 - i)\rho) = p^{v_2}(v_1 \rho + v_1 v_4 \rho^2 - \binom{v_1 + 1}{2} \rho^2). \\ &\text{So we have } \sum_{v_{11} \geq -v_2 - v_1} p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho) \mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_4 \rho + v_1 \rho + v_1 v_4 \rho^2 - \frac{(v_1 + 1)v_1}{2} \rho^2) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_4 \rho + v_1 \rho + v_1 v_4 \rho^2 - \frac{v_1^2}{2} \rho^2 - \frac{v_1}{2} \rho^2). \\ &\text{We have several arrangements,} \end{split}$$

1.
$$v_2 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{c}{>} v_3 \stackrel{b}{>} v_1 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a$, $v_2 \to a+b+c+d$, $v_3 \to a+b$, $v_4 \to a+b+c$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, d \geq 0$ and $b, c \geq 1$

2.
$$v_2 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{b}{>} v_1 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a$, $v_2 \to a+b+c+d$, $v_3 \to a+b+c$, $v_4 \to a+b$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a,c,d \ge 0$ and $b \ge 1$

3.
$$v_3 > v_2 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_4 > v_1 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a$, $v_2 \to a+b+c$, $v_3 \to a+b+c+d$, $v_4 \to a+b$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, c \ge 0$ and $b, d \ge 1$

7 Case 7

$$\begin{aligned} v_2 &\geq v_4 \geq 0 \\ v_3 &> v_1 \geq v_4 \geq 0 \\ &\Rightarrow v_{11} \geq -v_2 - v_1 \\ &\Rightarrow f(p,t) = p^{7v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 7v_4 + v_4} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4} = p^{7v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 8v_4} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4} \\ &\Rightarrow \alpha := \min\{v_4, v_2 + v_{11} + v_1\} = \begin{cases} v_4, & v_{11} \geq v_4 - v_1 - v_2 \\ v_4 - 1, v_4 - 2, \dots, & v_{11} < v_4 - v_1 - v_2 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

There are no two sub cases here, because the phase transition occurs at $v_{11}=v_4-v_1-v_2-1$, thus

if $v_4 = 0$ then the transition would be at $v_{11} = -v_2 - v_1 - 1 < -v_2 - v_1$, which is a contradiction.

For $v_4 \ge 1$ the transition would be at $a_{11} \ge -v_2 - v_1$, which is always true for this case.

For
$$v_{11} \ge -v_2$$
, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_4\rho)$.
For $v_4 - v_1 - v_2 \le v_{11} \le -v_2 - 1$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{v_4 - v_1 - v_2}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2}\rho(1 + v_4\rho) = \sum_{i=1}^{v_1 - v_4} p^{v_2}\rho(1 + v_4\rho) = p^{v_2}(v_1 - v_4)\rho(1 + v_4\rho) = p^{v_2}(v_1 - v_4)\rho + p^{v_2}(v_1 - v_4)\rho + p^{v_2}(v_1 - v_4)v_4\rho^2$.

For
$$-v_1 - v_2 \le v_{11} \le v_4 - v_1 - v_2 - 1$$
, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{v_4 - v_1 - v_2}^{v_4 - v_1 - v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho) = \sum_{i=1}^{v_4} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + (v_4 - i)\rho) = p^{v_2} v_4 \rho + p^{v_2} v_4^2 \rho^2 - p^{v_2} {v_4 + 1 \choose 2} \rho^2$.
So we have $\sum_{v_{11} \ge -v_2 - v_1} p^{\min} \mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2} (1 + v_4 \rho + (v_4 - v_1)\rho + (v_4 - v_1)v_4 \rho^2 + p^{v_4} \rho^2 +$

So we have
$$\sum_{v_{11} \geq -v_2 - v_1} p^{\min} \mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2} (1 + v_4 \rho + (v_4 - v_1) \rho + (v_4 - v_1) v_4 \rho^2 + v_4 \rho + v_4^2 \rho^2 - \frac{v_4(v_4 - 1)}{2} \rho^2) = p^{v_2} (1 + 3v_4 \rho - v_1 \rho + 2v_4^2 \rho^2 - v_1 v_4 \rho^2 - \frac{v_4^2}{2} \rho^2 + \frac{v_4}{2} \rho^2)$$
 We have several arrangements,

1.
$$v_2 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{c}{>} v_1 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a+b$, $v_2 \rightarrow a+b+c+d$, $v_3 \rightarrow a+b+c$, $v_4 \rightarrow a$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where a,b,d > 0 and c > 1

