

Tool Box Using Digital Image processing

❖ Steps to create the project :

✚ Needed environment.

• Hardware

→ CPU (Intel i5/ i7/ Xeon recommended).

→ 8 GB RAM, 10 GB HDD Free Space.

• Software

→ Windows 8, 10, 64 bits

→ OpenCV

→ latest release

→ Visual studio latest release

✚ OpenCV

→ OpenCV stands for open-source library for image processing and computer vision.

→ OpenCV supports Windows, Linux, Android, and Mac OS.

→ OpenCV supports a wide variety of programming languages such as C++, Python, Java, etc.

→ Primary interface of OpenCV is in C++

→ OpenCV 4.3.0 Download

Link → https://sourceforge.net/projects/opencvlibrary/files/4.3.0/opencv-4.3.0-vc14_vc15.exe/download

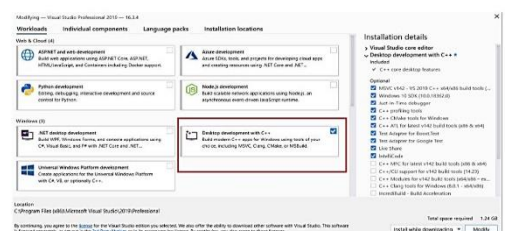
✚ visual studio

→ visual studio 2019 community free download

link → <https://visualstudio.microsoft.com/downloads/>

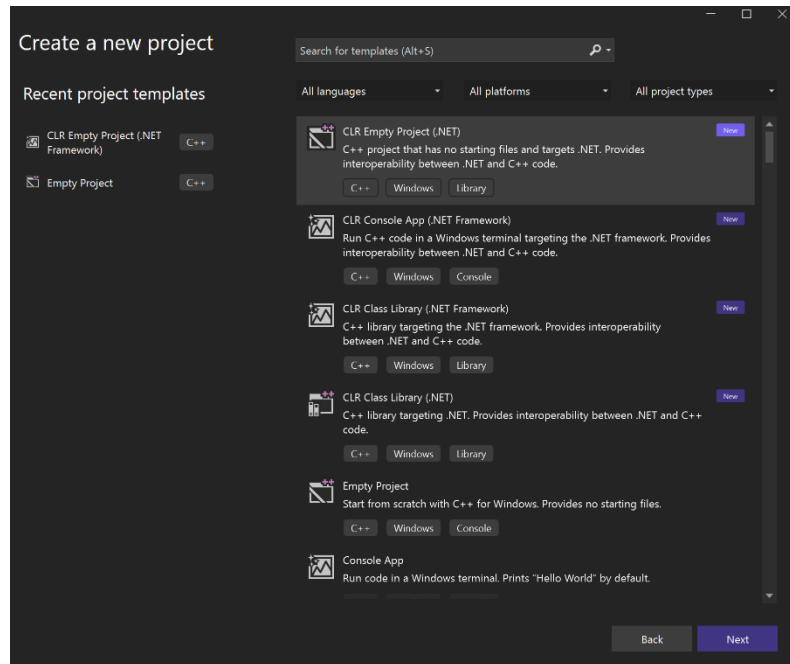
→ There are different kinds of components. What we will need is desktop development with C++ check it and goes with the install process

- Create a new CLR empty project



→ Choose CLR Empty Project (.NET)

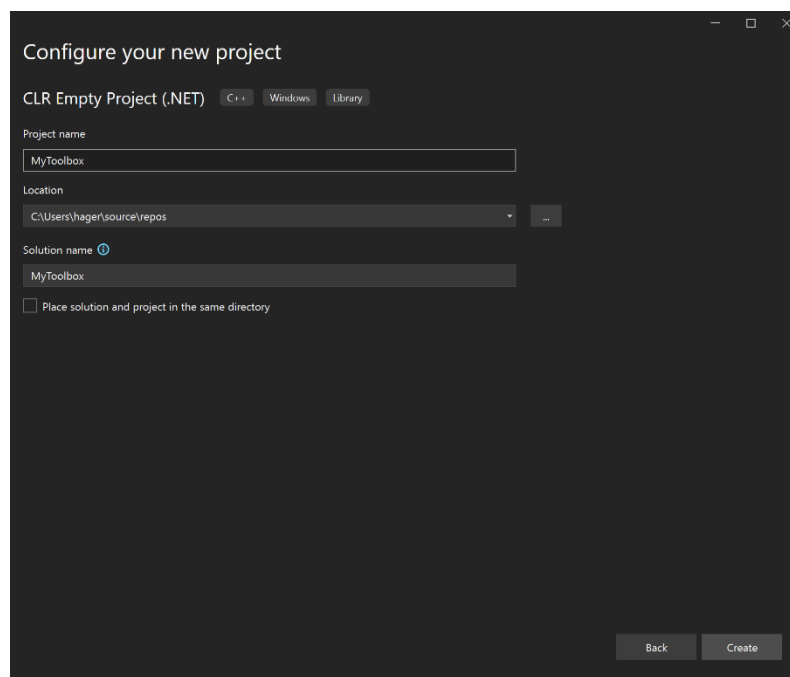
→ Click on Next



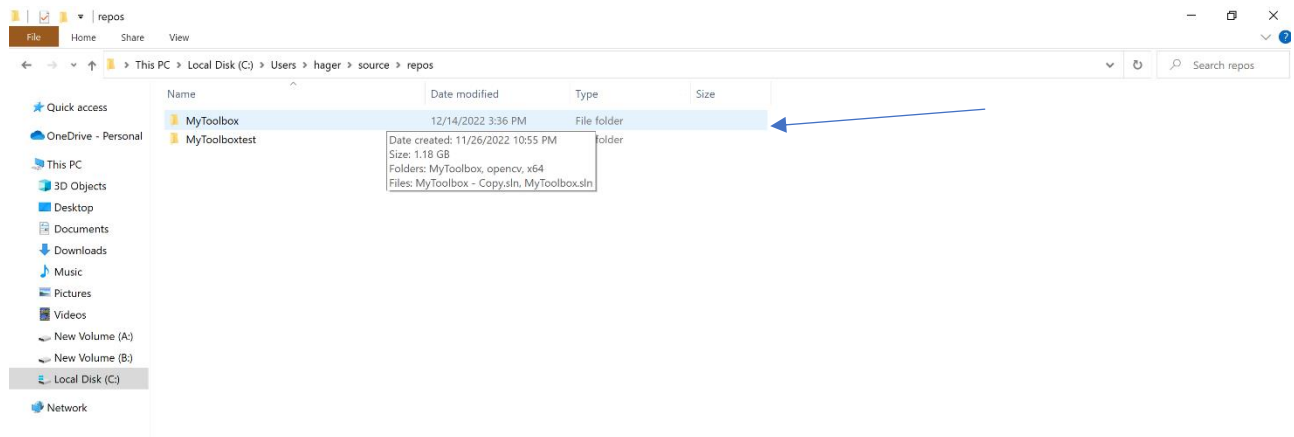
- Configure your new project

→ Project name (MyToolbox)

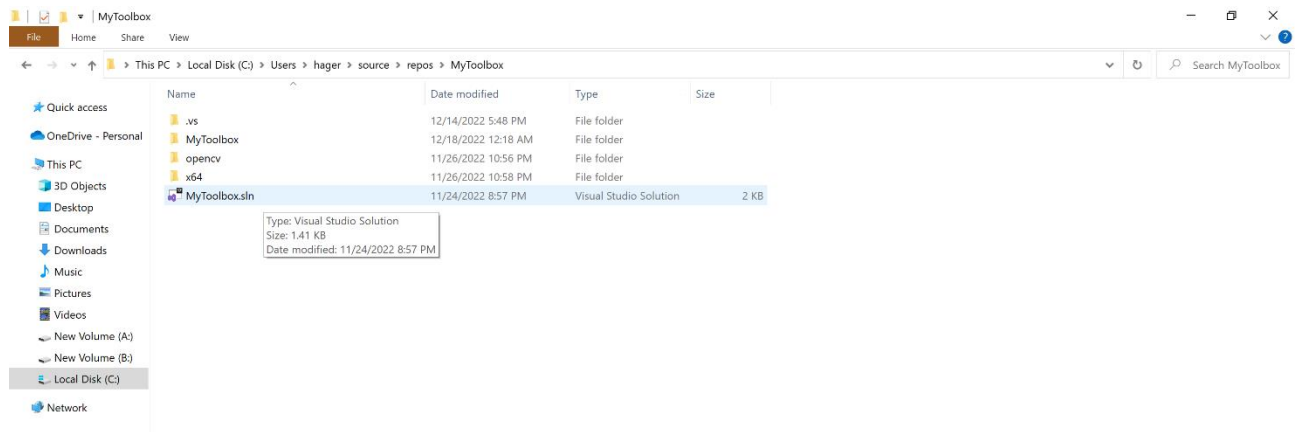
→ Click on Create



- Project created (MyToolbox)



