

EDA387 Computer Network

Lab 1.2 : The Iterative Server

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Q 2:

Your answer:

The symbolic name is INADDR_ANY

The IP address is 0.0.0.0

Q 3: What if the client sent 65 bytes?

Your answer:

1. `ret = -1`

This means that there is an error in `recv()`

2. `ret = 0`

This means that the shutdown process was orderly done

3. $0 < \text{ret} < \text{kTransferBufferSize}$

This means that the data received in the buffer, measured in bytes, is between the range of between 0 and 64 bytes

4. `ret = kTransferBufferSize`

This means that 64bytes were actually received based on the `recv()`

Function

If client sent 65 bytes, it will accept the 64 bytes, reply, then reset the buffer and be ready to accept the remaining bytes.

Since `kTransferBufferSize` starts from 0, 1 is added to make space for track the end of the buffer. It is an intelligent way to track if the buffer is full and keep track the maximum size of the buffer. This is like creating a circular memory.

Q 4: "How does the `send()` method indicate that the connection in question has been closed/reset?"

Your answer:

The **send ()** method indicates a closed/reset connection by clearing, or zeroing, the buffer and changing the connection state to receiving, or simply by indicating zero value in the buffer.

After `recv()` will send the last ACK then ask to FIN the connection.

The `send()` method is used to empty the buffer and change the connection state to a new receiving state

`MSG_NOSIGNAL`: This does not allow for Linux kernel to generate `SIGPIPE` signal if the peer on a stream-oriented socket has closed or reset the connection. `SIGPIPE` is a signal sent to a process when it attempts to write a pipe without a process connected to the other end

Q 5: "Under which conditions attempting to continue execution might be unreasonable?"

Your answer:

The first approach is an exit method based on the status of the connection. If it is unable to accept or bind, or create a connection, then it simply exits.

The second approach is to drop requests from clients that cannot be established and start a new process to connect newer connections from another client, that maybe in waiting. Since it is an iterative server, it processes on connection at a time.

It will be unreasonable to continue execution under the following error conditions:

- Socket is nonblocking and there's no connection to accept.
- Terminated connections.
- No listening socket connections, or address size is invalid/negative.
- The per-process limit on the number of open file descriptors has been reached.
- The system-wide limit on the total number of open files has been reached.
- Not enough free memory. This often means that the memory allocation is limited by the socket buffer limits, not by the system memory.

Q 6:

Your answer:

The program decides on what to do based on the connection errors. If the number of errors, as coded, is greater than zero, it goes ahead to compare this with the number of clients. Then, if the number of connections is equal to the number of clients, then it returns that all connection is in error and has failed.

If the above does not hold, then it returns the total number of successful connections on the server. Even if one client connection fails, it will return error for this client but the server will continue with the other connections.

Client response:

```
haitham@remote11:~/lab1.2$ ./client-simple remote11.chalmers.se 31336
```

```
Input> hello
```

```
Sending string `hello' (5 bytes)
```

```
Response = `hello'
```

- response does match original query
- round trip time is 0.065681 ms

Single client: server response:

```
haitham@remote11:~/lab1.2$ ./server 31336
```

```
Attempting to bind to port 31336
Socket is bound to 0.0.0.0 31336
Connection from 129.16.29.50:39782 -> socket 4
```