2.
$$v_3 > v_2 > v_1 \ge v_4 \ge 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a+b$, $v_2 \to a+b+c$, $v_3 \to a+b+c+d$, $v_4 \to a$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a,b \geq 0$ and $c,d \geq 1$

3.
$$v_3 \stackrel{d}{>} v_1 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a+b+c$, $v_2 \to a+b$, $v_3 \to a+b+c+d$, $v_4 \to a$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where a,b,c > 0 and d > 1

8 Case 8

$$\begin{split} v_2 &\geq v_4 \geq 0 \\ v_1 &\geq v_4 \geq 0 \\ v_1 &\geq v_3 \geq 0 \\ &\Rightarrow v_{11} \geq -v_2 - v_3 \\ &\Rightarrow \alpha := \min\{v_4, v_2 + v_{11} + v_1\} = \begin{cases} v_4, & v_{11} \geq v_4 - v_1 - v_2 \\ v_4 - 1, v_4 - 2, \dots, & v_{11} < v_4 - v_1 - v_2 \end{cases} \\ &\Rightarrow f(p,t) = p^{7v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 7v_4 + v_4} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4} = p^{7v_1 + 10v_2 + 11v_3 + 8v_4} t^{4v_1 + 6v_2 + 6v_3 + 4v_4} \end{split}$$
 There are two sub cases here

8.1 Sub case 8.1

$$\begin{aligned} -v_2 - v_3 & \geq v_4 - v_1 - v_2 \Rightarrow -v_3 \geq v_4 - v_1 \Rightarrow v_1 \geq v_3 + v_4 \\ & \text{For } v_{11} \geq -v_2, \text{ we have } p^{\min}(1 + \alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_4\rho). \\ & \text{For } -v_2 - v_3 \leq v_{11} \leq -v_2 - 1, \text{ we have } p^{\min}(1 + \alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{-v_2 - v_3}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2}\rho(1 + v_4\rho) = \sum_{i=1}^{v_3} p^{v_2}\rho(1 + v_4\rho) = p^{v_2}(v_3\rho + v_3v_4\rho^2). \\ & \text{So we have } \sum_{v_{11} \geq -v_2 - v_3} p^{\min}(1 + \alpha\rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_4\rho + v_3\rho + v_3v_4\rho^2). \\ & \text{We have several arrangements}, \end{aligned}$$

1.
$$v_1 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{c}{>} v_2 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$e = v_2 + v_3 - v_3 = v_2 = a + b$$
.

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to 2a+b+c+d$, $v_2 \to a+b$, $v_3 \to a+b+c$, $v_4 \to a$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a,b,d \geq 0$ and $c \geq 1$

2.
$$v_1 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$v_3 = v_3 + v_4 - c - b \Rightarrow v_4 = b + c$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a + 2b + 2c + d$, $v_2 \to a + 2b + c$, $v_3 \to a + b + c$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, b, c, d \ge 0$.

3.
$$v_1 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{a}{>} v_3 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a + 2b + 2c + d$, $v_2 \to a + 2b + c$, $v_3 \to a + b + c$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $b, c, d \ge 0$ and $a \ge 1$

4.
$$v_1 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{c}{>} v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{b}{>} v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to 2a+b+c+d$, $v_2 \to 2a+b+c$, $v_3 \to a$, $v_4 \to a+b$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, d \ge 0$ and $b, c \ge 1$

5.
$$v_1 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{c}{>} v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to 2a+b+c+d$, $v_2 \to 2a+b+c$, $v_3 \to a+b$, $v_4 \to a$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, b, d \ge 0$ and $c \ge 1$

6.
$$v_2 \stackrel{d}{>} v_1 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to 2a+b+c$, $v_2 \to 2a+b+c+d$, $v_3 \to a+b$, $v_4 \to a$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a,b,c \geq 0$ and $d \geq 1$

7.
$$v_2 \stackrel{d}{>} v_1 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{b}{>} v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to 2a+b+c$, $v_2 \to 2a+b+c+d$, $v_3 \to a$, $v_4 \to a+b$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, c \ge 0$ and $b, d \ge 1$

8.2 Sub case 8.2

$$-v_2 - v_3 < v_4 - v_1 - v_2 \Rightarrow -v_3 < v_4 - v_1 \Rightarrow v_1 < v_3 + v_4$$

For $v_{11} \ge -v_2$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_4\rho)$.

For $v_4 - v_1 - v_2 \le v_{11} \le -v_2 - 1$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{v_4 - v_1 - v_2}^{-v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + v_4 \rho) = p^{v_2}((v_1 - v_4)\rho + (v_1 - v_4)v_4\rho^2)$.