- Open MyToolbox.sln work space



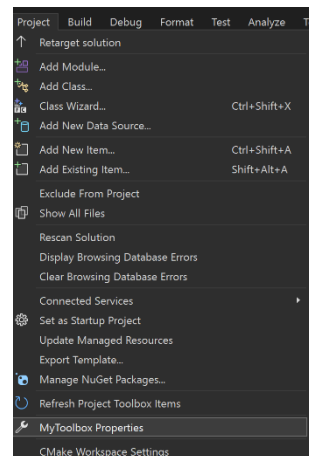
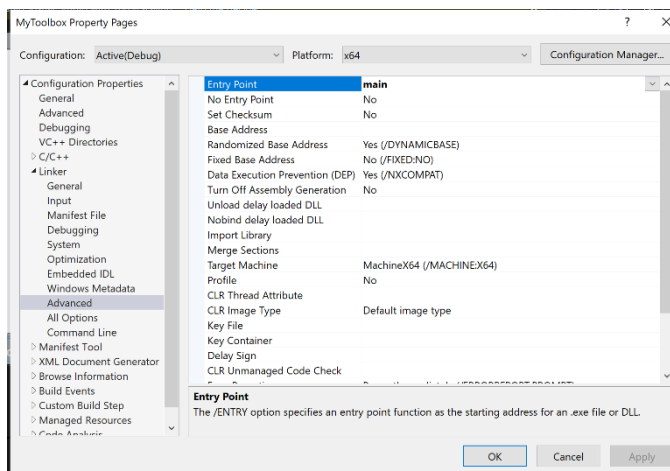
1. To create the project interface(UI):

- To adjust the settings

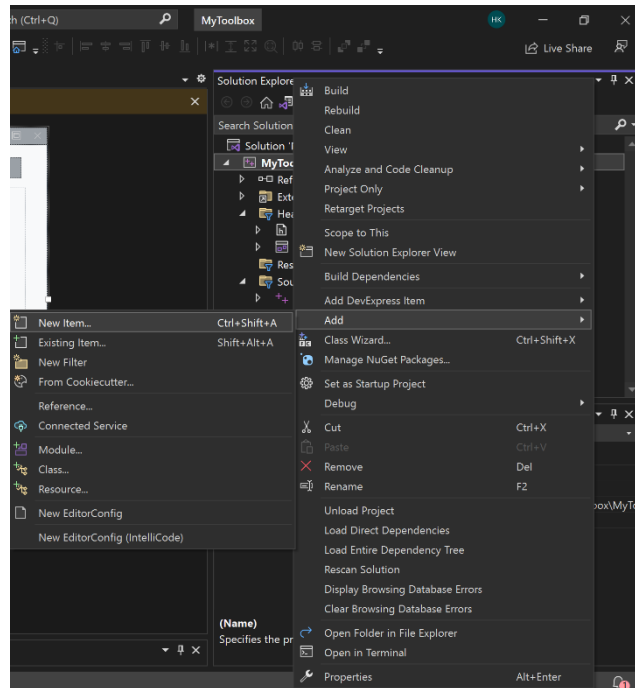
→Project→MyToolbox Properties

→Linker→Advanced→Entry Point →main

→Click on Apply

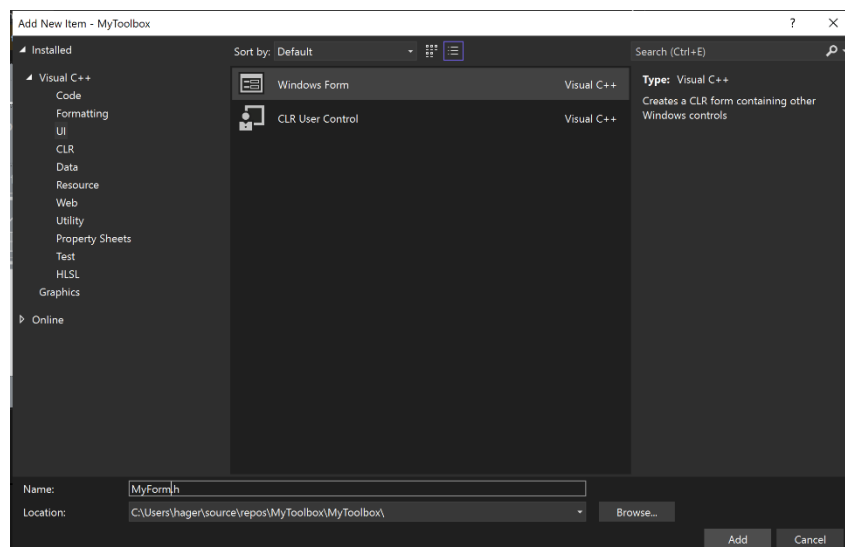


→Solution Explore→Right Click→MyToolbox→Add→New item



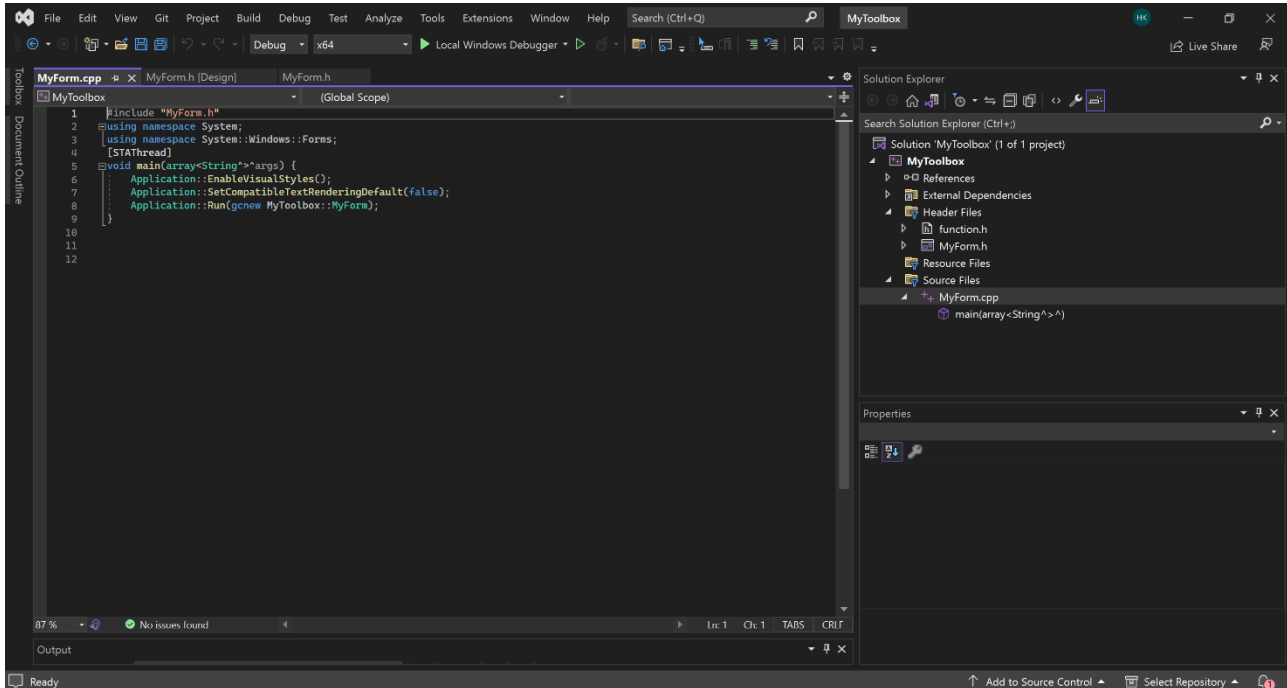
→Add New Item→UI→Windows Form→Name→MyForm.h

→Click on Add



→Source Files→MyForm.cpp

→Define Libraries and main



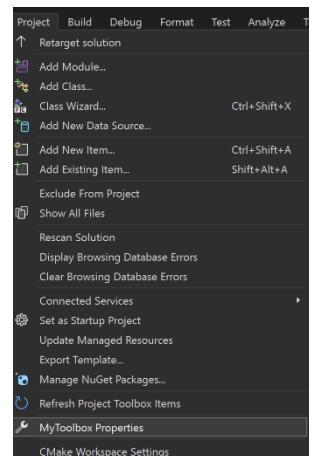
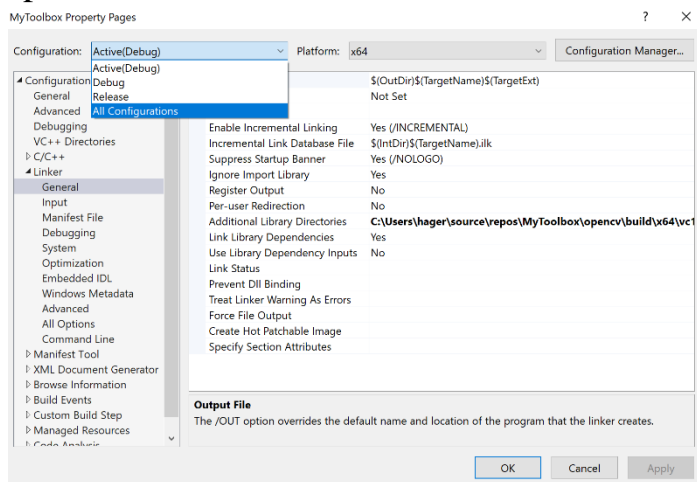
2. To Add opencv files to your project:

