Regression Analysis on Unemployment Rate

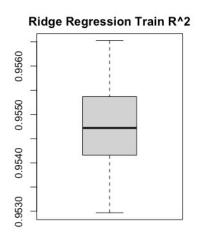
Data

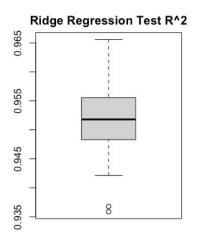
- 1. data: USA national economic monthly data. xls (06/1960-01/2020)
- Observation: n=721
- Variables: p=42, numerical

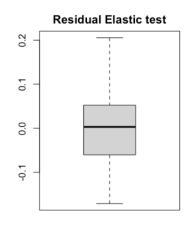
```
df<-read excel('USA national economic data.xls')</pre>
df<-as.data.frame.data.frame(df)
str(df)
## 'data.frame':
                   721 obs. of 42 variables:
                     : POSIXct, format: "1960-01-01" "1960-02-01" ...
## $ DATE
                     : num 4.61 4.56 4.49 4.45 4.46 4.45 4.41 4.28 4.25 4.3
## $ AAA
   $ AWHMAN
                     : num 40.6 40.3 40 40 40.1 39.9 39.9 39.7 39.4 39.7
                     : num 5.34 5.34 5.25 5.2 5.28 5.26 5.22 5.08 5.01 5.11
## $ CIVPART
                     : num 59.1 59.1 58.5 59.5 59.5 59.7 59.5 59.5 59.7
   $ CPIAUCSL
                     : num 29.4 29.4 29.5 29.6 ...
```

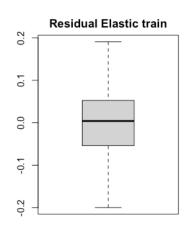
• 2. data source: https://fred.stlouisfed.org (FRED Economic Data)

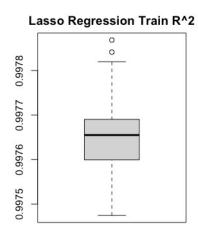
Boxplots of R²_{test} & R²_{train}.