For $-v_2 - v_3 \le v_{11} \le v_4 - v_1 - v_2 - 1$, we have $p^{\min}(1 + \alpha \rho)\mu(a_{11}) = \sum_{\substack{v_4 - v_1 - v_2 - v_3 \ v_2 - v_3}}^{v_4 - v_1 - v_2 - 1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho) = \sum_{\substack{v_3 + v_4 - v_1 \ v_2 - v_3}}^{v_3 + v_4 - v_1} p^{v_2} \rho(1 + (v_4 - i))\rho) = p^{v_2}((v_3 + v_4 - v_1)\rho + (v_3 + v_4 - v_1)v_4\rho^2 - {v_3 + v_4 - v_1 + 1 \choose 2}\rho^2).$ So we have $\sum_{v_{11} \ge -v_2 - v_3} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho) = p^{v_2}(1 + v_4\rho + (v_1 - v_4)\rho + (v_1 - v_4)v_4\rho^2 + v_1 - v_2 - v_3\rho^2$

So we have $\sum_{v_{11} \geq -v_2 - v_3} \rho(1 + \alpha \rho) = p^{v_2} (1 + v_4 \rho + (v_1 - v_4) \rho + (v_1 - v_4) v_4 \rho^2 + (v_3 + v_4 - v_1) \rho + (v_3 + v_4 - v_1) v_4 \rho^2 - \frac{(v_3 + v_4 - v_1 + 1)(v_3 + v_4 - v_1)}{2} \rho^2) = p^{v_2} (1 + v_3 \rho + v_4 \rho - \frac{v_3^2}{2} \rho^2 + v_1 v_3 \rho^2 - \frac{v_4^2}{2} + v_1 v_4 \rho^2 - \frac{v_1^2}{2} - v_3 \rho^2 - v_4 \rho^2 + v_1 \rho^2).$

We have several arrangements,

1. $v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{d}{>} v_1 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{b}{>} v_2 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$ But $v_3 + v_4 - d - c = v_3 \Rightarrow v_4 = c + d$.

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a+b+2c+d$, $v_2 \to a+c+d$, $v_3 \to a+b+c+d$, $v_4 \to c+d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, c \geq 0$ and $b, d \geq 1$

2. $v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{d}{>} v_1 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$ But $v_3 + v_4 - d - c - b = v_3 \Rightarrow v_4 = b + c + d$.

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a+2b+2c+d$, $v_2 \to a+2b+c+d$, $v_3 \to a+b+c+d$, $v_4 \to b+c+d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a,b,c \geq 0$ and $d \geq 1$.

3. $v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{d}{>} v_1 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{a}{>} v_3 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$

But $v_3 + v_4 - d - c - b = v_4 \Rightarrow v_3 = b + c + d$.

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \rightarrow a+2b+2c+d$, $v_2 \rightarrow a+2b+c+d$, $v_3 \rightarrow b+c+d$, $v_4 \rightarrow a+b+c+d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $b,c \geq 0$ and $a,d \geq 1$

4. $v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_2 \stackrel{c}{>} v_1 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{a}{>} v_3 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$

But $v_3 + v_4 - d - c - b = v_4 \Rightarrow v_3 = b + c + d$.

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a+2b+c+d$, $v_2 \to a+2b+2c+d$, $v_3 \to b+c+d$, $v_4 \to a+b+c+d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $b,d \geq 0$ and $a,c \geq 1$

5. $v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{d}{>} v_2 \stackrel{c}{>} v_1 \stackrel{b}{>} v_3 \stackrel{a}{>} v_4 \stackrel{e}{>} 0$

But $v_3 + v_4 - d - c - b = v_3 \Rightarrow v_4 = b + c + d$.

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a+2b+c+d$, $v_2 \to a+2b+2c+d$, $v_3 \to a+b+c+d$, $v_4 \to b+c+d$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a,b,d \geq 0$ and $c \geq 1$

6.
$$v_2 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{c}{>} v_1 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{a}{>} v_3 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$v_3 + v_4 - c - b = v_4 \Rightarrow v_3 = b + c$$
.

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a+2b+c$, $v_2 \to a+2b+2c+d$, $v_3 \to b+c$, $v_4 \to a+b+c$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $b, d \geq 0$ and $a, c \geq 1$

7.
$$v_2 \stackrel{d}{\geq} v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{c}{>} v_1 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{e}{\geq} 0$$

But
$$v_3 + v_4 - c - b = v_3 \Rightarrow v_4 = b + c$$
.