- To adjust the settings

→ Project → MyToolbox Properties

→ Configuration → all configuration

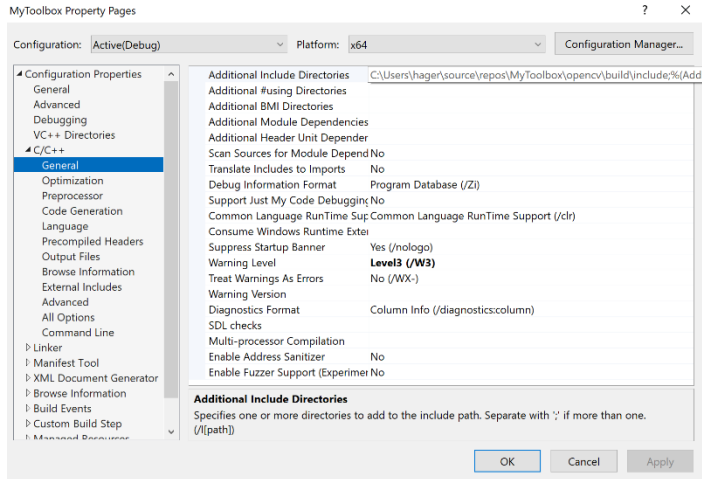
→ platform → x64



→ C/C++ → General → Additional include directory.

→ Write the path of the include folder

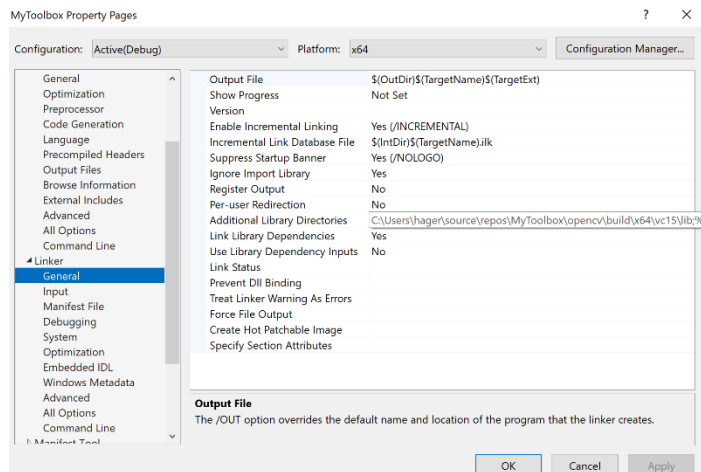
C:\User\hager\source\MyToolbox\opencv\build\include.



→Linker→General → Additional library directories

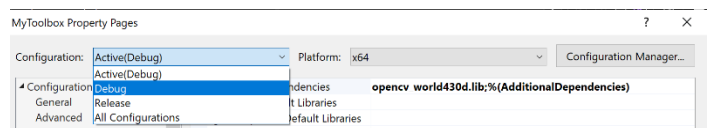
→ Write the path of the lib folder.

C:\User\hager\source\MyToolbox \OpenCV\build\x64\vc15\lib

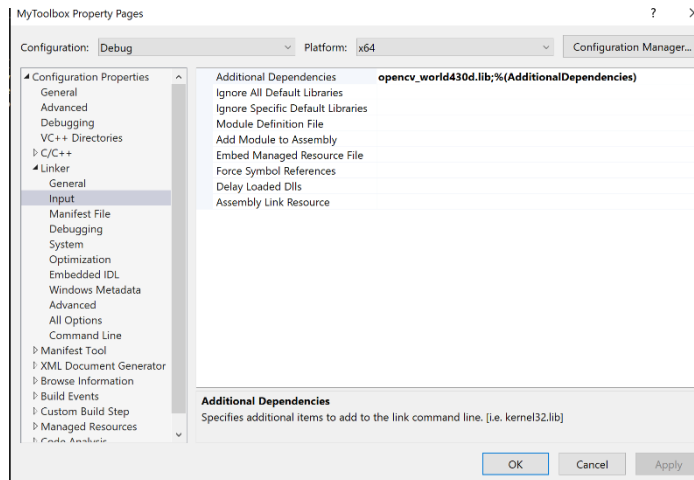


→Configuration→ Debug

→ platform→x64

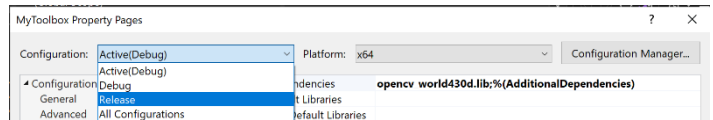


→ Linker→input → Additional dependencies→opencv_world430d.lib

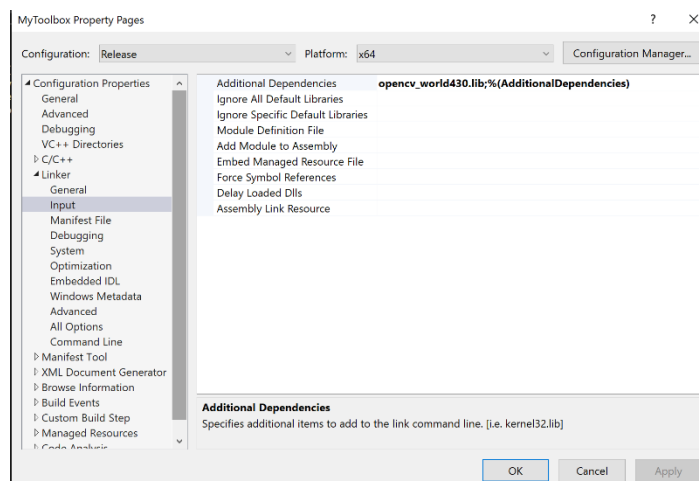


→Configuration→Release

→ platform→x64



→ Linker→input → Additional dependencies→opencv_world430.lib

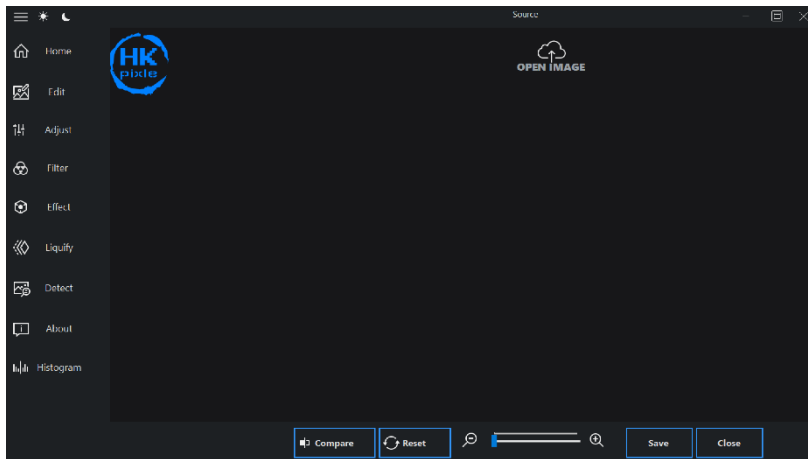


❖ Steps to make User InterFace (UI):

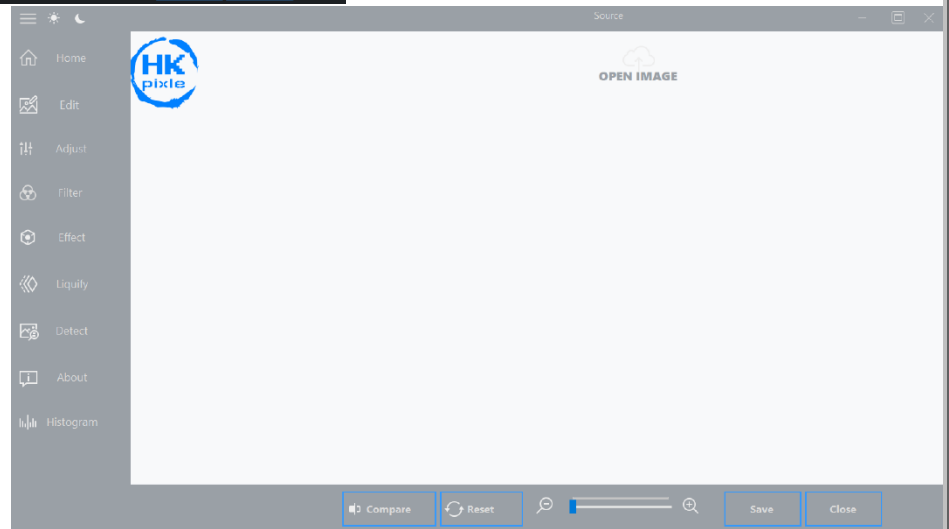
- ✓ Create an app in two modes(light and dark)

