Worksheet 4a

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1. The table below shows the data about shoe size and height. Create a data frame.

a. Describe the data.

```
household <- data.frame(
  Shoe_size = c(6.5, 9.0, 8.5, 8.5, 10.5, 7.0, 9.5, 9.0, 13.0, 7.5, 10.5, 8.5, 12.0, 10.5, 13.0, 11.5, 8
  Height = c(66.0, 68.0, 64.5, 65.0, 70.0, 64.0, 70.0, 71.0, 72.0, 64.0, 74.5, 67.0, 71.0, 71.0, 77.0, 7
  Gender = c("F", "F", "F", "F", "M", "F", "F", "F", "M", "F", "M", "F", "M", "M", "M", "M", "F", "F", "
)

print(household)
```

```
##    Shoe_size Height Gender
## 1        6.5   66.0      F
## 2        9.0   68.0      F
## 3        8.5   64.5      F
## 4        8.5   65.0      F
## 5       10.5   70.0      M
## 6        7.0   64.0      F
## 7        9.5   70.0      F
## 8        9.0   71.0      F
## 9       13.0   72.0      M
## 10       7.5   64.0      F
## 11      10.5   74.5      M
## 12       8.5   67.0      F
## 13      12.0   71.0      M
## 14      10.5   71.0      M
## 15      13.0   77.0      M
## 16      11.5   72.0      M
## 17       8.5   59.0      F
## 18       5.0   62.0      F
## 19      10.0   72.0      M
## 20       6.5   66.0      F
## 21       7.5   64.0      F
## 22       8.5   67.0      M
## 23      10.5   73.0      M
## 24       8.5   69.0      F
## 25      10.5   72.0      M
## 26      11.0   70.0      M
## 27       9.0   69.0      M
## 28      13.0   70.0      M
```

b. Create a subset by males and females with their corresponding shoe size and height. What its result? Show the R scripts.

```
males <- household[household$Gender == "M",]
females <- household[household$Gender == "F",]

print(males)
```

```
##    Shoe_size Height Gender
## 5       10.5   70.0      M
## 9       13.0   72.0      M
## 11      10.5   74.5      M
## 13      12.0   71.0      M
## 14      10.5   71.0      M
## 15      13.0   77.0      M
## 16      11.5   72.0      M
## 19      10.0   72.0      M
## 22       8.5   67.0      M
## 23      10.5   73.0      M
## 25      10.5   72.0      M
## 26      11.0   70.0      M
## 27       9.0   69.0      M
## 28      13.0   70.0      M
```

```
print(females)
```

```
##    Shoe_size Height Gender
## 1        6.5   66.0      F
## 2        9.0   68.0      F
## 3        8.5   64.5      F
## 4        8.5   65.0      F
## 6        7.0   64.0      F
## 7        9.5   70.0      F
## 8        9.0   71.0      F
## 10       7.5   64.0      F
## 12       8.5   67.0      F
## 17       8.5   59.0      F
## 18       5.0   62.0      F
## 20       6.5   66.0      F
## 21       7.5   64.0      F
## 24       8.5   69.0      F
```

c. Find the mean of shoe size and height of the respondents. Write the R scripts and its result.

```
mean(household$Shoe_size)
```

```
## [1] 9.410714
```

```
mean(household$Height)
```

```
## [1] 68.57143
```

d. Is there a relationship between shoe size and height? Why?

Yes

```
cor(household$Shoe_size, household$Height)
```

```
## [1] 0.7766089
```

2. Construct character vector months to a factor with factor() and assign the result to factor_months_vector. Print out factor_months_vector and assert that R prints out the factor levels below the actual values.

```
months <- c("March", "April", "January", "November", "January",
            "September", "October", "September", "November",
            "August", "January", "November", "November",
            "February", "May", "August", "July",
            "December", "August", "August", "September",
            "November", "February", "April")

factor_months_vector <- factor(months)

print(factor_months_vector)
```

```
##  [1] March     April     January   November  January   September October
##  [8] September November  August    January   November  November  February
## [15] May       August    July      December  August    August    September
## [22] November  February  April
## 11 Levels: April August December February January July March May ... September
```

```
levels(factor_months_vector)
```

```
##  [1] "April"     "August"    "December"  "February"  "January"   "July"
##  [7] "March"     "May"       "November"  "October"   "September"
```

3. Then check the summary() of the months_vector and factor_months_vector. | Interpret the results of both vectors. Are they both equally useful in this case?