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to a + 2b + c$, $v_2 \to a + 2b + 2c + d$, $v_3 \to a + b + c$, $v_4 \to b + c$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, b, d \ge 0$ and $c \ge 1$

8.
$$v_2 \stackrel{d}{>} v_1 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{b}{>} v_3 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to 2a+b+c$, $v_2 \to 2a+b+c+d$, $v_3 \to a$, $v_4 \to a+b$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a,c \geq 0$ and b,d > 1

9.
$$v_2 \stackrel{d}{>} v_1 \stackrel{c}{\geq} v_3 + v_4 \stackrel{a}{\geq} v_3 \stackrel{b}{\geq} v_4 \stackrel{a}{\geq} 0$$

Thus, we substitute $v_1 \to 2a+b+c+d$, $v_2 \to 2a+b+c$, $v_3 \to a+b$, $v_4 \to a$, and compute series with the new variables as indices, where $a, b, c \geq 0$ and $d \geq 1$

Checking all the cases by the 4! arrangements.

1.
$$v_1 \ge v_2 \ge v_3 \ge v_4 \ge 0$$

$$v_1 \ge v_3 + v_4 \ge v_2 \ge v_3 \ge v_4 \ge 0$$
 (8.1.2)

$$v_1 \ge v_2 > v_3 + v_4 \ge v_3 \ge v_4 \ge 0$$
 (8.1.5)

$$v_3 + v_4 > v_1 \ge v_2 \ge v_3 \ge v_4 \ge 0$$
 (8.2.2)

2.
$$v_1 \ge v_2 \ge v_4 > v_3 \ge 0$$

$$v_1 \ge v_3 + v_4 \ge v_2 \ge v_4 > v_3 \ge 0$$
 (8.1.3)

$$v_1 \ge v_2 > v_3 + v_4 \ge v_4 > v_3 \ge 0$$
 (8.1.4)

$$v_3 + v_4 > v_1 \ge v_2 \ge v_4 > v_3 \ge 0$$
 (8.2.3)

3.
$$v_1 > v_3 > v_2 > v_4 > 0$$

$$v_1 \ge v_3 + v_4 \ge v_3 > v_2 \ge v_4 \ge 0$$
 (8.1.1)

$$v_3 + v_4 > v_1 \ge v_3 > v_2 \ge v_4 \ge 0$$
 (8.2.1)

4.
$$v_1 \ge v_3 \ge v_4 > v_2 \ge 0$$

$$v_1 \ge v_2 + v_3 \ge v_3 \ge v_4 > v_2 \ge 0 \ (2.1.1)$$

$$v_2 + v_3 > v_1 \ge v_3 \ge v_4 > v_2 \ge 0$$
 (2.2.1)

- 5. $v_1 \ge v_4 > v_2 \ge v_3 \ge 0$
 - $v_1 \ge v_2 + v_3 \ge v_4 > v_2 \ge v_3 \ge 0$ (2.1.3)
 - $v_1 \ge v_4 > v_2 + v_3 \ge v_2 \ge v_3 \ge 0$ (2.1.4)
 - $v_2 + v_3 > v_1 \ge v_4 > v_2 \ge v_3 \ge 0$ (2.2.3)
- 6. $v_1 \ge v_4 > v_3 > v_2 \ge 0$
 - $v_1 \ge v_2 + v_3 \ge v_4 > v_3 > v_2 \ge 0$ (2.1.2)
 - $v_1 \ge v_4 > v_2 + v_3 \ge v_3 > v_2 \ge 0$ (2.1.5)
 - $v_2 + v_3 > v_1 \ge v_4 > v_3 > v_2 \ge 0$ (2.2.2)
- 7. $v_2 > v_1 \ge v_3 \ge v_4 \ge 0$
 - $v_2 > v_1 \ge v_3 + v_4 \ge v_3 \ge v_4 \ge 0$ (8.1.6)
 - $v_3 + v_4 \ge v_2 > v_1 \ge v_3 \ge v_4 \ge 0$ (8.2.5)
 - $v_2 \ge v_3 + v_4 > v_1 \ge v_3 \ge v_4 \ge 0$ (8.2.7)
 - $v_2 > v_1 \ge v_3 + v_4 \ge v_3 \ge v_4 \ge 0$ (8.2.9)
- 8. $v_2 > v_1 \ge v_4 > v_3 \ge 0$
 - $v_2 > v_1 \ge v_3 + v_4 \ge v_4 > v_3 \ge 0$ (8.1.7)
 - $v_3 + v_4 \ge v_2 > v_1 \ge v_4 > v_3 \ge 0$ (8.2.4)
 - $v_2 \ge v_3 + v_4 > v_1 \ge v_4 > v_3 \ge 0$ (8.2.6)
 - $v_2 \ge v_3 + v_4 > v_1 \ge v_4 > v_3 \ge 0$ (8.2.8)
- 9. $v_2 \ge v_3 > v_1 \ge v_4 \ge 0$ (7.1)
- 10. $v_2 \ge v_3 \ge v_4 > v_1 \ge 0$ (6.2)
- 11. $v_2 \ge v_4 > v_1 \ge v_3 \ge 0$ (5)
- 12. $v_2 \ge v_4 > v_3 > v_1 \ge 0$ (6.1)
- 13. $v_3 > v_1 \ge v_2 \ge v_4 \ge 0$ (7.3)
- 14. $v_3 > v_1 \ge v_4 > v_2 \ge 0$ (1)
- 15. $v_3 > v_2 > v_1 \ge v_4 \ge 0$ (7.2)
- 16. $v_3 > v_2 \ge v_4 > v_1 \ge 0$ (6.3)
- 17. $v_3 \ge v_4 > v_1 \ge v_2 \ge 0$
 - $v_3 \ge v_4 > v_1 + v_2 \ge v_1 \ge v_2 \ge 0$ (3.1.7)
 - $v_1 + v_2 > v_3 \ge v_4 > v_1 \ge v_2 \ge 0$ (3.2.5)
 - $v_3 \ge v_1 + v_2 > v_4 > v_1 \ge v_2 \ge 0$ (3.2.7)