→ To be comfortable for the users

← DARK MOOD

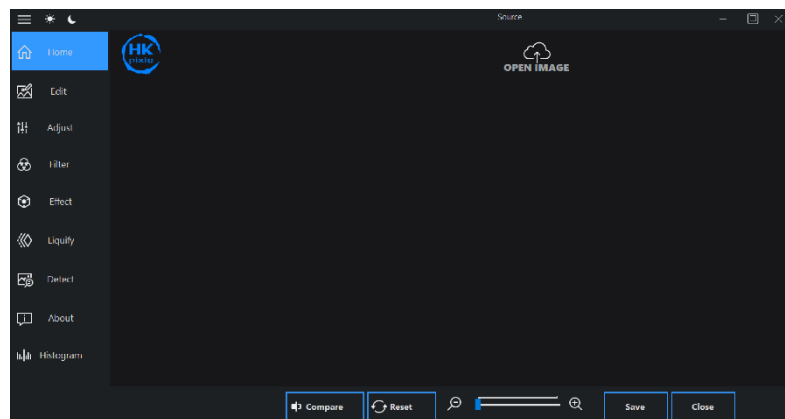


LIGHT MOOD →

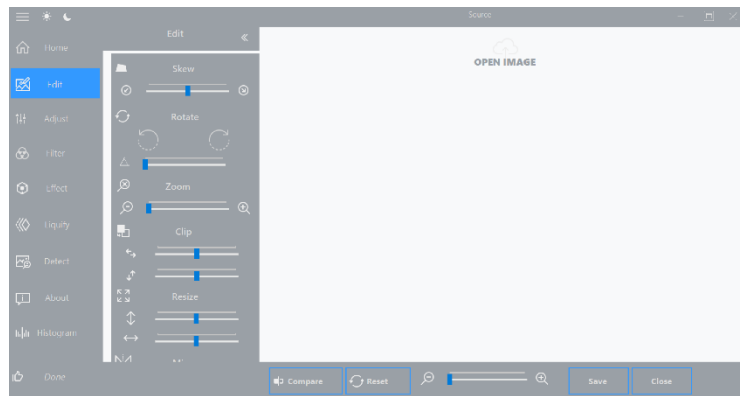


- ✓ The application has been divided into several sections
→ For the convenience of the users

