Normalization

Database Normalization

- Normalization: The process of structuring data to minimize duplication and inconsistencies.
- The process usually involves breaking down a single Table into two or more tables and defining relationships between those tables.
- Normalization is usually done in stages, with each stage applying some rules to the types of information which can be stored in a table.

Well-Structured Relations

- Goal is to avoid anomalies
 - Insertion Anomaly adding new rows forces user to create duplicate data
 - Deletion Anomaly deleting rows may cause a loss of data that would be needed for other future rows
 - Modification Anomaly changing data in a row forces changes to other rows because of duplication

a table should not have more than one entity type

Example

| <u>SID</u> | Sname | Bdate | City | ZipCode | <u>Subject</u> | Grade | Teacher |
|------------|---------|-------------------|------------|---------|----------------|-------|---------|
| | | | <i>a</i> . | 4040 | | | |
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 | DB | Α | Hany |
| | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 | Math | В | Eman |
| | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 | WinXP | Α | khalid |
| | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Ali | 1/1/1983 | Alex | 1111 | DB | В | Hany |
| | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Ali | 1/1/1983 | Alex | 1111 | SWE | В | Heba |
| | | , , , , , , , , , | | | | | |
| 2 | Mahamad | 1 /1 /1000 | Managayya | 1210 | NC | C | Mone |
| 3 | Mohamed | 1/1/1990 | Mansoura | 1210 | NC | С | Mona |

Question – What's the primary key? Answer – Composite: SID, Subject

Why do these anomalies exist?

Because we've combined two themes (entity types) into one relation. This results in duplication, and an unnecessary dependency between the entities

Functional dependency

- a constraint between two attributes (columns) or two sets of columns
- A → B if "for every valid instance of A, that value of A uniquely determines the value of B"
- > or ...A →B if "existing of B depending on a value of A"

... functional dependency

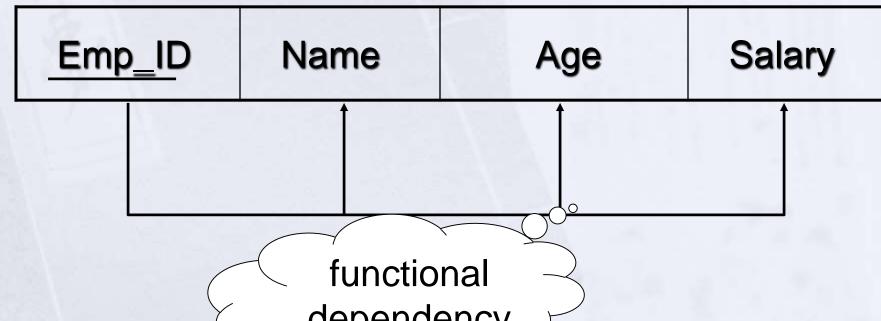
some examples

- social security number determines employee name SSN -> ENAME
- > project number determines project name and location PNUMBER -> {PNAME, PLOCATION}
- employee ssn and project number determines the hours per week that the employee works on the project {SSN, PNUMBER} -> HOURS

keys and dependencies

EMPLOYEE1 (Emp_ID, Name, Age, Salary)





Types of functional dependency

Full Functional Dependency

Attribute is fully Functional Dependency on a PK if its value is determined by the whole PK

Partial Functional Dependency

Attribute if has a Partially Functional Dependency on a PK if its value is determined by part of the PK(Composite Key)

Transitive Functional Dependency

Attribute is Transitively Functional Dependency on a table if its value is determined by anther non-key attribute which it self determined by PK

Example

| <u>SID</u> | SName | Birthdate | City | Zip Code | <u>Subject</u> | Grade | Teacher |
|------------|---------|-----------|-------|----------|----------------|-------|---------|
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 | DB | A | Hany |
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 | Math | В | Eman |
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 | WinXP | A | khalid |
| 2 | Ali | 1/1/1983 | Alex | 1111 | DB | В | Hany |
| 2 | Ali | 1/1/1983 | Alex | 1111 | SWE | В | Heba |
| 3 | Mohamed | 1/1/1990 | Cairo | 1010 | NC | C | Mona |