Multi-client sent:

```
haitham@remote11:~/lab1.2$ ./client-multi remote11.chalmers.se 31336
10 10
Simulating 10 clients.
Establishing 10 connections...
    successfully initiated 10 connection attempts!
Connect timing results for 10 successful connections
    - min time: 0.215181 ms
    - max time: 0.462316 ms
    - average time: 0.297343 ms
(0 connections failed!)
Roundtrip timing results for 10 connections for 10 round trips
    - min time: 0.279095 ms
    - max time: 2.349003 ms
    - average time: 1.340303 ms
```

```
Client-multi to server : server response. For 10u 10m
Attempting to bind to port 31336
Socket is bound to 0.0.0.0 31336
Connection from 129.16.29.50:39760 -> socket 4
    socket 4 - orderly shutdown
Connection from 129.16.29.50:39762 -> socket 4
    socket 4 - orderly shutdown
Connection from 129.16.29.50:39764 -> socket 4
    socket 4 - orderly shutdown
Connection from 129.16.29.50:39766 -> socket 4
    socket 4 - orderly shutdown
Connection from 129.16.29.50:39768 -> socket 4
    socket 4 - orderly shutdown
Connection from 129.16.29.50:39770 -> socket 4
    socket 4 - orderly shutdown
Connection from 129.16.29.50:39772 -> socket 4
    socket 4 - orderly shutdown
Connection from 129.16.29.50:39774 -> socket 4
    socket 4 - orderly shutdown
Connection from 129.16.29.50:39776 -> socket 4
    socket 4 - orderly shutdown
Connection from 129.16.29.50:39778 -> socket 4
    socket 4 - orderly shutdown
```

Client- multi : client side

```
haitham@remote11:~/lab1.2$ ./client-multi remote11.chalmers.se 31336
100 10000
Simulating 100 clients.
```

Establishing 100 connections...

successfully initiated 100 connection attempts!

- conn 92 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 47 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 48 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 49 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 50 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 51 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 52 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 53 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 54 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 55 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 56 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 57 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 58 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 59 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 60 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 61 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 62 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 63 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 64 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 65 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 66 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 67 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 68 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 69 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 70 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 71 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 72 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 73 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 74 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 75 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 15 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 16 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 17 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 18 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 19 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 20 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 21 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 22 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 23 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 24 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 25 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 26 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 27 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 28 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
- conn 29 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer

Connect timing results for 100 successful connections

- min time: 1.427047 ms
- max time: 1004.916701 ms
- average time: 904.245411 ms

(0 connections failed!)

Roundtrip timing results for 55 connections for 10000 round trips

- min time: 706.457603 ms

- max time: 59543.044363 ms
- average time: 25366.642656 ms

Q7:

Your answer:

Once we had established connections to different clients, we sent messages from the first and the second. The server responded immediately only to the first one and seem to discard the messages from the second. We also got a message "response does not match original query" at a time. The netstat command shows the connection status of the sockets and their corresponding process identifiers (PID)

Q8:

Your answer:

After an orderly shutdown of the connection with the first client, the session was re-established for the second client, and the messages being sent from this client now started getting responses from the server. We take it that the iterative server was only responding to one client at a time. When we ran the netstat command, the PID for the first client was no longer seen on the list. We can infer that this is simply how the iterative server works

Q 9:

Your answer:

Size of Data Sent (Bytes)	RTT (ms)	RTT (ms)
	Client & Server are on the same machine	Client & Server on Different Machine
10	0.108161	10.770205
26	0.100951	9.161370
27	0.061767	9.626789
30	0.084463	5.936388
33	0.092891	11.162449
54	0.083655	4.706442
104	0.061767	9.626789
Average value	0.08480786	8.71291886

Yes, we observed clear differences between the scenarios. The response was far better, lower in value, when the server and client were running on the same machine. The response time was higher when the client connected remotely to the server.

Q 10: Based on your explanation, what do you think "is the largest factor in the measured round-trip time of the second client?"

To handle concurrent connections the iterative server program has to be modified to accept simultaneous connections from clients. The iterative server takes one connection at a time, and so we could not initiate two concurrent sessions.

Intuitively, for concurrent sessions, the server response time will play a major role in creating some difference in the round-trip time. The number of hops, distance, traffic level and transmission channel/medium will be the same for both clients at the same time

The largest factor in the RTT measured values is the amount of the message, in bytes, that has been sent to the server.

Q11: Provide some numbers to sustain your statement,

We observed that as the number of clients was being increased, the minimal and maximal times, also increased as well.

Also, the RTT values increased as the number of clients increase. We therefore see a direct proportionality between the number of clients and the minimal/maximal/RTT values.