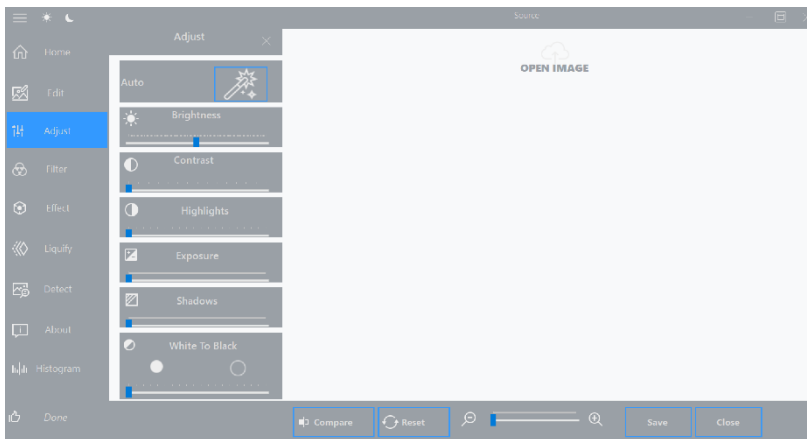
HOME SECTION →



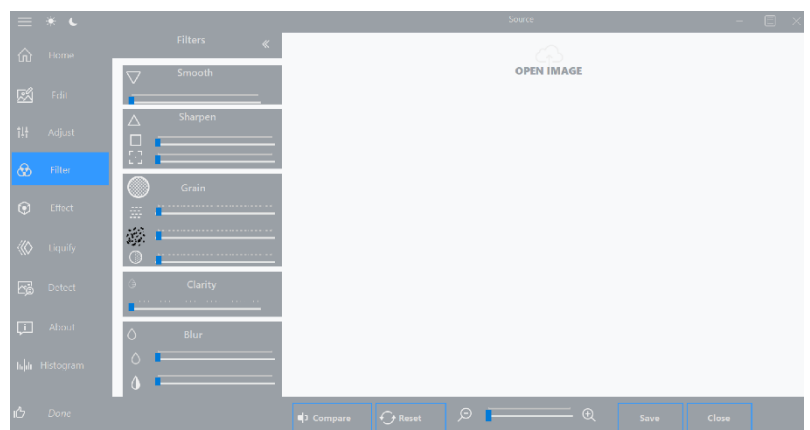
EDIT SECTION →



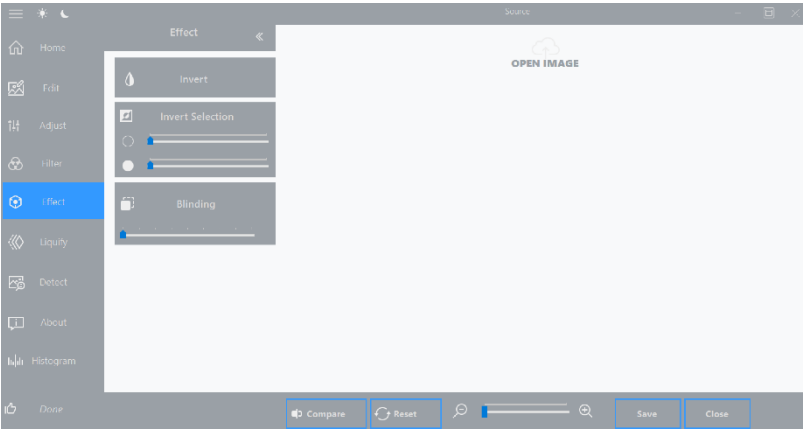
← ADJUST SECTION



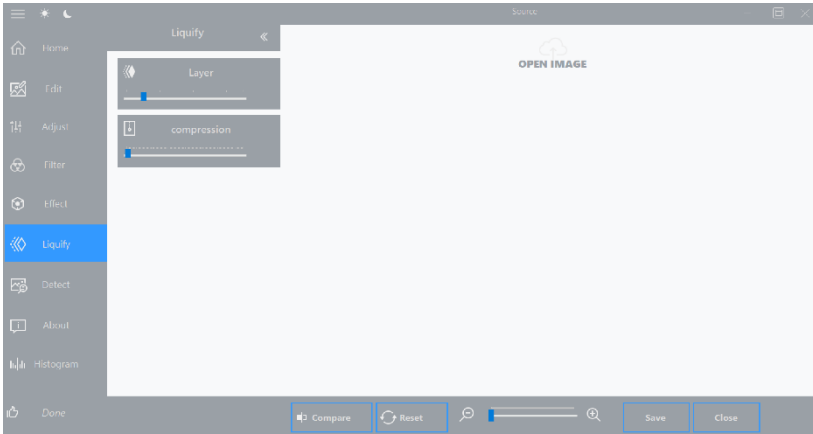
FILTER SECTION →



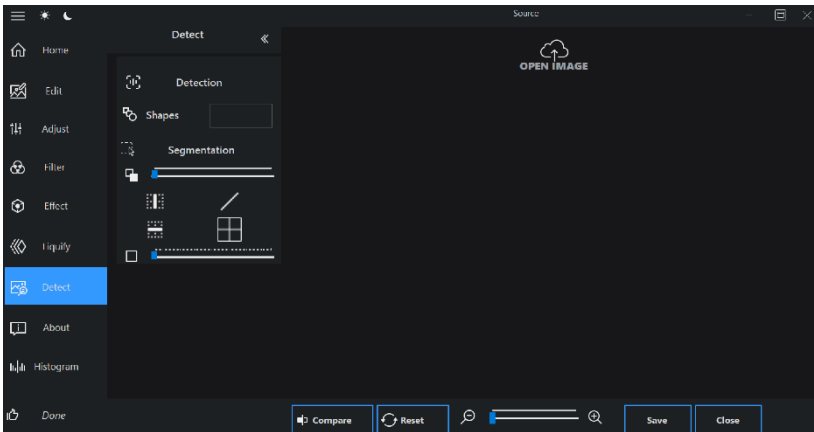
EFFECT SECTION →




←LIQUIFIY SECTION




DETECT SECTION →



Button Functions → Main Buttons


 ← Using to close App


 ← Using to Maximize App

 ← Using to Minimize App

 ← Use to convert App Dark mode to Light mode

 ← Use to convert App mode Light to Dark mode


 ← Use to minimize Menu

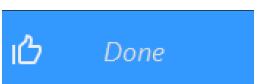
 ← Open Original Image

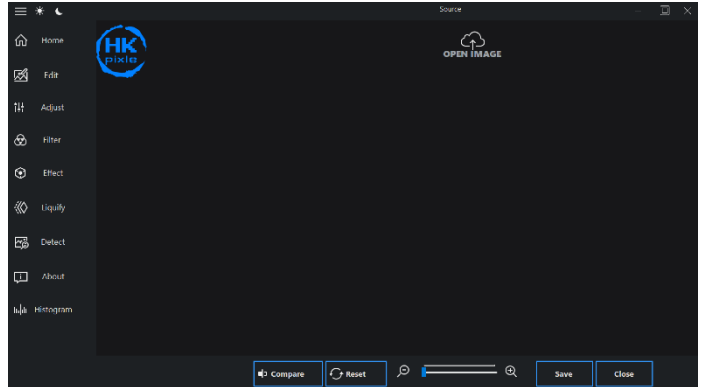
 ← Restart App

 ← Zooming in and out

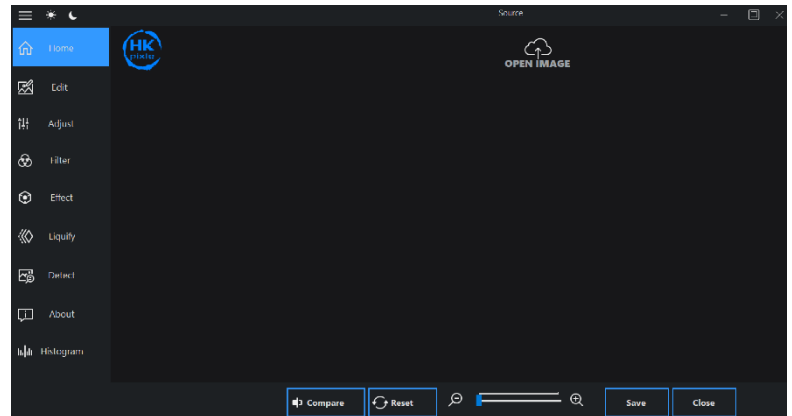
 ← Save enhancement Image and open window to choose location wanted to save

 ← Close Current Image

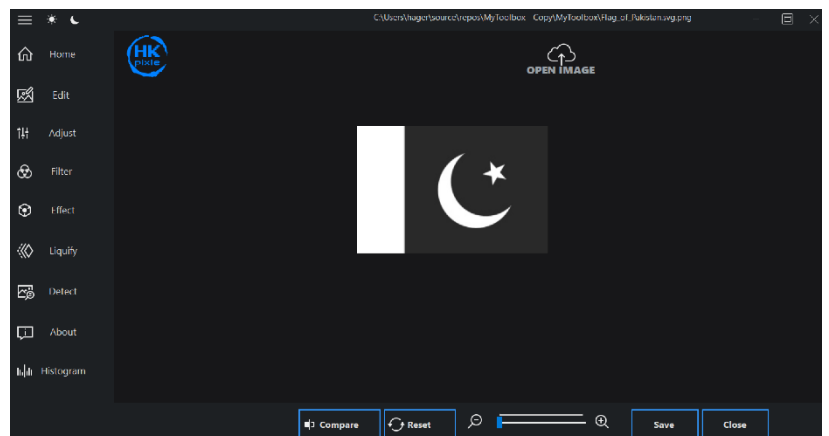
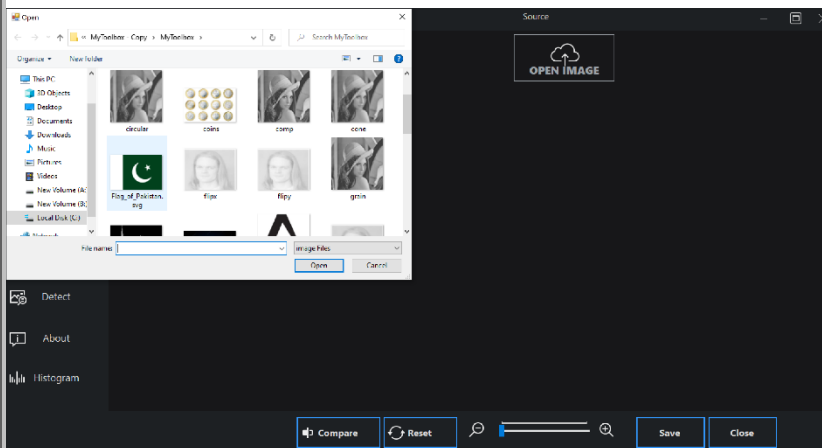
 ← To Save and update enhance on Image.



→HOME SECTION BUTTONS



←Using to upload Image
and Convert image to gray Scale



→ EDIT SECTION BUTTONS

This Section uses if image has been scanned or photographed crookedly.

→ Skew

It's the button used to straighten an image.

→ Rotate

- It's the button using to Rotate Left image.
- It's the button using to Rotate Right image.
- It's the button using to Rotate image with angle value.

→ Zoom

It's the button using to Zooming image in and out depending on trackbar values.

→ Clip

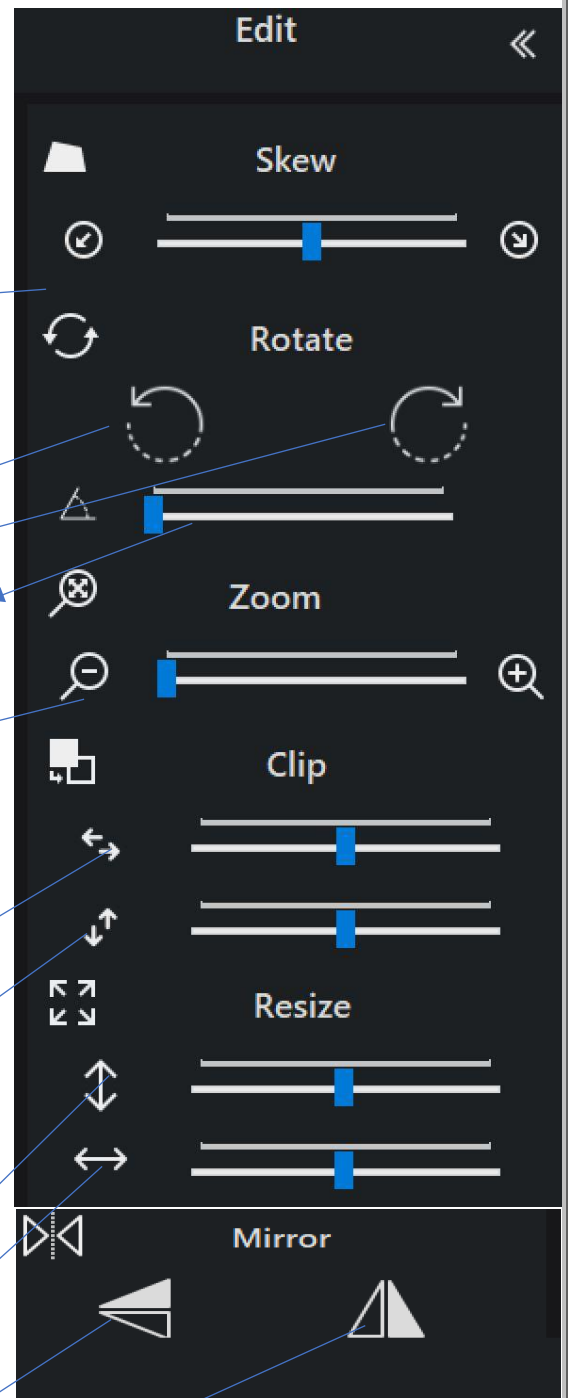
- Translation (shifting) of an object's location Horizontal depending on trackbar values.
- Translation (shifting) of an object's location Vertical depending on trackbar values.

→ Resize

- Edit Horizontal Scaling depending on trackbar values.
- Edit Vertical Scaling depending on trackbar values.

→ Mirror

- Flip(reflecting) image Horizontal.
- Flip(reflecting) image Vertical.



→ ADJUST SECTION BUTTONS

This Section is used to enhance (brightness and darkness) image.

→Auto

- Using Histogram Equalization techniques to auto adjust on image.

→Brightness

- Using gamma correction to increase or decrease the brightness of image depending on gamma values.

→Contrast

- Using gamma correction techniques to Contrast image depending on trackbar values.

Note:

*gamma>1 & trackbar value start at 1.

→Highlights

- Using gamma correction techniques to Highlights image depending on trackbar values.

Note:

*gamma<1 & trackbar value start at 1.

→Exposure

- Using Natural Log techniques to brights darker zones in image (Like contrast but using bright) depending on trackbar values.