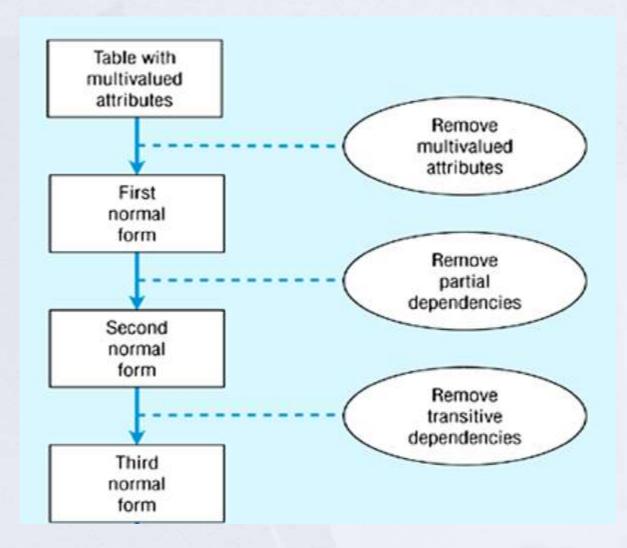
Full Functional Dependency Sid,Subject → Grade

Partial Functional Dependency Sid → SName

Subject → Teacher

Transitive Functional Dependency ZipCode → City

Steps in normalization



- relation is in first normal form if it contains no multivalued or composite attributes
- remove repeating groups to a new table as already demonstrated, "carrying" the PK as a FK
- > All columns (fields) must be atomic
 - Means: no repeating items in columns

Example

| <u>SID</u> | SName | Birthdate | City | Zip Code | <u>Subject</u> | Grade | Teacher |
|------------|---------|-----------|-------|----------|----------------|-------|---------|
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 | DB | A | Hany |
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 | Math | В | Eman |
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 | WinXP | A | khalid |
| 2 | Ali | 1/1/1983 | Alex | 1111 | DB | В | Hany |
| 2 | Ali | 1/1/1983 | Alex | 1111 | SWE | В | Heba |
| 3 | Mohamed | 1/1/1990 | Cairo | 1010 | NC | С | Mona |

| <u>SID</u> | SName | Birthdate | City | Zip Code | <u>Subject</u> | Grade | Teacher |
|------------|---------|-----------|-------|----------|----------------|-------|---------|
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 | DB | A | Hany |
| | | | | | Math | В | Eman |
| | | | | | WinXP | A | khalid |
| 2 | Ali | 1/1/1983 | Alex | 1111 | DB | В | Hany |
| | | | | | SWE | В | Heba |
| 3 | Mohamed | 1/1/1990 | Cairo | 1010 | NC | С | Mona |

Repeating Groups Or multivalued



Student(SID, Sname, Birthdate, City, Zip Code)

| SID | SName | Birthdate | City | Zip Code |
|-----|---------|-----------|-------|----------|
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 |
| 2 | Ali | 1/1/1983 | Alex | 1111 |
| 3 | Mohamed | 1/1/1990 | Cairo | 1010 |

Stud_Subject (SID, Subject, Grade, Teacher)

| SID | <u>Subject</u> | Grade | Teacher |
|-----|----------------|-------|---------|
| 1 | DB | A | Hany |
| 1 | Math | В | Eman |
| 1 | WinXP | A | khalid |
| 2 | DB | В | Hany |
| 2 | 2 SWE | | Heba |
| 3 | | | Mona |

- a relation is in second normal form if it is in first normal form AND every nonkey attribute is fully functionally dependant on the primary key
- i.e. remove partial functional dependencies, so no nonkey attribute depends on just part of the key

Student(SID, Sname, Birthdate, City, Zip Code)

| SID | SName | Birthdate | City | Zip Code |
|-----|---------|-----------|-------|----------|
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 |
| 2 | Ali | 1/1/1983 | Alex | 1111 |
| 3 | Mohamed | 1/1/1990 | Cairo | 1010 |

2NF Because there is no Composite PK

Stud_Subject (SID, Subject, Grade, Teacher)

| <u>SID</u> | <u>Subject</u> | Grade | Teacher |
|------------|----------------|-------|---------|
| 1 | DB | A | Hany |
| 1 | Math | В | Eman |
| 1 | WinXP | A | khalid |
| 2 | DB | В | Hany |
| 2 | 2 SWE | | Heba |
| 3 | 3 NC | | Mona |

SID, Subject → Grade.....FFD

Subject → Teacher.....PFD

Student(SID, Sname, Birthdate, City, Zip Code)

| SID | SName | Birthdate | City | Zip Code |
|-----|---------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 |
| 2 | Ali | 1/1/1983 | Alex | 1111 |
| 3 | Mohamed | 1/1/1990 | Mansoura | 1210 |