- 18. $v_3 \ge v_4 > v_2 > v_1 \ge 0$
 - $v_3 \ge v_4 > v_1 + v_2 \ge v_2 > v_1 \ge 0$ (3.1.6)
 - $v_1 + v_2 > v_3 \ge v_4 > v_2 > v_2 \ge 0$ (3.2.4)
 - $v_3 \ge v_1 + v_2 > v_4 > v_2 > v_1 \ge 0$ (3.2.6)
- 19. $v_4 > v_1 \ge v_2 \ge v_3 \ge 0$
 - $v_4 \ge v_2 + v_3 \ge v_1 \ge v_2 \ge v_3 \ge 0$ (4.1.2)
 - $v_4 > v_1 \ge v_2 + v_3 \ge v_2 \ge v_3 \ge 0$ (4.1.4)
 - $v_2 + v_3 > v_4 > v_2 \ge v_3 \ge 0$ (4.2.1)
- 20. $v_4 > v_1 \ge v_3 > v_2 \ge 0$
 - $v_4 \ge v_2 + v_3 \ge v_1 \ge v_3 > v_2 \ge 0$ (4.1.1)
 - $v_4 > v_1 \ge v_2 + v_3 \ge v_3 > v_2 \ge 0$ (4.1.5)
 - $v_2 + v_3 > v_4 > v_1 \ge v_3 > v_2 \ge 0$ (4.2.2)
- 21. $v_4 > v_2 > v_1 \ge v_3 \ge 0$
 - $v_4 \ge v_2 + v_3 \ge v_2 > v_1 \ge v_3 \ge 0$ (4.1.3)
 - $v_2 + v_3 > v_4 > v_2 > v_1 \ge v_3 \ge 0$ (4.2.3)
- 22. $v_4 > v_2 \ge v_3 > v_1 \ge 0$
 - $v_4 \ge v_1 + v_2 \ge v_2 \ge v_3 > v_1 \ge 0$ (3.1.2)
 - $v_1 + v_2 > v_4 > v_2 \ge v_3 > v_1 \ge 0$ (3.2.2)
- 23. $v_4 > v_3 > v_1 \ge v_2 \ge 0$
 - $v_4 \ge v_1 + v_2 \ge v_3 > v_1 \ge v_2 \ge 0$ (3.1.3)
 - $v_4 > v_3 \ge v_1 + v_2 \ge v_1 \ge v_2 \ge 0$ (3.1.4)
 - $v_1 + v_2 > v_4 > v_3 > v_1 \ge v_2 \ge 0$ (3.2.3)
- 24. $v_4 > v_3 > v_2 > v_1 \ge 0$
 - $v_4 \ge v_1 + v_2 \ge v_3 > v_2 > v_1 \ge 0$ (3.1.1)
 - $v_4 > v_3 \ge v_1 + v_2 \ge v_2 > v_1 \ge 0$ (3.1.5)
 - $v_1 + v_2 > v_4 > v_3 > v_2 > v_1 \ge 0$ (3.2.1)