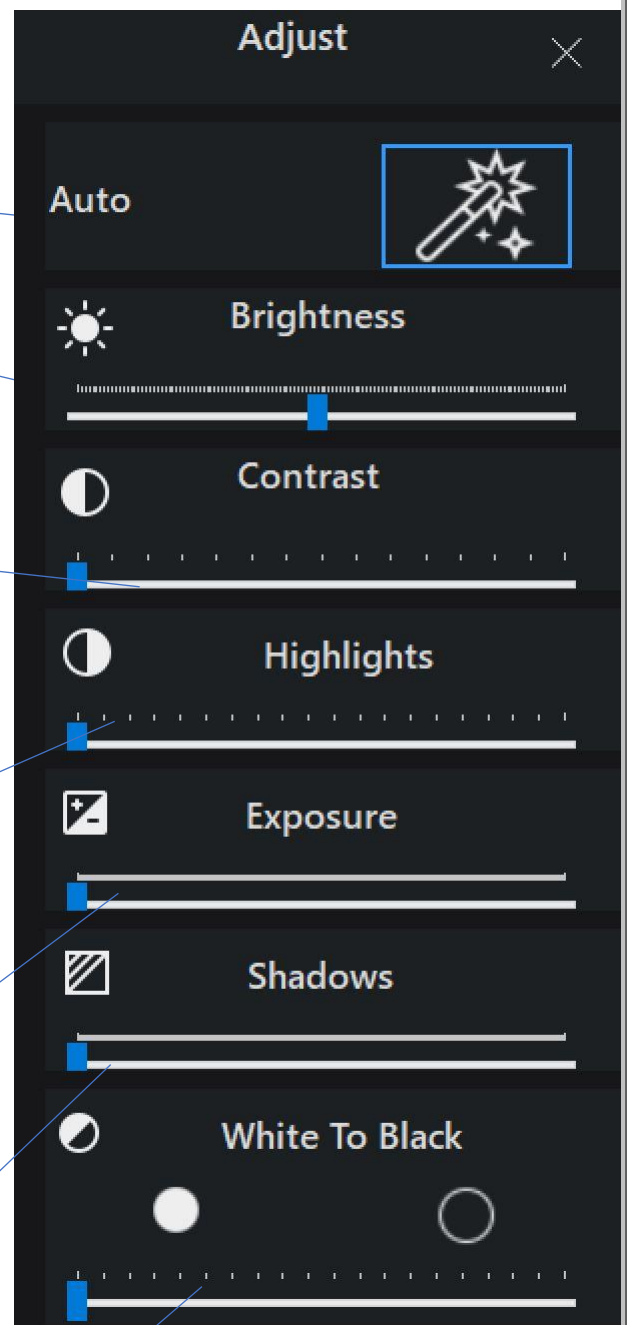
→Shadows

- Using Mean Noise techniques to make shadows on image depending on trackbar values.

→White To Black

- Using Log inverse techniques to decrease the brightness of image depending on trackbar values.

→ FILTERS SECTION BUTTONS



This Section is used to enhance (Edges) and add or remove noise from image.

→Smooth

- Using Traditional filter techniques to Remove spark noise (reduce irrelevant detail in image) on image.

Note:

- *using blur function in OpenCV.
- *Kernel Size depending on trackbar values.

→Sharpen

- Using Laplacian filter techniques to Sharp edges (increase detail in image) on image in Frequency domain.
- Using Laplacian filter techniques to Sharp edges (increase detail in image) on image in Spatial domain. Using Laplacian filter techniques to Sharp edges (increase detail in image) on image in Spatial domain.

Note:

- *Sharpen degree depending on trackbar values.

→Grain

- Using to add salt noise on image.
- Using to add pepper noise on image.
- Using to add salt pepper noise on image.

Note:

- *Noise degree depending on trackbar values.

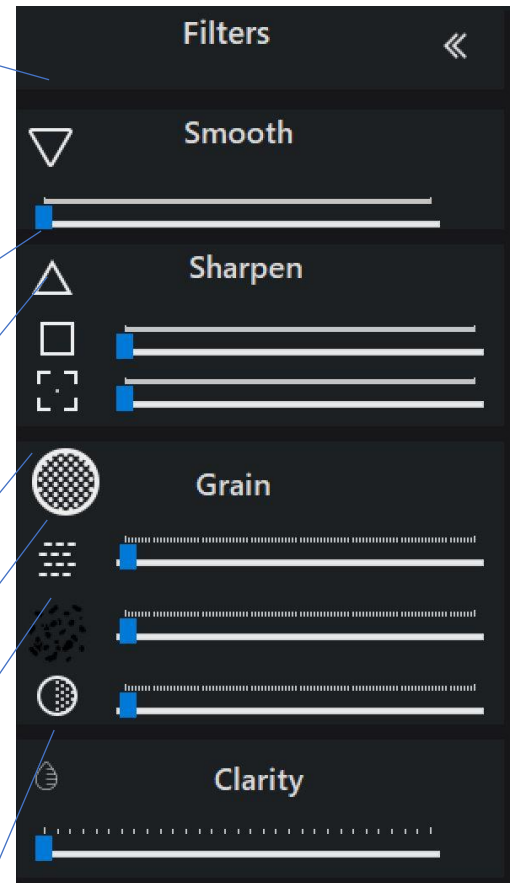
→Clarity

- Using Median filter techniques to Salt and pepper noise removal while preserving edges

Note:

- *Clarity degree depending on trackbar values.

→Blur



- Using Gaussian filter techniques to Remove spark noise (reduce irrelevant detail in image) on image in Frequency domain.
- Using Gaussian filter techniques to Remove spark noise (reduce irrelevant detail in image) on image in Spatial domain.

Note:

*Blurred degree depending on trackbar values.

- Using Pyramidal filter techniques to Remove spark noise (reduce irrelevant detail in image) (Kernel value like Pyramidal else edge not blurred)
- Using Circle filter techniques to Remove spark noise (reduce irrelevant detail in image) (Kernel value like Circle else edge not blurred)
- Using Cone filter techniques to Remove spark noise (reduce irrelevant detail in image) (Kernel value like Cone else edge not blurred)



→ EFFECT SECTION BUTTONS

This Section is used to enhance convert color images or blind to image.

→ Inverter

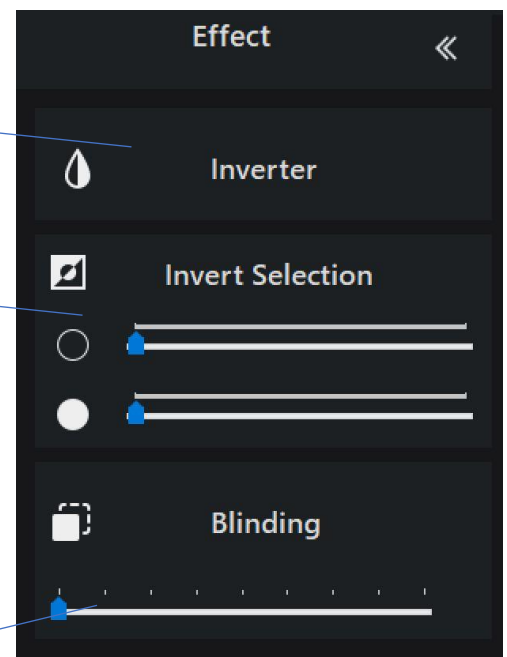
- Using Negative techniques to invert image.

→ Invert Selection

- Using Gray level slicing techniques to invert image.
By select black degree depending on trackbar values
By select white degree depending on trackbar values

→ Blinding

- Using Blinding techniques to be maxed to images
And toggles between us using trackbar values.



→ LIQUIFY SECTION BUTTONS

This Section is used to compress images size and quality.

→Layer

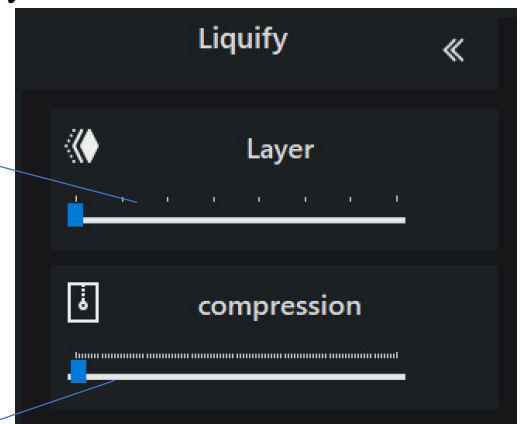
- Using Bit Plane Slicing techniques to Convert Binary Scale and remove layers from image.

Note:

*Layer Controller depending on trackbar values.

→Compression

- Using Huffman Encoding techniques to Compressed quality of image or increased Controller by trackbar values.



→ DETECT SECTION BUTTONS

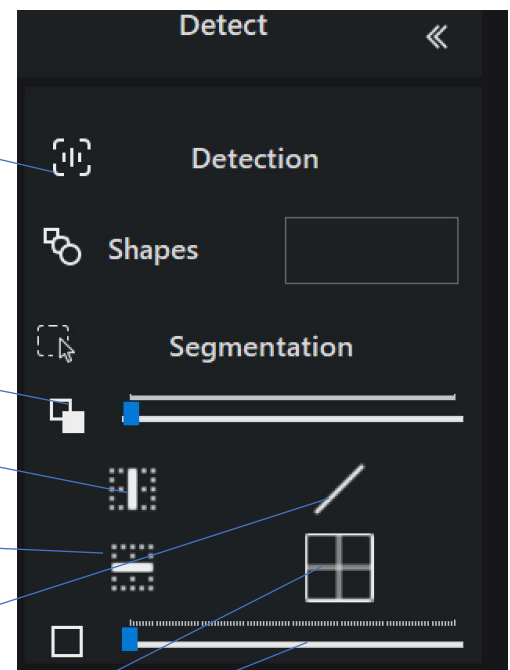
This Section is used to Detect edges and understand shapes in images.

→Detection

- Using Gaussian and canny filters to prepare image and make probability to shapes to be understood What is the shape into image.