Last time, we observed a few errors that seem to also increase with the number of clients. For example, we got:

```
conn 23 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
conn 25 : error in recv() : Connection reset by peer
```

But this time, we observed no error, unless if the number of client and number of messages increased so much.

```
haitham@remote11:~/lab1.2$ ./client-multi remote11.chalmers.se 31336
7 255
```

Simulating 7 clients.

Establishing 7 connections...

successfully initiated 7 connection attempts!

Connect timing results for 7 successful connections

- min time: 0.173636 ms
- max time: 0.427089 ms
- average time: 0.275111 ms

(0 connections failed!)

Roundtrip timing results for 7 connections for 255 round trips

- min time: 9.985360 ms
- max time: 63.977426 ms
- average time: 37.188953 ms

```
haitham@remote11:~/lab1.2$ ./client-multi remote11.chalmers.se 31336
10 255
```

Simulating 10 clients.

Establishing 10 connections...

successfully initiated 10 connection attempts!

```

Connect timing results for 10 successful connections
- min time: 0.214704 ms
- max time: 0.478328 ms
- average time: 0.324034 ms
(0 connections failed!)
Roundtrip timing results for 10 connections for 255 round trips
- min time: 10.629230 ms
- max time: 92.910074 ms
- average time: 52.440092 ms

haitham@remote11:~/lab1.2$ ./client-multi remote11.chalmers.se 31336
15 255
Simulating 15 clients.
Establishing 15 connections...
    successfully initiated 15 connection attempts!
Connect timing results for 15 successful connections
- min time: 0.265705 ms
- max time: 1031.365713 ms
- average time: 344.020323 ms
(0 connections failed!)
Roundtrip timing results for 15 connections for 255 round trips
- min time: 10.183681 ms
- max time: 103.961766 ms
- average time: 46.855492 ms

haitham@remote11:~/lab1.2$ ./client-multi remote11.chalmers.se 31336
30 255
Simulating 30 clients.
Establishing 30 connections...
    successfully initiated 30 connection attempts!
Connect timing results for 30 successful connections
- min time: 0.469887 ms
- max time: 1019.959777 ms
- average time: 680.125051 ms
(0 connections failed!)
Roundtrip timing results for 30 connections for 255 round trips
- min time: 11.067528 ms
- max time: 248.381284 ms
- average time: 114.908063 ms

haitham@remote11:~/lab1.2$ ./client-multi remote11.chalmers.se 31336
50 255
Simulating 50 clients.
Establishing 50 connections...
    successfully initiated 50 connection attempts!
Connect timing results for 50 successful connections
- min time: 0.643474 ms
- max time: 1011.891136 ms
- average time: 809.576258 ms
(0 connections failed!)
Roundtrip timing results for 50 connections for 255 round trips
- min time: 12.587867 ms
- max time: 957.579719 ms
- average time: 346.776135 ms

```



```
haitham@remote11:~/lab1.2$ ./client-multi remote11.chalmers.se 31336
100 255
Simulating 100 clients.
Establishing 100 connections...
    successfully initiated 100 connection attempts!
Connect timing results for 100 successful connections
- min time: 1.384085 ms
- max time: 1004.313830 ms
- average time: 903.404359 ms
(0 connections failed!)
Roundtrip timing results for 100 connections for 255 round trips
- min time: 10.155905 ms
- max time: 26756.988687 ms
- average time: 5381.332484 ms
No error
```

Q12: Perform the simple DoS attack proposed and count the time until connections start failing.

It took about 1:10 minutes

```
haitham@remote11:~/lab1.2$ ./client-multi remote11.chalmers.se
31336 75 75
Simulating 75 clients.
Establishing 75 connections...
    successfully initiated 75 connection attempts!
- conn 0 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 1 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 2 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 3 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 4 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 5 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 6 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 7 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 8 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 9 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 10 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 11 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 12 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 13 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 14 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 15 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 16 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 17 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 18 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 19 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 20 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 21 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 22 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 23 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
- conn 24 : async connect() error: Connection timed out
```

[illegible]

```
(75 connections failed!)  
Roundtrip timing results for 0 connections for 75 round trips  
- min time: inf ms  
- max time: 0.000000 ms  
- average time: -nan ms
```