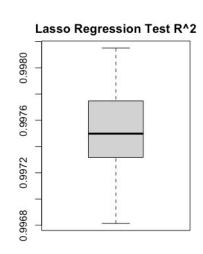


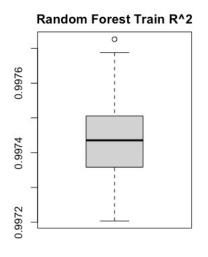


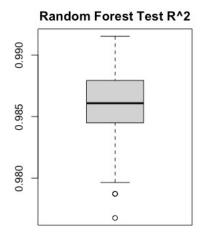




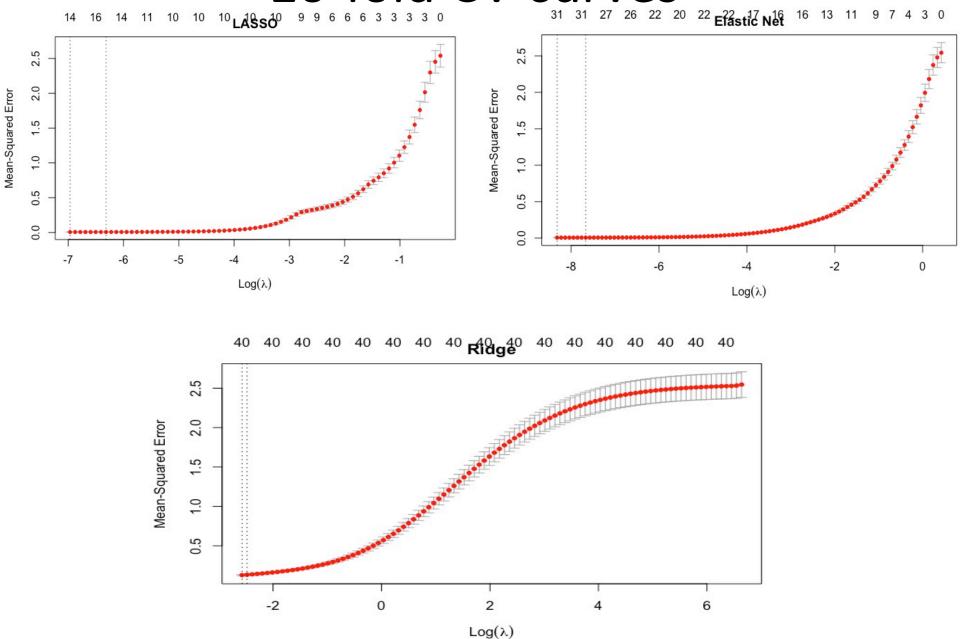




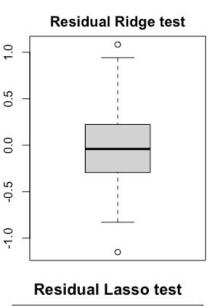


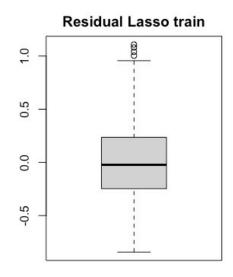


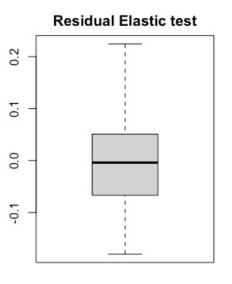
10-fold CV curves

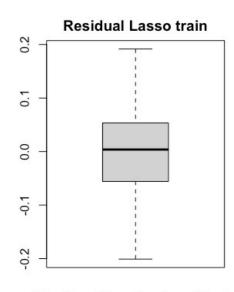


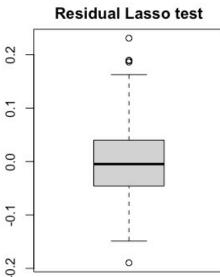
Residuals For Test Model and Train Model

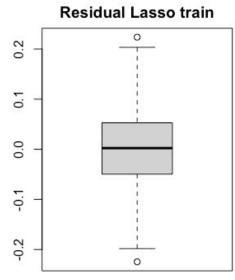


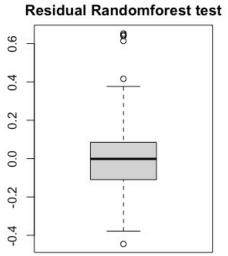


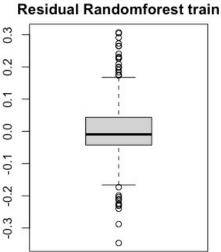




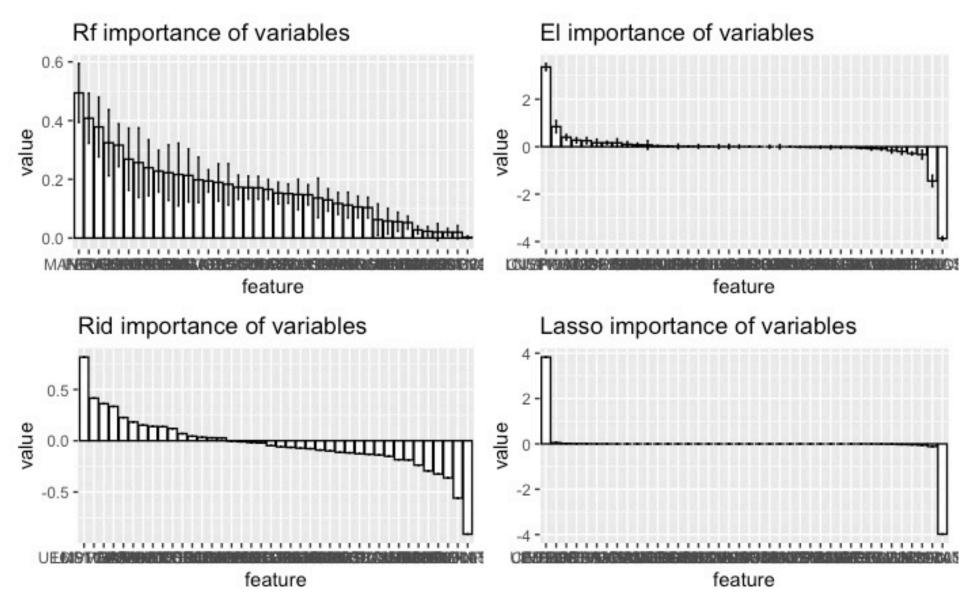








Boxplot With Bootstrapped Error Bars



Performance and Time

- Performance:
- Both Lasso and Elastic model have relatively smaller cross-validation error(k=10)
- Elastic model does better job based on residual residual boxplot
- Running Time:
- Ridge regression:20
- Lasso regression:10
- El regression:12
- Random forest:214
- Comment:
- Random forest is more time consuming compared with other models.