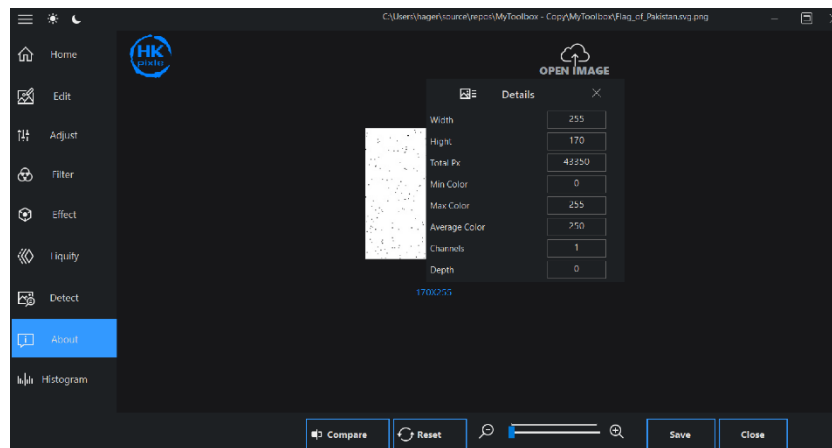
→Segmentation

- Using Threshold techniques to detect edges in image.
- Using Sobel Vertical techniques to detect Vertical edges in image.
- Using Sobel Horizontal techniques to detect horizontal edges in image.
- Using Sobel Diagonal techniques to detect Diagonal edges in image.
- Using Laplacian techniques to detect edges in image.
- Using Canny techniques to detect edges in image.



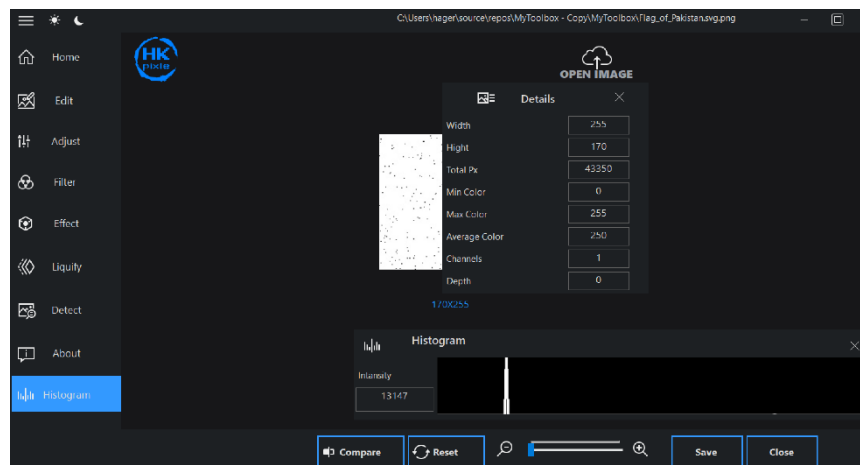
→ ABOUT SECTION BUTTONS

- Show details of image after enhancing.



→ HISTOGRAM SECTION BUTTONS

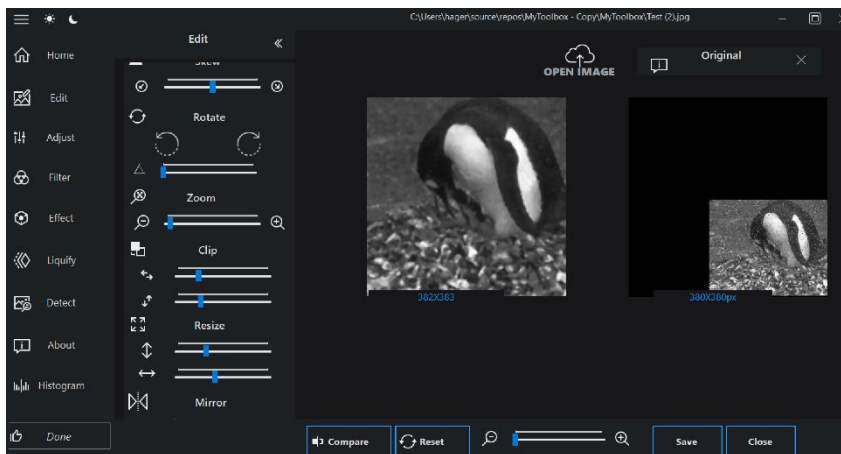
- Show histogram and max intensity in image after enhancing.



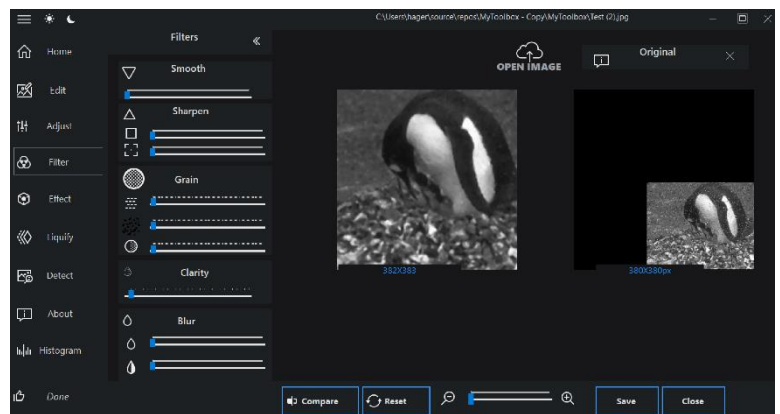
Using Toolbox For enhance the follow image:



1. Using Clip to Shifting image on X, Y to Put image into center.
2. Zoom in image.
3. Resize image.

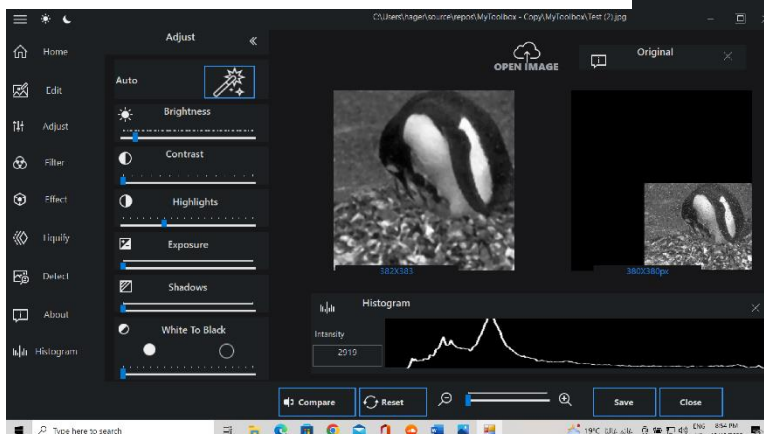


4. Using Clarity to remove noise

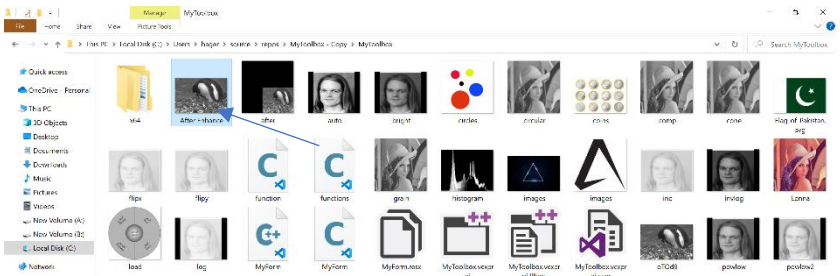
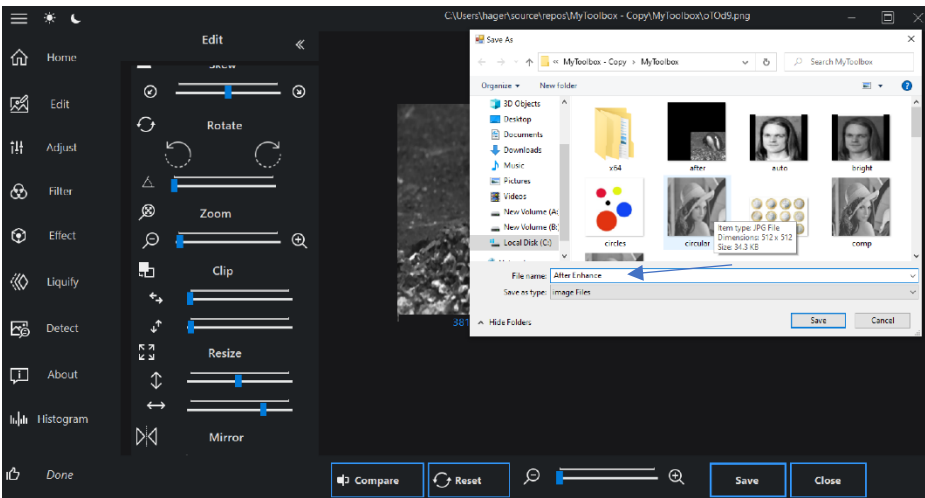
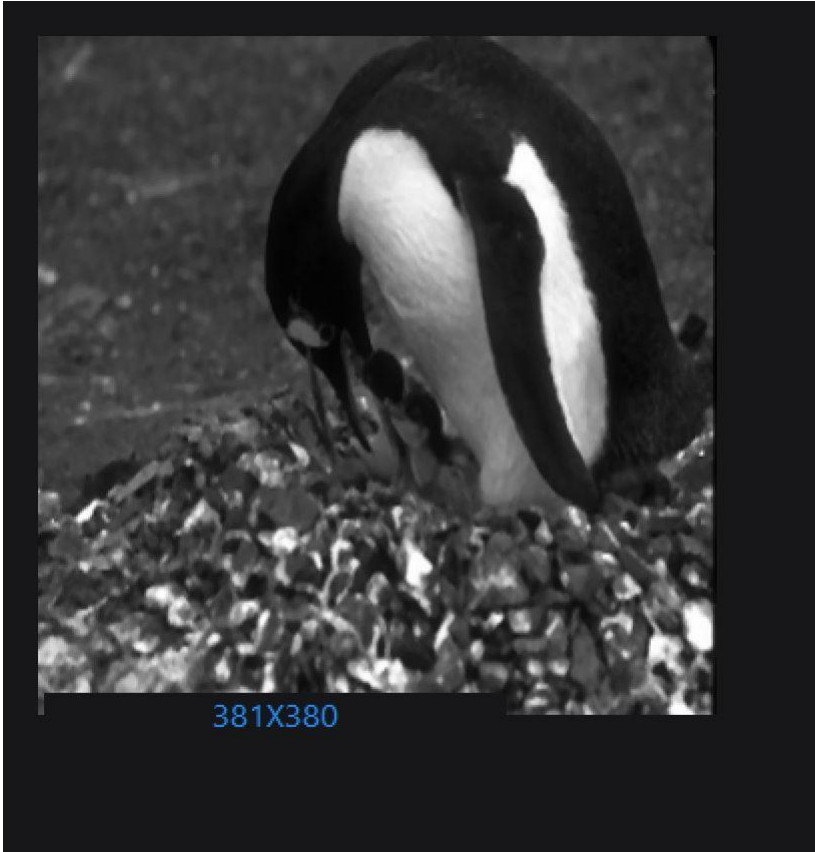


