LiDAR Plus 01 Common CAN Protocol

1.0. CAN Message 0x568 Details – Obstacle Status

This message contains the number of obstacles, the timestamp and the application version. Obstacles can be vehicles, pedestrians, cyclists, traffic cones.

Bit	7(MSB)	6	5	4	3s	2	1	0(LSB)		
Byte 0		Num_Obstacles								
Byte 1		Timestamp								
Byte 2	Relative timestamp									
Byte 3	Application_Version									
Byte 4	Protocol_Version									
Byte 5	Reserved Close_Car									
Byte 6	Reserved									
Byte 7	Reserved									

1.0.1. Num_Obstacles

•Type: unsigned integer

•Range: 0: 255

1.0.2. Timestamp

Type: unsigned integerUnit: millisecondsRange: 0: 255

•Note: Only the lowest 8 bits of the timestamp is given. The timestamp source is from the LP-01 lidar scanning.

1.0.3. Relative timestamp

Type: unsigned integerUnit: millisecondsRange: 0: 255

•Note: Timestamp of this object relative to the scan start time in ms. The time is based on the object reference point.

1.0.4. Application Version

•Type: unsigned integer

•Range 0 : 255

•Note: software version number

1.0.5. Protocol_Version

•Type: unsigned char •Range: 0x00 .. 0xff

•Note: The index of current protocol version.

1.0.6. Close Car

Indication whether we detect a close car in front of the host vehicle or not.

Type: boolean0 No close car1 Close car exists

1.1. CAN Message 0x569 + i*3 Details – Obstacle Data A

Where i = 0: num obstacles - 1

This message contains obstacle detection information and measurements.

Bit	7(MSB)	6	5	4	3	2	1	0(LSB)	
Byte 0		Obstacle_ID							
Byte 1		Obstacle_Pos_X (LSB)							
Byte 2	O	Obstacle_Pos_Y (LSB) Obstacle_Pos_X(MSB)							
Byte 3	Obstacle_Pos_Y (MSB)								
Byte 4		Obstacle_Pos_Z							
Byte 5		Obstacle_Rel_Vel_X (LSB)							
Byte 6	Obstacle_Type Reserved Obstacle_Rel_Vel_X (MSB)						l_X (MSB)		
Byte 7	O	Obstacle_Status Reserve				ed	C	bstacle_Valid	

1.1.1. Obstacle_ID

•Type: unsigned integer

•Range: 0 : 255

•Note: New obstacles are given the last used free ID.

1.1.2. Obstacle Pos X

•Type: signed integer

•Unit: meter

•Range: -127.93 : 127.93 [m] •Conversion: (HEX)*0.0625

•Meaning: The longitude position of the obstacle relative to the reference point.

1.1.3. Obstacle Pos Y

•Type: signed integer

•Unit: meter

•Range: -127.93 : 127.93 [m] •Conversion: (HEX)*0.0625

•Meaning: The lateral position of the obstacle.

1.1.4. Obstacle Pos Z

•Type: signed integer

•Unit: meter

•Range: -7.93 : 7.93[m] •Conversion: (HEX)*0.0625

1.1.5. Obstacle_Rel_Vel_X

•Type: signed integer

•Unit: meter/sec

•Range: -127.93 : 127.93 [m/s] •Conversion: (HEX)*0.0625

•Meaning: The relative longitude velocity of the obstacle. The value is a single frame value.

1.1.6. Obstacle Type

•Type: 3 bits, unsigned integer

•Range 0:7

•Invalid value: none

•Enumerator signal, which indicates the object's classification

Enumerator values:

000 - unused

001 – Vehicle

010 – Pedestrian

011 - Cyclist

100 – Traffic cone

101 - unused

110 – unused

111 – unused

1.1.7. Obstacle Valid

•Type: unsigned integer

•Unit: Enum

1	New valid (detected this frame)
2	Older valid

1.1.8. Obstacle Status

•Type: unsigned integer

•Unit: Enum

0	Undefined

1	Static (non-movable)
2	Stopped (movable)
3	Moving

1.2. CAN Message 0x56A + i*3 Details - Obstacle Data B

Where i = 0: num obstacles - 1

This message contains obstacle detection information and measurements.

Bit	7(MSB)	6	5	4	3	2	1	0(LSB)		
Byte 0		Obstacle_Legnth								
Byte 1		Obstacle_Width								
Byte 2		Obstacle_Height								
Byte 3	Obstacle_Age									
Byte 4	Obstacle_Confidence									
Byte 5		Reserved								
Byte 6	Reserved									
Byte 7	Reserved									

1.2.1. Obstacle_Length

•Type: unsigned integer

•Units: meter

•Range: 0 : 30.6 [m] •Conversion: (HEX)*0.12

•Meaning: The length of the obstacle (longitude axis).

1.2.2. Obstacle_Width

•Type: unsigned integer

•Unit: meter

•Range: 0 : 12.75 [m] •Conversion: (HEX)*0.05

•Meaning: The width of the obstacle (lateral axis).

1.2.3. Obstacle_Height

•Type: unsigned integer

•Unit: meter

•Range: 0 : 12.75 [m] •Conversion: (HEX)*0.05

•Meaning: The height of the obstacle.

1.2.4. Obstacle_Age

• ☐ Type: unsigned integer

□•Range: 1 : 255

• ☐ Meaning: The age of the obstacle (in frames). This value starts at 1 when the obstacle is first detected, and increments in 1 each frame. The value reported is min(realAge, 255), which means that it remains 255 if the age is larger than that number.

1.2.5. Obstacle Confidence

•Type: unsigned integer

•Range 0 : 100

•Meaning: confidence of the Obstacle

1.3.CAN Message 0x56B + i*3 Details - Obstacle Data C

Where i = 0: num obstacles - 1

This message contains obstacle detection information and measurements.

Bit	7(MSB)	6	5	4	3	2	1	0(LSB)	
Byte 0		Obstacle_Angle_Rate (LSB)							
Byte 1		Obstacle_Angle_Rate (MSB)							
Byte 2		Reserved							
Byte 3	Reserved								
Byte 4	Object_Accel_X (LSB)								
Byte 5	Obstacle Reserved Object_Accel_X(MSB)								
	Replaced								
Byte 6	Obstacle_Angle (LSB)								
Byte 7	Obstacle_Angle (MSB)								

1.3.1. Obstacle Angle Rate

•Type: signed integer

•Unit: degree

•Range: -327.68 : 327.67 [degree/sec]

•Conversion: (HEX)*0.01

•Meaning: Angle rate of Center of Obstacle in degrees/sec. A negative angle rate indicates that the obstacle has moved to the left (clockwise axis system).

1.3.2. Object Accel X

•The longitude acceleration of the object.

•Type: 10 bit, signed integer

•Range: -14.97 : 14.97 [m/s₂] •Conversion: (HEX)* 0.03

1.3.3. Obstacle Replaced

•Type: boolean

0	Not replaced in this frame
1	Replace in this frame

1.3.4. Obstacle Angle

•Type: signed integer

•Unit: degree

•Range: -327.68 : 327.67 •Conversion: (HEX)*0.01

•Meaning: Angle to Center of Obstacle in degrees. 0 indicates that the obstacle is in exactly in front of us (along the longitudinal axis); a positive angle indicates that the obstacle is to the right (clockwise axis system).