Stud_Subject (SID, Subject, Grade)

| SID | <u>Subject</u> | Grade |
|-----|----------------|-------|
| 1 | DB | A |
| 1 | Math | В |
| 1 | WinXP | A |
| 2 | DB | В |
| 2 | SWE | В |
| 3 | NC | С |

Subject (Subject, Teacher)

| <u>Subject</u> | Teacher | |
|----------------|---------|--|
| DB | Hany | |
| Math | Eman | |
| WinXP | khalid | |
| SWE | Heba | |
| NC | Mona | |

Third Normal Form

> 2NF PLUS no transitive dependencies (one attribute functionally determines a second, which functionally determines a third)

Student(SID, Sname, Birthdate, City, Zip Code)

| SID | SName | Birthdate | City | Zip Code |
|-----|---------|-----------|-------|----------|
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | Cairo | 1010 |
| 2 | Ali | 1/1/1983 | Alex | 1111 |
| 3 | Mohamed | 1/1/1990 | Cairo | 1010 |

Zip Code ->CityTFD

Stud_Subject (SID, Subject, Grade)

| <u>SID</u> | <u>Subject</u> | Grade |
|------------|----------------|-------|
| 1 | DB | A |
| 1 | Math | В |
| 1 | WinXP | A |
| 2 | DB | В |
| 2 | SWE | В |
| 3 | NC | С |

Subject (Subject, Teacher)

| <u>Subject</u> | Teacher | | |
|----------------|---------|--|--|
| DB | Hany | | |
| Math | Eman | | |
| WinXP | khalid | | |
| SWE | Heba | | |
| NC | Mona | | |

3NF

Because there is no Transtive Functional Dependency

Student(SID, Sname, Birthdate,)

| <u>SID</u> | SName | Birthdate | ZipCode |
|------------|---------|-----------|---------|
| 1 | Ahmed | 1/1/1980 | 1010 |
| 2 | Ali | 1/1/1983 | 1111 |
| 3 | Mohamed | 1/1/1990 | 1010 |

Stud_City(City, Zip Code)

| City | <u>Zip Code</u> | | |
|-------|-----------------|--|--|
| Cairo | 1010 | | |
| Alex | 1111 | | |

Stud_Subject (SID, Subject, Grade)

| SID | <u>Subject</u> | Grade | | |
|-----|----------------|-------|--|--|
| 1 | DB | A | | |
| 1 | Math | В | | |
| 1 | WinXP | A | | |
| 2 | DB | В | | |
| 2 | SWE | В | | |
| 3 | NC | С | | |

Subject (Subject, Teacher)

| <u>Subject</u> | Teacher | | |
|----------------|---------|--|--|
| DB1 | Hany | | |
| Math | Eman | | |
| WinXP | khalid | | |
| DB2 | Hany | | |
| SWE | Heba | | |
| NC | Mona | | |

ITI Example

ITI Students Sheet

Platform Name : SWE Platform Description: Software Engineering

Graduate Manager: Dr.Baha

| Appno | Name | F-code | Faculty | Address | Telno | Grade | Att. Hrs | Sdate |
|-------|-------|---------|-------------|-----------|---------------------------------|-------|----------|--------|
| 123 | Ahmed | SC-phy | Science | Haram | 3386842 | A | 600 | 14 Sep |
| 124 | Mona | Eng-cs | Engineering | Dokki | 3389745, 3389744, 5123445 | В | 591 | 15 Sep |
| 127 | Ali | Com-ac | Commerce | Nasr City | 2241593 , 2222345 | A | 550 | 21 Sep |
| 223 | Karim | Med-bio | Medicine | Sheraton | 2286845 | С | 600 | 14 Sep |

1NF:

- > Platform: pfname, pfdesc, pfManager
- Students: pfname, appno, name, faculty, F-Code, address, grade, attd, start_date
- > Std_Tel: appno, telno

- Students: <u>appno</u>, name, faculty, FCode, address
- > Students_pf: pfname,appno, grade, attd, start_date

Unchanged Tables

- > Platform : pfname , pfdesc , pfManager
- > Std_Tel: appno, telno

- > Students: appno, name, FCode, address
- > Fac_majors: faculty, FCode

Unchanged Tables

- > Platform : pfname , pfdesc , pfManager
- > Std_Tel: appno, telno
- > Students_pf: pfname,appno, grade, attd, start_date

Thank You!!!