5. Increase brightness

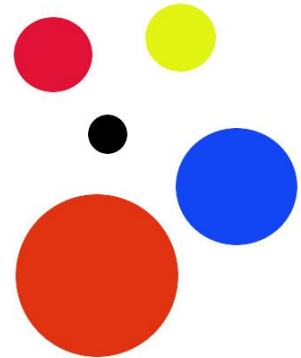
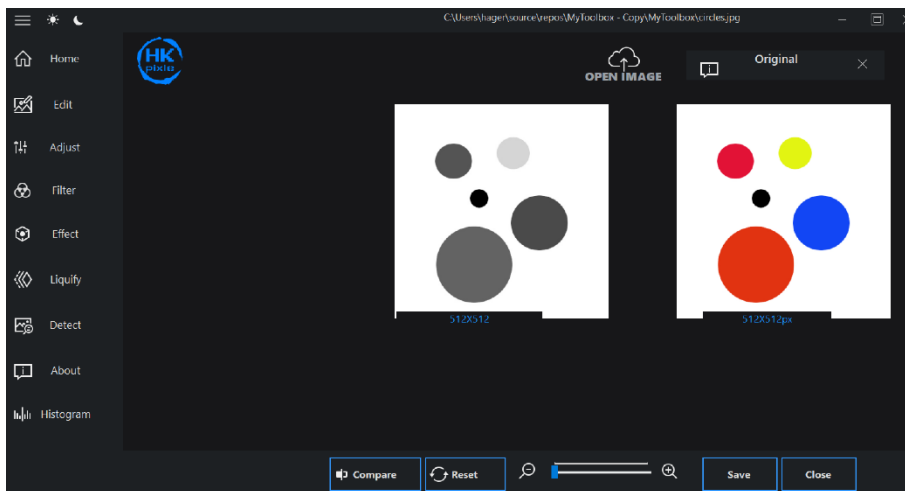
6. Increase highlights



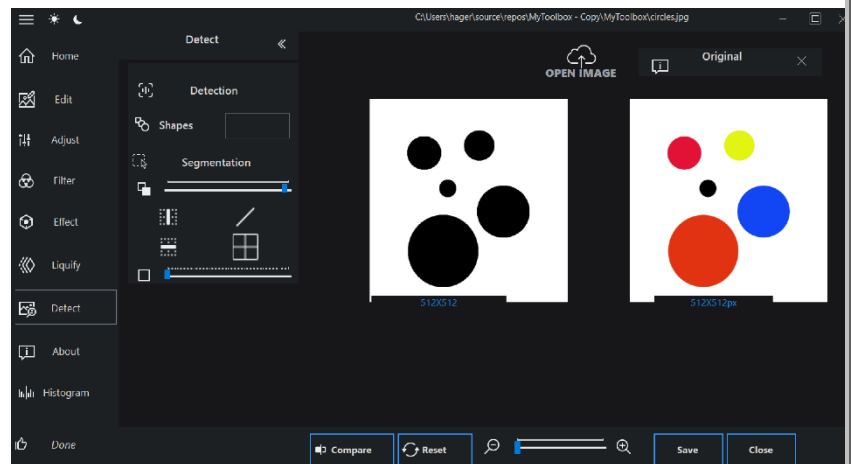
7. Save image Finale output



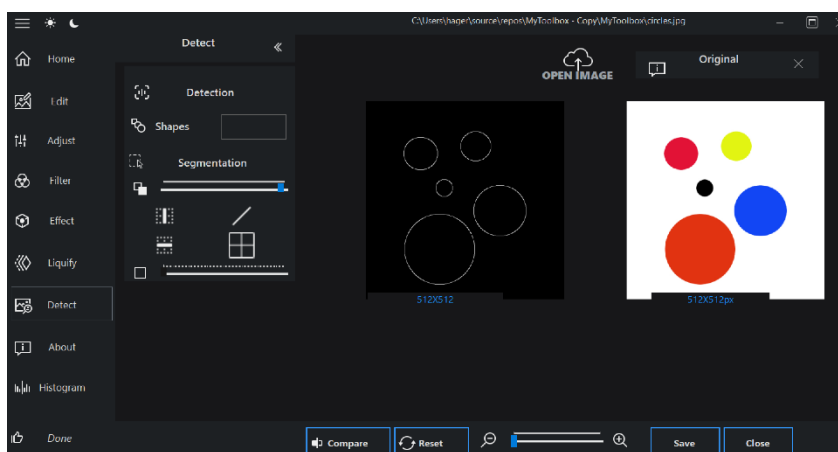
Using Toolbox for Detection the follow image:
1.Open image.



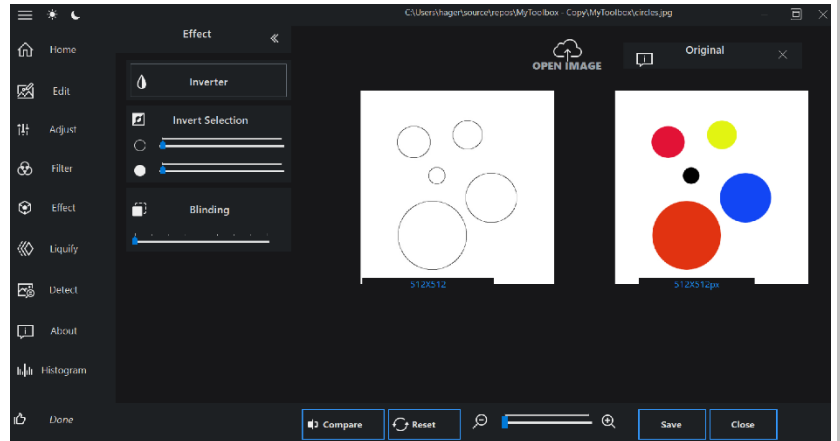
2.Apply Threshold on image to detect edge.



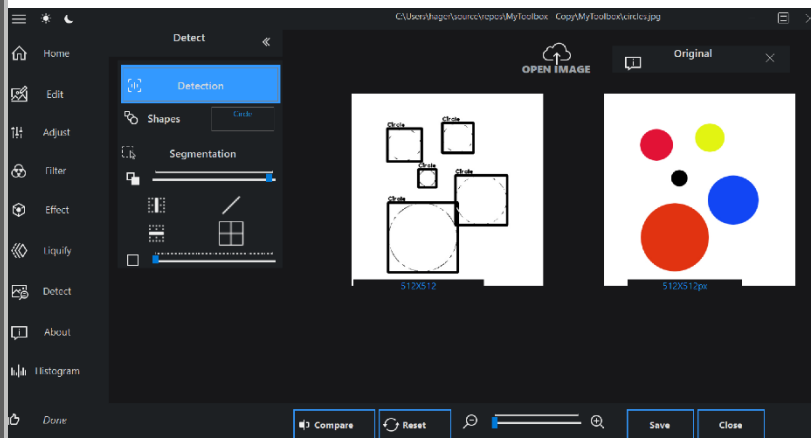
3.Apply Canny Filter on image to sharpened edges.



4. Apply negative on image to Show edges only.



5. Apply Detection on image to Understand Shapes into image.



Finale output

